4.9-5.9GHz 3x3mm WiFi Power Amplifier



Data Sheet

Description

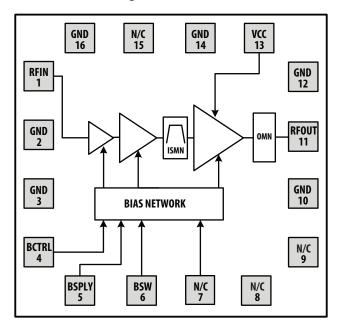
Avago Technologies MGA-25203 linear power amplifier is designed for mobile and fixed wireless data applications in the 4.9 to 5.9 GHz frequency ranges. The PA is optimized for IEEE 802.11a/n WLAN applications. The PA exhibits flat gain and good match while providing linear power efficiency to meet stringent mask conditions. It utilizes Avago Technologies proprietary GaAs Enhancement-mode pHEMT technology for superior performance across voltage and temperature levels.

The MGA-25203 is packaged in a 3x3x1 mm size for space-constrained applications.

Applications

- Portable WiFi applications
- WiFi Access points

Functional Block Diagram



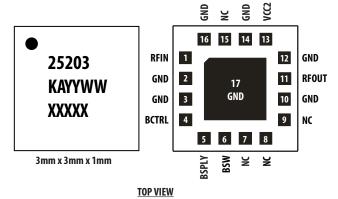
Features

- Advanced GaAs E-pHEMT
- 50 Ω all RF ports
- Full performance across entire 4.9GHz 5.9GHz
- Integrated CMOS compatible pins for shutdown
- 3 to 5V supply
- ESD protection all ports above 1000V HBM
- Small size: 3 x 3 x 1 mm
- Stable under all loads or conditions
- -40°C to +85°C operation
- Integrated DC blocking capacitors for Input and Output pins

At 5.4GHz

- Meets all IEEE 802.11n masks at 23 dBm Pout with 3.3V and 425mA
- EVM of -34dB (2.0%) at 64QAM, 54Mbps @ Pout of 23dBm
- Gain of 30dB
- PAE of 13%

Device Marking Instruction



"25203" = Product Code

"KA" = Korea ASE

"YY" = Year code indicates the year of manufacture

"WW" = Workweek code indicates the workweek of manufacture

"XXXXX" = Last 5 digit of assembly lot number

Electrical Specifications

Absolute Minimum and Maximum Ratings

Table 1. Minimum and Maximum Ratings

Parameter		Specifica	Specifications			
Description	Pin	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Comments
Supply Voltage	VCC	3	3.3	5.5	V	
Bias Supply	BSPLY	3	3.3	5.5	V	
Bias Control	BCTRL	1.65	2.8	5.5	V	
Bias ON/OFF	BSW	1.65	1.8	5.5	V	
RF Input Power	RFIN			15	V	Using 64QAM
MSL				MSL3		
Channel Temperature				150	°C	
Storage Temperature		-65		150	°C	
<u> </u>						

Table 2. Operating Range

Parameter		Specifica	tions			
Description	Pin	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Comments
Supply Voltage	VCC	3	3.3	5	V	
Bias Supply	BSPLY	3	3.3	5	V	
			20		mA	
Bias Control	BCTRL	2.75	2.8	2.85	V	
			0.68		mA	
Bias ON/OFF	BSW	1.65	1.8	2.2	V	
			36		uA	
RF Output Power	RFOUT			23	dBm	Using 64QAM
Frequency Range		4.9		5.9	GHz	
Thermal Resistance, $\theta_{\text{ch-b}}$			23.4		°C/W	Channel to board
Case Temperature		-40		+85	°C	

WLAN (802.11 a) Electrical Specifications

All data measured at $V_{CC} = 3.3V$, $T_{CC} = 25^{\circ}C$. Unless otherwise specified, all data is taken at 54Mbps 64QAM modulated signal per IEEE 802.11a with 20MHz BW at 4.9 - 5.9GHz. This module is intended for frequency band 5.1-5.9GHz. The following data from 4.9 to 5.1GHz shows that the PA is fully functional with degraded performance.

