

PRODUCT KEY FACTS

Aberdeen Standard SICAV I – Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund



September 2022

- This statement provides you with key information about the Aberdeen Standard SICAV I – Emerging Markets Corporate Bond Fund.
- This statement forms part of the offering document and should be read in conjunction with the offering document of Aberdeen Standard SICAV I.
- You should not invest in this product based on this statement alone.

Quick facts

Management Company: Aberdeen Standard Investments Luxembourg S.A.
Investment Manager: Aberdeen Asset Managers Limited – the United Kingdom (internal delegation)
Depositary: BNP Paribas Securities Services, Luxembourg Branch
Ongoing Charges over a Year*: Class A MInc USD: 1.70%
Class A Acc USD: 1.70%

Dealing Frequency: Daily
Base Currency: USD
Dividend Policy: Class A MInc USD

Monthly, at the discretion of the Board of Directors of Aberdeen Standard SICAV I. The dividend, if declared, will be reinvested or paid, in accordance with the instruction given by the investor at the time of subscription.
The Board of Directors of Aberdeen Standard SICAV I may at its discretion pay dividends out of the capital of the Fund or pay dividends out of gross income while charging / paying all or part of the Fund's fees and expenses to / out of the capital of the Fund, resulting in an increase in distributable income for the payment of dividends by the Fund and therefore, the Fund may effectively pay dividends out of capital. This may result in an immediate reduction of the Fund's net asset value per share.
Class A Acc USD No dividend payment

Financial Year End: 30 September
Minimum Investment: Class A MInc USD, Class A Acc USD: US\$1,000 initial, US\$1,000 additional

* The ongoing charges figures are based on the expenses for the year ended 30 September 2021 expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value of the Fund over the same period. This figure may vary from year to year.

What is the product?

This is a fund constituted in the form of a mutual fund. It is domiciled in Luxembourg and its home regulator is Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier ("CSSF").

Investment Objectives

To achieve long-term total return by investing at least two-thirds of the Fund's assets in debt and debt-related securities which are issued by:

- 1) corporations (including government-owned corporations) with their registered office or principal place of business in a CEMBI Emerging Market as at the date of investment; and/or
- 2) corporations which carry out the preponderance of their business activities (as determined by the Investment Manager) in a CEMBI Emerging Market as at the date of investment; and/or
- 3) holding companies that have the preponderance of their assets invested in corporations with their registered office in a CEMBI Emerging Market and/or the preponderance of their business activities (as determined by the Investment Manager) in a CEMBI Emerging Market) as at the date of investment.

Emerging Market refers to any country that is included in the MSCI Emerging Markets Index or composite thereof (or any successor index, if revised), or any country classified by the World Bank as a low to upper middle income country. A CEMBI Emerging Market is any Emerging Market and any country that is included in the CEMBI Broad Diversified Index (or any successor index, if revised).

Strategy

The Investment Manager combine a top-down investment approach with a bottom up security selection.

The top-down investment decisions are derived from fundamental analysis of the global macro economic environment and building an economic framework covering the key economic regions, forming the foundation upon which the Investment Manager determine investment themes and implement strategies.

Bottom-up security selection requires diligent and thoughtful research and the Investment Manager hold securities or combinations of securities that reflect their views on the relative valuations of a market or sector of a market. The Investment Manager build up a picture of a company's ability to generate free cash flow within its industry, considering factors such as its business plan and its capital structure in order to assess the likelihood of the company not paying interest and principal on its debt.

The Fund may invest up to 100% of its net asset value in sub-investment grade or unrated debt and debt-related securities. For the purpose of the Fund, "unrated debt security" is defined as a debt security which neither the debt security itself nor its issuer has a credit rating.

The Investment Manager may alter the currency exposure of the Fund through the use of derivative contracts. The Fund's portfolio will typically be hedged back to the Base Currency.

The Fund will not invest more than 10% of its net asset value in securities issued or guaranteed by any single country (including its government, a public or local authority or nationalised industry of that country) with a credit rating below investment grade. In this case, credit ratings in general refer to those from an internationally recognised credit agency.

The Fund may invest less than 30% of its net asset value in instruments with-loss-absorption features (e.g. contingent convertible debt securities, senior non-preferred debts).

The Fund is actively managed. The Fund aims to outperform the JP Morgan CEMBI Broad Diversified Index (USD) benchmark before charges. The benchmark is also used as a reference point for portfolio construction and as a basis for setting risk constraints, but does not incorporate any sustainable criteria.

In order to achieve its objective, the Fund will take positions whose weightings diverge from the benchmark or invest in securities which are not included in the benchmark. The investments of the Fund may deviate significantly from the components of and their respective weightings in the benchmark. Due to the active nature of the management process, the Fund's performance profile may deviate significantly from that of the benchmark over the longer term.

