

Product Key Facts

UBS (Lux) Bond Fund – Euro High Yield (EUR)

Management Company:



UBS Fund Management (Luxembourg) S.A.

April 2022

***This statement provides you with key information about this product.
This statement is a part of the offering document.
You should not invest in this product based on this statement alone.***

Quick Facts

Management Company:	UBS Fund Management (Luxembourg) S.A.	
Portfolio Manager:	UBS Asset Management (UK) Ltd., London (internal delegation)	
Depositary:	UBS Europe SE, Luxembourg Branch	
Dealing frequency:	Daily (Luxembourg business day)	
Base currency:	EUR	
Ongoing charges over a year:	(AUD hedged) P-mdist^	1.38%#
	(CAD hedged) P-mdist^	1.38%#
	(GBP hedged) P-mdist^	1.38%#
	(HKD hedged) P-mdist^	1.38%#
	(USD hedged) P-acc	1.38%#
	(USD hedged) P-mdist^	1.38%#
	P-acc	1.33%#
	P-dist	1.33%#
	P-mdist^	1.33%#

^ Unit classes with "-mdist" in their name may make monthly distributions excluding fees and expenses. They may also make distributions out of capital (this may include inter alia realised and unrealised net gains/losses in net asset value) ("**Capital**"), at the discretion of the Management Company, or pay distributions out of gross income while charging/ paying all or part of a Sub-Fund's fees and expenses to/ out of the Capital, resulting in an increase in distributable income for the payment of distributions by the Sub-Fund and therefore, the Sub-Fund may effectively pay distributions out of Capital. Any distributions involving payment of dividends out of Capital or payment of dividends effectively out of Capital (as the case may be) may result in an immediate reduction of the net asset value per unit.

The ongoing charges figure is an annualised figure based on expenses for the interim period ended 30 September 2021. This figure may vary from time to time.

Dividend policy:	P-acc	Accumulating (no distribution of dividend, income will be reinvested for this Sub-Fund, if any).
	P-dist	Distributing annually (the Management Company will decide whether and to what extent distributions are to be declared and paid).
	P-mdist	Distributing monthly (the Management Company will decide whether and to what extent distributions are to be declared and paid).

Financial year end of this Sub-Fund: 31 March

Minimum investment: 0.001 unit (initial investment and any subsequent investment)
(Please also check whether your sales intermediary (if any) has any specific dealing requirements)

What is this product?

The UBS (Lux) Bond Fund – Euro High Yield (the “**Sub-Fund**”) is a sub-fund of UBS (Lux) Bond Fund constituted as an open-ended investment fund in the form of a Luxembourg *Fonds Commun de Placement* (also known as a Luxembourg common contractual fund). It is a UCITS fund and is domiciled in Luxembourg and its home regulator is the *Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier*.

Objective and Investment Strategy

The aim of the Sub-Fund is to achieve high current earnings, while giving due consideration to a broad diversification of the investments and the liquidity of the Sub-Fund's assets. The Sub-Fund shall mainly invest in debt securities and claims.

The Sub-Fund shall invest at least two-thirds of its assets in debt securities and claims denominated in EUR or provided with an option on EUR and with a rating of between CCC and BB+ (Standard & Poor's), a similar rating from another recognised agency or – insofar as it concerns a new issue that does not yet have an official rating or any rating at all – a comparable internal UBS rating. Investments in bonds with a rating below CCC or similar may not exceed 10% of the Sub-Fund's assets. The Sub-Fund will not invest more than 10% of its assets in debt securities that are issued and/or guaranteed by a single sovereign issuer (including its government, public or local authority) rated below BBB- (Standard & Poor's) or the equivalent rating by at least one recognized rating agency or – insofar as a new issue that does not yet have an official rating or an issue without any rating at all is concerned – a comparable internal UBS rating.

Investments with lower ratings may carry an above-average yield, but also a higher solvency risk than investments in first-class issuers. Investments in EUR also include all the currencies of the EMU participating countries for as long as these national currencies remain legal tender. The Sub-Fund may invest up to one-third of its assets in debt securities and claims denominated in a currency other than EUR.

After deducting cash and cash equivalents, the Sub-Fund may invest up to one-third of its assets in money market instruments and up to 10% of its assets in equities, equity rights and warrants as well as shares, other equity shares and dividend-right certificates acquired through the exercise of conversion and subscription rights or options, or warrants remaining after the separate sale of ex-warrant bonds and any equities acquired with these warrants. The equities acquired by exercise or subscription must be sold no later than 12 months after they were acquired. In addition, up to 25% of its assets may be invested in convertible, exchangeable and warrant-linked bonds as well as convertible debentures.

