GMSE: an R package for generalised management strategy evaluation

Supporting Information 1

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2017-11-07

Extended introduction to the genetic algorithm applied in GMSE

A genetic algorithm is called in the predefined GMSE manager and user models to simulate human decision making. As of GMSE version 0.3.1.9, this includes one independent call to the genetic algorithm for each decision-making agent in every GMSE time step. Therefore, one run of the genetic algorithm occurs to 10 simulate the manager's policy setting decisions in each time step (unless otherwise defined through non-default 11 manage_freq values greater than 1), and one run occurs to simulate each individual user's action decisions in 12 each time step (unless otherwise defined through non-default group_think = TRUE, in which case one user 13 makes decisions that all other users follow identically. Each run of the genetic algorithm mimics the evolution 14 by natural selection of a population of potential manager or user strategies over multiple generations, with the 15 highest fitness strategy in the terminal generation being selected as the one that the manager or user decides 16 to implement. For clarity, as in the main text, we use 'time step' to refer to a full GMSE cycle (in which multiple genetic algorithms may be run) and 'generation' to refer to a single, non-overlapping, generation 18 of potential strategies that evolve within a genetic algorithm (see Figure 1 of the main text). Below, we explain the genetic algorithm in detail, as it occurs in GMSE v0.3.1.9 (future versions of GMSE might expand upon this framework). We first explain the key data structures used, then provide an overview of how a 21 population of strategies is initialised, and the subsequent processes of crossover, mutation, cost constraint, 22 fitness evaluation, tournament selection, and replacement. We then explain the fitness functions of managers and users in more detail. 24

₂₅ Key data structures used

The focal data structure used for tracking manager and user decisions is a three dimensional array, which we will call ACTION (also returned as user_array by gmse_apply). Rows of ACTION correspond to the entities affected by actions (resources, landscape properties, or potentially other agents), and columns correspond either to properties of the affected entities, or to the actions potentially allocated to them. Each layer of ACTION corresponds to a unique agent, the first of which is the manager; additional layers correspond to users.

Below shows an ACTION array for a GMSE model with one manager and two users.

```
, , Manager_Actions
32
   ##
33
   ##
                  Act Type_1 Type_2 Type_3
                                                      Util. U land U loc. Scare Cull
34
                    -2
                             1
                                     0
                                             0
                                               1000.00000
                                                                   0
                                                                           0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                        0
   ## Resource
   ## Landscape
                    -1
                             1
                                     0
                                             0
                                                   0.00000
                                                                   0
                                                                           0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                        0
36
                                     0
                                             0
                                                                   0
                                                                           0
                                                                                      110
   ## Res_cost
                     1
                             1
                                                  92.97052
                                                                                 10
   ## U1 cost
                             1
                                     0
                                              0
                                                   0.00000
                                                                   0
                                                                           0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                        0
   ##
      U2_cost
                             1
                                     0
                                              0
                                                   0.00000
                                                                   0
                                                                           0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                        0
                             Feed Help_off
                  Castrate
                                             None
40
                          0
                                 0
                                           0
                                                 0
   ## Resource
                          0
                                 0
                                           0
                                                 0
   ## Landscape
```

```
## Res cost
                           10
                                  10
                                             10
                                                    10
43
                            0
                                   0
                                              0
                                                     0
   ## U1_cost
44
   ##
       U2 cost
                            0
                                   0
                                              0
                                                     0
45
   ##
   ##
       , , User_1_Actions
47
   ##
                    Act Type_1 Type_2 Type_3 Util. U_land U_loc. Scare Cull Castrate
   ##
49
   ## Resource
                     -2
                               1
                                        0
                                                 0
                                                       -1
                                                                 0
                                                                           0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                        9
50
       Landscape
                     -1
                               1
                                        0
                                                 0
                                                        0
                                                                 0
                                                                          0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                        0
                                                                                                    0
   ##
51
                                        0
                                                 0
                                                        0
                                                                          0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                        0
                                                                                                    0
   ##
       Res_cost
                      1
                               1
                                                                 0
52
   ##
       U1_cost
                      2
                               1
                                        0
                                                 0
                                                        0
                                                                 0
                                                                          0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                        0
                                                                                                    0
53
                                        0
                      3
                               1
                                                 0
                                                        0
                                                                 0
                                                                          0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                        0
                                                                                                    0
   ##
       U2_cost
54
   ##
                    Feed Help_off
                                     None
55
       Resource
   ##
                        0
                                   0
                                         0
56
                        0
                                   0
       Landscape
                                         1
57
       Res_cost
                        0
                                   0
                                         0
58
                        0
                                   0
                                         0
   ##
       U1_cost
   ##
       U2 cost
                        0
                                   0
                                         0
60
   ##
61
       , , User_2_Actions
   ##
62
   ##
63
                    Act Type_1 Type_2 Type_3 Util. U_land U_loc. Scare
   ##
64
                     -2
                                        0
                                                 0
                                                                          0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                        9
                               1
                                                       -1
                                                                 0
                                                                                                    0
   ## Resource
65
                               1
                                        0
                                                 0
                                                        0
                                                                          0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                        0
   ##
      Landscape
                     -1
                                                                 0
                                                                                                    0
66
                                        0
                                                 0
                                                        0
                                                                          0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                        0
                                                                                                    0
67
       Res cost
                      1
                               1
                                                                 0
   ##
       U1 cost
                      2
                               1
                                        0
                                                 0
                                                        0
                                                                 0
                                                                          0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                        0
                                                                                                    0
68
                      3
                               1
                                        0
                                                 0
                                                        0
                                                                 0
                                                                          0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                        0
                                                                                                    0
   ##
       U2_cost
69
   ##
                    Feed Help_off
                                     None
70
                                         0
   ## Resource
                        0
                                   0
71
   ## Landscape
                        0
                                   0
                                         0
72
   ## Res_cost
                        0
                                   0
                                         0
73
   ## U1_cost
                        0
                                   0
                                         0
74
                                         0
   ## U2_cost
75
```