Investment in all debt and debt-related securities issued by corporations will follow abrdn's "Promoting ESG Fixed Income Investment Approach".

Through the application of this approach, the Fund targets a lower carbon intensity than the benchmark at the portfolio level.

This approach utilises abrdn's fixed income investment process, which enables portfolio managers to qualitatively assess how environmental, social and governance (ESG) factors are likely to impact on the company's ability to repay its debt, both now and in the future. To complement this research, the abrdn ESG House Score is used to quantitatively identify and exclude those companies exposed to the highest ESG risks. Additionally, abrdn apply a set of company exclusions, which are related to the UN Global Compact, Controversial Weapons, Tobacco Manufacturing and Thermal Coal. While these exclusions are applied at a company level, investment is permitted in Green bonds, Social bonds or Sustainable bonds issued by companies otherwise excluded by the environmental screens, where the proceeds of such issues can be confirmed as having a positive environmental impact.

Engagement with external company management teams is a part of abrdn's investment process and ongoing stewardship programme. This process evaluates the ownership structures, governance and management quality of those companies, in order to inform portfolio construction. As part of this, where the engagement process identifies companies in high carbon emitting sectors with ambitious and credible targets to decarbonise their operations, up to 5% of assets may be invested in these companies in order to support their transition to ultimately comply with the environmental screens.

Further detail of this overall process is captured within the "Promoting ESG Fixed Income Investment Approach", which is published at www.abrdn.com¹ under "Sustainable Investing".

Investment in financial derivative instruments, money-market instruments and cash may not adhere to this approach.

The Fund may utilise financial derivative instruments for hedging and/or investment purposes, or to manage foreign exchange risks, subject to the conditions and within the limits laid down by the applicable laws and regulations.

The Investment Manager retains the discretion to enter into securities lending for the Fund and the Fund may enter into securities lending for up to 50% of the net asset value of the Fund.

Use of derivatives/investment in derivatives

The Fund's net derivative exposure may be up to 50% of the Fund's net asset value.

What are the key risks?

Investment involves risks. Please refer to the offering document of Aberdeen Standard SICAV I for details including the risk factors.

1. Risk of investing in debt and debt-related securities

- The Fund's investments in debt and debt-related securities are subject to interest rate risk and credit risk.
- Interest rate fluctuations will affect the capital value of investments. Where long term interest rates rise, the capital value of shares is likely to fall and vice versa. Interest rate risk is the chance that such movements in interest rates will negatively affect the value of a security or, in a Fund's case, its net asset value. Securities with greater interest rate sensitivity and longer maturities tend to produce higher yields, but are subject to greater fluctuations in value.
- Credit risk reflects the ability of the borrower (bond issuer) to meet its obligations (pay the interest on a bond and return the capital on redemption date). Changes in the financial condition of an issuer, changes in economic and political conditions in general, or changes in economic and political conditions specific to an issuer, are all factors that may have an adverse impact on an issuer's credit quality and security values.
- Where a bond market has a low number of buyers and/or a high number of sellers, it may be harder to sell particular bonds at an anticipated price and/or in a timely manner.
- As a result of the above circumstances, the net asset value of the Fund may be adversely affected.

2. Emerging markets risk

- The Fund invests in emerging markets which tend to be more volatile than mature markets and its value could move sharply up or down. In some circumstances, the underlying investments may become less liquid which may constrain the Investment Manager's ability to realise some or all of the portfolio. The registration and settlement arrangements in emerging markets may be less developed than in more mature markets so the operational risks of investing are higher. Political risks and adverse economic circumstances are more likely to arise, putting the value of your investment at risk.
- The Fund's portfolio comprises securities of emerging market corporate issuers which can be less liquid than securities of government issuers.

3. Risk of investing in sub-investment grade and/or unrated debt securities

- The Fund invests in debt securities, including sub-investment grade or unrated securities. Consequently, the Fund's portfolio may have a significant position in sub-investment grade bonds, which means that there is more risk to investor's capital and income than from a fund investing in investment grade bonds.
- The Fund may invest in sub-investment grade debt securities which is subject to a higher credit risk and a greater possibility of default than investment grade bonds. If the issuer defaults, or sub-investment grade bonds or their underlying assets cannot be realised, or performed badly, investor may suffer substantial losses.
- In addition, the market for bonds which are rated below investment grade, have a lower credit rating or are unrated generally has lower liquidity and less active than that for higher rated bonds and the Fund's ability to liquidate its holdings in response to changes in the economy or the financial markets may be further limited by such factors as adverse publicity and investor perceptions.
- Investment in sub-investment grade bonds involves greater price volatility and risk of loss of principal and income than investment in bonds of a higher investment grade quality.
- The Fund may invest in unrated bonds which involve higher risks and are more sensitive to adverse changes in general economic conditions and in the industries in which the issuers are engaged and to changes in the financial conditions of the issuers of such securities. The Fund has to rely on the Investment Manager's credit assessment of

¹ Please note that the website has not been reviewed by the SFC and may contain information relating to funds not authorised by the SFC.

such bonds and is in particular subject to a high credit risk and a high risk of default.

