PRODUCT KEY FACTS

Manulife Global Fund

India Equity Fund April 2022

- This statement provides you with key information about Manulife Global Fund India Equity Fund.
- This statement is a part of the Hong Kong Offering Document.

You should not invest in this product based on this statement alone.

Quick facts

Management Company: Manulife Investment Management (Ireland) Limited Investment Manager: Manulife Investment Management (Hong Kong) Limited

(internal delegation, Hong Kong)

Depositary: Citibank Europe plc, Luxembourg Branch

Dealing frequency: Daily

Ongoing charges over

a year[#]: Class AA 1.82%¹

Class AA Acc 1.82%²

Base currency: USD

Currency of

denomination: USD Dividend policy: Class AA

(Distribution policy) Dividends (if any) will be paid annually (Dividends will

automatically be reinvested unless indicated otherwise. Cash dividend is only available if the payable amount with respect to

each account of the Sub-Fund is US\$50 or more.)

Class AA Acc

No distribution will be paid.

Financial year end: 30 June

Minimum investment: Initial – US\$1,000 (or the equivalent in any other major currency)

Subsequent - US\$100 (or the equivalent in any other major

currency)

What is this product?

India Equity Fund is a Sub-Fund of Manulife Global Fund, which is an umbrella fund constituted as an open-ended investment company. It is domiciled in Luxembourg. The home regulator is Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier ("CSSF").

[#] The ongoing charges figure is expressed as a percentage of the sum of expenses over the average net asset value of the share class for the corresponding period as described below. This figure may vary from year to year.

The Management Fee applicable to Class AA Shares changed from 1.75% to 1.50% per annum of the Sub Fund's net asset value on 30 June 2021, this figure is estimated on the basis of the sum of the current ongoing charges the 12 month period ending 31 December 2021 expressed as a percentage of the sum of the average net asset values over the same period, as adjusted for the revised Management Fee as from 30 June 2021. This figure may vary from year to year.

² As the first issue of Shares of the share class has not yet occurred at the time of publication of this statement, this figure is estimated on the basis of the expenses of Class AA Shares of the Sub-Fund.

Objective and Investment Strategy

India Equity Fund aims to provide long term capital growth for those investors who hold a long term investment view and are prepared to accept significant fluctuations in the value of their investments. At least 70% of its net assets will be invested in equity and equity related securities of companies covering the different sectors of the Indian economy and which are listed on a stock exchange either in India or on any stock exchange. Such equity and equity related securities include common stocks, preferred stocks and depositary receipts. The remaining assets of the Sub-Fund may include bonds and deposits. Investments in the Indian market shall be made through a Foreign Portfolio Investor ("FPI") registered with the India regulator. Such an FPI can be either Manulife Global Fund or the Investment Manager.

While the Sub-Fund will invest in accordance with its investment objective and strategy, subject to applicable laws and regulations, the Sub-Fund is not otherwise subject to any limitation on the portion of its net assets that may be invested in any one country or sector and in issuers of any market capitalisation. Due to the nature of the investment portfolio of the Sub-Fund, securities of small and medium sized companies may represent, at times, more than 30% of the net assets of the Sub-Fund. The Sub-Fund's investments may be denominated in any currency, however, primarily in Indian Rupee.

It is not the intention of the Sub-Fund to invest more than 10% of its net assets in securities issued, or guaranteed, by any single sovereign (including the relevant government, public or local authority) which has a credit rating that is below investment grade (i.e. below Baa3 by Moody's or BBB- by Standard & Poor's or Fitch). Neither does the Sub-Fund currently intend to enter into securities lending, repurchase, reverse repurchase, and similar over-the-counter transactions.

The Sub-Fund may use financial derivative instruments ("**FDIs**") for investment, efficient portfolio management and/or hedging purposes. The major FDIs which may be used by the Sub-Fund for such purposes include, but are not limited to, warrants, futures, options, forwards and other derivative instruments or contracts.

Use of Derivatives

The Sub-Fund's net derivative exposure may be up to 50% of the Sub-Fund's net asset value.

What are the key risks?

Investment involves risks. Please refer to the Prospectus which forms part of the Hong Kong Offering Document for details including the risk factors.

1. Investment Risk: The Sub-Fund's investment portfolio may fall in value due to any of

the key risk factors below and therefore your investment in the Sub-Fund may suffer losses. There is no guarantee of the

repayment of principal.

2. Equity Market Risk: The Sub-Fund's investment in equity securities is subject to general

market risks, whose value may fluctuate due to various factors, such as changes in investment sentiment, political and economic

conditions and issuer-specific factors.

3. **Geographical** The concentration of the Sub-Fund's investments in India-related Concentration Risk: companies may result in greater volatility than portfolios which

comprise broad-based global investments. The value of the Sub-Fund may be more susceptible to adverse events in the region.

4. Political and Regulatory Risk:

Changes to government policies or legislation in the markets in which the Sub-Fund may invest may adversely affect the political or economic stability of such markets, such as preventing or limiting the repatriation of foreign capital or the availability of legal redress through the courts. Investments in certain markets may also require the procurement of a substantial number of licences, regulatory consents, certificates and approvals. The inability to obtain a particular licence, regulatory consent, certificate or approval could adversely affect the operations of the Sub-Fund.

5. Emerging Markets Risk:

In respect of certain emerging economies or markets in which the Sub-Fund may invest, it may be exposed to higher risks than in developed economies or markets, in particular for the acts or omissions of its service providers, agents, correspondents or delegates. Accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards, practices and disclosure requirements applicable to some companies in the emerging economies or markets in which the Sub-Fund may invest may differ from countries with more developed financial markets. The value of the Sub-Fund's assets may also be affected by uncertainties such as changes in government policies, taxation legislation, currency repatriation restrictions and other developments in politics, law or regulations of the emerging economies or markets in which the Sub-Fund may invest. Further, certain emerging economies are exposed to the risks of high inflation and interest rates, large amount of external debt; and such factors may affect the overall economy stability.

6. Macroeconomic Risk:

Slower economic growth or increase in interest rates could affect stock prices in the Indian economy.

7. Risk of Stock Market Control:

Regulation of the stock market is evolving. There is the risk that regulations may be introduced that adversely affect the cost of trading or the freedom to trade, restricting the Sub-Fund's ability to cost effectively deploy its investments.

8. Currency Risk:

The Sub-Fund's assets may be invested primarily in securities denominated in currencies other than U.S. Dollars and the Sub-Fund may receive income or realization proceeds from these investments in those currencies, some of which may fall in value against U.S. Dollars.

9. Small Cap Risk:

Investments in securities of small and medium sized companies may involve greater risk than is customarily associated with investment in larger and more established companies. In particular, smaller companies often have limited product lines, markets or financial resources, with less research information available about the company, and their management may be dependent on a few key individuals.

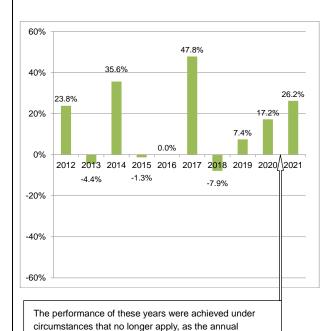
10. Liquidity and Volatility Risks:

The Sub-Fund may invest in companies which are less well established in their early stages of development. These companies may often experience significant price volatility and potential lack of liquidity due to the low trading volume of their securities. The absence of adequate liquidity may also arise when a particular securities is difficult to sell at the desired moment during particular periods or in particular market conditions.

11. Use of FDIs:

The Sub-Fund intends to use FDIs for investment, efficient portfolio management and/or hedging purposes. The use of FDIs exposes the Sub-Fund to additional risks, including: (i) volatility risk - FDIs may be highly volatile; (ii) management risk - the results are reliant upon the success of the Investment Manager in making investment decisions in the prevailing market conditions; (iii) market risk - there is a risk from exposures to changes in market value of FDIs; (iv) credit risk – a Sub-Fund is exposed to the risk of loss resulting from a counterparty's failure to meet its financial obligations; and (v) liquidity risk – exists when particular investments are difficult to be purchased or sold quickly. The eventuation of any of the above risks could have an adverse effect on the net asset value of the Sub-Fund. In adverse situations, the Sub-Fund's use of FDIs may become ineffective in investment, efficient portfolio management or hedging and the Sub-Fund may suffer significant losses.

How has the Sub-Fund performed?



- Past performance information is not indicative of future performance. Investors may not get back the full amount invested.
- The computation basis of the performance is based on the calendar year end, NAV-To-NAV, with dividend reinvested.
- These figures show by how much the Class AA increased or decreased in value during the calendar year being shown.
- Performance data has been calculated in USD, including ongoing charges and excluding subscription fee and redemption fee investors might have to pay.
- Where no past performance is shown there was insufficient data available in that year to provide performance.
- Sub-Fund launch date: 30 November 2006
- Class AA launch date: 30 November 2006

Is there any guarantee?

management fee of Class AA has been reduced from

1.75% to 1.50% since 30 June 2021.

This Sub-Fund does not have any guarantees. You may not get back the full amount of money you invest.

What are the fees and charges?

Charges which may be payable by you

You may have to pay the following fees when dealing in Shares of the Sub-Fund.

Fee What you pay

Subscription fee (Initial charge)

Up to 5% of subscription amount

Switching fee (Switching charge)

Up to 1% of the total redemption amount

(Switching charge)

Redemption fee (Redemption charge)

N/A

Ongoing fees payable by the Sub-Fund

The following expenses will be paid out of the Sub-Fund. They affect you because they reduce the return you get on your investments.

Annual rate (as a % of the Sub-Fund's net asset value)

Management company Up to 0.013%

fee

Management fee	1.50%*
Depositary fee	Ranges from 0.003% to 0.40% (excluding transaction charges and disbursements)
Administration fee	Up to 0.5%

Performance fee N/A

Other fees

You may have to pay other fees when dealing in Shares of the Sub-Fund.

^{*} This fee may be increased up to a maximum of 6% by giving the affected shareholders not less than three months' prior notice. Please see section 9.5 of the Prospectus for details.

Additional Information

- You generally subscribe and redeem Class AA and Class AA Acc Shares at the Sub-Fund's
 next-determined net asset value after Manulife Investment Management (Hong Kong) Limited
 receives your request in good order on or before 5:00 p.m. (Hong Kong time) of a Dealing
 Day, being the dealing cut-off time of Manulife Global Fund. Before placing your orders
 (subscription, switching or redemption), please check with your distributor for the distributor's
 internal dealing cut-off time (which may be different from Manulife Global Fund's dealing
 cut-off time).
- The net asset value of Class AA and Class AA Acc Shares of this Sub-Fund is published daily at www.manulifefunds.com.hk and are also available at the registered office of Manulife Global Fund.

Important

If you are in doubt, you should seek professional advice.

The Securities and Futures Commission in Hong Kong takes no responsibility for the contents of this statement and makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness.