

FIL Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A. (as Management Company)

August 2022

*This statement provides you with key information about this product.
 This statement is part of the Hong Kong Prospectus.
 You should not invest in this product based on this statement alone.*

Quick facts

Management Company:	FIL Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A.		
Investment Manager:	FIL Fund Management Limited (Bermuda, internal delegation)		
Investment Advisor:	Internal and/or external sub-delegation to one or more Investment Advisors as described in “The Investment Manager” section under Part IV of the Hong Kong Prospectus (~Note) ~ Note: The list of all Investment Advisors having managed all or part of the assets of each fund over the last six or twelve months will be published in the annual and semi-annual financial reports.		
Depository:	Brown Brothers Harriman (Luxembourg) S.C.A.		
Ongoing charges over a year[^]:	Class A-GBP:	1.42%	Class A-ACC-GBP: 1.42%
[^] Unless otherwise stated, the ongoing charges figure represents the ongoing expenses based on the annual financial report for the year ended 30 April 2022. This figure may vary from year to year.			
Dealing frequency:	Daily		
Base currency:	GBP		
Dividend policy*:	<u>Class A</u> Subject to the Board's discretion, dividends will be declared quarterly normally on the first business day of February, May, August and November and will be paid accordingly. <u>Class A-ACC</u> No dividends will be paid for accumulating shares. All interest and other income earned on the investment will be retained in the fund. * Unless otherwise stated, dividends will not be paid out of capital and/or effectively out of capital.		
Financial year end of this fund:	30 April		
Minimum investment:		<u>Initial Investment</u>	<u>Subsequent Investment</u>
	Class A	USD 2,500	USD 1,000

What is this product?

Fidelity Funds is an open-ended investment company established in Luxembourg and regulated by the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (CSSF).

Objectives and investment policy

- The fund is a Bond fund and aims to achieve income and capital growth by primarily (i.e. at least 70% of the fund's assets) investing in a broad range of fixed income instruments of issuers globally, including those located, listed or exposed to emerging markets, either denominated in Sterling or other currencies. Emerging market debt may include investments within, although not limited to, Latin America, Asia, Africa, Eastern Europe (including Russia) and the Middle East. Exposure to non-Sterling denominated debt securities will be largely hedged back to Sterling.
- For the remaining assets, the Investment Manager has the freedom to invest outside the fund's market sectors, credit quality, currency or asset classes.
- A minimum of 50% of the fund's net assets will be invested in securities deemed to maintain sustainable characteristics (defined by reference to a combination of different measurements such as ESG* ratings provided by external agencies or Fidelity Sustainability Ratings). The fund will consider a wide range of environmental and social characteristics on an ongoing basis. Environmental characteristics include carbon intensity, carbon emissions, energy efficiency, water and waste management, biodiversity, while social characteristics include product safety, supply chain, health and safety and human rights. Environmental and social characteristics are analysed by Fidelity's fundamental analysts and rated through the use of Fidelity Sustainability Ratings. Fidelity Sustainability Ratings is a proprietary rating system developed by Fidelity's research analysts to assess individual issuers.
- The fund is actively managed and references the ICE BofA Q880 Custom Index (a custom blend of government, investment grade and high yield corporate bond indices) (the "Index") for performance comparison only.
- Shareholders' attention is drawn to the fact that the Index is not an index which integrates environmental and social considerations.
- The fund may invest up to 50% of its assets in high-yielding, lower quality instruments which will not be required to meet minimum rating standards and may not be rated for creditworthiness by any internationally recognised rating agency.
- The fund will invest less than 30% of its net assets directly and/or indirectly in onshore China fixed income securities on an aggregated basis. The fund can directly invest in onshore China fixed income securities listed or traded on any Eligible Market in China through the Qualified Foreign Investor ("QFI") status of FIL Investment Management (Hong Kong) Limited. "Eligible Market in China" refers to the Shanghai Stock Exchange, the Shenzhen Stock Exchange or the mainland China interbank bond market, as the case may be.
- The fund may invest in instruments with loss-absorption features which may include instruments classified as Additional Tier 1/Tier 2 capital instruments, **Contingent Convertible Securities (CoCos)**, non-preferred senior bonds which may also be known as Tier 3 bonds and other instruments eligible to count as loss-absorbing capacity under the resolution regime for financial institution, in compliance with its investment policy and limits. These instruments may be subject to contingent write-down or contingent conversion to ordinary shares on the occurrence of trigger event(s). In compliance with the requirements and guidance issued by the SFC, such investment will at all times remain below 50% of the fund's net asset value. Less than 30% of the fund's total net assets will be invested in hybrid securities (which are subordinated instruments that have more equity-like features) and CoCos, with less than 20% of the total net assets to be invested in CoCos. For the avoidance of doubt, less than 30% of the fund's net asset value may be invested in each individual type of instruments with loss-absorption features as described above.
- The fund may also invest in UCITS (undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities) and UCIs (undertaking for collective investment).
- The investments of the fund are not restricted either by region or country, market sector or industry, and investments chosen will be largely determined by the availability of attractive investment opportunities.
- The fund will not invest more than 10% of their net asset value in securities issued by or guaranteed by any single country (including its government, a public or local authority of that country) with a credit rating below investment grade.
- The fund may use financial derivative instruments, including complex financial derivative instruments or strategies to meet the investment objectives of the fund with a level of risk which is consistent with the risk profile of the fund. Financial derivative instruments may be used to create economic exposure to the underlying asset, this may include futures, forwards, options, and swaps. The fund will use (i) index, basket or single credit default and total return swaps to gain exposure or reduce credit risk of issuers, (ii) interest rate futures, swaps or options to actively manage the level of interest rate risk and (iii) currency derivatives to hedge or gain exposure to currencies. The long and short active currency positions implemented by the fund may not be correlated with the underlying securities positions held by the fund.
- The expected level of leverage of the fund for investment-related activity is 350% of the net asset value of the fund and the expected level of leverage arising from hedged share class activity is 150% of the net asset value of the fund, for a total of 500% of the net asset value of the fund. Leverage is determined using the sum of the notional (expressed as a sum of positive values) of all financial derivatives instruments used.
- The fund will not engage extensively in securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions.

Use of derivatives/investment in derivatives

The fund's net derivative exposure may be more than 100% of its net asset value.

* ESG means collectively environment (E), social (S) and governance (G)

What are the key risks?

Investment involves risks. Please refer to the Hong Kong Prospectus for details including the risk factors.

Risk to Capital and Income (Investment Risk)

- The assets of the fund are subject to fluctuations in value. There is no guarantee of repayment of principal and you may not get back the original amount invested. Past performance is no guarantee of future performance.

Bonds and other Debt Instruments

- The value of bonds or other debt instruments will fluctuate depending on e.g. market interest rates, the credit quality of the issuer, the currency of the investment (when it is different from the base currency of the fund) and liquidity considerations. In general, the prices of debt instruments rise when interest rates fall, whilst their prices fall when interest rates rise.

Downgrading risk

- The credit rating of a debt instrument or its issuer may subsequently be downgraded. In the event of such downgrading, the value of the fund may be adversely affected. The investment manager may or may not be able to dispose of the debt instruments that are being downgraded.

Credit/Default Risk

- Investments may be adversely affected if any of the institutions with which money is deposited suffers insolvency or are otherwise unable to pay interest or principal (default). Credit risk also arises from the uncertainty about the ultimate repayment of principal and interest from bond or other debt instrument investments. In both cases the entire deposit or purchase price of the debt instrument is at risk of loss if there is no recovery after default.

Credit rating risk

- Credit ratings assigned by rating agencies are subject to limitations and do not guarantee the creditworthiness of the security and/or issuer at all times.

Valuation Risk

- Valuation of the fund's investments may involve uncertainties and judgmental determinations. If such valuation turns out to be incorrect, this may affect the net asset value calculation of the fund.

Sovereign Debt Risk

- The fund's investment in securities issued or guaranteed by governments may be exposed to political, social and economic risks. In adverse situations, the sovereign issuers may not be able or willing to repay the principal and/or interest when due or may request the fund to participate in restructuring such debts. The fund may suffer significant losses when there is a default of sovereign debt issuers.

Risk associated with Debt Securities Rated Below Investment Grade/Unrated Securities and High Yielding Debt Instruments

- The fund may invest in debt securities rated below investment grade or unrated securities. Such securities are generally subject to lower liquidity, higher volatility, heightened risk of default and loss of principal and interest than higher-rated/lower yielding debt securities.

Income-producing securities

- Although the fund will generally invest in income-producing securities, it is not guaranteed that all underlying investments will generate income. To the extent that underlying investments of the fund are income producing, higher yields generally mean that there will be increased potential for capital appreciation and/or depreciation for fixed income securities.