The Sub-Fund may invest up to 20% of its net assets in asset-backed securities, mortgage-backed securities, commercial mortgage-backed securities and collateralised debt obligations / collateralised loan obligations.

The Sub-Fund may invest up to 50% of its total net asset value in instruments with loss-absorption features including contingent convertible debt securities, non-preferred senior debt instruments and senior or subordinated debt instruments. These instruments may be subject to contingent write-down or contingent conversion to ordinary shares on the occurrence of trigger event(s).

The Sub-Fund is expected to conduct securities lending up to 10% of its net asset value. The Sub-Fund is not currently expected to engage in repurchase or reverse repurchase transactions.

The actively managed Sub-Fund uses the benchmark ICE BofAML EUR High Yield 3% Constrained

Index as a reference for portfolio construction, performance comparison and for risk management. For unit classes with “hedged” in their name, currency-hedged versions of the benchmark (if available) are used. Although a portion of the portfolio may be invested in the same instruments and in the same weightings as the benchmark, the Portfolio Manager is not bound by the benchmark in its selection of instruments. In particular, the Portfolio Manager may, at its own discretion, invest in bonds from issuers not included in the benchmark and/or set the proportion of investments in sectors differently to their weighting in the benchmark in order to take advantage of investment opportunities. Therefore, in times when market volatility is high, Sub-Fund performance may differ greatly from the benchmark.

The Sub-Fund may use derivative financial instruments for hedging, investment and efficient portfolio management purposes.

Use of derivatives

The Sub-Fund's net derivative exposure may be up to 50% of the Sub-Fund's net asset value.

What are the key risks?

Investment involves risks. Please refer to the offering document for details including the risk factors.

Investment risk

- The Sub-Fund is an investment fund. There is no guarantee of the repayment of principal.
- The Sub-Fund's investment portfolio may fall in value and therefore your investment in the Sub-Fund may suffer losses.

Risks connected with the use of derivatives

- Derivatives may be used to gain or reduce exposure to markets and currencies as well as to manage risk. Fluctuations in the price of a derivative will reflect movements in the underlying assets, reference rate or index to which the derivatives relate. In addition to general market risk, management risk, credit and liquidity risk, the use of derivatives by the Sub-Fund subjects it to the following additional risks (i) possible failure of a counterparty to perform its contractual obligations, either in whole or in part; (ii) inability to execute a transaction fully or liquidate a position at normal cost (especially where derivative transactions are particularly large or the corresponding market is illiquid and where, for instance, derivatives are traded over-the-counter); (iii) risk of incorrectly valuing or pricing derivatives; (iv) risk that derivatives do not fully correlate with the underlying assets, interest rates or indices and the associated risks of inappropriate valuations; (v) potential increase in volatility of the Sub-Fund and the risk that certain derivatives used by the Sub-Fund may create leverage which could potentially result in losses to the Sub-Fund greater than the amount originally invested. Investors should note in particular that the markets in options, futures and swaps are volatile; both the opportunity to achieve gains as well as the risk of suffering losses are higher than with investments in securities.
- Under extreme market conditions and circumstances, the use of derivative financial instruments may potentially result in total loss.

Eurozone risk

- Investors should note that the Sub-Fund may invest in the Eurozone. Due to the current Eurozone collective debt crisis, the Sub-Fund may suffer from certain risks such as
 - (i) increased risk of market volatility caused by decreasing investor confidence throughout the Eurozone;
 - (ii) risk associated with the insufficient funding to resolve the crisis going forward;
 - (iii) risk associated with any sovereign defaults; and
 - (iv) risk associated with possible withdrawals of member states from the Eurozone.

Risk of investing in high yield bonds

- The Sub-Fund may invest in higher yielding (and therefore, higher risk) debt securities. Such securities may be below “investment grade” or unrated and face ongoing uncertainties and are vulnerable to adverse business, financial and economic conditions. Such investment increases

the credit risk of the Sub-Fund since these issuers have a higher possibility of defaulting on such issues or failing to meet its obligation to repay the principal or any interest payment thereon. Investments in below investment grade debt securities may be partially or fully lost under such adverse conditions. Where a counterparty fails to perform its contractual obligations, either in whole or in part, this may result in a loss to the Sub-Fund.

Liquidity risk

- Some investments may be thinly traded or illiquid and cannot be traded in reasonable sizes and therefore may be sold in small lots over longer periods or even at a discount. Under extraordinary or extreme market conditions, generally liquid investments can become illiquid which may result in a loss when such assets need to be sold within a certain time frame.

Downgrading risk

- The general assessment of an issuer's creditworthiness may affect the value of the fixed income securities issued by the issuer. This assessment generally depends on the ratings assigned to the issuer or its affiliated companies by rating agencies such as Moody's, Fitch and Standard & Poor's. A reassessment of the creditworthiness that results in a downgrading of the rating assigned to an issuer may negatively affect the value of the fixed income securities issued by this issuer.

