03 Healthcare Revenue Cycle Management (RCM)

Healthcare Revenue Cycle Management (RCM) - Data Engineering Challenge

Overview

Welcome to the **Healthcare Revenue Cycle Management Data Engineering Challenge!** This comprehensive project simulates a real-world scenario where you'll work as a data engineer for a healthcare analytics company.

Scenario: You've been hired by HealthTech Analytics, a company that provides data solutions to healthcare providers. Your client is a regional healthcare network operating two hospitals that need to optimize their revenue cycle management process. Currently, each hospital maintains separate systems, making it difficult to get unified insights into their financial performance.

Your Role: As the lead data engineer, you'll design and implement a complete data pipeline that consolidates data from multiple sources, ensures data quality, tracks historical changes, and provides actionable insights to healthcare administrators.

Technical Stack:

- Languages: Python, SQL
- Databases: MySQL (local), Google BigQuery (cloud)
- Libraries: pandas, sqlalchemy, google-cloud-bigquery
- Complexity: Intermediate
- Duration: 3-4 hours

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Problem Statement

Business Challenge

The regional healthcare network faces critical challenges in their revenue cycle management:

- 1. Data Silos: Each hospital uses separate databases, making cross-hospital analysis impossible
- 2. Manual Processes: Claims processing insights are extracted manually, leading to delays
- 3. Historical Tracking: No system to track changes in patient information over time
- 4. Revenue Leakage: Inability to identify patterns in claim denials and payment delays
- 5. Compliance Risks: Difficulty in maintaining audit trails for patient data changes

Technical Requirements

You must build a data pipeline that addresses these challenges by:

Data Integration:

- Extract patient, provider, and transaction data from two separate hospital MySQL databases
- Process monthly insurance claims data from CSV files
- Combine data sources into a unified data model

Data Quality & Governance:

- Implement comprehensive data validation and cleansing procedures
- Create standardized patient identifiers across hospitals
- Establish data quality scoring and monitoring

Historical Data Management:

- Implement Slowly Changing Dimension (SCD) Type 2 to track patient information changes
- Maintain audit trails for compliance and analytical purposes
- · Preserve historical context for trend analysis

Analytics Infrastructure:

• Load processed data into Google BigQuery for scalable analytics

- Create dimensional model with fact and dimension tables
- Enable self-service analytics for business stakeholders

Performance Metrics:

- Calculate key RCM performance indicators
- Identify revenue optimization opportunities
- Provide insights into operational efficiency

Success Criteria

Your solution will be considered successful if it:

- ✓ Processes 10,000+ patient records with 99%+ data quality
- Successfully implements SCD Type 2 with version tracking
- Z Loads clean, validated data into BigQuery within acceptable timeframes
- Provides accurate RCM metrics matching business requirements
- Demonstrates proper error handling and logging throughout the pipeline
- Creates documentation suitable for production deployment

Learning Objectives

Primary Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of this challenge, you will have demonstrated mastery of:

1. Database Integration & Connectivity

- MySQL Integration: Connect to multiple MySQL databases using Python
- Connection Management: Implement connection pooling and error handling
- Cross-Database Queries: Extract and combine data from multiple sources
- Data Source Documentation: Create comprehensive data dictionaries

2. ETL Pipeline Development

- Extraction Techniques: Build robust data extraction processes with error handling
- Transformation Logic: Implement complex business rules and data standardization
- Loading Strategies: Design efficient data loading processes for cloud warehouses
- Pipeline Orchestration: Structure ETL workflows for maintainability and monitoring

3. Data Quality Management

- Validation Rules: Implement comprehensive data validation frameworks
- Data Cleansing: Apply standardization, deduplication, and format correction
- Quality Scoring: Create data quality metrics and monitoring dashboards
- Error Handling: Design robust exception handling and recovery mechanisms

4. Dimensional Data Modeling

- Star Schema Design: Create efficient dimensional models for analytics
- Fact Table Construction: Build transaction-level fact tables with proper grain
- Dimension Management: Design and populate customer, product, and time dimensions
- Surrogate Key Strategy: Implement proper key management across the data warehouse

5. Slowly Changing Dimensions (SCD) Implementation

- SCD Type 2 Logic: Track historical changes with effective and expiry dates
- Change Detection: Implement algorithms to identify data changes
- Version Control: Maintain version history for audit and compliance
- Performance Optimization: Design SCD processes for large-scale data processing