Table 3. RF Electrical Characteristics

		Performance				
Parameter		Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Comments
Input Return Loss		_	-8	-	dB	
Gain Flatness		-	1	-	dB	Over any 20MHz
Gain Variation (V _{CC})		-1	-	1	dB	3V to 5V
5.4-5.9 GHz	EVM	-	-32	-30	dB	
		_	-36	-32	dB	
	Pout, SEM Compliant	+23	-	-	dBm	IEEE 802.11a
	Total DC Current	-	425	580	mA	Pout=23dBm
	Gain	27	30	33	dB	
5.1-5.3 GHz	EVM	-	-30	-	dB	
		_	-32	-	dB	
	Pout, SEM Compliant	+23	-	-	dBm	IEEE 802.11a
	Total DC Current	-	443	-	mA	Pout=23dBm
	Gain	-	27	-	dB	
4.9-5.0 GHz	EVM	_	-26	_	dB	
		_	-28	-	dB	
	Pout, SEM Compliant	-	22	-	dBm	IEEE 802.11a
	Total DC Current	-	468	-	mA	Pout=23dBm
	Gain	-	23	-	dB	
P1dB		-	29	-	dBm	CW Single Tone
Psat		-	30	-	dBm	CW Single Tone
Settling Time		0.2	0.5	-	uS	
Icc leakage current		_	10	40	uA	

5.4 - 5.9GHz

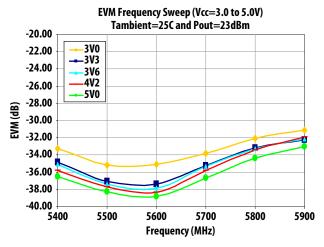


Figure 1. EVM Frequency Sweep at 25C and Pout=23dBm over Vcc

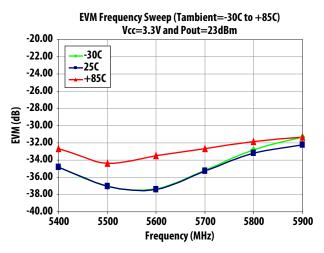


Figure 2. EVM Frequency Sweep at Vcc=3.3V and Pout=23dBm over Tambient

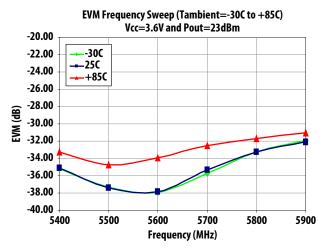


Figure 3. EVM Frequency Sweep at Vcc=3.6V and Pout=23dBm over Tambient

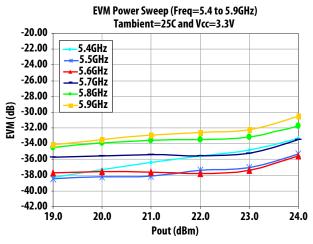


Figure 4. EVM Power Sweep at Vcc=3.3V and 25C over Frequency

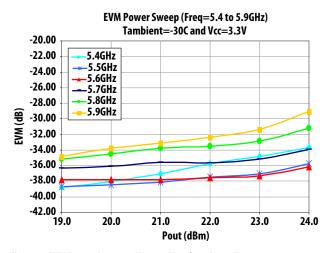


Figure 5. EVM Power Sweep at Vcc=3.3V and -30C over Frequency

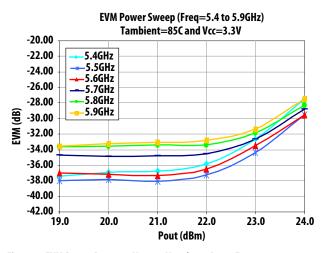


Figure 6. EVM Power Sweep at Vcc=3.3V and +85C over Frequency

5.4 - 5.9GHz (Cont.)

