PRODUCT KEY FACTS 產品資料概要



JPMorgan Funds - Income Fund 摩根基金-環球債券收益基金

July 2022 ● 2022年7月

- This statement provides you with key information about this product.
- This statement is a part of the offering document.
- You should not invest in this product based on this statement alone.
- 本概要提供本基金的重要資料,
- 是銷售文件的一部分。
- 動力量憑本概要作投資決定。

Quick facts 資料便覽

Management Company 管理公司: JPMorgan Asset Management (Europe) S.à r.l.

Investment Manager(s) and Delegate Investment Manager(s) 投資經理人及受委投資經理人: Internal delegation to one or more Investment Manager(s) and, where applicable, Delegate Investment Manager(s) as described in "1 Fund Structure" section of the Hong Kong Offering Document+

誠如香港銷售文件內「1 本基金之架構」一節所載,向一名或多名投資經理人及(如適用)受委投資經理人作出同集團委任*

- Details of the relevant Investment Manager(s) and Delegate Investment Manager(s) responsible for the Fund are available in the annual report and semi-annual report of the Fund. The latest information on the Investment Manager(s) and Delegate Investment Manager(s) responsible for a particular Sub-Fund are available from the Hong Kong Representative upon request.
- 負責本基金的有關投資經理人及受委投資經理人的詳細資料載於本基金的年報及半年度報告。負責特定子基金的投資經理人及受委投資經理人的最新資料可向香港代表人索取。

Depositary 保管人:

J.P. Morgan SE - Luxembourg Branch

Ongoing charges over a year 全年經常性開支比率:

A (acc) - USD share class	A(累計)- 美元股份類別	1.18% [†]
A (mth) - HKD share class	A(每月派息)- 港元股份類別	1.20% [†]
A (mth) - USD share class	A(每月派息)- 美元股份類別	1.18% [†]
A (mth) - AUD (hedged) share class	A(每月派息)- 澳元對沖股份類別	1.20% [†]
A (mth) - CAD (hedged) share class	A(每月派息)- 加元對沖股份類別	1.20%
A (mth) - EUR (hedged) share class	A(每月派息)— 歐元對沖股份類別	1.18%⁺
A (mth) - GBP (hedged) share class	A(每月派息)- 英鎊對沖股份類別	1.20% [†]
A (mth) - RMB (hedged) share class	A(每月派息)— 人民幣對沖股份類別	1.20% [†]
A (mth) - SGD (hedged) share class	A(每月派息) — 新加坡元對沖股份類別	1.18% [†]

- [†] The ongoing charges figure is based on the annualised expenses for the period from 1 July 2021 to 31 December 2021 and may vary from year to year.
- The ongoing charges figure is estimated because the share class is recently launched. The figure is based on the estimated costs and expenses of the share class over 12 months. The actual figure may be different from the estimated figure and may vary from year to year.
- † 經常性開支比率是根據由2021年7月1日至2021年12月31日的費用作年化計算,每年均可能有所變動。
- "由於股份類別是近期成立,經常性開支比率為估算收費。開支比率是根據股份類別12個月的估計成本及開支計算。實際數字可能與估算數字不同,且每年均可能有所變動。

Dealing frequency 交易頻率:

Daily 每日

Base currency 基本貨幣:

USD (The share classes offered in Hong Kong are in HK dollars and US dollars) 美元(在香港銷售之股份類別分別以港元及美元計價)

Dividend policy 派息政策:

(acc) class - Accumulative (will not normally pay dividends)/

(mth) class - Monthly distribution (discretionary)*

The Fund may at its discretion pay dividends out of capital and pay dividends out of gross income while charging all or part of the Fund's fees and expenses to the capital of the Fund, which represents a return or withdrawal of part of an investor's original investment or from any capital gains attributable to that original investment. Any dividend payments may result in an immediate reduction of the net asset value per share.

(累計)類別 - 累計(通常不會支付股息)/ (每月派息)類別 - 每月分派(酌情決定)*

本基金可酌情決定從資本中支付股息及從總收入中支付股息同時從本基金之資本中支付本基金的全部或部分費用及開支,即代表退還或提取投資者部分原有之投資或任何歸屬於該原有投資的資本收益。支付任何股息均可導致每股資產淨值即時減少。

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Financial year end 財政年度終結日:30 June 6月30日

Minimum investment 最低投資額: Lump-sum (same amount for initial/additional): USD2,000 or its equivalent in another currency

Regular Investment Plan: HKD1,000 per month

整額(首次及其後每次相同): 2,000美元或其他貨幣之等值

定期投資計劃:每月1,000港元

JPMorgan Funds (Asia) Ltd. may apply a different minimum lump sum investment and/or a different minimum monthly investment.

- *The distribution policy may be amended subject to the SFC's prior approval and by giving not less than one month's prior notice to affected investors. 摩根基金(亞洲)有限公司可設定不同的最低整筆投資額及/或不同的最低每月投資額。
- *派息政策可在獲得證監會的事先批准後及向受影響的投資者發出不少於一個月的事先通知後予以修改。

What is this product? 本基金是甚麼產品?

The Fund is a sub-fund of JPMorgan Funds, which is an open-ended investment company domiciled in Luxembourg. Its home regulator is CSSF, Luxembourg.