The above array holds all of the information on manager and user actions. The first seven columns contain information about which entities are affected, and how they are affected. The first column Act identifies the type of action being performed; a value of -2 defines a direct action to a resource (e.g., culling of the resource), and a value of -1 defines direct action to a landscape (e.g., increasing yield). Positive values are currently only meaningful for Manager_Actions, where a value of 1 defines an action setting a uniform cost of users' direct actions on resources (i.e., costs where Act = -2 for User_1_Actions and User_2_Actions). All other values for Act are meaningless in GMSE 0.3.1.9, but might be expanded upon in future versions to allow for modification of specific user costs enacted by managers (i.e., managers having different policies for different users) or other users (e.g., users increasing the costs of other users' actions due to conflict or cooperation). Similarly, columns 2-4 refer to resource or landscape types, but only Type_1 = 1, Type_2 = 0, and Type_3 = 0 are allowed in GMSE v0.3.1.9 (i.e., only one type of resource is permitted). Future versions might allow for different resource types (e.g., Type_1 might be used to designate species, and Type_2 and Type_3 could designate stage or sex). For the rest of this supporting information, we will therefore focus only on rows 1-3 of ACTION. Column 5 Util. of ACTION defines the utility associated with the resource (where Act = -2) or landscape (where Act = -1). For managers, the target resource abundance set with the GMSE argument manage_target is found in row 1 (1000 in ACTION above); for users, the value in row 1 identifies whether resources are preferred to increase (if positive) or decrease (if negative). Values of column 5 in row 2 similarly identify whether landscape cell output is preferred by users to increase or decrease (managers do not currently have preferences for landscape output). Of special note is row 3 for Manager Actions, which defines the marginal utility of resources; that is, the adjustment to resource abundance that the manager will

attempt to make based on the manage_target and the estimated abundance produced by the observation model (in the case of the above, resource abundance is estimated at ca 907.03, so the manager will set policy in attempt to change the population size by ca 92.97 resources). Column 6 U_land defines whether or not the utility attached to the resource or landscape output depends on it being on a landscape cell that is owned by the acting user. Related, column 7 U_loc. defines whether or not actions can be performed only on a landscape cell that is owned by the acting user. Hence values of columns 6 and 7 are binary, and affected by the land_ownership argument in gmse. Finally, columns 8-13 correspond to specific actions, either direct (where Act < 0) or indirect by setting policy (for row 3 of Manager_Actions where Act = 1). The last column 13 None corresponds with no actions. See GMSE documentation for details about the effects of each action.