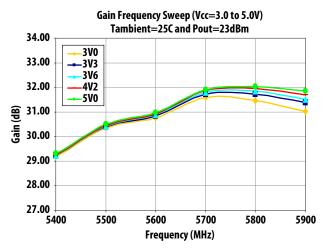


Figure 7. Gain Frequency Sweep at 25C and Pout=25dBm over Vcc

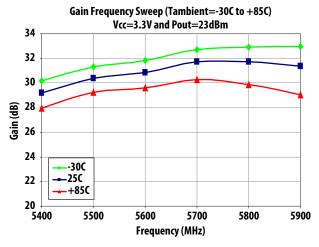


Figure 8. Gain Frequency Sweep at Vcc=3.3V and Pout=25dBm over Tambient

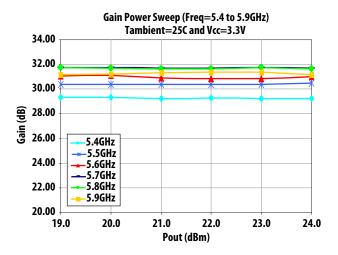


Figure 9. Gain Power Sweep at Vcc=3.3V and 25C over Frequency $\,$

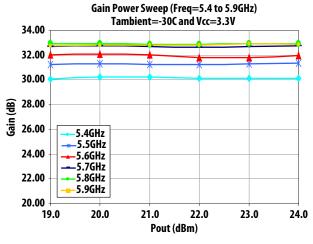


Figure 10. Gain Power Sweep at Vcc=3.3V and -30C over Frequency

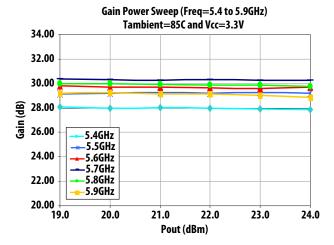


Figure 11. Gain Power Sweep at Vcc=3.3V and -+85C over Frequency

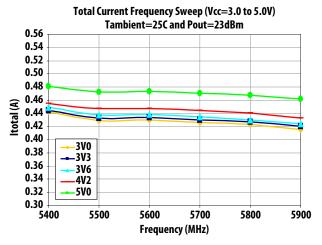
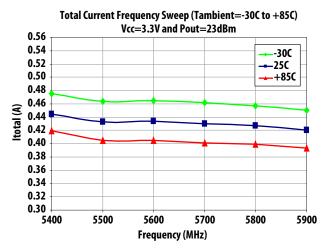


Figure 12. Total Current Frequency Sweep at 25C and Pout=25dBm over Vcc

5.4 - 5.9GHz (Cont.)



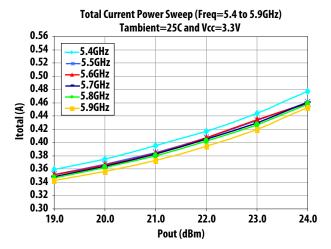
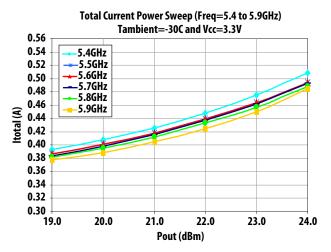


Figure 13. Total Current Frequency Sweep at 3.3V and Pout=25dBm over Tambient

Figure 14. Total Current Power Sweep at 3.3V and 25C over Frequency



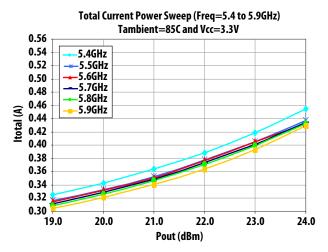


Figure 15. Total Current Power Sweep at 3.3V and -30C over Frequency

Figure 16. Total Current Power Sweep at 3.3V and +85C over Frequency

4.9 - 5.3GHz

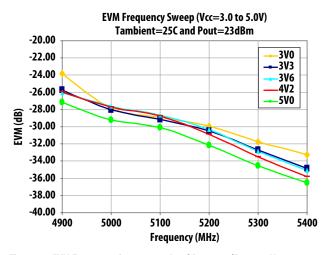


Figure 17. EVM Frequency Sweep at 25C and Pout=23dBm over Vcc

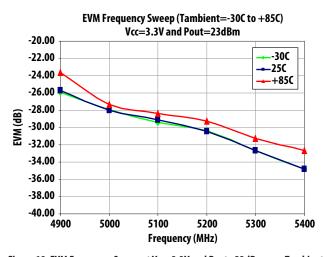


Figure 18. EVM Frequency Sweep at Vcc=3.3V and Pout=23dBm over Tambient

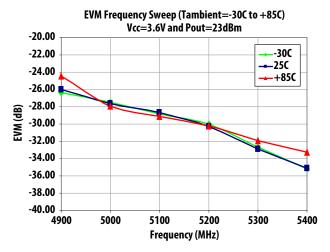


Figure 19. EVM Frequency Sweep at Vcc=3.6V and Pout=23dBm over Tambient

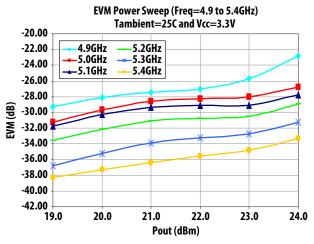


Figure 20. EVM Power Sweep at Vcc=3.3V and 25C over Frequency

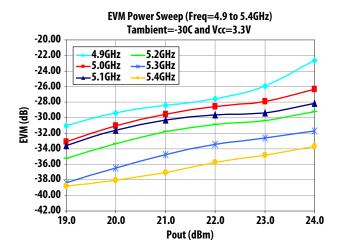


Figure 21. EVM Power Sweep at Vcc=3.3V and -30C over Frequency

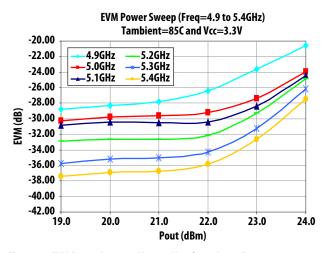


Figure 22. EVM Power Sweep at Vcc=3.3V and +85C over Frequency

4.9 - 5.3GHz (Cont.)

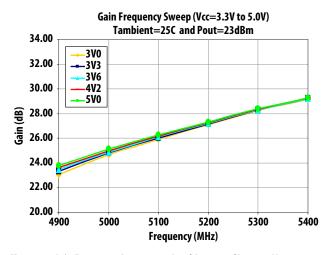


Figure 23. Gain Frequency Sweep at 25C and Pout=23dBm over Vcc

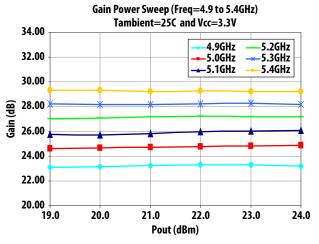


Figure 25. Gain Power Sweep at Vcc=3.3V and 25C over Frequency

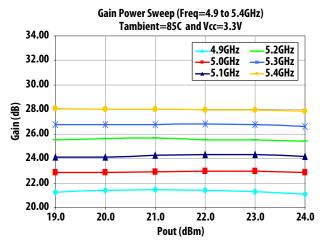


Figure 27. Gain Power Sweep at Vcc=3.3V and -+85C over Frequency

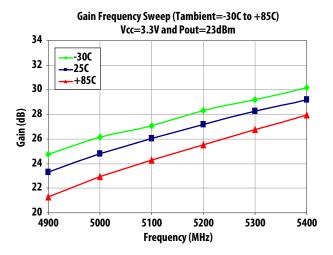


Figure 24. Gain Frequency Sweep at Vcc=3.3V and Pout=23dBm over Tambient

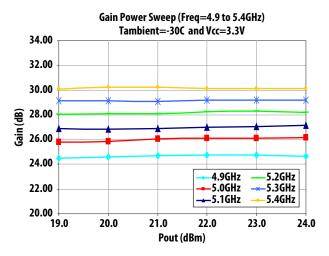


Figure 26. Gain Power Sweep at Vcc=3.3V and -30C over Frequency

4.9 - 5.3GHz (Cont.)

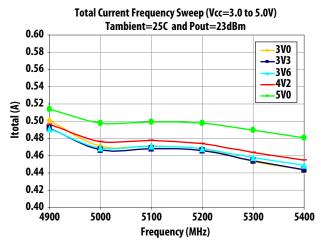


Figure 28. Total Current Frequency Sweep at 25C and Pout=23dBm over Vcc

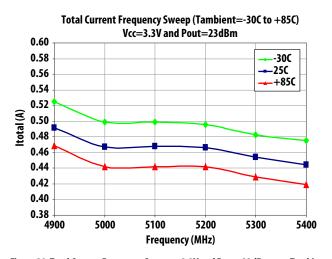


Figure 29. Total Current Frequency Sweep at 3.3V and Pout=23dBm over Tambient

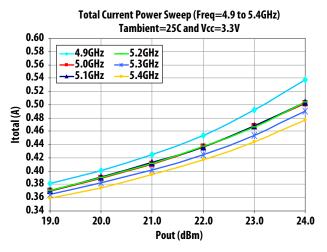


Figure 30. Total Current Power Sweep at 3.3V and 25C over Frequency

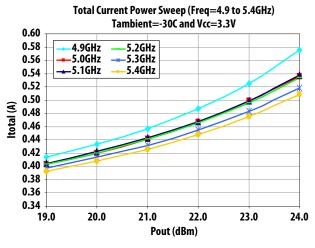


Figure 31. Total Current Power Sweep at 3.3V and -30C over Frequency

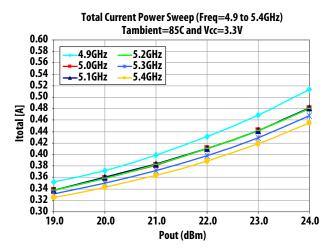


Figure 32. Total Current Power Sweep at 3.3V and +85C over Frequency

Evaluation Board Description

Table 4. Evaluation Board Pin Description

Top Pin No.	Function
1	VCC2
3	B_SPLY
5	VCC1
7	NC
9	NC
11	NC
13	NC
15	B_CTRL
17	NC
19	NC

Bottom Pin No.	Function
2	VCC2_S
4	GND
6	GND
8	GND
10	GND
12	GND
14	B_SW
16	GND
18	GND
20	GND

Recommended turn on sequence

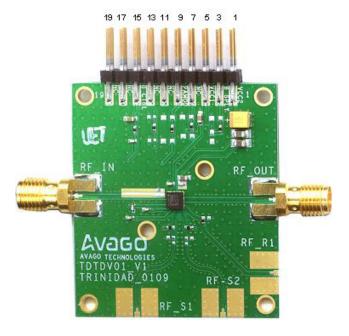
- Apply VCC2 3.3V
- Apply BSPLY 3.3V
- Apply BCTRL 2.8V
- Apply BSW 1.8V
- Apply RF In, not to exceed 15dBm

Table 5. Typical Test Conditions

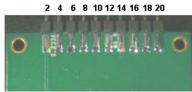
Pin	НРМ	Description	
VCC2	3.3V	Supply Voltage	
B_SPLY	3.3V	Bias Voltage	
B_CTRL	2.8V	Bias Control	
B_SW	1.8V	PA Enable	

Notes: VCC2 and B_SPLY can be tied together to reduce supply voltages, but B_CTRL needs to be a regulated voltage which is optimized for 2.8V.