本基金為摩根基金之子基金。摩根基金乃一於盧森堡成立的開放式投資公司,受盧森堡金融業監管委員會監管。

Objective and investment strategy 目標及投資策略

To provide income by investing primarily in a portfolio of debt securities.

The Fund seeks to achieve its objective by investing opportunistically across multiple debt markets and sectors that the Investment Manager believes have high potential to produce risk adjusted return, whilst also seeking to benefit from capital growth opportunities. The Fund will invest through active management to exploit the opportunities in the respective markets. Research teams review fundamentals, technicals and valuation metrics by comparing the income against the risk level to identify debt markets and sectors with a high potential to produce risk adjusted return. Exposures to certain countries, sectors, currencies and credit ratings of debt securities may vary and may be concentrated from time to time.

The environmental, social and governance ("ESG") approach of the Fund is ESG Promote, in which the Investment Manager evaluates and applies values and norms based screening to implement exclusions. At least 51% of the Fund's assets (excluding cash and cash equivalents) will be invested in issuers with positive environmental and/or social characteristics that follow good governance practices as measured through the Investment Manager's proprietary ESG scoring methodology and/or third party data'.

The Fund invests at least 5% of assets excluding cash, cash equivalents, Money Market Funds and derivatives for efficient portfolio management, in Sustainable Investments, as defined under SFDR, contributing to environmental or social objectives.

The Investment Manager will manage the income of the Fund to help minimize fluctuations in periodic dividend payments, which refer to the payments made by the Fund in respect of the relevant share classes.

At least 67% of the Fund's assets (excluding cash and cash equivalents) will be invested in debt securities issued in developed markets and emerging markets, including, but not limited to, debt securities issued by governments and their agencies, state and provincial governmental entities and supranational organisations, corporate debt securities, asset-backed securities, mortgage-backed securities and covered bonds. Issuers of these securities may be located in any country.

The Fund may invest up to 70% of its assets in mortgage-backed securities ("MBS") and/or asset-backed securities ("ABS") of any credit quality. MBS which may be agency (issued by quasi US government agencies) and non-agency (issued by private institutions) refers to debt securities that are backed by mortgages, including residential and commercial mortgages, and ABS refers to those that are backed by other types of assets such as credit card debt, car loans, consumer loans and equipment leases.

The Fund may invest in investment grade, below investment grade and unrated debt securities. Below investment grade securities are rated Ba1/BB+ or below using the highest rating available from one of the independent rating agencies (e.g. Moody's, Standard & Poor's, Fitch). There are no credit quality or maturity restrictions with respect to the debt securities in which the Fund may invest.

The Fund may invest in assets denominated in currencies other than its base currency (i.e. USD). Non USD currency exposure may be hedged.

The Fund may also invest in other assets including, but not limited to, equity securities, convertible securities, preferred securities, and Real Estate Investment Trusts ('REITs'). The Fund will neither invest more than 25% of its total assets in convertible securities, nor invest more than 10% of its total assets in equities securities, including preferred securities and REITs. The Fund will not invest in onshore or offshore PRC debt securities.

The Fund may invest up to 10% of its net asset value in instruments with loss absorption features (e.g. contingent convertible securities and certain types of senior non-preferred debt).

The Fund may typically hold up to 10% of its total net assets in cash and cash equivalents. The Fund may hold up to 100% of its assets temporarily for defensive purposes in cash and cash equivalents. Such circumstances may include, but not limited to, at times of high risk due to prevailing geo-political, economic, financial and/or other market circumstances.

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Countries with emerging and less developed markets include, but are not limited to (1) countries that have an emerging stock market in a developing economy as defined by the International Finance Corporation, (2) countries that have low or middle income economies according to the World Bank, and (3) countries listed in World Bank publication as developing. The list of emerging and less developed markets is subject to continuous change; broadly they include any country or region other than the United States of America, Canada, Japan, Australia, New Zealand and Western Europe.

1 Please refer to the sub-section entitled "3.8.2 ESG Promote" under the section entitled "3.8 Environmental, Social and Governance" of the Hong Kong Offering Documents for details.

透過主要投資於債務證券的投資組合,以期提供收益。

本基金旨在按市場狀況投資於投資經理人認為具有高潛力產生經風險調整之回報的多個債券市場和行業,同時亦尋求從資本增長機會中受益,以實現其目標。本基金將透過積極管理投資利用在相關市場的機會。研究團隊檢討基本分析數據、技術分析數據和估值指標透過比較收益對照風險來認定具有高潛力產生經風險調整之回報的債務市場和行業。於某些國家、行業、貨幣及債務證券的信貸評級之投資可能有所不同,可能時而集中。

本基金的環境、社會及管治(「ESG」)方法為推動ESG,其中投資經理人評估並採用以價值及規範為基礎的篩選模式,以實施排除機制。本基金之資產(不包括現金及現金等價物)至少51%將投資於遵循良好管治常規且具有正面的環境及/或社會特徵(透過投資經理人的專有ESG評分方法及/或第三方數據衡量)的發行人1。

本基金將其資產(不包括現金、現金等價物、貨幣市場基金及為有效組合管理而使用的衍生工具)至少5%投資於可持續金融披露規例下界定的有助於實現環境或社會目標的可持續投資。

