# HADES RICH700

High Voltage Control

Documentation

Adrian Amatus Weber - AG Höhne



#### 1 General informations

This document describes the usage of the EPICS based RICH700 high voltage slow control. The EPICS database files are written for a ISEG crate with a CC24 Master. This Master allows to upload up to 5 .db files and one .substitution file. The EPICS IOC is running on the CC24 Master. To get access to the crate, the computer has to be connected to the crate via Ethernet (LAN). Therefore both devices have to be in the same network. If the computer is connected to the crate, one can open the browser and enter the IP-address of the crate (Default: 192.168.2.1). After a login it is possible to upload the database and substitution files under iCScontrol→EPICS. After this step a restart of the IOC is necessary. Due to the limited access to the EPICS files on the crate, it is not possible to run a sequencer or different EPICS modules (Planed for the future: ssh access).

## 2 EPICS Code

The substitution file calls two different database files. Each database file is called with different parameters.

The standard naming schema from ISEG always starts with ISEG: . This was changed to the HADES-naming schema: HADES:RICH:HV:CR1: which is called with DEV. To keep the ability to use the browser interface of the crate, aliases to the ISEG naming schema are implemented. The next parts of the PV naming schema are

- CAN\_LINE : ID of the CAN line (here: 0)
- MODULE\_ID: ID of the module in the crate (0...5)
- CHANNEL\_ID: ID of the channel of a module  $(0 \dots 15)$
- DEVICE\_ID: Every crate has a own device ID (here: 1000)

These naming parts are used to call the database files and create the process variables (PV) for the proper crate. For example: The voltage of a channel of a module can be called via

```
${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:${CHANNEL_ID}:VoltageSet
```

This schema is more or less self-explanatory and so it wont be explained in more detail.

The EPICS database is splitted into two different files. The first database file is called <code>iseg\_epics\_1.db</code>. This file contains the basic EPICS code from ISEG. This <code>basic</code> code is a standard code from delivery and gives the possibility to access the single channels of every module but also the possibility to get status informations of every module or the whole crate, firmware informations and so on. This basic code is used as the ground layer of the database. Every group behaviour of the crate will access this layer of the code (see Fig. 5). The standard code allows to access single channels and change their voltage, current, voltage bounds, ... and also to measure the voltage, current and so on. There is also the possibility to switch on and off the different channels.

#### 2.1 Group Behaviour

If the system is used with up to 16 channels per module and up to 6 modules per crate, it is not suitable to change all the values of each channel of each module separately. In order to get this more comfortable the database gets a new layer (see Fig. 5). This layer, which is called *Group Behaviour*, is added to every module of the crate and gives the possibility to set many process variables of a module in one step. Every PV that belongs to this layer is called with . . . :\${MODULE\_ID}:Group. . . . The group behaviour is defined for all the necessary set-values and has (nearly) always the same inner structure. The set-values are

- GroupSetVoltage
- GroupSwitchOn
- GroupSetCurrent
- GroupSetDelayedTripTime
- GroupSetVoltageBounds
- GroupSetCurrentBounds
- GroupSetEmergency

The inner structure of these PVs is always like the structure of GroupSetVoltage (see Fig. 1). The GroupSetVoltage PV is a dfanout record and writes its value to the .VAL fields of the two PVs FanGroupSetVoltage1\_ and FanGroupSetVoltage2\_. These PVs are used to fan out the voltage that should be set to all (selected) channels of the module. For this step we need 2 PVs because the dfanout record has only up to 8 output fields. It is necessary to use the dfanout field SELM in the Mask-mode to have the possibility to select different channels of the module.

All of the GroupSetVoltage, GroupSetCurrent, ... channels are implemented the same way, except the PV GroupSwitchOn. The PV GroupSwitchOn is a bo record. It's output is written to a dfanout record called FanGroupSwitchOn\_ which behaves like the GroupSetVoltage, GroupSetCurrent, ... process variables in all other cases.

Now it is possible to set values to many different PVs of a module at the same time, but it is not possible to select the channels individually. Therefore the new PV GroupSelection is introduced (see Fig.2 and List. 3). The PV GroupSelection is a mbboDirect record and can store a 16 bit value. This value contains the information of the channels which are selected.

For example, 1 means, that channel 0 should be set. 3 has the meaning, that channel 0 and 1 should be set, and so on.

First, the GroupSelection PV writes its value to FanGroupSelection1\_. Second, the PV GroupSelection2\_ is processed via a Forward Link.

The PV GroupSelection2\_ is very important. Due to the fact, that a dfanout record has only 8 output channels, it can only read the first 8 bits of a mbboDirect record.

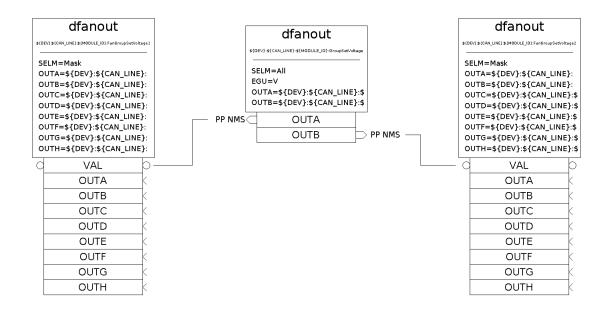


Figure 1: VDCT picture of the EPICS code for GroupSetVoltage from iseg\_epics\_1.db. The OUT fields without a outgoing line process the data to the corresponding PV VoltageSet of every channel of the module. The EPICS source code can be found in Listing 1 in the section 4.

But the information of the selection of the channels 8-15 is stored in the upper 8 bits of a mbboDirect. So it is necessary to shift the mbboDirect record 8 bits to the right. The problem is that a mbboDirect record has only the possibility to shift to the left. Therefore one needs the GroupSelection2\_ PV. GroupSelection2\_ is a mbbiDirect record which can shift to the right. So the GroupSelection value is send to the GroupSelection2\_PV, shifted to the right, then stored as a mbboDirect record in GroupSelection3\_ and then written to the PV FanGroupSelection2\_. The PVs FanGroupSelection1 and FanGroupSelection2 set the mask of all seven set-values like GroupSetVoltage. All the outputs are NPP which means they do not process the corresponding PV. This is also very important because the mask has to be set before the PV is processed and it should be selectable which value is set and processed. Therefore the PV StartBehaviour\_ is implemented. This value is processed after all SELN fields are set. StartBehaviour\_ is a dfanout record and sets the values to the GroupSetVoltage, GroupSetCurrent, ... PVs. The SELN field is again used as a selector for the value one wants to set. The StartBehaviour\_PV is the access point to the group behaviour and is called from other layers above in the EPICS Code (The layers are Variable Group Behaviour and *Grouping*).

The group behaviour code allows to set different values like voltage, current, ... for selectable channels at one time and completely individually.

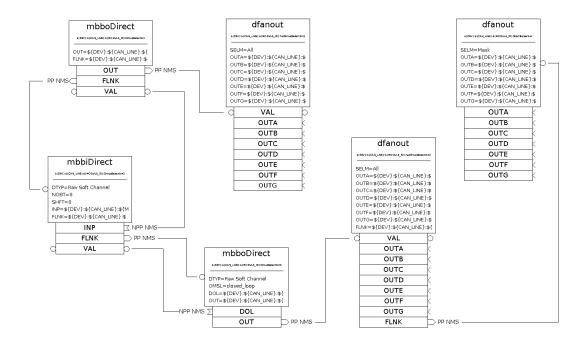


Figure 2: VDCT picture of the EPICS code for GroupSelection from iseg\_epics\_1.db. The OUT fields without a outgoing line process the data to the corresponding PVs. The PVs can be found in the EPICS source code in listing 3 in section 4.

# 2.2 Variable Group Behaviour (VarGB)

The group behaviour code gives the possibility to set values to selected channels. The new layer in the EPICS code is called Variable Group Behaviour (VarGB) and is implemented to select every channel of a module individually via a checkBox and set the value of these selected channels from one PV.

In order to select the channels the new PV VarGBGroupSelection is created. This PV is a mbboDirect record and stores a 16 bit value. This record was chosen because every module has up to 16 channels. So every channel represents one bit of the VarGroupSelection PV. Each bit will be set from a checkBox in the CSS GUI (see section 3). The VarGBGroupSelection PV writes its value to a dfanout. This dfanout is called FanVarGBGroupSelection and fans out the selected channels to all seven set-values, which are called

- VarGBVoltageSet
- VarGBSwitchOn
- VarGBCurrentSet
- VarGBDelayedTripTimeSet
- VarGBVoltageBoundsSet
- VarGBCurrentBoundsSet
- VarGBEmergencySet

All these PVs have the same internal structure. Here VarGBVoltageSet is chosen as an example (see Fig. 3 and List. 2). The PV VarGBVoltageSet gets the value of the voltage from the CSS GUI and writes this value to the DO3 field of the new process variable VarGBSeqVoltageSet\_. VarGBSeqVoltageSet\_ writes the voltage information, which is stored in .DO3, to the VAL field of StartBehaviour\_ from the EPICS layer *Group Behaviour* which is described as the access point in the previous subsection.

D01 gets the binary information about the channels which should be set. D02 is the field which selects which set-value is set. The coding of D02 can be seen in table 1.

Value	Process Variable
1	sets the Voltage
2	sets the SwitchOn
4	sets the Current
8	sets the DelayedTripTime
16	sets the VoltageBounds
32	sets the CurrentBounds
64	sets the Emergency

Table 1: Coding of the DO2 field of the VarGBSeq... PVs.

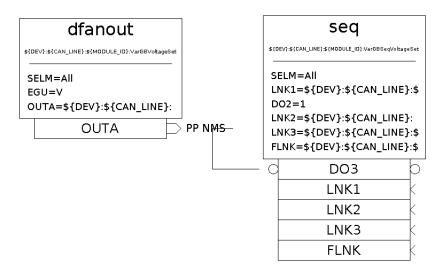


Figure 3: VDCT picture of the EPICS code for VarGBVoltageSet from iseg\_epics\_1.db. The LNK fields without a outgoing line process the corresponding PVs StartBehaviour\_.VAL and .SELN and GroupSelection.VAL of the module with NPP. The FLNK processes the PV GroupSelection. The EPICS source code can be found in listing 2 in section 4.

All the LNK fields are again set as NPP. This is necessary because of the structure of StartBehaviour. StartBehaviour will set the values of the channels as soon as it is processed. But the channels have to be selected first and the selection itself is done with GroupSelection. So StartBehaviour has to be started from the PV GroupSelection and not from any other PV!

#### 2.3 Static Grouping

Another important possibility is to define groups with static channels. This means that one has access to all 6 modules and each module has a static pre-selection of channels. So the selected channels are not changeable via a *checkBox*.

The corresponding EPICS Code is written in the second file which is called from .substitutions, iseg\_epics\_2.db.

The naming schema is now a bit different. It is just

Every static Grouping G1, G2, ... is created via the .substitutions file and gets the values for the selected channels of every module from this file. The selection of a channel is still done via a binary coding. If channel 0 should be selected, the number for GroupSelection is  $2^0=1$ . If channel 2, 5 and 13 should be selected, the number for GroupSelection is  $2^2+2^5+2^{13}=8228$  and so on. With GroupSelection=0 no channel is selected and the module stays untouched.

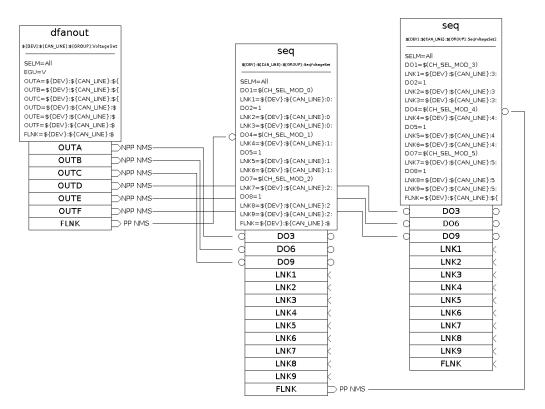


Figure 4: VDCT picture of the EPICS code for VoltageSet from Grouping in iseg\_epics\_2.db. The LNK fields without a outgoing line process the data to the corresponding PVs which can be found in listing 4 in section 4.

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The EPICS Code for the static grouping is related to the code of variable group behaviour (see Fig. 4 and List. 4). The PV VoltageSet is again a dfanout record and is used to set the voltage value to all possible modules. The field FLNK is necessary to process the new record SeqVoltageSet\_. SeqVoltageSet\_ is used to set the StartBehaviour\_ values and the GroupSelection (the selected channels) for the Grouping Behaviour of every module. Due to the fact that a seq record has up to 12 LNK fields and the crate at HADES RICH700 has 6 modules (18 LNK fields), one seq record is not enough. So a second seq record SeqVoltageSet2\_ is implemented. Every seq record controls 3 modules of the crate. It is also possible to control more modules. At the end of the last seq field the record Start is processed. Start is a dfanout record and processes the GroupSelection PV of all 6 modules. This is again necessary due to the processing order of the PVs.

The selected channels of the modules can be changed in the .substitutions file or via the fields DO1, DO4 and DO7 of the two PVs SeqVoltageSet1\_ and SeqVoltageSet2\_ (and also for Current, SwitchOn, ...).

The whole structure of the EPICS code is shown in Fig. 5. This figure shows that the basic EPICS code from ISEG is part of every channel. The group behaviour is also part of every module and every module has 16 channels. The third layer is the code of variable Ggroup behaviour (VarGB). It is connected to every module separately and accesses the code from group behaviour. The last layer is the static grouping G1, G2, .... This grouping accesses the group behaviour code and is directly connected to all modules of the crate.

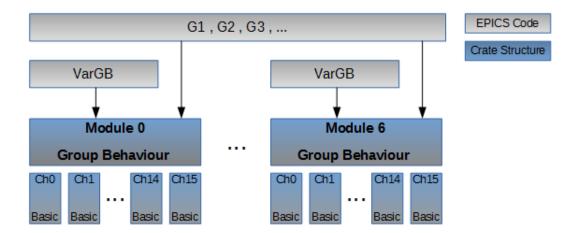


Figure 5: Scratch of the structure of the EPICS code together with the crate structure.

#### 2.4 Save and Load

It is very useful to save and load the settings of all single channels of the crate. This allows to try different voltages, currents and so on, without the danger of loosing the old, working values.

This possibility is implemented in the file iseg\_epics\_1.db. Every channel of the

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module has an own save and load PV for every value which can be set. All this save-PVs contain the saved value. The load PV uses this value and writes it back to the set values of the channel.

If the PV HADES:RICH:HV:CR1:0:SaveAll is processed, many fanout records are processed such that all save-PVs which are saved will be processed. If the PV HADES:RICH:HV:CR1:0:LoadAll is processed, the same structure of fanout records is processed. The only difference is, that all Load-PVs are processed.

The save and load fields will save all single channel set-values. The values of VarGB and Group Behaviour are not saved due to the fact, that they would overwrite the single channel values if the values are loaded.

### 3 CSS GUI

The graphical user interface (GUI) for the ISEG crate is created with the software Control System Studio (CSS). CSS is used in version 4.11. The GUI is build as a modular GUI. Different .OPI files are linked to the Main OPI file with Linking Containers. This modularisation is shown in Fig. 6. Due to this modularisation a problem appears. If the GUI is started the first time, the performance is very slow. This happens due to the loading process of all the OPI files. But if the OPI files are loaded and the GUI is running, the performance is normal.

The GUI is splitted in 2 different sections:

The upper section 1 (see Fig. 7) includes the main switch of the crate and the fan speed of the crate. The button *Main Switch* switches the crate on or off. The LED on the right side shows the current status of the crate. The buttons Save and Load can be used to store and load the values of all single channels of all modules. The button on the right side can be used to switch on/off all channels of all modules.

The lower section 2 (see Fig. 7) includes the whole regulation of the modules and the channels. This part contains a tabbed container with the tabs for all modules and one tab that is used for static Grouping.

The tabs for the modules have all the same structure. They are divided in 4 parts (see Fig. 8). The first part contains all single channels of a module. There it is possible to set the voltage, current, trip time, voltage bounds and the current bounds. It is also possible to switch on every single channel. The button *emergency* can be used to shut down a single channel immediately. The LEDs in *Status* show the current status of the channels. For example, one sees, if a channel ramps up, is switched on, and so on. In front of every channel is a checkBox. This checkBox is used for channel/Group selection. You can use it to select all the channels of a module you want to operate at once.

The second part of the tab is used to get and set properties of the module. It shows the current temperature, event status, voltage-, current limits, sample rate, the nominal voltage and the nominal current of the module.

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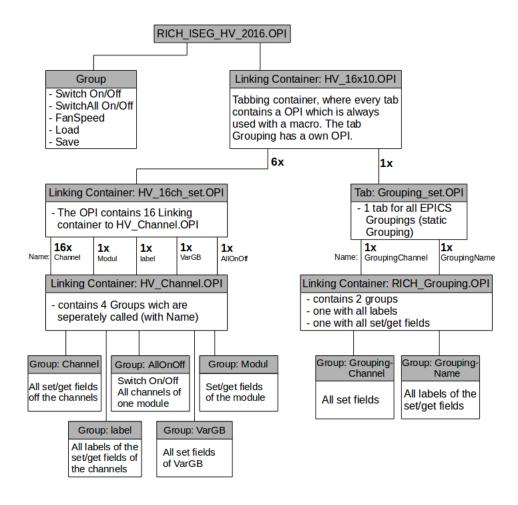


Figure 6: The modularisation of the GUI.

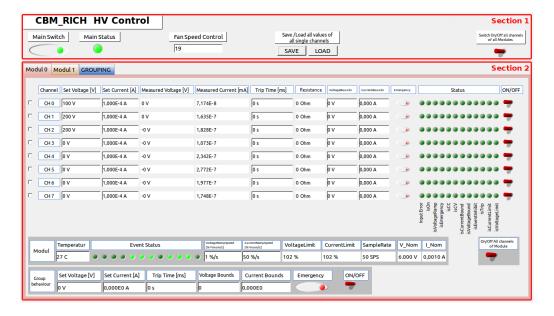


Figure 7: The full GUI of the Hades Rich700 HV crate.

 $3 \quad CSS \; GUI$ 

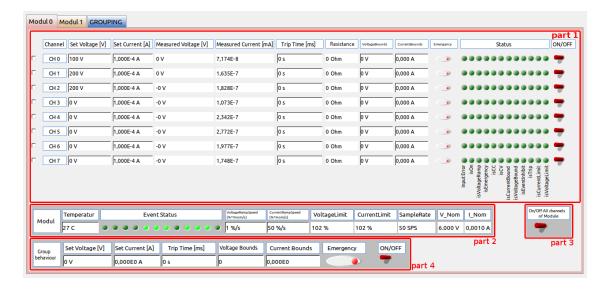


Figure 8: The GUI of the Hades Rich700 HV crate. The picture shows the tabbed container with all parts of a module.

Here it is important that the fields nominal Voltage and nominal Current are no real module variables. These variables are taken from a single channel. These fields are listed here because there is no difference between the values for all channels. The fields VoltageRampSpeed and CurrentRampSpeed are used to change the ramp speed. The value is a percent value. The final voltage (current) that is ramped up, is calculated with

$$V_{Ramp} = V_{RampSpeed} \cdot V_{Nom}$$
  $I_{Ramp} = I_{RampSpeed} \cdot I_{Nom}$ 

The third part is just one switch button. This button can be used to switch on (or off) all the single channels of a module at once.

The fourth part is used to set the values for variable Group Behaviour (VarGB). All the settings which are done there will affect all channels which are selected via the checkBox of the particular channel (see Fig. 10). The tab Grouping contains the fields which allows to set new values to a fixed selection of channels from all modules (see Fig. 9). For both, static Grouping and variable group behaviour, all values have the same meaning as in part one.

The change of a value in variable Group Behaviour or static Grouping will change the set values of the corresponding (selected) channels. A change of a value is always independent from other values. For example, it is possible to set the voltage of a channel while it is a selected channel of the variable Group Behaviour. It is also possible to switch on all selected channels at once, change their voltage, and so on. While you do this, it is still possible to change all the single channel values individually. So every selection and setting works completely independent of the other settings.

 $3 \quad CSS \; GUI$ 

It is important to mention that a small problem can appear: If the IOC is restarted and one wants to change a value/status of the module via Variable Group Behaviour the first time after restart, the setting or status change wont be recognized. One has to do it twice. The same problem appears for the static Grouping Behaviour and stamps from the record type *mbboDirect*. Unfortunately it is not possible to use another record type and get rid of the problem.

The value of setCurrent is limited to 1mA. If the value of setCurrent is smaller than the current that would result from setVoltage and the load at the HV output, the channel switches in the constant current mode (CC). With a minimum value of 0.1 mA the channel (normaly) stays in the constant voltage mode (CV).

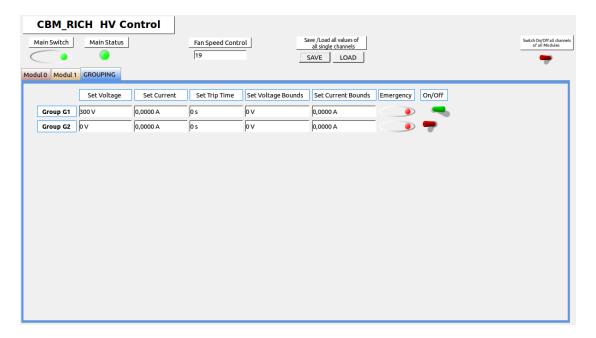


Figure 9: The full GUI of the Hades Rich700 HV crate with the tab GROUPING.

 $3 \quad CSS \; GUI$ 

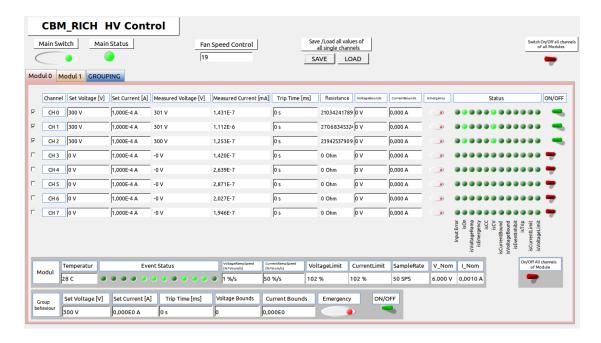


Figure 10: The full GUI of the Hades Rich700 HV crate with the tab Group 1. This figure shows the variable Group Behaviour of module 1 with the selected channels 0, 1 and 2.

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# 4 Appendix

```
record ( dfanout , "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:GroupSetVoltage" ) {
     field ( SELM, "A field ( EGU, "V")
                    'All")
2
     field (OUTA, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:FanGroupSetVoltage1.VAL PP"
4
     field (OUTB, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:FanGroupSetVoltage2.VAL PP"
5
   \verb|record| ( dfanout , "\${DEV}: \${CAN\_LINE}: \${MODULE\_ID}: FanGroupSetVoltage1")| \\
9
     field (SELM, "Mask")
10
     field (OUTA, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:0:VoltageSet.VAL PP"
11
                   "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:1:VoltageSet.VAL PP"
     field (OUTB,
12
     field (OUTC, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:2:VoltageSet.VAL PP"
13
     field (OUTD, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:3:VoltageSet.VAL PP"
                   "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:4:VoltageSet.VAL PP"
     field (OUTE,
15
     field (OUTF, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:5:VoltageSet.VAL PP"
16
     field (OUTG, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:6:VoltageSet.VAL PP"
17
     field (OUTH, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:7:VoltageSet.VAL PP"
18
19
20
   record ( dfanout, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:FanGroupSetVoltage2")
21
22
     field (SELM, "Mask")
23
     field (OUTA, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:8:VoltageSet.VAL PP" field (OUTB, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:9:VoltageSet.VAL PP"
24
     field (OUTC, "${DEV}: ${CAN_LINE}: ${MODULE_ID}: 10: VoltageSet.VAL PP"
26
     field (OUTD, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:11:VoltageSet.VAL PP"
27
                   "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:12:VoltageSet.VAL PP"
28
     field (OUTF, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:13:VoltageSet.VAL PP"
29
     field (OUTG, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:14:VoltageSet.VAL PP"
     field (OUTH, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:15:VoltageSet.VAL PP"
31
32
```