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Constraints on the values that elements in the ACTION array can take are defined by a COST array (also returned as manager_array by gmse_apply) of dimensions identical to ACTION. Elements of COST define how many units from the manager_budget or user_budget are needed to perform a single action; a minimum_cost for actions is defined as an argument in GMSE (10 by default). All values in COST columns 1-7 are set to 10001, one higher than the highest possible manager_budget or user_budget, so neither can affect resource types or utilities. Columns 8-13 are also set to 10001, except where actions are allowed. Below shows the COST array that corresponds to the above ACTION array.

```
##
         , Manager_Actions
113
   ##
114
   ##
                    Act Type_1 Type_2 Type_3 Util. U_land U_loc. Scare
115
                                         10001 10001
                                                       10001
                                                               10001 10001 10001
   ## Resource
                  10001
                          10001
                                 10001
116
                                                        10001
      Landscape 10001
                          10001
                                 10001
                                         10001 10001
                                                               10001 10001 10001
                                                        10001
      Res cost
                  10001
                          10001
                                 10001
                                         10001 10001
                                                                10001 10001
118
                          10001
119
   ## U1 cost
                  10001
                                 10001
                                         10001 10001
                                                        10001
                                                                10001 10001 10001
       U2 cost
                  10001
                          10001
                                 10001
                                         10001 10001
                                                        10001
                                                               10001 10001 10001
120
   ##
                  Castrate
                             Feed
                                  Help_off
                                             None
121
   ## Resource
                     10001 10001
                                      10001
                                                10
122
                     10001 10001
                                      10001
   ## Landscape
                                                10
123
   ## Res_cost
                     10001 10001
                                      10001
                                                10
124
   ## U1_cost
                     10001 10001
                                      10001 10001
125
   ## U2_cost
                     10001 10001
                                      10001 10001
126
   ##
127
         , User_1_Actions
   ##
128
   ##
129
   ##
                    Act Type_1 Type_2 Type_3 Util. U_land U_loc. Scare
130
   ## Resource
                  10001
                          10001
                                 10001
                                         10001 10001
                                                        10001
                                                               10001 10001
131
      Landscape 10001
                          10001
                                 10001
                                         10001 10001
                                                        10001
                                                                10001 10001 10001
132
                                 10001
                                         10001 10001
                                                        10001
                                                                10001 10001 10001
      Res cost
                  10001
                          10001
133
                                 10001
                                                        10001
                                                                10001 10001 10001
      U1_cost
                  10001
                          10001
                                         10001 10001
                                                        10001
      U2 cost
                  10001
                          10001
                                 10001
                                         10001 10001
                                                               10001 10001 10001
135
                             Feed Help off
   ##
                  Castrate
                                              None
   ## Resource
                     10001 10001
                                      10001
                                                10
137
                     10001 10001
   ## Landscape
                                      10001
                                                10
138
   ## Res_cost
                     10001 10001
                                      10001 10001
139
   ## U1_cost
                     10001 10001
                                      10001 10001
140
   ## U2 cost
                     10001 10001
                                      10001 10001
141
   ##
142
   ##
           User_2_Actions
143
   ##
144
   ##
                    Act Type_1 Type_2 Type_3 Util. U_land U_loc. Scare
                                                                              Cull
145
                  10001
                          10001
                                 10001
                                         10001 10001
                                                       10001
                                                               10001 10001
146
   ## Landscape 10001
                          10001
                                 10001
                                         10001 10001
                                                       10001
                                                               10001 10001 10001
147
   ## Res cost 10001
                         10001
                                 10001
                                         10001 10001 10001
                                                               10001 10001 10001
```

```
10001
   ## U1 cost
                          10001
                                 10001
                                         10001 10001
                                                        10001
                                                               10001 10001 10001
149
                  10001
                                                       10001 10001 10001 10001
   ## U2 cost
                          10001
                                 10001
                                         10001 10001
150
   ##
                  Castrate
                             Feed Help off
                                              None
151
                     10001 10001
                                      10001
   ## Resource
                                                10
152
   ## Landscape
                     10001 10001
                                      10001
                                                10
153
   ## Res cost
                     10001 10001
                                      10001 10001
   ## U1 cost
                     10001 10001
                                      10001 10001
155
   ## U2 cost
                     10001 10001
                                      10001 10001
156
```

Note that in default GMSE parameters, culling = TRUE, but all other actions are false. Hence the Cull 157 column 9 is the only column besides column 13 None in which cost is less than 10001. Manager's actions in 158 ACTION directly affect the cost of users performing one of the five possible actions on resources (columns 8-12). This can be verified in ACTION where the manager has set the cost of scaring to 110, and the corresponding 160 COST of resource culling (row 1) is 110 for both users. The cost of the manager affecting the cost of user actions is always set to the minimum_cost; here the default 10 is used. This minimum_cost also defines cost 162 values for None, in which the user or manager does nothing, as might occur if the manager wants to permit 163 culling and therefore does not want to invest any of their manager_budget to increasing the cost of culling. 164 Both ACTION and COST are updated in each time step unless manage_freq > 1, in which case COST and 165 Manager Actions in ACTION are updated at the frequency defined. 166