投資經理人將管理本基金的收益,以盡量減低由本基金定期就有關股份類別支付的股息所出現之波動。

本基金之資產(不包括現金及現金等價物)至少67%將投資於已發展市場及新興市場所發行之債務證券,包括但不限於政府及其機構、國家和地方政府機構、超國家機構所發行之債務證券、企業債務證券、資產抵押證券、按揭證券及擔保債券。該等證券之發行人可位於任何國家。

本基金可將其資產最多70%投資於具任何信貸質素的按揭證券(「MBS」)及/或資產抵押證券(「ABS」)。MBS(可以是機構(由 美國半政府機構發行)及非機構(由私人機構發行)MBS)指由按揭(包括住宅及商業按揭)作抵押的債務證券,而ABS指由其他類型 的資產(如信用卡債務、汽車貸款、消費貸款及設備租賃)作抵押的債務證券。

本基金可投資於投資級別、低於投資級別及未經評級債務證券。低於投資級別證券被一間獨立評級機構(如穆迪、標準普爾、惠譽)給予最高Ba1/BB+或以下的評級。本基金可投資的債務證券並無信貸質素或到期日的限制。

本基金可投資於以其基本貨幣(即美元)以外的貨幣計價的資產。非美元貨幣風險可能會被對沖。

本基金亦可投資其他資產,包括但不限於股票證券、可換股證券、優先證券及房地產投資信託(「REITs」)。本基金不會將其總資產 25%以上投資於可換股證券,亦不會將其總資產10%以上投資於股票證券(包括優先證券及REITs)。本基金將不會投資於中國境內或境外債務證券。

本基金可投資最多達其資產淨值之10%於具有吸收虧損特點的工具(例如或然可換股證券及若干類型的高級非優先債務)。

本基金一般可將其總淨資產最多10%用作持有現金及現金等價物。本基金可暫時作防守目的而持有最多佔其資產100%於現金及現金等價物。該等情況可包括(但不限於)由於當時地理政治、經濟、金融及/或其他市場情況導致高風險的時候。

屬於新興及發展中市場的國家包括但不限於(1)在發展中經濟(由國際金融公司定義)中設有新興股市的國家、(2)屬於低或中收入經濟(由世界銀行定義)的國家,及(3)世界銀行刊物中列為發展中的國家。新興及發展中國家的名單可持續加以修訂,大致上包括下列國家以外的任何國家或地區:美國、加拿大、日本、澳洲、新西蘭及西歐。

1 請參閱香港銷售文件「3.8環境、社會及管治」一節內「3.8.2推動ESG」分節,了解詳情。

Use of derivatives 衍生工具的使用

The Fund's Net Derivative Exposure may be up to 50% of the Fund's net asset value. 本基金的衍生工具風險承擔淨額可最多達基金資產淨值的50%。

What are the KEY RISKS? 本基金有哪些主要風險?

Investment involves risk. Please refer to the offering document(s) for details, including the risk factors. 投資涉及風險。請參閱銷售文件所載詳情,包括風險因素。

- Investment risk The Fund's investment portfolio may fall in value due to any of the key risk factors below and therefore your investment in the Fund may suffer losses. There is no guarantee of the repayment of principal.
- Emerging markets risk Emerging markets may be subject to increased risks and special considerations not typically associated with investment in more developed markets, such as liquidity risks, currency risks/control, political, regulatory and economic instability, legal and taxation risks, less developed custody and settlement practices, poor transparency, greater financial risks and government restrictions on the repatriation of monies or other currency control Regulation and the likelihood of a high degree of volatility. Some markets may carry higher risks for investors who should therefore ensure that they understand the risks involved and are satisfied that an investment is suitable as part of their portfolio. As a result, investors may get back less than they originally invested.

