Management frequency and extinction risk

GMSE: an R package for generalised management strategy evaluation (Supporting Information 5)

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The individual-based approach of default GMSE submodels

The default submodels of GMSE (resource, observation, manager, user) are individual-based (also called 'agent-based'), meaning that they model discrete individuals (resources or agents), which in GMSE are represented by individual table rows (RESOURCES, AGENTS, OBSERVATION) or layers of three-dimensional arrays (COST, ACTION). Individual-based models (IBMs) have been a useful approach in ecology for decades (Uchmański and Grimm, 1996; Grimm, 1999), providing both a pragmatic tool for the mechanistic modelling of complex populations and a powerful technique for theoretical investigation. A key advantage of the individual-based modelling approach is the discrete nature of individuals, which allows for detailed trait variation and complex interactions among individuals. In GMSE, some of the most important traits for resources include types, ages, demographic parameter values, locations, etc., and for agents (manager and users), traits include different types, utilities, budgets, etc. The traits that resources and managers have can potentially affect their interactions, and default GMSE submodels take advantage of this by simulating interactions explicitly on a landscape (see SI7 for an introduction to GMSE default data structures).

Replicate simulations as a tool for model inference

Modelling complex interactions among discrete individuals mechanistically typically causes some degree of stochasticity in IBMs (in the code, this is caused by the sampling of random values, which determine probabilistically whether or not events such as birth or death occur for individuals), reflecting the uncertainty that is inherent to complex systems. We can see a simple example of this by calling <code>gmse_apply</code> under the same default conditions twice.

```
rand_eg_1 <- gmse_apply();</pre>
print(rand eg 1);
## $resource results
## [1] 1106
##
## $observation_results
## [1] 1201.814
##
##
   $manager_results
##
            resource_type scaring culling castration feeding help_offspring
## policy_1
                                NA
                                         73
                                                             NA
##
## $user_results
##
           resource_type scaring culling castration feeding help_offspring
                               NA
## Manager
                                                            NA
```

```
## user 1
                                  NA
                                            13
                                                         NA
                                                                  NA
                                                                                   NA
                          1
                                  NA
                                            13
                                                        NA
                                                                  NΑ
                                                                                   NΑ
## user 2
                          1
## user 3
                          1
                                  NA
                                            13
                                                        NA
                                                                  NA
                                                                                   NA
                          1
                                                                                   NA
##
   user 4
                                  NA
                                            13
                                                        NA
                                                                  NA
##
            tend_crops kill_crops
## Manager
                      NA
## user 1
                      NA
                                  NA
## user 2
                      NA
                                  NA
## user 3
                      NA
                                  NA
                      NA
## user_4
                                  NA
```

Although the second call to <code>gmse_apply</code> has identical initial conditions, because resource demographics (e.g., birth and death) and agent decision making (e.g., policy generation and user actions) is not deterministic, a slightly different result is obtained.

```
rand_eg_2 <- gmse_apply();</pre>
print(rand_eg_2);
## $resource_results
##
   [1] 1118
##
## $observation_results
   [1] 1315.193
##
##
##
   $manager results
##
             resource_type scaring culling castration feeding help_offspring
                          1
                                  NA
                                           62
                                                       NA
                                                                NA
## policy_1
##
##
   $user results
            resource_type scaring culling castration feeding help_offspring
##
## Manager
                         1
                                 NA
                                           0
                                                      NA
                                                               NA
                                                                                NA
## user_1
                         1
                                          16
                                                               NA
                                                                                NA
                                 NA
                                                      NA
## user_2
                         1
                                 NA
                                          16
                                                      NA
                                                               NA
                                                                               NA
                         1
                                                                               NA
## user_3
                                 NA
                                          16
                                                      NA
                                                               NA
                         1
                                 NA
                                          16
                                                      NA
                                                               NA
                                                                               NA
## user_4
##
            tend_crops
                        kill_crops
## Manager
                     NA
                                 NA
## user_1
                     NA
                                 NA
## user_2
                     NA
                                 NA
## user 3
                     NA
                                 NA
## user 4
                     NA
                                 NA
```

To make meaningful model inferences, it is often necessary to replicate simulations under the same initial conditions to understand the range of predicted outcomes for a particular set of parameter values. This can be computationally intense, but it can also lead to a more robust understanding of the range of dynamics that might be expected in a system. Additionally, when parameter values are unknown but believed to be important, replicate simulations can be applied across a range of values to understand how a particular parameter might affect system dynamics. Below, we show how to use the <code>gmse_replicates</code> function to simulate a simple example of a managed population that is hunted by users. This function calls <code>gmse</code> multiple times and aggregates the results from replicate simulations into a single table.

For a single simulation, the gmse_table function prints out key information from a gmse simulation result. The example provided in the GMSE documentation is below.

```
gmse_sim <- gmse(time_max = 10, plotting = FALSE);
## [1] "Initialising simulations ... "</pre>
```

```
sim_table <- gmse_table(gmse_sim = gmse_sim);
print(sim_table)

## time_step resources estimate cost_culling cost_unused act_culling
## [1,] 1 1091 997.7324 53 57 72</pre>
```

```
##
    [2,]
                   2
                           1115
                                  657.5964
                                                       110
                                                                       0
                                                                                    36
    [3,]
##
                   3
                           1215 1587.3016
                                                        10
                                                                     100
                                                                                   300
    [4,]
                   4
##
                           1082
                                 907.0295
                                                       106
                                                                       4
                                                                                    36
##
    [5,]
                   5
                           1224 1088.4354
                                                        30
                                                                      80
                                                                                   132
                   6
##
    [6,]
                           1435 1519.2744
                                                        10
                                                                     100
                                                                                   368
##
    [7,]
                   7
                           1274 1337.8685
                                                        10
                                                                     100
                                                                                   400
##
    [8,]
                   8
                           1039 1088.4354
                                                        31
                                                                      79
                                                                                   128
##
    [9,]
                   9
                           1076 1111.1111
                                                        22
                                                                      88
                                                                                   180
##
          act_unused harvested
##
    [1,]
                    5
                               72
##
    [2,]
                    3
                               36
##
    [3,]
                  100
                              300
##
                    7
                               36
    [4,]
##
    [5,]
                    1
                              132
    [6,]
                   31
##
                              368
    [7,]
                              400
##
                    0
##
    [8,]
                    0
                              128
##
    [9,]
                    2
                              180
```

We can also only record the last time step in gmse_table.

```
sim_table_last <- gmse_table(gmse_sim = gmse_sim, all_time = FALSE);
print(sim_table_last)</pre>
```

```
##
      time step
                    resources
                                   estimate cost culling
                                                           cost unused
##
          9.000
                     1076.000
                                   1111.111
                                                   22.000
                                                                 88.000
##
    act culling
                   act unused
                                  harvested
##
        180.000
                        2.000
                                    180.000
```

The gmse_replicates function replicates multiple simulations under the same initial conditions, then returns a table showing the values of all simulations. This can be useful, for example, for testing how often a population is expected to go to extinction or carrying capacity under a given set of parameter values.

References

Grimm, V. (1999). Ten years of individual-based modelling in ecology: what have we learned and what could we learn in the future? *Ecological Modelling*, 115(2-3):129–148.

Uchmański, J. and Grimm, V. (1996). Individual-based modelling in ecology: what makes the difference? Trends in Ecology & Evolution, 11(10):437–441.