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Figuerenca



Finding distinguishable groups with homogeneous individuals



basic brain activity

First systematic trial: LINNEO (s. XVII)



- □ Formal solutions
 - Statistics
 - ☐ Artificial Intelligence



- ☐ Impossibility theorem of Kleinberg [Kleinberg 2003]
- Given a clustering function f assigning classes to objects
- Scale-Invariance (classes are maintained by distance scaling)
- Richness The algorithm can produce all P(I) by changing parameters
- Consistency: clusters are invariant by Γ-transformations
- cannot be hold simultaneously
- Trade-offs inherent to clustering problem
- Many relaxations provide different problems

□ Decomposition of variability

Huygens Theorem

$$I=B+W$$

$$I = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \bar{x})^2$$

$$(x_i - \bar{x}) = (x_i - \bar{x}_c) + (\bar{x}_c - \bar{x})$$

$$2(x_i - \bar{x}_c)(\bar{x}_c - \bar{x}) = 0$$

W=
$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \bar{x}_c)^2$$

$$B = \sum_{c=1}^{C} (\bar{x}_c - \bar{x})^2$$



□ Optimization problem

Max {min
$$d_{Within}(x_i - \bar{x}_c) + \lambda min d_{Between}(\bar{x}_c - \bar{x})$$
}

☐ Searching space dimension

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} \left(\frac{1}{k!} \sum_{i=0}^{k} (-1)^{(k-i)} {k \choose i} i^n \right)$$

n=100, k=3, Partitions= 10⁴⁷

n=25, k=5, Partitions= 10¹⁹

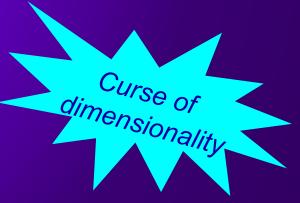
n=100, *k*=5, *Partitions*= 10⁶⁸



Clustering Statistical principles

- □ Algebraic fundamentals
 - Only numerical data matrices
 - Sokal and Sneath 1956 Numerical Taxonomy
- Partitioning methods (linear complexity)
 - Number of classes IS AN INPUT
 - K-means [McQueen67], dynamic clouds (nuées dynamiques, Diday)
- ☐ Hierarchical methods (quadratic complexity)
 - Number of classes IS AN OUTPUT
 - Ascendents or descendents (for very large n)
- Bad performance if large number of variables (compensation effect)
- A huge "normal" group and many outlier groups (trivial knowledge)







Clustering Artificial Intelligence principles

- Logic and information theory fundamentals
 - Often qualitative data matrices

- □ Conceptual clustering (Michalski & Stepp 1983)
 - COBWEB (Fisher 1987)
 - ITERATE (Biswas 1998)
- □ Fuzzzy clustering
 - Fuzzy C-Means (Bezdek 1981)

Clustering *Model based approaches*

- □ Probabilistic clustering:
 - Assume known initial distributions for classes
 - ☐ EM-algorithm: Two step
 - Expectation step: Compute the expetected class of objects (use conditional distributions and posterior probabilities)
 - Maximization step: Update distributional class parameters to maximize the current class assignments
 - (use likelihood functiion, update distributional parameers)
 - Repeat till no improvement
 - ✓ Generative topographic mapping [Bishop 1995]

Murtagh, F., & Contreras, P. (2012). Algorithms for hierarchical clustering: an overview. Wiley Interdisciplinary Reviews: Data Mining and Knowledge Discovery, 2(1), 86-97.

Madhulatha, T. S. (2012). An overview on clustering methods. arXiv preprint arXiv:1205.1117. Jain AK, Dubes RC (1998) Algorithms for clustering data. Prentice Hall Inc.

Michalski, R. S., & Stepp, R. E. (1983). Learning from observation: Conceptual clustering. In Machine learning (pp. 331-363). Springer Berlin Heidelberg.

Fisher, D. H. (1987). Knowledge acquisition via incremental conceptual clustering. Machine learning, 2(2), 139-172. Bezdek, J. C., Ehrlich, R., & Full, W. (1984). FCM: The fuzzy c-means clustering algorithm. Computers & Geosciences, 10(2-3), 191-203.



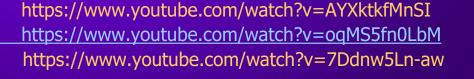
Optimal not guaranteed

Clustering *Model based approaches*

- Density Estimation based
 - Search areas with higher concentration of observations over data cloud
 - Assume density homogeneity and some parameters

Estornells (Starling) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZJBVHptmcO4

Cigonyes (Grus/Stork) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=V3501Bdi4Oo



Nature and density based patterns











Nature and density based patterns



Clustering Other approaches

- Neural-networks based
 - □ SOM [Kohonen, 1998]
- Collaborative methods
 - Multiview [Bickel 2004] [Sevilla-Villanueva 2017]
 - Probabilistic collaborative clustering [Forestier 2010]
 (la matrice des probabilities)

Kohonen, T. (1998). The self-organizing map. Neurocomputing, 21(1-3), 1-6.

Sevilla-Villanueva, B., Gibert, K., & Sànchez-Marrè, M. (2017). A methodology to discover and understand complex patterns: Interpreted Integrative Multiview Clustering (I2MC). Pattern Recognition Letters, 93, 85-94.

- S. Bickel , T. Scheffer , Multi-view clustering, in: ICDM, 4, 2004, pp. 19–26 .
- G. Forestier, P. Gançarski, C. Wemmert. Collaborative clustering with background knowledge, Data & Knowledge Engineering, 2010.

□ Clustering based on rules [Gibert 1996]:

- Sea sponges [LNStats1994] [Mathware 1997]
- Stellar populations [CyS 1998]
- Thyroid dysfunctions [JAMSDA 1999]
- Characteristic situations in wastewater treatment plants [AIComm2001, 2005]
- Reaction time after electroshock therapy [LNCS2002] [MedicinskaInformatika 2003]
- Response to antidepressants treatment in patients with schizophrenia [ENPP02] [HPP05]
- Functional disability in elderly people [JRR 2004]
- Follow up [MCM 2012]
- Urban planning [NNW05]
- Dependency in severe mental illness [HARPS 2010]
- Comorbidity between severe mental disease and intellectual disability [AIA2007]
- Response to rehabilitation in acquired brain dammage [MedArch2008],
- successfull therapies? (in press)
- Quality of life perceived in patients with spinal cord injury [StudHTI 09] [ActaInfMed2009]
- Profile processes in waste water treatment plant [EMS2010]
- Characterization of Agitation episodes in severe mental disease [BMC Psychi 2017]
- Characterization of Delta del Ebre visitors [Information and Management 2017]
- Mental Health Systems in under-developed countries (in press)
- Types of Borderline Personality Disorder (in press)



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Are there any questions?...