- Risks associated with debt securities the Fund's investments in debt securities are subject to the following risks:
 - Below investment grade/unrated investment risk The Fund may invest in debt securities which are unrated or with ratings below investment grade by international accredited rating agencies. Accordingly, such investment will be accompanied by a higher degree of credit and liquidity risks than is present with investment in higher rated securities. During economic downturns such bonds typically fall more in value than investment grade bonds as such are often subject to a higher risk of issuer default. The net asset value of the Fund may decline or be negatively affected if there is a default of any of the below investment grade/unrated debt securities (e.g. some high yield bonds) that the Fund invests in or if interest rates change.
 - Investment grade bond risk Investment grade bonds are assigned ratings within the top rating categories. Rating agencies review such assigned ratings and bonds may therefore be downgraded in rating if economic circumstances (e.g. subject to market or other conditions) impact the relevant bond issues. Downgrading of the bonds may adversely affect the value of the relevant bonds and therefore the performance of the Fund. The Fund may or may not be able to dispose of the debt instruments that are being downgraded. Also, the Fund may face higher risks of default in interest payment and principal repayment. As a result, investors may get back less than they originally invested.
 - Credit risk If the issuer of any of the securities in which the Fund's assets are invested defaults, the performance of the Fund will be adversely affected and the Fund could suffer substantial loss. For debt securities, including covered bonds, a default on interest or principal may adversely impact the performance of the Fund. Decline in credit quality of the issuer may adversely affect the valuation of the relevant bonds and the Fund. The credit ratings assigned by credit rating agencies are subject to limitations and do not guarantee the creditworthiness the security and/or of the issuer at all times.
 - Sovereign risk The Fund may invest in debt securities ("Sovereign Debt") issued or guaranteed by governments or their agencies ("governmental entities"). The Fund's investment in Sovereign Debt may be exposed to political, social and economic risks. Governmental entities may default on their Sovereign Debt. Holders of Sovereign Debt, including a fund, may be requested to participate in the rescheduling of such debt and to extend further loans to governmental entities. There is no bankruptcy proceeding by which Sovereign Debt on which a governmental entity has defaulted may be collected in whole or in part. As a result, investors may get back less than they originally invested.
 - Interest rate risk Interest rates in the countries in which the Fund's assets will be invested may be subject to fluctuations. Any such fluctuations may have a direct effect on the income received by the Fund and its capital value. Bonds are particularly susceptible to interest rate changes and may experience significant price volatility. The prices of bonds generally increase when interest rates decline and decrease when interest rates rise. Longer term bonds are usually more sensitive to interest rate changes. As a result, investors may get back less than they originally invested.
 - Valuation risk Valuation of the Fund's investments may involve uncertainties and judgmental determinations. If such valuation turns out to be incorrect, this may affect the net asset value calculation of the Fund.
 - Asset Backed Securities ("ABS") and Mortgage Backed Securities ("MBS") risk ABS and MBS are securities that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that are primarily dependent upon the cash flow arising from a specified pool of financial assets. These securities may be highly illiquid and prone to substantial price volatility. The obligations associated with these securities may be subject to greater credit, liquidity and interest rate risk compared to other debt securities such as government issued bonds. ABS and MBS are often exposed to extension, prepayment risks and risk that the payment obligations relating to the underlying asset are not met (i.e. collateral risk), which may have a substantial impact on the timing and size of the cashflows paid by the securities and may negatively impact the returns of the securities.
- Concentration risk The Fund may be concentrated in a limited number of countries, sectors or issuers and as a result, may be more volatile than more broadly diversified funds, and the Fund may be adversely impacted.
- Convertibles risk Convertible bonds are a hybrid between debt and equity, permitting holders to convert into shares in the company issuing the bond at a specified future date. Convertible bonds are subject to the risks associated with both debt and equity securities, and to risks specific to convertible securities. Their value may change significantly depending on economic and interest rate conditions, the creditworthiness of the issuer, the performance of the underlying equity and general financial market conditions. In addition, issuers of convertible bonds may fail to meet payment obligations and their credit ratings may be downgraded. Convertible bonds may also be subject to lower liquidity than the underlying equities and prepayment risks. As a result, investors may get back less than they originally invested.
- Currency risk Where the currency of the Fund varies from the investor's home currency or where the currency of the Fund varies from the currencies of the markets in which the Fund invests, there is the prospect of additional loss to the investor greater than the usual risks of investment. Also, changes in exchange rate controls and movements in currency exchange rates can adversely affect the return of the investment and as a result, investors may get back less than they originally invested.

