

Politechnika Wrocławska

Wydział Informatyki i Zarządzania

kierunek studiów: Informatyka

specjalność: Inteligentne Systemy Informatyczne

Praca dyplomowa - magisterska

TITLE EN

Adrian Bajdiuk

słowa kluczowe: KEYWORDS

krótkie streszczenie: SHORT ABSTRACT

Promotor:	dr Radosław Michalski		
	imię i nazwisko	ocena	podpis

Do celów archiwalnych pracę dyplomową zakwalifikowano do:*

- a) kategorii A (akta wieczyste)
- $b)\ kategorii\ BE\ 50\ (po\ 50\ latach\ podlegające\ ekspertyzie)$

pieczątka wydziałowa

Wrocław 2016

^{*} niepotrzebne skreślić

Contents

Chapte	er 1. Introduction	1
1.1.	Background	1
1.2.	Dissertation goal	1
	Outline	
Chapte	er 2. Failures cascade in power grid model	3
2.1.	Power grid preliminaries	3
2.2.	Simple DC power flow model	3
2.3.	Cascade propagation model	3
2.4.	Complex Network preliminaries	3
Chapte	er 3. Experiment	5
3.1.	Overview	5
	Cascade trigger selection	5
	Grid elements selection methods for improvement	5
Chapte	er 4. Results discussion	7
Chapte	er 5. Conclusion	9
_	Section 2	9
	5.1.1. Subsection 1	9
Appen	dix A. Appendix 1	11
Bibliog	graphy	13

Abstract

ABSTRACT PL

Abstract

 ${\bf ABSTRACT~EN}$

Introduction

1.1. Background

The electric power grid is crucial part of economic and security systems. In fact nearly every branch of the daily life in modern societies operates using every sorts of energy with electric at the top. Every disruption to power transmission systems may cause tremendous economical and social losses for technologically advanced societies through strong dependencies on it of other critical infrastructures like telecommunications and transportation [6]. Power transmission systems key importance to modern societies encourages to further investigate electric power grids reliability and resiliency through development of new assessment methods and strategies to mitigate cascading blackouts.

From technological point of view, the electric power transmission grid involves many of present knowledge areas contributing to its design, operations and analysis. This involvement caused a tendency for more local analysis, focused only on elements important to interesting parties, losing the big picture of a problem [3],[5]. Thanks to advances in Complex Network Analysis and Graph Theory[4],[2] a step forward global approach was taken[7],[1].

1.2. Dissertation goal

following paper instead of focusing on finding elements with the greatest impact in case of failure, tries to find out subset of elements which improvement helps to mitigate cascade in case of described failure.

1.3. Outline

describe following chapters

Failures cascade in power grid - model

- 2.1. Power grid preliminaries
- 2.2. Simple DC power flow model
- 2.3. Cascade propagation model
- 2.4. Complex Network preliminaries

Experiment

- 3.1. Overview
- 3.2. Cascade trigger selection
- 3.3. Grid elements selection methods for improvement

Results discussion

Conclusion

```
      Algorytm 1 Alghoritm 1

      T \leftarrow text under analysis

      for each word w \in T do

      S_w \leftarrow FIND\_SENTIMENT(w)

      if S_w = POSITIVE then

      Sentiment[POSITIVE] + +

      else if S_w = NEGATIVE then

      Sentiment[NEGATIVE] + +

      else

      Sentiment[NEUTRAL] + +

      end if

      end for

      return arg max_x Sentiment[x]
```

Figure 5.1: Schema 1 ¡GRAPHIC¿

5.1. Section 2

5.1.1. Subsection 1

```
Subsubsection 1
Definicja 1
Definicja - pierwsza
```

Appendix A

Appendix 1

Spis rysunkow	
5.1 Schema 1	9
Spis wzorów	
Spis algorytmów	
1 Alghoritm 1	9

Bibliography

- [1] A. Assztalos, S. Sreenivasan B. K. S. G. K. Cascading failures in spatially-embedded random networks. *PLoS ONE*, 9(1), 2014.
- [2] A. L. Barabasi R. A. Emergence of scalling in random networks. Science, Vol.286, 1997.
- [3] B. Carreras, V. Lynch M. S. I. D. D. N. Modeling blackout dynamics in power transmission networks with simple structure. *IEEE Computer Society*, (HICSS-342) Vol.2, 2001.
- [4] D. J. Watts S. H. S. Collective dynamics of small-world networks. *Nature*, Vol.393(no. 6684), 1998.
- [5] I. A. Hiskens M. A. Analysis of the nordel power grid disturbance of january 1, 1997 using trajectory sensitivities. *IEEE Transactions on Power Systems*, Vol.14(no. 3), 1997.
- [6] M. Van Eaten, A. Nieuwenhuijs E. L. M. K. E. C. The state and the threat of cascading failure across critical infrastructures. *Public Administration*, 89(2), 2011.
- [7] Y. Koc, M. Warnier R. K. F. B. Structural vulnerability assessment of electric power grids. 2014.