6. Cloud Data Warehousing

• BigQuery Architecture: Understand columnar storage and distributed processing

- Schema Design: Optimize table structures for analytical workloads
- · Partitioning & Clustering: Implement performance optimization techniques
- Cost Management: Design queries and structures for cost-effective operations

7. Healthcare Domain Expertise

- RCM Process Understanding: Learn healthcare billing and claims processing workflows
- Healthcare Data Standards: Apply HIPAA compliance and healthcare data best practices
- · Clinical Terminology: Work with medical procedure codes, diagnosis codes, and provider identifiers
- Healthcare Analytics: Calculate industry-standard healthcare financial metrics

Secondary Learning Outcomes

You will also develop skills in:

8. Production-Ready Development

- Code Organization: Structure code for maintainability and team collaboration
- Documentation Standards: Create technical documentation for production deployment
- Testing Strategies: Implement data validation and pipeline testing
- Monitoring & Logging: Build observability into data pipelines

9. Business Intelligence & Analytics

- **KPI Development:** Translate business requirements into measurable metrics
- Analytical Thinking: Identify trends, patterns, and insights in healthcare data
- Stakeholder Communication: Present technical solutions to business audiences
- Performance Analysis: Evaluate and optimize pipeline performance

10. Professional Skills

- Problem-Solving: Break down complex requirements into manageable tasks
- Project Management: Plan and execute multi-phase technical projects
- Quality Assurance: Implement comprehensive testing and validation procedures
- Continuous Learning: Adapt to new technologies and healthcare industry changes

Career Readiness

This project prepares you for roles such as:

- Data Engineer Healthcare technology companies
- ETL Developer Hospital systems and health insurance companies
- Healthcare Data Analyst Regional health systems and ACOs
- Business Intelligence Developer Healthcare consulting firms
- Data Architect Electronic health record (EHR) vendors

Industry Relevance

The skills demonstrated in this project directly apply to:

- Healthcare Data Integration projects at hospital systems
- Claims Processing optimization at insurance companies
- Population Health analytics for accountable care organizations
- Revenue Cycle optimization consulting engagements
- Healthcare Compliance and audit support systems

Challenge Tasks

Phase 1: Environment Setup (30 minutes)

Task 1.1: Database Setup

- ☐ Install MySQL locally and create two databases: hospital_a_db and hospital_b_db
- Load the provided sample data using the setup scripts

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☐ Verify data integrity and explore table structures	
Task 1.2: BigQuery Setup	
Create a Google Cloud project and enable BigQuery API	
Set up service account authentication	
Create a dataset named healthcare_rcm	
Task 1.3: Python Environment	
☐ Install required packages: pandas, mysql-connector-python, google-cloud-bigquery, sqlalchemy	
Test database connections to both hospitals	
☐ Verify BigQuery connectivity	
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Phase 2: Data Extraction (45 minutes)	
Task 2.1: Hospital Data Extraction	
Create a DataExtractor class that can:	
Connect to both hospital MySQL databases	
Extract patient data with proper error handling	
Extract transaction data for specified date ranges	
☐ Log extraction statistics (record counts, timing)	
Task 2.2: Claims Data Extraction	
Read monthly insurance claims CSV files	
☐ Handle different file formats and schemas	
☐ Validate required columns are present	
Task 2.3: Data Source Integration	
Combine data from both hospitals	
Add source identifiers to track data origin	
Create unified patient ID across hospitals	
Expected Output: Raw DataFrames with ~10,000 patients and ~50,000 transactions	
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Phase 3: Data Transformation (60 minutes)	
Task 3.1: Data Quality & Cleansing	
Implement comprehensive data cleaning:	
Remove duplicate records	
Standardize name formats (proper case)	
Clean and format phone numbers	
Validate email addresses using regex	
Flag records with data quality issues	
Task 3.2: Business Logic Implementation	
Calculate patient age from date of birth	
Compute insurance coverage percentages	
Categorize payment statuses (Paid, Partial, Pending, Denied)	
Add time dimensions (year, month, quarter, day of week)	
Task 3.3: Common Data Model (CDM)	
Create standardized schemas:	
Normalize patient data across hospitals Standardize procedure codes and descriptions	
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	Create consistent transaction structures
_	Generate surrogate keys where needed
	pected Output: Clean, standardized DataFrames ready for dimensional modeling
r	
Ph	nase 4: Dimensional Modeling (45 minutes)
	ask 4.1: Dimension Tables
	ate the following dimension tables:
	dim_patients - Patient demographics and insurance info
	dim_providers - Healthcare provider details
	dim_procedures - Medical procedure codes and descriptions
	dim_date - Date dimension with business calendar
Ta	ask 4.2: Fact Tables
	fact_transactions - Billing transactions (grain: one row per transaction)
	fact_claims - Insurance claims processing (grain: one row per claim)
Тa	ask 4.3: Data Validation
	Verify referential integrity between fact and dimension tables
	Check for orphaned records
	Validate business rules (e.g., amounts > 0, valid dates)
Exp	pected Output: Star schema with fact and dimension tables
Ph	hase 5: SCD Type 2 Implementation (60 minutes)
Ta	ask 5.1: SCD Logic Development
Imp	plement Slowly Changing Dimension Type 2 for patient data:
	Identify which patient attributes should be tracked historically
	Add SCD columns: effective_date, expiry_date, is_current, version
	Create logic to detect changes in tracked attributes
Ta	ask 5.2: Change Detection
	Compare new patient data against existing records
	Identify patients with changed information (address, phone, insurance)
	Flag new patients vs. existing patients with updates
Ta	ask 5.3: Historical Tracking
	Close expired records by updating expiry_date and is_current
	Insert new records for changed patients
	Maintain version numbers for audit trails
	allenge: Handle edge cases like patients switching between hospitals
Exp	pected Output: Patient dimension with full historical tracking
- Dh	and C. Dienovana Intermetion (AE minutes)
i	nase 6: BigQuery Integration (45 minutes)
	ask 6.1: Schema Creation
_	Create BigQuery tables with appropriate schemas
	Set up partitioning on date columns for performance
	Configure clustering on frequently queried columns
Ta	ask 6.2: Data Loading
	Load dimension tables to BigQuery

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	Load fact tables with proper data types Implement incremental loading for new data
	Task 6.3: Data Validation in BigQuery Run row count validations
	Check for data type consistency Verify foreign key relationships Expected Output: Fully populated BigQuery dataset ready for analytics
	Expected Output. Fully populated bigQuery dataset ready for analytics
	Phase 7: RCM Analytics (45 minutes)
	Task 7.1: Key Performance Indicators
	Write SQL queries to calculate:
	Revenue Metrics: Total revenue, revenue by hospital, monthly trends Claims Performance: Approval rates, denial rates, average processing time
	Patient Metrics: Patient volume, demographics analysis, insurance mix
	Operational Efficiency: Days in A/R, collection rates, write-off amounts
	Task 7.2: Advanced Analytics
	Patient lifetime value analysis
	Procedure profitability analysis
	Seasonal trends in patient volume
	☐ Insurance company performance comparison
	Task 7.3: Data Quality Reports
	Create dashboards showing data completeness
	Track SCD version distributions
	Monitor ETL pipeline performance metrics
	Expected Output: Business-ready analytics queries and insights
	Deliverables
	Submit the following:
	1. Code Repository
•	Python ETL scripts with proper documentation
	SQL DDL scripts for BigQuery table creation
	Configuration files for database connections
	Requirements.txt with all dependencies
	2. Data Pipeline Documentation
	Architecture diagram showing data flow
	Data dictionary for all tables and columns
	ETL process documentation with error handling SCD Type 2 implementation explanation
	3. Analytics Report Executive summary of key findings
	RCM performance metrics and insights
	Data quality assessment results
	Recommendations for process improvements
	4. BigQuery Artifacts
	All dimension and fact tables properly loaded

03 Healthcare Revenue Cycle Management (RCM)
Sample analytical queries demonstrating RCM insights
Data validation results and quality checks
Evaluation Criteria
Your solution will be evaluated on:
Technical Excellence (40%)
Code quality, modularity, and documentation
Proper error handling and logging
Efficient SQL queries and data processing
Correct implementation of SCD Type 2
Data Quality (25%)
Comprehensive data validation and cleansing
Proper handling of missing/invalid data
Consistent data standards across sources
Referential integrity maintenance
Business Understanding (20%)
Understanding of RCM domain concepts
Relevant KPI calculations and insights
Practical recommendations for healthcare operations
Clear communication of technical concepts
Architecture & Scalability (15%)
Well-designed ETL pipeline architecture
Proper use of BigQuery features (partitioning, clustering)
 Consideration for production deployment Performance optimization techniques
• Performance optimization techniques
P Bonus Challenges
For extra credit, implement:
Real-time Processing: Stream processing for real-time claims updates
☐ Data Lineage: Track data lineage from source to analytics
Automated Testing: Unit tests for ETL functions and data validation
Monitoring & Alerting: Pipeline monitoring with email notifications
API Integration: Pull reference data from external APIs (CPT codes, ICD codes)