- Liquidity risk Lack of liquidity may adversely affect the ease of disposal of assets. The absence of reliable pricing information in a particular security held by the Fund may make it difficult to access reliably the market value of assets. There is a risk that investments made by the Fund are subject to higher volatility and less liquid compared to more developed markets. The prices of such securities may be subject to fluctuations. As a result, investors may get back less than they originally invested.
- Derivative risk The Fund may acquire derivatives, including over-the-counter derivatives, and may therefore be subject to the risk that its direct counterparty will not perform its obligations under the transactions and that the Fund will sustain losses. Valuation of derivatives may involve uncertainties. If valuation turns out to be incorrect, they may affect the net asset value calculation of the Fund. Other risks associated with derivatives include liquidity risk, volatility risk and over-the-counter transaction risk. A small movement in the value of the underlying asset can cause a large movement in the value of the derivatives and therefore, investment in derivatives may result in losses in excess of the amount invested by the Fund and may lead to significant losses by the Fund.
- Hedging risk The Investment Managers are permitted, in their absolute discretion, but not obliged, to use hedging techniques
 to attempt to reduce market and currency risks. There is no guarantee that hedging techniques if used, will achieve the desired
 result nor that hedging techniques will be used, in those cases, the Fund may be exposed to the existing market and currency
 risks and may be adversely impacted. The hedging, if any, against foreign exchange risks may or may not be up to 100% of
 assets of the Fund.
- Distribution risk There is no assurance on a distribution or the frequency of distribution or distribution rate or dividend yield.
- Payment of distributions out of capital risk The Fund may at its discretion pay dividends out of capital. The Fund may also at its discretion pay dividends out of gross income while charging all or part of the Fund's fees and expenses to the capital of the Fund, resulting in an increase in distributable amount for the payment of dividends and therefore, effectively paying dividends out of realised, unrealised capital gains or capital. Investors should note that, share classes of the Fund which pay dividends may distribute not only investment income, but also realised and unrealised capital gains or capital. Payment of dividends out of capital amounts to a return or withdrawal of part of an investor's original investment or from any capital gains attributable to that original investment, as a result, the capital that the Fund has available for investment in the future and capital growth may be reduced. Any dividend payments, irrespective of whether such payment is made up or effectively made up out of income, realised and unrealised capital gains or capital, may result in an immediate reduction of the net asset value per share. A positive distribution yield does not imply a positive return on the total investment. The distribution amount and NAV of the currency hedged class may be adversely affected by differences in the interest rates of the denominated currency of the currency hedged class and the base currency of the Fund, resulting in an increase in the amount of distribution that is paid out of capital and hence a greater erosion of capital than other non-hedged classes.
- Class currency risk The Class Currency of each Class may be different from the Fund's base currency, the currencies of which the Fund's assets are invested and/or investors' base currencies of investment. If an investor converts its base currency of investment to the Class Currency in order to invest in a particular Class and subsequently converts the redemption proceeds from that Class Currency back to its original base currency of investment, the investor may suffer a loss due to the depreciation of the Class Currency against the original currency. For example, if an investor whose base currency of investment is Hong Kong dollars (i.e. not USD) and chooses to invest in the USD Class, the investor may be exposed to a higher currency risk. The investor may suffer a higher loss as a result of exchange rate fluctuations between Hong Kong dollars and USD upon the reconversion of its USD investment back to Hong Kong dollars as compared to an investor whose base currency of investment is originally in USD.
- Currency hedged share classes risk Investors should be aware that the currency hedging process may not give a precise hedge and there is no guarantee that the hedging will be totally successful. Investors in the currency hedged share classes may have exposure to currencies other than the currency of their share class and may also be exposed to the risks associated with the instruments used in the hedging process.
- RMB currency risk RMB is subject to a managed floating exchange rate based on market supply and demand with reference to a basket of foreign currencies. RMB exchange rate is also subject to exchange control policies. The daily trading price of RMB against other major currencies in the inter-bank foreign exchange market is allowed to float within a narrow band around the central parity published by the relevant authorities of the People's Republic of China. As the exchange rates are influenced by government policy and market forces, the exchange rates for RMB against other currencies, including US dollars and HK dollars, are susceptible to movements based on external factors. Accordingly, the investment in share classes denominated in RMB may be adversely affected by the fluctuations in the exchange rate between RMB and other foreign currencies.
 - RMB is currently not freely convertible and RMB convertibility from offshore RMB (CNH) to onshore RMB (CNY) is a managed currency process subject to foreign exchange control policies of and restrictions imposed by the government of the People's Republic of China.

Share classes denominated in RMB will generally be valued with reference to RMB (CNH) rather than RMB (CNY). While RMB (CNH) and RMB (CNY) represent the same currency, they are traded in different and separate markets which operate independently. As such RMB (CNH) does not necessarily have the same exchange rate and may not move in the same direction as RMB (CNY). Any divergence between CNH and CNY may adversely impact investors.

Share classes denominated in RMB participate in the offshore RMB (CNH) market, which allow investors to freely transact CNH outside of mainland China. Share classes denominated in RMB will have no requirement to remit CNH to onshore RMB (CNY). Non-RMB based investors (e.g. Hong Kong investors) in share classes denominated in RMB may have to convert HK dollars or other currencies into RMB when investing in share classes denominated in RMB and subsequently convert the RMB redemption proceeds and/or distributions (if any) back to HK dollars or such other currencies. Investors will incur currency conversion costs and may suffer losses depending on the exchange rate movements of RMB relative to HK dollars or such other currencies. Also, there can be no assurance that RMB will not be subject to devaluation and any depreciation of RMB could adversely affect the value of the investor's investment in the Fund.

There is a risk that payment of redemption monies and/or distributions in RMB may be delayed when there is not sufficient amount of RMB for currency conversion for settlement of the redemption monies and/or distributions in a timely manner due to the exchange controls and restrictions applicable to RMB. In any event, the redemption proceeds will be paid not later than one calendar month after the relevant Hong Kong dealing day upon receipt of a duly completed redemption request.

