

# L2AC | Adrian Nugroho Basuki

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## Exercise 1 - DSA TA 2024

### Part 1: Identifying Big-O Notations

1. Identify the Big-O of the below Java code

```
public void no1(int n) {  
    System.out.println(n*2);  
}
```

$O(1)$

2. Identify the Big-O of the below Java code

```
public void no2(int[] n) {  
    for (int i = 0; i <= n.length; i++) {  
        System.out.print(n[i]);  
    }  
}
```

$O(n)$

3. Identify the Big-O of the below Java code (Extra points for identifying the algorithm name)

```
public void no3(int[] arr, int n) {  
    int first = 0;  
    int last = arr.length - 1;  
    while (first <= last) {  
        int mid = (last - first / 2) + first;  
        if (mid == n) {  
            System.out.println(mid);  
        }  
        else if (mid < n) {  
            last = mid - 1;  
        }  
        else {  
            first = mid + 1;  
        }  
    }  
}
```

$O(\log n)$

Binary search

4. Identify the Big-O of the below Java code (Extra points for identifying the algorithm name)

```
public int partition(int[] n, int begin, int end) {
    int pivot = n[end];
    int i = begin - 1;
    for (int j = begin; j < end; j++) {
        if (n[j] <= pivot) {
            i++;
            int temp = n[i];
            n[i] = n[j];
            n[j] = temp;
        }
    }
    int temp = n[i+1];
    n[i+1] = n[end];
    n[end] = temp;
    return i+1;
}

public void no4(int[] n, int begin, int end) {
    if (begin < end) {
        int partition = partition(n, begin, end);
        no4(n, begin, partition-1);
        no4(n, partition+1, end);
    }
}
```

$O(n^2)$

Quick Sort

5. Identify the Big-O of the below Java code (Extra points for identifying the algorithm name)

```
public void no5(int[] n, int no) {  
    int i,j,temp;  
    boolean swap;  
    for (i = 0; i < no - 1; i++) {  
        swap = false;  
        for (j = 0; j < no - i - 1; j++) {  
            if (n[j] > n[j+1]) {  
                temp = n[j];  
                n[j] = n[j+1];  
                n[j+1] = temp;  
                swap = true;  
            }  
        }  
        if (swap == false) {  
            break;  
        }  
    }  
}
```

$O(n^2)$

Bubble sort

## Part 2 - Programming

Create an Animal Class that satisfies 3 out of 4 OOP principles (Inheritance, Encapsulation, Polymorphism, and Abstraction). Ex = the Animal class can be the parent of a Lion class (Inheritance). Make a constructor, setters, and getters for the Animal class. Create a driver class to run your code. Attach screenshots of the code and results along with a GitHub Repo link for your code. In your GitHub Repo, make a readme.md to explain your code (search online on how to properly document your repository in a readme.md file).