EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS

Sample Survey Data from June 2019

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Respondents were somewhat evenly distributed across Regions

NA Colombia 3,356 UK New Brunswick 2.710 NA New Brunswick 1,965

and were mostly Retail customers

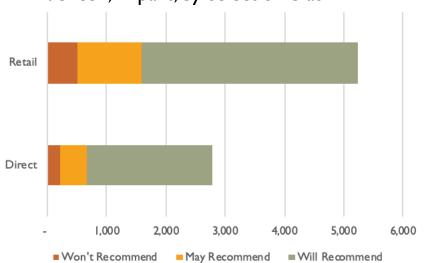
Direct 2,792

Retail 5,239

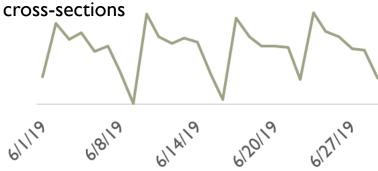
and a large majority of customer issues were resolved on the first call (RFC)

Yes No 7,083 948

A majority of respondents in both channels had positive feedback – this is likely influenced, in part, by selection bias



The survey sample data captures June 2019 with clear weekend patterns but with no other apparent weekly trends throughout



OVERVIEW

KEY INSIGHTS



A customer will be ~33% more likely to Recommend SharkNinja (IV) even if they Rate the Product low IF they rate CES highly enough (Q8).

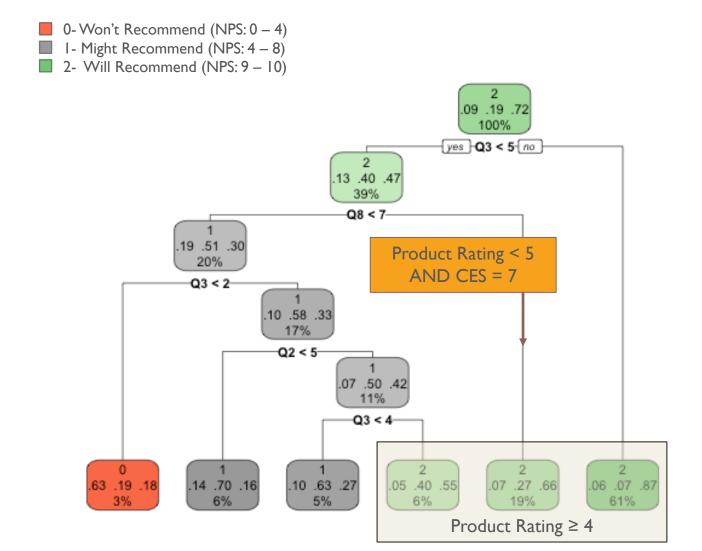


Product Rating (Q3) is more impactful than Service Rating (Q2) to the extent that a "generally positive" Product Rating will result in a Propensity to Recommend.

Assumptions

Excluded respondents who don't own a product and respondents who didn't answer every survey question.

Tree was build using rpart library in R with 99% confidence.



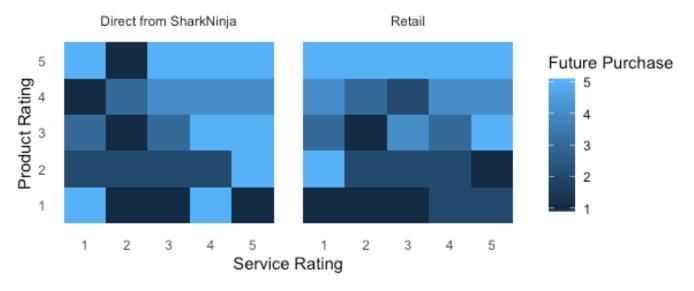
POTENTIAL NEXT STEPS

FUTURE PURCHASES RELY MORE ON PRODUCT RATINGS THAN SERVICE RATINGS

This could be explored further with more months of data using z-tests to check significance of findings and regression to identify strength of correlation.

There doesn't appear to be a similar phenomena when measuring these ratings against Likelihood to Recommend SharkNinja.

What is the Customer Propensity to Make Future Purchase?



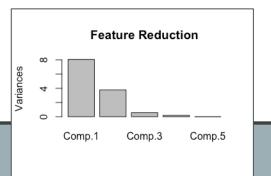
What is the Customer Propensity to Recommend SharkNinja?



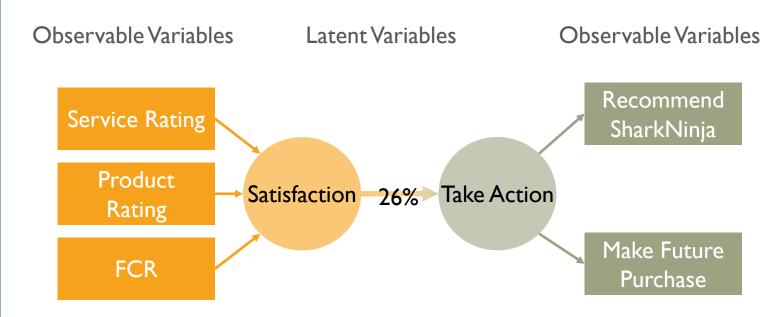
LATENT VARIABLES WERE NOT MORE STRONGLY RELATED THAN OBSERVABLE VARIABLES

A next approach might be to transform some of these continuous variables and target variables in order to find hidden layers of correlation.

Also, PCA identified 2 component factors that could be investigated further.



SEM



Correlations