- **投資風險** 一本基金的投資組合的價值可能因以下任何主要風險因素而下跌,因此,閣下於本基金的投資可能蒙受損失。概不保證 償還本金。
- 新興市場風險 新興市場可能需承受更高風險以及投資於較成熟的市場時一般不會涉及之特殊考慮因素,例如流通性風險、貨幣風險/管制、政治、監管及經濟不穩定、法律及稅務風險、未完全發展的託管及結算慣例、低透明度、較大的金融風險、政府對資金調回的限制或其他貨幣管制規例,以及可能出現大幅波動。對投資者而言,部分市場的風險可能較高,因此投資者須確保已了解所涉及的風險及信納該投資適合作為其投資組合的一部分。因此,投資者收回的金額可能低於其原本的投資額。
- 與債務證券相關的風險 本基金於債務證券之投資須承受以下風險:
 - 低於投資級別/未經評級投資之風險 本基金可投資於未獲評級或獲國際認可評級機構評為低於投資級別之債務證券。因此,該等投資將承受較其他較高投資級別證券為高之信貸及流通性風險。於經濟下滑時,該等債券一般較投資級別債券價格跌幅更大,因其通常承受較高之發行人違約風險。當本基金投資的任何低於投資級別/未經評級債務證券(例如部分高收益債券)違約或如利率改變,本基金資產淨值或會下跌或受負面影響。
 - 投資級別債券風險 投資級別債券是由信貸評級機構給予屬於高評級界別的評級。信貸評級機構不時覆核該等評級。倘若經濟環境(如市場或其他狀況)影響有關債券發行,該等債券的評級可能因此下降。債券評級的下調或會對有關債券的價值及本基金之表現造成不利影響。本基金未必能出售被下調評級之債務工具。此外,本基金可能面對較高不獲履行支付利息及償還本金之責任的風險。因此,投資者收回的金額可能低於其原本的投資額。
 - 信貸風險 倘若本基金之資產所投資之任何證券之發行人違約,本基金之表現將會受不利影響及本基金可能須承受重大損失。至於債務證券(包括擔保債券)不履行支付利息或本金之責任或會對本基金之表現造成不利影響。發行人的信貸質素降低,或會對有關債券及基金之估值造成不利影響。信貸評級機構給予的信貸評級存在局限,並不保證證券及/或發行人在所有時候的信用可靠性。
 - 主權風險 本基金可投資於由政府或其代理機構(「政府實體」)發行或擔保的債務證券(「主權債務」)。本基金投資於主權債務,可能承受政治、社會及經濟風險。政府實體可拖欠其主權債務。主權債務的持有人,包括基金可被要求參與重組該項債務,以及向政府實體進一步貸款。概無任何破產法律程序可全部或部分收回政府實體所拖欠的主權債務。因此,投資者收回的金額可能低於其原本的投資額。
 - 利率風險 本基金之資產所投資之一些國家之利率可能會有所變動。任何該等變動可能會對本基金所得之收益及其資本價值有 直接影響。債券特別容易受到利率變動所影響,並且可能承受顯著的價格波動。債券的價格一般會隨利率下降而上升;隨利率 上升而下跌。較長期債券通常對利率變動較為敏感。因此,投資者收回的金額可能低於其原本的投資額。

 - 資產抵押證券(ABS)及按揭證券(MBS)風險 ABS與MBS屬於證券類,持有人獲取的收益主要視乎某一指定金融的集合資產組別產生的現金流。該等證券可以高度不流通及價格更易出現大幅波動。該等證券的相關責任可能承受較政府債券等其他固定收益證券較高的信貸、流通性及利率風險。ABS與MBS往往會面對延期風險、提前還款風險及未能履行相關資產付款責任之風險(即抵押物風險),因而可能對證券支付的現金流之時間和金額有重大影響,並可能對證券回報帶來負面效應。
- **集中之風險** 一本基金可能集中於國家,行業或發行人的數量有限,因此,可能會比更廣泛分散的基金較為波動,而基金可能會受到不利影響。