General overview of key aspects of the genetic algorithm

The genetic algorithm updates a single layer of the ACTION array, which defines to the decisions of a single agent (either the manager or a user). The corresponding layer of the COST array remains unchanged, and 169 serves only to ensure that ACTION values do not exceed manager_budget or user_budget for managers and users, respectively. The genetic algorithm proceeds by first initialising a large population of new ACTION 171 layers. In each generation, these layers crossover and mutate, generating variation in agent decisions; costs constrain this variation from exceeding a maximum budget, then the fitness of each layer is evaluated based on 173 how much it increases the agent's utility. A tournament is used to select high fitness layers, and these selected 174 layers become the new generation of layers; generations continue until a minimum number of generations 175 (ga_mingen) have passed and a convergence criteria is satisfied such that the increase in mean fitness from 176 the previous generation is below the threshold converge_crit. 177

178 Initialisation

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At the start of each genetic algorithm, a population of size ga_popsize is initialised (hereafter the POPULATION array). This population is held in a 3D array of ga_popsize layers. Each layer includes an identical number of rows and columns as in ACTION, and one layer defines a single 'individual' in the population. The first seven columns of ACTION are replicated exactly for all individuals, and remain unchanged throughout the genetic algorithm thereby preserving the information about which entities are affected by actions in a given row. The remaining columns are either also replicated exactly as in ACTION (i.e., initialised to be the same decisions as in a previous time step), or randomly seeded with values given the constraints of manager_budget or user_budget (i.e., initialised to random decision making). The number of exact replicates initialised is set using ga_seedrep (if ga_seedrep \geq ga_popsize, then all individuals are seeded as replicates). After the POPULATION of ga_popsize individuals is initialised, a loop simulating the adaptive evolution of POPULATION in non-overlapping generations begins.

• Crossover

A single generation of the genetic algorithm begins with a uniform crossover (Hamblin, 2013), by which actions of individuals in POPULATION are randomly swapped with some probability. To implement crossover, each

individual selects a partner, then exchanges corresponding array elements affecting agent actions (columns 8-13) with their partner at a fixed probability of ga_crossover.

- 195 Mutation
- 196 Cost constraint
- 197 Fitness evaluation
- 198 Tournament selection
- 199 Replacement

Detailed explanation of manager and user fitness functions

201 Manager fitness function

User fitness function

Thanks for the clarification regarding the equation. I'll try to answer as best as I can – apologies if this has been unclear. At the broadest scale, the equation for user fitness would be on L367 in the strategy_fitness function (https://github.com/bradduthie/gmse/blob/master/src/game.c#L376). Here's what's going on: Users are predicting how their actions will change the quantities of things in the model (either resources or landscape output), and these changes are individually multiplied by the users' utilities for that thing. The change multiplied by utility for each thing is summed across all things to get a value for fitness. Note that positive change times positive utility, and negative change times negative utility, will increase fitness (i.e., increasing the thing users want more of and decreasing the things they want less of). Hence, an equation describing user fitness would be the below,

$$F_{user} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \Delta A_i \times U_i$$

•

Where F_{user} is user fitness, N is the total number of things that might be of interest (at the moment N=2 in GMSE, one resource and, potentially, one landscape value), ΔA_i is the change in the abundance of thing i, and U_i is the utility of thing i from the perspective of the user (apologies for the LaTeX code – attached a PNG of the conversion). I want to stress though that I would not consider this equation to be central to the GMSE framework – if someone else has a better approach for defining fitness, or defining any of the terms listed above, or wants to expand upon it to include new things, then that would be awesome! The above just works well as a heuristic tool to get users to act in such a way as to maximise their interests in harvesting or getting more crop yield (as is my intent), but it's not based on first principles and I don't claim it to be particularly special.

The values of ΔA_i are calculated for resources and the landscape in the functions res_to_counts and land_to_counts, respectively (and U_i is specified a priori in the model depending on other parameters – namely land_ownership). Again, a bit of heuristic is needed here because there cannot be any perfect way of exactly predicting how a users actions will increase or decrease resources – there are too many complex factors (e.g., behaviour of other stakeholders, demographic stochasticity, movement of resources on the landscape, and interactions between resources and the landscape). Even if we could include all of these things somehow, it would be a bit unrealistic in that real stakeholders would never have this much information. The predicted direct effect of actions on resources is shown in lines 268-272 (https:

//github.com/bradduthie/gmse/blob/master/src/game.c#L268), and the array 'jaco' (a sort of Jacobian matrix) accounts for interactions between landscape and resources on line 286. Something similar happens in the land_to_counts function. The manager's genetic algorithm works in a similar way (the above equation applies), but with the need to dynamically update utility values based on current resource abundance, and to account for the predicted actions of users in finding ΔA_i .

5 References

Hamblin, S. (2013). On the practical usage of genetic algorithms in ecology and evolution. Methods in Ecology and Evolution, 4:184-194.