Interest rate risk

- The Sub-Fund invests in fixed income securities. A fixed income security's value will generally increase in value when interest rates fall and decrease in value when interest rates rise. Interest rate risk is the chance that such movements in interest rates will negatively affect a security's value, and therefore, the Sub-Fund's net asset value. Fixed income securities with longer-term maturities tend to be more sensitive to interest rate changes than shorter-term securities. As a result, longer-term securities tend to offer higher yields for this added risk. While changes in interest rates may affect the Sub-Fund's interest income, such changes may positively or negatively affect the net asset value of the Sub-Fund's units on a daily basis.

Risk relating to hedged unit classes

- The hedging strategy for a unit class which is hedged against the base currency of the Sub-Fund, may not work as intended, exposing investors of that unit class to currency risk. Additionally, investors of a hedged unit class may be exposed to fluctuations in the net asset value per unit reflecting the gains/losses on and the associated transaction costs of the financial instruments used for hedging, and such investors may be adversely impacted.

Risks associated with investments in instruments with loss-absorption features

- Debt instruments with loss-absorption features are subject to greater risks when compared to traditional debt instruments as such instruments are typically subject to the risk of being written down or converted to ordinary shares upon the occurrence of a pre-defined trigger events (e.g. when the issuer is near or at the point of non-viability or when the issuer's capital ratio falls to a specified level), which are likely to be outside of the issuer's control. Such trigger events are complex and difficult to predict and may result in a significant or total reduction in the value of such instruments.
- In the event of the activation of a trigger, there may be potential price contagion and volatility to the entire asset class. Debt instruments with loss-absorption features may also be exposed to liquidity, valuation and sector concentration risk.
- The Sub-Fund may invest in contingent convertible debt securities, commonly known as CoCos, which are highly complex and are of high risk. Upon the occurrence of the trigger event, CoCos may be converted into shares of the issuer (potentially at a discounted price), or may be subject to the permanent write-down to zero. Coupon payments on CoCos are discretionary and may be cancelled by the issuer at any point, for any reason, and for any length of time.
- The Sub-Fund may invest in senior non-preferred debts. While these instruments are generally senior to subordinated debts, they may be subject to write-down upon the occurrence of a trigger event and will no longer fall under the creditor ranking hierarchy of the issuer. This may result in total loss of principal invested.

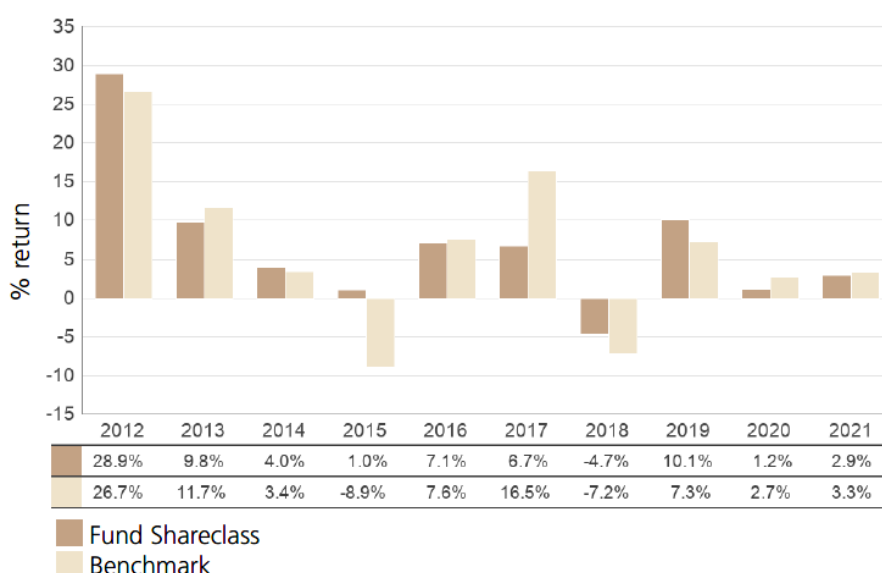
Risk relating to distribution out of Capital or out of gross income

- Any distributions from the income and/or involving the Capital result in an immediate reduction of the net asset value per unit of the Sub-Fund. Payment of dividends out of Capital amounts to a return or withdrawal of part of an investor's original investment or from any capital gains attributable to that original investment.
- The distribution amount and net asset value of a hedged unit class may be adversely affected by differences in the interest rates of the reference currency of the hedged unit class and the Sub-Fund's currency of account, resulting in an increase in the amount of distribution that is paid out of capital and hence a greater erosion of capital than other non-hedged unit classes.