Listing 1: EPICS code of GroupSetVoltage from iseg\_epics\_1.db.

```
record(dfanout, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:VarGBVoltageSet") {
  field(SELM, "All")
  field(EGU, "V")
                          field (OUTA, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}: VarGBSeqVoltageSet.DO3 PP")
   4
   5
               \verb|record| (seq , "\${DEV}: \${CAN\_LINE}: \${MODULE\_ID}: VarGBSeqVoltageSet") | \{ (CAN\_LINE) \} = (CAN\_LINE) + (
                         field (SELM, "All")
                          field (DO1,
                                                                                                                                                                                                    # Channels to execute (binary)
                        field ( LNK1, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:GroupSelection.VAL NPP" )
field ( DO2, "1" ) # 1 is equal to Voltage
10
                         field (LNK2, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}: StartBehaviour.SELN NPP")
12
                        #field ( DO3, "")  # Value of Voltage field ( LNK3, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:StartBehaviour.VAL NPP")
13
14
                          field (FLNK, "${DEV}: ${CAN_LINE}: ${MODULE_ID}: Group Selection")
15
```

Listing 2: EPICS code of VarGBVoltageSet from iseg\_epics\_1.db .

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```
record( mbboDirect, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}: GroupSelection") {
     #field (DESC, "Set this PV to activate Group behavior of this channel.") field (OUT, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:FanGroupSelection1.VAL PP")
2
3
     field (FLNK, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}: GroupSelection 2 PP")
4
5
   record ( mbbiDirect , "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:GroupSelection2") { #
       right shift
     field (DTYP, "Raw Soft Channel")
8
     field (NOBT, "8")
9
     field(SHFT, "8")
field(INP, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:GroupSelection.VAL")
10
11
     field (FLNK, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}: GroupSelection3 PP")
12
13
14
   record( mbboDirect, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:GroupSelection3") {
15
     #field (DESC, "Set this PV to activate Group behavior of this channel.") field (DTYP, "Raw Soft Channel")
16
     field (DTYP, "Raw Soft Channel")
field (OMSL, "closed_loop")
field (DOL, "${DEV}: ${CAN LINE}: ${MODULE ID}: Group Selection 2.VAL")
17
18
19
     field (OUT, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:FanGroupSelection2.VAL PP")
20
21
22
23
   record ( dfanout, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:FanGroupSelection1")
24
25
     field (SELM, "All")
field (OUTA, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:FanGroupSwitchOn1.SELN")
field (OUTB, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:FanGroupSetVoltage1.SELN")
26
27
28
     field (OUTC, "${DEV}: ${CAN_LINE}: ${MODULE_ID}: FanGroupSetCurrent1.SELN")
29
     field (OUTD, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:FanGroupSetDelayedTripTime1.
30
       SELN"
     field (OUTE, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:FanGroupSetVoltageBounds1.SELN
31
32
     field (OUTF, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:FanGroupSetCurrentBounds1.SELN
     field (OUTG, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:FanGroupSetEmergancy1.SELN")
33
34
35
   record ( dfanout, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:FanGroupSelection2")
36
37
     field (SELM, "All")
38
     field (OUTA, "${DEV}: ${CAN_LINE}: ${MODULE_ID}: FanGroupSwitchOn2.SELN")
39
     field (OUTB, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:FanGroupSetVoltage2.SELN")
40
     field (OUTC, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:FanGroupSetCurrent2.SELN")
41
     field (OUTD, "${DEV}: ${CAN_LINE}: ${MODULE_ID}: FanGroupSetDelayedTripTime2.
       SELN")
     field (OUTE, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:FanGroupSetVoltageBounds2.SELN
43
     field (OUTF, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:FanGroupSetCurrentBounds2.SELN
44
     field (OUTG, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:FanGroupSetEmergancy2.SELN")
45
     field (FLNK, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:StartBehaviour PP")