Risk of investing in CoCos and other instruments with loss-absorption features

- The fund may invest in instruments with loss-absorption features. Those features have been designed to meet specific regulatory requirements imposed on financial institutions and typically include terms and conditions specifying the instrument is subject to contingent write-down or contingent conversion to ordinary shares on the occurrence of the following: (a) when a financial institution is near or at the point of non-viability; or (b) when the capital ratio of a financial institution falls to a specified level.
- Debt instruments with loss-absorption features are subject to greater capital risks when compared to traditional debt instruments as such instruments are typically subject to the risk of being written down or converted to ordinary shares upon the occurrence of pre-defined trigger events (such as those disclosed above). Such trigger events are likely to be outside of the issuer's control and are complex and difficult to predict and may result in a significant or total reduction in the value of such instruments.
- In the event of the activation of a trigger, there may be potential price contagion and volatility to the entire asset class. Debt instruments with loss-absorption features may also be exposed to liquidity, valuation and sector concentration risk.

- The fund may invest in CoCos, which are highly complex and are of high risk. CoCos are a form of hybrid debt security with loss-absorption features that are intended to either convert into equity shares of the issuer (potentially at a discounted price) or have their principal written down (including permanently written down to zero) upon the occurrence of certain 'triggers'. Coupon payments on CoCos are discretionary and may be cancelled by the issuer at any point, for any reason, and for any length of time.
- The fund may also invest in senior non-preferred debts. While these instruments are generally senior to subordinated debts, they may be subject to write-down upon the occurrence of a trigger event and will no longer fall under the creditor ranking hierarchy of the issuer. This may result in total loss principal invested.

Sustainable Investing

- The use of ESG criteria may affect the fund's investment performance and may result in a return that at times compares unfavourably to similar products without such focus. Sustainable characteristics used in the fund's investment policy may result in the fund foregoing opportunities to buy certain securities when it might otherwise be advantageous to do so and/or selling securities due to their sustainable characteristics when it might be disadvantaged to do so. As such, the application of ESG criteria may restrict the ability of the fund to acquire or dispose of its investments at a price and time that it wishes to do so, and may therefore result in a loss to the fund.
- The ESG characteristics of securities may change over time, which may in some cases require the Investment Manager disposing of such securities when it might be disadvantageous to do so from a financial perspective only. This may lead to a fall in the value of the fund.
- The use of ESG criteria may also result in the fund being concentrated in companies with ESG focus and its value may be volatile when compared to other funds having a more diversified portfolio of investments.
- There is a lack of standardised taxonomy of ESG evaluation methodology and the way in which different ESG funds will apply ESG criteria may vary, as there are not yet commonly agreed principles and metrics for assessing the sustainable characteristics of investments of ESG funds.
- The information and data sources provided by internal research teams and complemented by external ESG rating providers for evaluating sustainable characteristics of the securities may be incomplete, inaccurate or unavailable. As a result, there is a risk that the Investment Manager may incorrectly assess a security or issuer.
- Evaluation of sustainable characteristics of the securities and selection of securities may involve the Investment Manager's subjective judgment. As a result, there is a risk that the relevant sustainable characteristics may not be applied correctly or that the fund could have indirect exposure to issuers who do not meet the relevant sustainable characteristics, and sustainable characteristics of a security can change over time.

Eurozone Risk

- In light of ongoing concerns on the sovereign debt risk of certain countries within the Eurozone, the fund's investments in the region may be subject to higher volatility, liquidity, currency and default risks. Any adverse events, such as credit downgrade of a sovereign or exit of EU members from the Eurozone, may have a negative impact on the value of the fund.

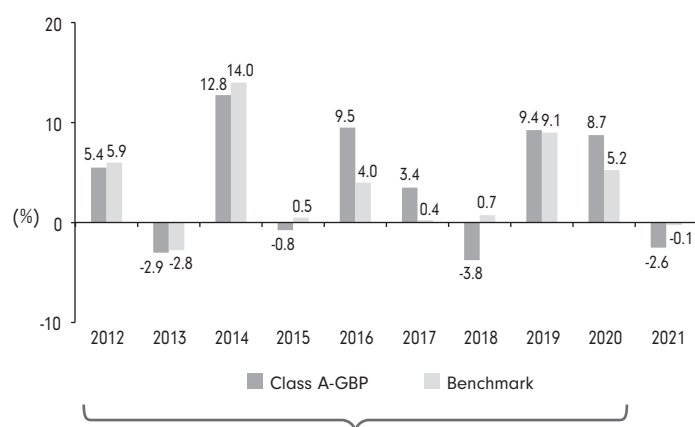
Foreign Currency Risk

- The fund's assets may be denominated in currencies other than the base currency of the fund. Also, a class of shares may be designated in a currency other than the base currency of the fund. Fluctuations in the exchange rates between these currencies and the base currency as well as changes in exchange rate controls may adversely affect the fund's net asset value.

Financial Derivative Instruments

- The fund's net derivative exposure may be more than 100% of its net asset value. The use of derivatives may give rise to liquidity risk, counterparty credit risk, volatility risk, valuations risks and over-the-counter transaction risk at times. The leverage element/component of a derivative can result in a loss significantly greater than the amount invested in the financial derivative instrument by the fund. Exposure to financial derivative instruments may lead to a high risk of significant loss by the fund.
- The fund may have a net leverage exposure of more than 100% of the net asset value of the fund. This will further magnify any potential negative impact of any change in the value of the underlying asset on the fund and also increase the volatility of the fund's price and may lead to significant losses.
- The fund may implement active currency positions which may not be correlated with the underlying securities positions held by the fund. This may result in the fund suffering a significant or total loss even if there is no loss of the value of the underlying securities positions (e.g. equities, fixed income securities) being held by the fund.

How has the fund performed?



The performance during the years prior to 2020 was achieved under circumstances that may no longer apply as the investment objective was changed in 2016 and 2020.

- Past performance information is not indicative of future performance. Investors may not get back the full amount invested.
- The computation basis of the performance is based on the calendar year end, NAV-to-NAV, with dividend reinvested.
- These figures show by how much the Class A-GBP increased or decreased in value during the calendar year being shown. Performance data has been calculated in GBP including ongoing charges and excluding any subscription fees and redemption fees you might have to pay.
- Fund launch date: 1990
- Class A-GBP launch date: 1990
- Class A-GBP is selected as the most appropriate representative share class as it has the longest track record and is denominated in the fund's reference currency.
- The benchmark is the ICE BofA Q880 Custom Index.

Is there any guarantee?

This fund does not have any guarantees. You may not get back the full amount of money you invested.

What are the fees and charges?

Charges which may be payable by you

You have to pay the following fees when dealing in shares of the fund:

Subscription Fee	Class A – Up to 3.5% of NAV
Switching Fee	Generally up to 1% of NAV, except if you are switching from one class with no subscription fee into a class with subscription fee, you will have to pay for a switching fee of up to the full subscription fee of the class to be switched into
Redemption Fee	N/A

Ongoing fees payable by the fund

The following expenses will have to be paid out of the fund. They affect you because they reduce the return you get on your investments:

Management Fee*	Class A – Up to 1.00% p.a. of NAV
Depository Fee	Varies from 0.003% to 0.35% of NAV
Performance Fee	N/A
Administration Fee	Up to 0.35% of NAV

* The management fee can be increased to a maximum annual rate of 2% of the net asset value of the fund. In the event of such increase, not less than 3 months' notice will be given to you.

Other Fees

You may have to pay other fees when dealing in shares of the fund. Any other fees and charges are described in the Hong Kong Prospectus. You should note that some fees may be increased, up to a specified permitted maximum, by giving shareholders at least one month's prior notice. For details, please refer to the Hong Kong Prospectus.

Additional Information

- You generally buy, redeem or switch shares at the fund's next-determined net asset value after we receive your request, directly or via a distributor, in good order at or before 5.00 p.m. Hong Kong time on a dealing day, being the fund's dealing cut-off time. Before placing your orders, please check with your distributor for the distributor's internal dealing cut-off time (which may be earlier than the fund's dealing cut-off time).
- The net asset value of this fund is calculated and the price of shares is published each business day. Net asset value of the fund (other than Class A) will be published in the South China Morning Post and the Hong Kong Economic Times. Net asset value of Class A will be published on www.fidelity.com.hk *.
- Investors may also obtain the past performance information of the fund's representative share class and (if applicable) other share classes offered to Hong Kong investors from www.fidelity.com.hk *.
- Investors may obtain information on the intermediaries from the Fidelity Investor Hotline: +852 2629 2629.

Important

If you are in doubt, you should seek professional advice. The SFC takes no responsibility for the contents of this statement and makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness.

* The website has not been reviewed by the SFC.