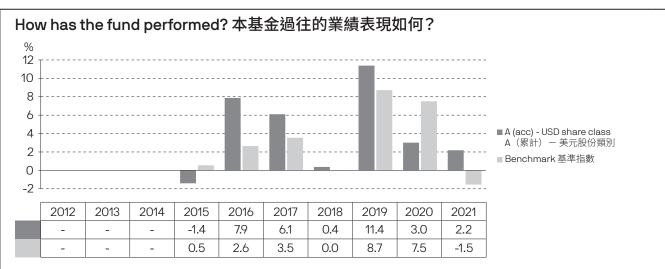
- 可換股證券風險 可換股證券為債券與股票的組合,准許其持有人於指定的未來日期將債券轉換為發行債券的公司之股份。可 換股債券需承受同時與債務證券及股票相關的風險,以及可轉股證券的特定風險。可換股債券的價值可視乎經濟和利率狀況、 發行人的信用可靠性、相關股票的表現及一般金融市場狀況而大幅變動。此外,可換股債券的發行人或未能履行付款責任及其 信貸評級可能被調低。可換股債券的流通性亦可能比相關股票為低及可能承受提前還款風險。因此,投資者收回的金額可能低 於其原本的投資額。
- **貨幣風險** 一 若本基金的貨幣與投資者所在地的貨幣不同,或本基金的貨幣有別於本基金投資的市場之貨幣,投資者可能蒙受較一般 投資風險為高的額外損失。此外,外匯管制變更及貨幣匯率的變動可對投資回報構成不利影響,因此,投資者收回的金額可能低於 其原本的投資額。
- 流通性風險 缺乏流通性可能導致難以出售資產。缺乏本基金所持有某證券的可靠定價資訊,因而難以可靠地評估資產的市值。存在本基金所作投資與較成熟的市場相比可能承受較高的波動性及較低的流通性之風險。該等證券的價格可能出現波動。因此,投資者收回的金額可能低於其原本的投資額。
- 衍生工具風險 本基金可購入衍生工具,包括場外衍生工具,故可能須受制於其直接交易對象不履行其於交易項下的責任,以及本基金將承受損失的風險。衍生工具的估值或會涉及不明朗因素。倘若該等估值不正確,此可能影響本基金的資產淨值計算。與衍生工具相關的其他風險包括流通性風險、波動性風險及場外交易風險。相關資產價值的小變動可引致衍生工具的價格大幅波動,因此投資於衍生工具可能令損失超過本基金投資的款項並可能導致本基金蒙受重大虧損。
- **對沖風險** 一 投資經理人獲准有絕對酌情權(但並非必須)採用對沖方法以嘗試減低市場及貨幣風險。概無保證該等對沖方法 (如採用)將會達到預期之效果或該等對沖方法將獲得採用,在該等情形下,本基金可能需承受現有之市場及貨幣風險,並可 能受到不利影響。對匯率風險所作出的對沖(如有)可能或未必高達本基金資產之100%。
- → 分派風險 分派或分派頻率或分派率或收益率並不受保證。
- 從資本撥款作出分派之風險 本基金可酌情決定從資本中支付股息。本基金亦可酌情決定從總收入中支付股息,同時從本基金之資本中支付本基金的全部或部分費用及開支,以致本基金用作支付股息之可分派金額有所增加,而因此,本基金實際上可從已變現、未變現的資本收益或資本中支付股息。投資者應注意,本基金的支付股息股份類別不僅可從投資收入,亦可從已變現及未變現的資本收益或資本中支付股息。從資本中支付股息相當於退還或提取投資者部分原有之投資或任何歸屬於該原有投資的資本收益。因此,本基金未來可用作投資的資本及資本增值或會減少。從收入、已變現及未變現的資本收益或資本(不論從中或實際上從中)支付任何股息均可導致每股資產淨值即時減少。正分派收益並不表示總投資的正回報。貨幣對沖類別之分派金額及資產淨值可能受到貨幣對沖類別的計價貨幣與本基金的基本貨幣之利率差異的不利影響,導致從資本撥款支付分派的金額增加,繼而使資本被侵蝕的程度較其他非對沖類別為高。
- 類別貨幣風險 各類別之類別貨幣可能不同於本基金之基本貨幣及其所投資的資產之貨幣及/或投資者之投資的基本貨幣。倘若投資者將其投資之基本貨幣轉換為類別貨幣以投資於一特定類別,及於其後將贖回所得由該類別貨幣轉換至其原有之投資基本貨幣,投資者可能因該類別貨幣對該原有貨幣貶值而蒙受損失。舉例而言,倘投資者之投資基本貨幣為港元(即非美元)而選擇投資於美元類別,則該投資者可能承受較高的貨幣風險。與以美元為原有之投資基本貨幣的投資者相比,該投資者可能因在將其美元投資再轉換回港元時,港元與美元之匯率波動而蒙受較高損失。
- **貨幣對沖股份類別之風險** 一 投資者注意,任何貨幣對沖過程未必作出精確對沖及概無保證對沖將完全成功。貨幣對沖股份類別 的投資者或須承受其所持股份類別貨幣以外的貨幣風險,亦可能承受對沖過程中所使用工具之相關風險。
- 人民幣貨幣風險 人民幣匯率為一個受管理的浮動匯率,基於市場供求及參考一籃子外國貨幣而釐定。人民幣匯率亦受制於外匯管制政策。於銀行間外匯市場中人民幣兌其他主要貨幣之每日交易價格可按中華人民共和國之有關主管機構發佈的中央平價窄幅上落。由於匯率受政府政策及市場力量影響,人民幣兌包括美元及港元在內的其他貨幣的匯率將容易因外圍因素而變動。因此,投資於以人民幣計價的股份類別可能會因人民幣與其他外幣之間的匯率波動而受到不利的影響。

人民幣現時不可自由兌換。將境外人民幣(CNH)兌換為境內人民幣(CNY)是一項受管理的貨幣程序,須遵守由中華人民共和國政府實施的外匯管制政策及限制。

人民幣股份類別一般參考境外人民幣(CNH)而非境內人民幣(CNY)計價。境外人民幣(CNH)及境內人民幣(CNY)雖屬相同貨幣,但有關貨幣在獨立運作的不同的及各自的市場上買賣。因此,境外人民幣(CNH)與境內人民幣(CNY)的匯率未必相同,匯率走勢亦可能不一樣。CNH與CNY間出現任何差異,可能對投資者造成不利影響。

以人民幣計價的股份類別參與境外人民幣(CNH)市場,投資者可在中國內地境外自由交易CNH。以人民幣計價的股份類別毋須將CNH匯成境內人民幣(CNY)。並非以人民幣為基本貨幣的人民幣計價股份類別之投資者(如香港投資者),在投資以人民幣計價的股份類別時可能須將港元或其他貨幣兌換為人民幣,其後亦須將人民幣贖回所得款項及/或人民幣分派(如有)兌換為港元或該等其他貨幣。投資者將招致匯兌成本,並可能蒙受損失,視乎人民幣相對於港元或該等其他貨幣的匯率走勢而定。此外,概不能保證人民幣不會貶值,而人民幣的任何貶值可能對投資者於本基金的投資價值造成不利影響。

如因人民幣適用的外匯管制及限制而未能具備足夠的人民幣進行貨幣兌換以及時結算贖回款項及/或分派,存在以人民幣支付的贖回款項及/或分派或會被延誤的風險。無論如何,贖回所得款項將於接獲正式填妥之贖回要求之有關香港交易日後一個曆月內支付。