4. Risk of using financial derivative instruments

- Risks associated with financial derivative instruments include counterparty/credit risk, liquidity risk, valuation risk, volatility risk and over-the-counter transaction risk. The leverage element/component of a financial derivative instrument can result in a loss significantly greater than the amount invested in the financial derivative instrument by the Fund. Exposure to financial derivative instrument may lead to a high risk of significant loss by the Fund.

5. Counterparty Risk

- The Fund may enter into contracts that entail a credit exposure to certain counterparties such as bond issuers and counterparties of derivatives. To the extent that a counterparty defaults on its obligation and the Fund is delayed or prevented from exercising its rights with respect to the investments in its portfolio, it may experience a decline in the value of its position, a loss of income and possible additional costs associated with asserting its rights.

6. Risk relating to securities lending agreements

- In relation to securities lending transactions, the Fund will be subject to counterparty risk, including the risk that the loaned securities may not be returned or returned in a timely manner and/or at a loss of rights in the collateral if the borrower or the lending agent defaults or fails financially. This risk is increased when the Fund's loans are concentrated with a single or limited number of borrowers. The delays in the return of securities on loans may restrict the ability of the Fund to meet delivery obligations under security sales.
- To the extent that a counterparty defaults on its obligation and the Fund is delayed or prevented from exercising its rights with respect to the investments in its portfolio, it may experience a decline in the value of its position, a loss of income and possible additional costs associated with asserting its rights, thus, adversely affecting the net asset value of the Fund.

7. Currency risk

- The Investment Manager may alter the currency exposure of the Fund, solely through the use of derivative contracts (without buying or selling underlying transferable securities or currencies). Performance may be strongly influenced by movements in currency rates because the Fund may have exposure to a particular currency that is different to the value of the securities denominated in that currency held by the Fund. Furthermore, the Fund's portfolio may be fully or partially hedged back to the Base Currency if, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, this is believed to be appropriate.

8. ESG Investment Policy Risks

- Applying ESG and sustainability criteria in the investment process may result in the exclusion of securities in which the Fund might otherwise invest. Such securities could be part of the benchmark against which the Fund is managed, or be within the universe of potential investments. This may have a positive or negative impact on performance and may mean that the Fund's performance profile differs to that of funds which are managed against the same benchmark or invest in a similar universe of potential investments but without applying ESG or sustainability criteria.
- Furthermore, the lack of common or harmonised definitions and labels regarding ESG and sustainability criteria may result in different approaches by managers when integrating ESG and sustainability criteria into investment decisions. This means that it may be difficult to compare funds with ostensibly similar objectives and that these funds will employ different security selection and exclusion criteria. Consequently, the performance profile of otherwise similar funds may deviate more substantially than might otherwise be expected.
- Additionally, in the absence of common or harmonised definitions and labels, a degree of subjectivity is required and this will mean that a fund may invest in a security that another manager or an investor would not.

9. Exchange rates risk

- The Fund may invest in securities denominated in a number of different currencies other than the base currency in which the Fund is denominated. Changes in foreign currency exchange rates may adversely affect the value of the Fund's investments and the income thereon.

10. Risks relating to payments of dividends out of capital

- The Board of Directors of Aberdeen Standard SICAV I may at its discretion pay dividends out of the capital of the Fund or pay dividends out of gross income while charging/ paying all or part of the Fund's fees and expenses to/ out of the capital of the Fund, resulting in an increase in distributable income for the payment of dividends by the Fund and therefore, the Fund may effectively pay dividends out of capital.
- Payment of dividends out of capital amounts to a return or withdrawal of part of an investor's original investment or from any capital gains attributable to that original investment. Any distributions involving payment of dividends out of the Fund's capital or payment of dividends effectively out of the Fund's capital (as the case may be) may result in an immediate reduction of the net asset value per share.
- If Aberdeen Standard SICAV I intends to change the dividend policy, Aberdeen Standard SICAV I will seek the

SFC's prior approval and provide shareholders with prior written notification of not less than one month (or such other period as the SFC may require).

11. Risk of Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA")

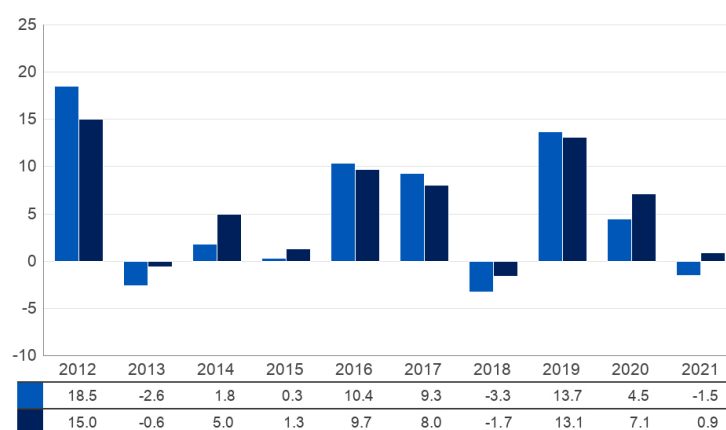
- The Fund will attempt to satisfy any obligations imposed on it to avoid the imposition of FATCA withholding tax. However, no assurance can be given that the Fund will be able to satisfy these obligations. If the Fund becomes subject to a withholding tax as a result of the FATCA regime, the value of the shares held by the shareholders may suffer material losses.

12. General risk

- The value of shares and the income from them can go down as well as up and you may not get back the amount invested.

How has the fund performed?

% Returns



■ Fund (Net)

■ Benchmark

- Past performance information is not indicative of future performance. Investors may not get back the full amount invested.
- The computation basis of the performance is based on the calendar year-end, NAV-to-NAV, with dividend reinvested.
- These figures show by how much the Class A Acc USD increased or decreased in value during the calendar year being shown. Performance data has been calculated in USD including ongoing charges and excluding subscription fee and redemption fee you might have to pay (if any).
- The Investment Manager views Class A Acc USD being the most appropriate representative share class as this share class is opened for investment by Hong Kong retail investors and broadly indicative of the Fund's performance characteristics.
- The benchmark is JP Morgan CEMBI Broad Diversified Index (USD).
- Fund launch date: 12/2010
- Class A Acc USD launch date: 03/2011

Is there any guarantee?

This Fund does not have any guarantees. You may not get back the full amount of money you invest.

What are the fees and charges?

Investors should refer to the offering document of Aberdeen Standard SICAV I for details regarding the fees and expenses of the Fund.

Charges which may be payable by you

You may have to pay the following fees when dealing in the shares of the Fund.

Fees and charges

Subscription fee^{*}:

Switching fee:

Redemption fee:

What you pay

Up to 5.0% of the amount you pay

Up to 1% of the net asset value of the shares being switched

Not applicable

^{*} Initial sales charge and capacity management charge if applicable.

Ongoing fees payable by the Fund

The following expenses will be paid out of the Fund. They affect you because they reduce the return you get on your investments.

Investment Management Fee:

Performance Fee:

Operating, Administrative and

Servicing Expenses:

Annual rate (as a % of the Fund's net asset value)

Class A MInc USD, Class A Acc USD: 1.50%*

Not applicable

Fixed at a maximum level of 0.60%, except Hedged Share Classes in respect of which an additional fee of up to 0.04% may be charged by the Investment Manager for providing this currency exposure service

*You should note that the fee may be increased, up to a specified permitted maximum, by giving shareholders at least one month's prior notice. For details, please refer to the offering document of Aberdeen Standard SICAV I.

Other fees

You may have to pay other fees and charges when dealing in the shares of the Fund. For details, please refer to the offering document of Aberdeen Standard SICAV I.

Additional Information

- You generally buy and redeem shares at the Fund's next-determined net asset value after the Hong Kong Representative receives your request in good order before 5:00pm (Hong Kong time) on the Hong Kong business day (being a day, other than Saturday, on which banks in Hong Kong are open for business). Before placing your subscription or redemption orders, please check with your distributor for the distributor's internal cut-off time (which may be earlier than the Fund's dealing cut-off time).
- The net asset value of the Fund is calculated and the price of shares is published daily at www.abrdn.com/hk. This website has not been reviewed by the SFC and may contain information of funds not authorised by the SFC.
- Investors may obtain the past performance information of other share classes offered to Hong Kong investors (if any) from www.abrdn.com/hk.
- Investors may obtain information on the distributor(s) by referring to Client Services Team of abrdn Hong Kong Limited.
- The composition of the dividends (i.e. relative amounts paid out of net distributable income and capital) for the last 12 months can be obtained from the Hong Kong Representative on request and can be found at www.abrdn.com/hk.

Important Notes

If you are in doubt, you should seek professional advice.

The SFC takes no responsibility for the contents of this statement and makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness.

2022 年 9 月

- 本概要提供安本標準 – 新興市場公司債券基金的重要資料。
- 本概要是銷售文件的一部分，並應與安本標準基金的銷售文件一併閱讀。
- 請勿單憑本概要而決定投資於本產品。

資料便覽

管理公司：	Aberdeen Standard Investments Luxembourg S.A.
投資經理：	Aberdeen Asset Managers Limited – 英國（內部委託）
存管人：	BNP Paribas Securities Services, Luxembourg Branch
全年經常性開支比率*：	A 類每月派息(美元)：1.70% A 類累積(美元)：1.70%
交易頻密程度：	每日
基本貨幣：	美元
派息政策：	A 類每月派息(美元) 每月派息，由安本標準基金的董事會酌情決定。股息（如獲宣派）將根據投資者於認購時給予的指示再投資或派付。 安本標準基金董事會可酌情決定從本基金的資本中支付股息或從總收入中支付股息，同時在本基金的資本中收取/支付本基金的全部或部分費用及支出，以令可供本基金支付股息的可分配收入增加，因此，本基金可實際上從資本中支付股息。此或會令本基金的每股資產淨值即時下滑。 A 類累積(美元) 不派息
財政年度終結日：	9 月 30 日
最低投資額：	A 類每月派息(美元)、A 類累積(美元)：首次 1,000 美元，其後每次 1,000 美元

* 經常性開支比率基於截至 2021 年 9 月 30 日止年度的費用計算，以佔同期本基金平均資產淨值的百分比表示。這數字每年均可能有所變動。

本基金是甚麼產品？

本基金以互惠基金形式組成，在盧森堡註冊，其所在地監管機構是金融業監管委員會（Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier）（「CSSF」）。

投資目標

通過將本基金至少三分之二的資產投資於下列公司所發行的債券及債務相關證券，以獲得長期總回報：

- 1) 在截至投資日期前在 CEMBI 新興市場設有註冊辦事處或主要營業地點的公司（包括由政府持有的公司）；及/或
- 2) 在截至投資日期前在 CEMBI 新興市場進行大部份業務活動（由投資經理決定）的公司；及/或
- 3) 在截至投資日期前由其大部份資產投資於在 CEMBI 新興市場設有註冊辦事處的公司的控股公司及/或在 CEMBI 新興市場進行其大部份業務活動（由投資經理決定）的控股公司。

新興市場指摩根士丹利資本國際新興市場指數或其分類指數（或如修訂，任何繼承指數）所包含的任何國家，或被世界銀行劃分為中等偏低至中上收入國家的任何國家。CEMBI 新興市場則指任何新興市場及 CEMBI Broad Diversified Index（或任何繼承指數（如有修訂））所包含的任何國家。

策略

投資經理結合由上而下的投資取向及由下至上的證券挑選方式。

由上而下的投資決定乃透過對全球宏觀經濟環境的基本因素分析獲得，並建立起涵蓋主要經濟區的經濟架構，作為投資經理決定投資主題及實施策略的基礎。

以由下至上的方式挑選證券需要作出認真及細緻的研究，而投資經理應持有可反映其對某市場或市場行業的相關估值的看法的證券或證券組合。投資經理對公司於其所在行業的自由現金流生成能力有清晰了解，並考慮各項因素（如該公司的業務計劃及資本結構等）以評估公司不支付其債務的利息及本金的可能性。

本基金可將其資產淨值最多100%投資於次級投資評級或未獲評級債務及債務相關證券。就本基金而言，「未獲評級債務證券」的定義為債務證券本身及其發行人並無信貸評級的債務證券。

投資經理可通過使用衍生工具合約以轉變本基金的貨幣風險。本基金的投資組合將通常與基本貨幣對沖。

本基金不會將多於其資產淨值的10%投資於由任何一個信貸評級低於投資評級的國家（包括其政府、該國家的公共或地方機構或國有化行業）所發行或擔保的證券。在此情況下，信貸評級一般指由國際認可信貸機構給予的信貸評級。

本基金可將其少於30%的資產淨值投資於具有彌補虧損特點的工具（例如或有可轉換債務證券、高級非優先債務）。

本基金為主動型管理。本基金旨在跑贏基準摩根大通新興市場企業多元債券指數（美元）（未扣除費用）。基準亦用作構建投資組合的參考點，及作為設置風險限制的基準，但未採納任何可持續準則。

為實現其目標，本基金將持有權重偏離基準的股票或投資未納入基準的證券。本基金的投資可能會顯著偏離基準的成份股及其各自的權重。由於管理過程的主動性，從長遠來看，本基金的表現可能會顯著偏離基準。

對公司發行的所有債務及債務相關證券的投資，將遵循安本的「提倡ESG固定收益投資方法」。

透過運用該方法，本基金的目標是在投資組合層面達致低於基準的碳強度。

此方法運用安本的固定收益投資流程，令組合經理能夠在質化方面評估環境、社會及管治(ESG)因素可能會如何影響公司當前及未來的償債能力。為補充該研究，安本ESG內部評分用於在定量方面識別及排除最高ESG風險的公司。此外，安本可應用與聯合國全球契約、爭議性武器、煙草生產及熱能煤有關的一系列公司排除標準。雖然該等排除標準在公司層面進行應用，但基金可投資於環境篩選標準排除在外的公司所發行的綠色債券、社會債券或可持續債券，前提是該等債券的發行所得款項可證實具有正面環境影響。

與外部公司管理團隊溝通是安本投資流程及持續盡責管理計劃的一部分。此流程評估該等公司的擁有權架構、管治及管理層質素，以便為投資組合構建提供參考。作為其中一部分，若在接觸過程中識別出高碳排放行業中在業務去碳化方面具有進取而可信的目標的公司，基金最高可將5%的資產投資於該等公司，以支持其轉型從而最終符合環境篩選標準。

關於此整體流程的更多詳細資料載於「提倡ESG固定收益投資方法」，該方法刊登於www.abrdn.com¹ 內的「可持續投資」之下。

對金融衍生工具、貨幣市場工具及現金的投資未必遵循該方法。

本基金可為對沖及/或投資目的，或管理外匯風險而使用金融衍生工具，惟須受適用法律及法規所訂定的條件及限制之規限。

投資經理保留酌情權為本基金訂立證券借貸，而本基金可就佔其資產淨值最高50%訂立證券借貸。

使用衍生工具／衍生工具投資

本基金的衍生工具風險承擔淨額最多可達本基金資產淨值的 50%。

¹ 請注意，此網站未經證監會審閱，並可能載有未經證監會認可的基金相關資料。

本基金有哪些主要風險？

投資涉及風險。請參閱安本標準基金銷售文件，了解風險因素等詳情。

1. 投資債券及債務相關證券的風險

- 本基金於債券及債務相關證券的投資涉及利率風險及信貸風險。
- 利率波動將影響投資的資本值。倘長期利率上升，股份的資本值可能下跌，反之亦然。利率風險為有關利率走勢將對證券的價值（或如屬本基金，則其資產淨值）造成負面影響的可能性。對利率較敏感並具較長到期日的證券通常產生較高收益，惟須承受較大的價值波動。
- 信貸風險反映借款人（債券發行人）履行其責任（支付債券利息及於贖回日退回資本）的能力。發行人的財務狀況變更、整體的經濟及政治情況變化或特別與發行人相關的經濟及政治情況變化均屬可能會對發行人的信貸質素及證券價值造成不利影響的因素。
- 倘債券市場只有少量買家及／或大量賣家，其可能較難按預期價格及／或及時出售特定債券。
- 由於上述情況，本基金的資產淨值可能會受到不利影響。

2. 新興市場風險

- 本基金投資於新興市場，與成熟市場相比，該等新興市場往往較為波動，其價值可能會大幅上升或下跌。在某些情況下，相關投資的流動性或會下降，因而限制投資經理變現部份或全部投資組合的能力。新興市場的登記及結算安排可能不及成熟市場般發展完善，故存在更高的投資營運風險。較易出現政治風險及不利經濟狀況，致令閣下的投資價值承受風險。
- 本基金的投資組合包含由新興市場公司發行人的證券，該等證券的流動性低於政府發行人的證券。

3. 投資於次級投資評級及／或未獲評級債務證券的風險

- 本基金投資於債務證券，包括次級投資評級或未獲評級證券。因此，本基金的投資組合或會對次級投資評級債券有重大持倉，換言之，相比投資於投資評級債券的基金，會使投資者承受較大的資本及收益風險。
- 本基金可投資於次級投資評級債務證券，此等證券相比評級評級債券帶有更多的信貸風險，發生違約的可能性亦更大。如發行人違約，或如次級投資評級債券或其相關資產不能變現，或表現糟糕，則投資者可能會蒙受重大虧損。
- 此外，與評級較高的債券相比，評級低於投資評級、信貸評級較低或未獲評級的債券市場，一般較缺乏流動性及較不活躍，而本基金就經濟或金融市場的轉變而變現其持股的能力，或會因諸如不利的宣傳及投資者的看法等因素而受到進一步限制。
- 與具較高投資評級質素的債券投資相比，投資於次級投資評級債券涉及的價格波動較大，本金及收益虧損的風險亦更高。
- 本基金可能投資於未獲評級債券，該等證券涉及較高風險，並較易受一般經濟狀況及發行人所從事的行業的不利變動，以及該等證券發行人的財政狀況的變動所影響。本基金必須依賴投資經理對該等債券作出的信貸評估，有關投資須特別承受高信貸風險及高違約風險。

4. 使用金融衍生工具的風險

- 與金融衍生工具有關的風險包括對手方/信貸風險、流動性風險、估值風險、波動性風險及場外交易風險。金融衍生工具的槓桿元素/組成部分可導致產生遠高於本基金投資於金融衍生工具的金額的損失。投資金融衍生工具可導致本基金產生重大損失的高風險。

5. 對手方風險

- 本基金可訂立合約，當中包含若干對手方（例如：債券發行人及衍生工具對手方）的信貸風險。在對手方違約及本基金延遲或未能行使與其投資組合投資相關的權利的情況下，本基金或須面對其倉盤價值下跌、失去收入及因維護其權利而可能涉及的額外成本。

6. 有關證券借貸協議的風險

- 就證券借貸交易而言，本基金將承受對手方風險，包括未能歸還或及時歸還借出證券及／或如借入方或借貸代理違約或出現財政困難而失去對抵押品之權利之風險。當本基金之借貸集中於單一或有限數量的借入方時，該等風險將增加。借出證券歸還如有延誤，可能限制本基金在出售證券時履行交付責任之能力。

- 在對手方違責及本基金延遲或未能行使與其投資組合投資相關的權利的情況下，本基金或須面對其倉盤價值下跌、失去收入及因維護其權利而可能涉及的額外成本，從而對本基金的資產淨值造成不利影響。

7. 貨幣風險

- 投資經理可通過只使用衍生工具合約（並不涉及買賣相關可轉讓證券或貨幣），以轉變本基金的貨幣風險。表現可能受到貨幣匯率走勢的重大影響，因為本基金可能涉及某種貨幣，而該種貨幣可能與本基金所持有的以該貨幣計價的證券價值不同。再者，如投資經理認為情況合適，可將本基金的投資組合全部或部份與基本貨幣對沖。

8. ESG投資政策風險

- 在投資過程中採用ESG及可持續性標準，或會導致剔除本基金本來可能投資的證券。該等證券可能是管理本基金時參照的基準指數的一部分，亦可能是潛在投資範圍之內。此舉或會對表現產生正面或負面影響，並可能意味著本基金的表現有別於參照相同基準指數管理或投資於相似的潛在投資範圍但未有採用ESG或可持續性標準的基金。
- 此外，將ESG及可持續性標準納入投資決策時，缺乏ESG及可持續性標準的通用或統一定義和標籤，可能會導致經理採取不同的方法。換言之，我們可能難以對表面目標類似的基金進行比較，且該等基金將採用不同的證券選擇和剔除標準。因此，其他類似基金的表現狀況可能較預期出現更大的偏差。
- 此外，在缺乏通用或統一定義和標籤的情況下，將需要施加一定程度的主觀性，所以基金可能投資於其他經理或投資者不會投資的證券。

9. 匯率風險

- 本基金可投資於以本基金計值的基本貨幣以外的不同貨幣為單位的證券。匯率變動可能對本基金的投資價值及投資收益造成不利影響。

10. 與從資本中支付股息有關的風險

- 安本標準基金董事會可酌情決定從本基金的資本中支付股息或從總收入中支付股息，同時在本基金的資本中收取/支付本基金的全部或部分費用及支出，以令可供本基金支付股息的可分配收入增加，因此，本基金可實際上從資本中支付股息。
- 從資本中支付的股息相當於自投資者的原有投資中獲付還或提取部分金額，或自任何歸屬於該原有投資的資本收益中提取金額。任何涉及從本基金的資本中支付的股息，或實際上自本基金的資本中支付股息（視乎屬何情況而定）的分派或會令每股資產淨值即時下滑。
- 如安本標準基金有意更改股息政策，安本標準基金將會尋求證監會的事先批准，並給予股東不少於一個月（或證監會可能要求的其他期間）的事先書面通知。

11. 海外帳戶稅收合規法案（「FATCA」）的風險

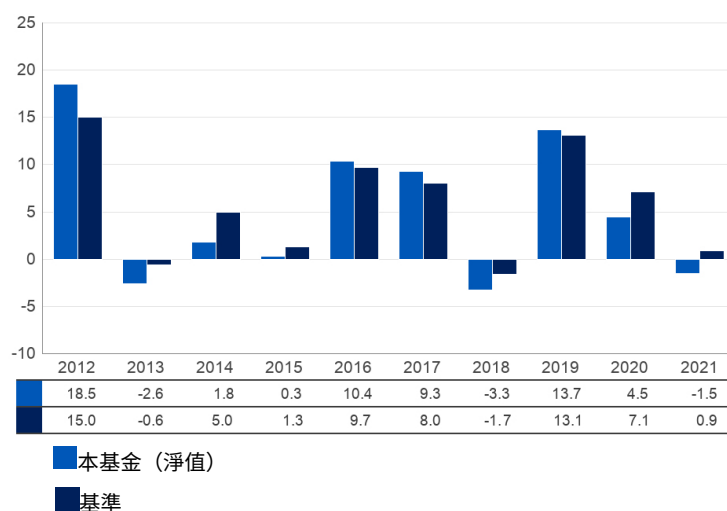
- 本基金將嘗試履行其被施加的責任，以避免被徵收FATCA預扣稅。然而，概不保證本基金將能夠履行該等責任。如本基金因FATCA制度而須繳納預扣稅，股東所持股份的價值可能會蒙受重大損失。

12. 一般風險

- 股份價值及從股份所得的收益可升亦可跌，閣下未必可收回所投資的金額。

本基金過往的業績表現如何？

回報率 (%)



- 往績並非預測日後業績表現的指標。投資者未必能取回全部投資本金。
- 基金業績表現以曆年末的資產淨值作為比較基礎，股息會滾存再作投資。
- 上述數據顯示A類累積(美元)的價值在有關曆年內的升跌幅度。業績表現以美元計算，當中反映出本基金的持續費用，但不包括本基金可能向閣下收取的認購費及贖回費（如有）。
- 投資經理認為A類累積(美元)是最適合的代表股份類別，原因是此股份類別開放予香港零售投資者認購，而且大致上反映本基金的表現特性。
- 基準為摩根大通新興市場企業多元債券指數（美元）。
- 基金發行日：12/2010
- A類累積(美元)發行日：03/2011

本基金有否提供保證？

本基金並不提供任何保證。閣下未必能取回全數投資金額。

投資本基金涉及哪些費用及收費？

投資者應參閱安本標準基金的銷售文件，了解本基金的費用及收費詳情。

閣下或須繳付的收費

閣下買賣本基金的股份時或須繳付下列費用。

費用及收費

認購費[^]：

轉換費：

贖回費：

閣下所付金額

最多達閣下所付金額的 5.0%

最多達轉換股份資產淨值的 1%

不適用

[^] 首次認購費及容量管理費（如適用）。

本基金應持續繳付的費用

以下收費將從本基金中支付。閣下的投資回報將會因而減少。

	<u>年率 (佔本基金資產淨值的百分比)</u>
投資管理費用：	A 類每月派息(美元)、A 類累積(美元)：1.50%*
表現費用：	不適用
營運、行政及服務開支：	固定最高水平為 0.60%，惟對沖股份類別除外（就此類別而言，投資經理可能就提供貨幣投資服務收取最多 0.04%的額外費用）

*閣下應注意，本基金可藉向股東發給至少一個月的事先通知而上調上述費用至最高達所訂明的許可上限。請參閱安本標準基金的銷售文件以了解詳情。

其他費用

閣下買賣本基金的股份時或須繳付其他費用及收費。請參閱安本標準基金的銷售文件以了解詳情。

其他資料

- 閣下一般於香港代表在香港營業日(即香港銀行營業的日子，但星期六除外)下午五時正(香港時間)前收妥閣下的要求後，按隨後釐定的本基金資產淨值購買及贖回股份。閣下作出認購或贖回指示前，請向閣下的經銷人查詢經銷人的內部截止時間（可能較本基金的交易截止時間早）。
- 本基金每日計算資產淨值，並在www.abrdn.com/hk公布股份價格。此網站未經證監會審閱，並可能載有未經證監會認可的基金資料。
- 投資者可於www.abrdn.com/hk取得其他向香港投資者銷售的股份類別(如有)之過往業績資料。
- 投資者可向安本香港有限公司的客戶服務部索取經銷人的資料。
- 過去12個月的股息組成(即從可分配收入淨額及資本中支付的有關金額)可向香港代表索取，也可於www.abrdn.com/hk取得。

重要提示

閣下如有疑問，應諮詢專業意見。

證監會對本概要的內容並不承擔任何責任，對其準確性或完整性亦不作出任何陳述。