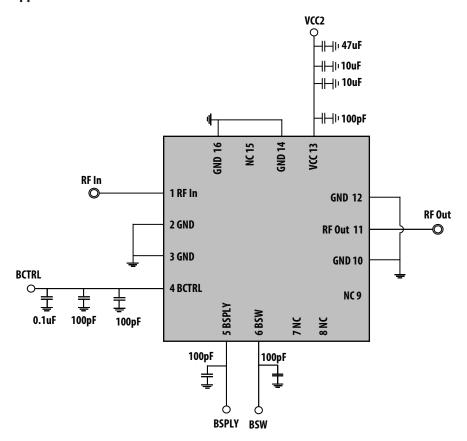
Demoboard Top Pins



Demoboard Bottom Pins

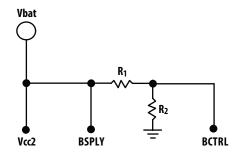


Application Circuit MGA-25203



Given:

Using 3.3V or 5V Supply and tying Vcc2, BSPLY and BCTRL



Notes: BCTRL regulates the device current, thus R1 and R2 should have good tolerance rating. If available, a voltage regulator is the preferred method of bias.

In this example we set R2 at 40KOhm and solve for R1 with simple voltage divider equation. Note this method will cause some leakage current through R2.

3.3V Example:

$$\begin{split} V_{BCTRL} = & \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} * V_{BATT} & V_{BCTRL} = 2.8V \\ 2.8V = & \frac{40 \text{K}\Omega}{R_1 + 40 \text{K}\Omega} * 3.3V & R_2 = 40 \text{K}\Omega \\ R_1 = & 7 \text{K}\Omega & R_2 = 40 \text{K}\Omega \end{split}$$

5.0V Example:

$$\begin{aligned} \textbf{5.0V Example:} & & \textbf{Given:} \\ V_{BCTRL} = & \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} * V_{BATT} & V_{BCTRL} = 2.0V \\ 2.0V & = & \frac{20K\Omega}{R_1 + 20K\Omega} * 5.0V & R_2 & = 20K\Omega \\ R_1 & = & 30K\Omega & R_2 & = & 20K\Omega \end{aligned}$$

Land Pattern

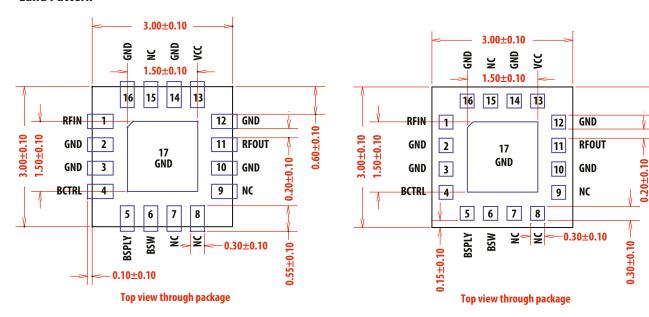


Figure 33. Recommended footprint

Figure 34. Package dimensions

 0.60 ± 0.10

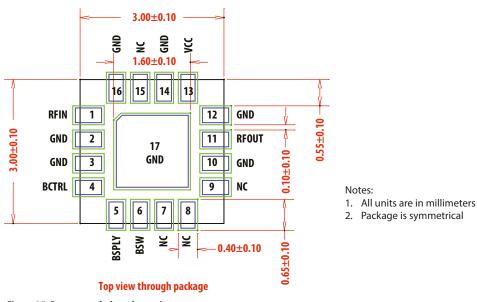
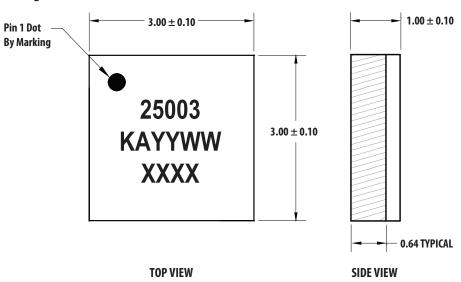


Figure 35. Recommended mask opening

Ordering Information

Part Number	No. of Devices	Container
MGA-25203-BLKG	100	7" Reel
MGA-25203-TR1G	3000	13" Reel

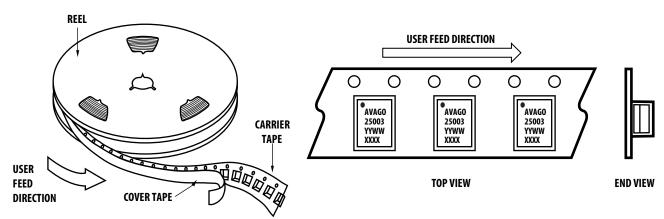
Package Dimensions



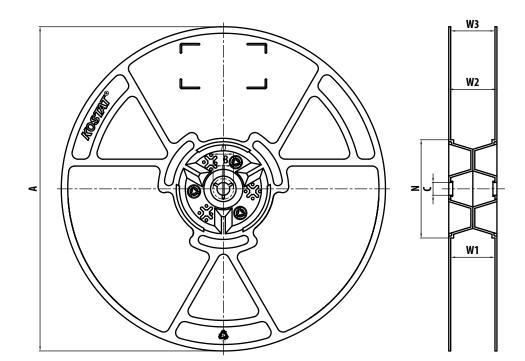
Note

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2. Dimensions are inclusive of plating.
- 3. Dimensions are exclusive of mold flash and metal burr.

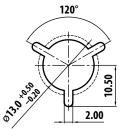
Device Orientation

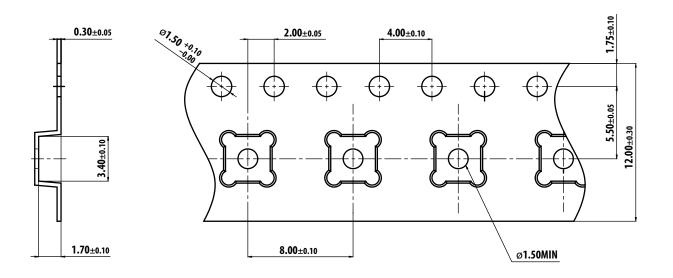


Tape and Reel Information

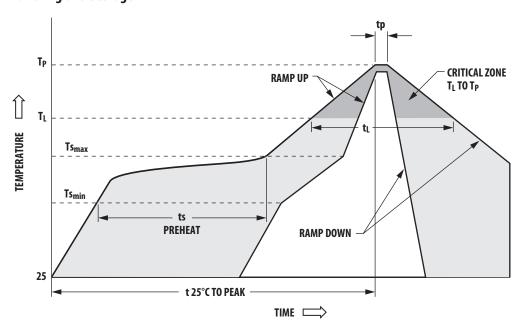


Size	12mm
Α	330 ^{+2.0} _{-2.0}
В	1.5min.
С	$13.0^{+0.5}_{-0.2}$
D	20.2min.
N	100 +3.0 -0.0
W1	$12.4^{+3.0}_{-0.0}$
W2	16.4 ^{+2.0} _{-2.0}
W3	13.65 ^{+1.75} _{-0.75}





Handling and Storage



Typical SMT Reflow Profile for Maximum Temperature = 260+0/-5°C

Profile Feature	Sn-Pb Solder	Pb-Free Solder
Average ramp-up rate (TL to TP)	3°C/sec max	3°C/sec max
Preheat		
– Temperature Min (Tsmin)	100°C	100°C
– Temperature Max (Tsmax)	150°C	150°C
– Time (mon to max) (ts)	60-120 sec	60-180 sec
Tsmax to TL		
– Ramp-up Rate		3°C/sec max
Time maintained above:		
– Temperature (TL)	183℃	217°C
– Time (TL)	60-150 sec	60-150 sec
Peak temperature (Tp)	240 +0/-5°C	260 +0/-5°C
Time within 5°C of actual Peak Temperature (tp)	10-30 sec	10-30 sec
Ramp-down Rate	6°C/sec max	6°C/sec max
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature	6 min max	8 min max

For product information and a complete list of distributors, please go to our web site: **www.avagotech.com**