46
47
48
   record (dfanout, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:StartBehaviour")
49
50
      field (SELM, "Mask")
51
      field (OUTA, "${DEV}: ${CAN_LINE}: ${MODULE_ID}: GroupSetVoltage.VAL PP")
      field (OUTB, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:GroupSwitchOn.VAL PP")
53
      field (OUTC, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:GroupSetCurrent.VAL_PP")
54
      field (OUTD, "${DEV}: ${CAN_LINE}: ${MODULE_ID}: GroupSetDelayedTripTime.VAL PP
      56
57
      field (OUTG, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${MODULE_ID}:GroupSetEmergancy.VAL PP")
58
   }
59
```

Listing 3: EPICS code of GroupSelection from iseg\_epics\_1.db.

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```
record(dfanout, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${GROUP}:VoltageSet") {
  field(SELM, "All")
       field (SELM, "Afield (EGU, "V")
 2
 3
       field (OUTA, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${GROUP}:SeqVoltageSet.DO3 NPP")
      field (OUTB, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${GROUP}:SeqVoltageSet.DO6 NPP")
field (OUTC, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${GROUP}:SeqVoltageSet.DO9 NPP")
 5
      field (OUTD, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${GROUP}:SeqVoltageSet2.DO3 NPP")
      field (OUTE, "${DEV}:${CANLINE}:${GROUP}:SeqVoltageSet2.DO6 NPP")
field (OUTF, "${DEV}:${CANLINE}:${GROUP}:SeqVoltageSet2.DO9 NPP")
field (FLNK, "${DEV}:${CANLINE}:${GROUP}:SeqVoltageSet2.DO9 NPP")
 9
10
11
12
    record(seq, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${GROUP}:SeqVoltageSet") {
13
       field (SELM, "All")
14
15
       field ( DO1, "$(CH_SEL_MOD_0)" )
16
      17
18
      field (LNK2, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:0:StartBehaviour.SELN NPP")
#field (DO3, "")
19
20
      field (LNK3, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:0:StartBehaviour.VAL NPP")
21
22
       field ( DO4, "$(CH_SEL_MOD_1)" )
23
      field (LNK4, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:1:GroupSelection.VAL NPP") field (DO5, "1") # 1 is equal to Voltage
24
25
      field (LNK5, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:1:StartBehaviour.SELN NPP" )
26
      #field ( DO6, "" )
field ( LNK6, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:1:StartBehaviour.VAL_NPP" )
28
29
       field ( DO7, "$(CH_SEL_MOD_2)" )
30
      field ( LNK7, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:2:GroupSelection.VAL NPP" ) field ( DO8, "1" ) # 1 is equal to Voltage
31
32
      field ( LNK8, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:2:StartBehaviour.SELN NPP" )
#field ( DO9, "" )
field ( LNK9, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:2:StartBehaviour.VAL NPP" )
33
34
35
36
37
       field(FLNK, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${GROUP}:SeqVoltageSet2")
38
39
    \verb|record| (seq , "\${DEV}: \${CAN\_LINE}: \${GROUP}: SeqVoltageSet2") | \{
40
41
       field (SELM, "All")
42
       field (DO1, "$(CH_SEL_MOD_3)")
      field (LNK1, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:3:GroupSelection.VAL_NPP") field (DO2, "1") # 1 is equal to Voltage field (LNK2, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:3:StartBehaviour.SELN_NPP")
44
45
      #field( DO3, "")
field( LNK3, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:3:StartBehaviour.VAL NPP")
47
48
49
       field ( DO4, "$(CH_SEL_MOD_4)" )
50
      field (LNK4, "${DEV}:${CAN.LINE}:4: Group Selection .VAL NPP") field (DO5, "1") # 1 is equal to Voltage
51
52
      field (LNK5, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:4:StartBehaviour.SELN NPP") #field (DO6, "")
53
      field (LNK6, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:4:StartBehaviour.VAL NPP")
55
56
       field ( DO7, "$(CH_SEL_MOD_5)" )
57
      field ( LNK7, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:5:GroupSelection.VAL NPP" )
field ( DO8, "1" ) # 1 is equal to Voltage
58
      field (LNK8, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:5:StartBehaviour.SELN NPP") #field (DO9, "")
60
61
      field (LNK9, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:5:StartBehaviour.VAL NPP")
63
       field(FLNK, "${DEV}:${CAN_LINE}:${GROUP}:Start")
64
    }
```

Listing 4: EPICS code of static Grouping VoltageSet from iseg\_epics\_2.db.