- Past performance information is not indicative of future performance. Investors may not get back the full amount invested.
- The computation basis of the performance is based on the last valuation day of the calendar year, NAV to NAV, with dividend reinvested.
- These figures show by how much the share class increased or decreased in value during the calendar year being shown. Performance data has been calculated in USD including ongoing charges and excluding subscription fee and redemption fee you might have to pay.
- Benchmark of the share class: Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index (Total Return Gross) (formerly known as Bloomberg Barclays US Aggregate Bond Index (Total Return Gross) prior to 31 March 2022 and Barclays US Aggregate Bond Index (Total Return Gross) prior to 24 August 2016)
- Where no past performance is shown there was insufficient data available in that year to provide performance.
- Management Company views "A (acc) USD share class" being the focus share class available to retail investors in Hong Kong as the most appropriate representative share class.
- Fund launch date: 2014
- Share class launch date: 2014
- 過去業績資料並不代表將來表現。投資者未必能取回全部投資本金。
- 業績表現以曆年之最後一個估值日的資產淨值作為基礎,股息會滾存再作投資。
- 上述數據顯示股份類別價值在有關曆年內的升跌幅度。業績表現以美元計算,當中包括基金的經常性開支,但不包括基金可能向閣下收取的認購費及贖回費。
- 股份類別之基準指數:彭博美國綜合債券指數(總回報總額)(2022年3月31日以前稱為彭博巴克萊美國綜合債券指數(總回報總額)及2016年8月24日以前稱為巴克萊美國綜合債券指數(總回報總額))
- 如年內沒有顯示有關的業績表現,即代表當年沒有足夠數據用作提供業績表現之用。
- 管理公司視「A(累計) 美元股份類別」作為本基金可供香港零售投資者認購的核心股份類別為最合適的代表股份類別。
- 本基金成立日期:2014股份類別成立日期:2014

Is there any guarantee? 本基金有否提供保證?

This Fund does not provide any guarantees. You may not get back the full amount of money you invest. 本基金並不提供任何保證。閣下未必能取回全數投資本金。



What are the fees and charges? 投資本基金涉及哪些費用及收費?

Charges which may be payable by you[‡] 閣下或須繳付的收費[‡]

You may have to pay the following fees up to the rate listed below when dealing in the shares of the Fund: 閣下買賣基金股份時或須繳付最高可達之費用如下:

Subscription fee (Initial charge) 認購費: Currently 3.0% (up to 8.5% of NAV)

現時為3.0%(最高可達資產淨值之8.5%)

1.0% of NAV Switching fee 轉換費:

資產淨值之1.0%

Redemption fee 贖回費: Currently 0% (up to 1.0% of NAV)

現時為0%(最高可達資產淨值之1.0%)

† Please refer to the Hong Kong Offering Document of JPMorgan Funds for the calculation methodology of the relevant charges.

‡ 有關相關費用的計算方法,請參閱摩根基金香港銷售文件。

Ongoing fees payable by the Fund 本基金須持續繳付的費用

The following expenses will be paid out of the Fund. They affect you because they reduce the return you get on your investments. 以下費用將從基金中扣除,閣下的投資回報將會因而減少。

Management and advisory fee 管理及顧問費: 1.0% of NAV p.a. (maximum 3.0%)

每年資產淨值之1.0%(最高可達3.0%)

Operating and administrative expenses

up to 0.2% of NAV p.a.

(including Depositary fee):

最高達每年資產淨值之0.2%

經營及行政開支(包括保管人費用)

Performance fee 表現費: N/A 不適用

Other fees 其他費用

The Fund may charge other fees. Please refer to the 'CHARGES AND EXPENSES' section in the Hong Kong Offering Document of

本基金或會收取其他費用。請參閱摩根基金的香港銷售文件內之「費用及開支」一節。

Additional information 其他資料

- You generally buy, redeem or switch shares at the Fund's next-determined net asset value after the Hong Kong Representative or Intermediaries receive your request in good order at or before 5.00pm (Hong Kong time) being the dealing cut-off time. The Hong Kong Representative or Intermediaries may impose different dealing deadlines for receiving requests from investors.
- The net asset value of this Fund is calculated and published on each "Hong Kong dealing day". They are available online at am.jpmorgan.com/hk1.
- Composition of the distributions (i.e. the percentages of distribution being made out of the net distributable income and capital) for the last 12 months are available from the Hong Kong Representative upon request and at the website am.jpmorgan.com/hk1.
- Investors may obtain the past performance information of other share classes offered to Hong Kong investors from am.jpmorgan.com/hk1.
- 在交易截止時間即下午5時正(香港時間)或之前由香港代表人或中介人收妥的股份認購、贖回及轉換要求,一般按基金隨後釐定的 資產淨值執行。香港代表人或中介人設定的交易截止時間可能各有不同,投資者應注意提交要求的截止時間。
- 本基金在每一「香港交易日」計算及公布資產淨值。詳情請瀏覽 am.jpmorgan.com/hk'。
- 最近12個月的分派成分(即從可分派收入淨額及資本中支付的百分比),可向香港代表人索取及在網頁am.jpmorgan.com/hk¹
- 投資者可於am.jpmorgan.com/hk¹取得其他向香港投資者銷售的股份類別之過往業績資料。
- The website has not been reviewed by the SFC.
- 1 此網頁並未經證監會審閱。

Important 重要提示

If you are in doubt, you should seek professional advice.

The SFC takes no responsibility for the contents of this statement and makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness. 閣下如有疑問,應諮詢專業意見。

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