Foreign investment risk

- Additional risks may arise when investing overseas, including: changes in foreign exchange control regulations, foreign tax legislation and withholding tax and government policy. Additionally, difference in accounting, legal, securities trading and settlement procedures can also impact the value of the Sub-Fund's investment.

How has the Sub-Fund performed?



- Past performance information is not indicative of future performance. Investors may not get back the full amount invested.
- The computation basis of the performance is based on the calendar year end, NAV-To-NAV, with dividend reinvested.
- These figures show by how much the unit class increased or decreased in value during the calendar year being shown. Performance data has been calculated in EUR including ongoing charges and excluding subscription fee and redemption fee you might have to pay.
- Fund launch date: 15 May 1998
- P-acc launch date: 15 May 1998
- P-acc is selected as representative unit class ("**Fund Shareclass**" as shown in the graph above) as it is the major unit class subscribed by investors or denominated in the Sub-Fund's base currency.
- "**Benchmark**" as shown in the graph above refers to the benchmark as disclosed under the objective and investment strategy above.

Is there any guarantee?

This Sub-Fund does not have any guarantees. You may not get back the full amount of money you invest.

What are the fees and charges?

Charges which may be payable by you

You may have to pay the following fees when dealing in the units of the Sub-Fund.

<u>Fee</u>	<u>What you pay</u>
Subscription fee:	Up to 3% of the subscription amount, except for "mdist" unit classes which is up to 5%*.
Switching fee (conversion fee):	Up to 3% of the net asset value per unit of the Sub-Fund or class from which the unitholder is switching out multiplied by the number of units to be switched by the unitholder, except for "mdist" unit classes which is up to 5%*.
Redemption charge:	NIL

**Investors should note that in respect of "mdist" unit classes, a maximum of up to 6% may be charged upon giving 1 month's prior notice to affected investors.*

You should check with the relevant authorized distributors to confirm the applicable fees and charges (including any additional taxes or commissions, where applicable) incurred in Hong Kong on the issuance, redemption or conversion of units.

Ongoing fees payable by this Sub-Fund

The following expenses will be paid out of the Sub-Fund's assets. They affect you because they reduce the return you get on your investments.

	Annual rate (as a % of average net asset value (NAV) of the Sub-Fund)
Management fee, Depositary fee & Administration fee:	<p>For non-currency hedged unit classes P: Currently at 1.26% p.a. This is the maximum flat fee^ the Sub-Fund may charge (maximum management fee currently at 1.01% p.a.).</p> <p>For unit classes P with "hedged" in their name: Currently at 1.31% p.a. This is the maximum flat fee^ the Sub-Fund may charge (maximum management fee currently at 1.05% p.a.).</p> <p>Investors will be given at least one month's prior notice (or such notice period as the SFC may approve in advance) in respect of any increase in the level of the flat fee.</p>
Performance fee:	N/A

^ The maximum flat fee does not include the following fees and additional expenses which are also charged to the Sub-Fund, such as but not limited to additional expenses related to management of the Sub-Fund's asset for the sale and purchase of assets, auditor's fees for annual audit, fees for legal and tax advisers, costs for the Sub-Fund's legal documents etc. The aforementioned fees and additional expenses are not an exhaustive list, for further details, please refer to the section headed "Expenses paid by the Fund" and under the heading "The sub-funds and their special investment policies" in the Prospectus.

Other Fees

You may have to pay other fees and charges when dealing in the units of the Sub-Fund. Refer to the offering document for details.

Additional Information

- You generally buy and redeem units at the Sub-Fund's next-determined net asset value (NAV) after the relevant authorized distributor or the Hong Kong Representative receives your request in good order by or before 5:00 pm (Hong Kong time) on a business day in Hong Kong. The relevant authorized distributor(s) may impose different dealing deadlines for receiving

instructions for subscriptions, redemptions or switching. Investors should pay attention to the arrangements of the relevant authorized distributor(s) concerned.

- The net asset value of this Sub-Fund is calculated, and the price of the units published, each business day (as more particularly defined and described in the offering document), the prices are available online at https://www.ubs.com/hk/en/asset-management/*.
- Investors may obtain the past performance information of other unit classes offered to Hong Kong investors from https://www.ubs.com/hk/en/asset-management/*.
- The compositions of the distributions (i.e. the relative amounts pay out of (i) net distributable income and (ii) Capital) for the last 12 months will be made available by the Hong Kong Representative on request and also on https://www.ubs.com/hk/en/asset-management/*.

*This website has not been reviewed by the SFC and may contain information on sub-funds which have not been authorised by the SFC and are not available to the retail public in Hong Kong.

Important

If you are in doubt, you should seek professional advice.

The SFC takes no responsibility for the contents of this statement and makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness.