

Bitwise operators exercises.

STM32 Course Portfolio

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Exercises

1. Evaluate the following logical operations:

1. $4 \& 7 = 0100 \& 0111 = 0111 = 0100 = 4$
2. $16 | 7 = 0001\ 0000 | 0000\ 0111 = 0001\ 0111 = 24$
3. $2 \& (\sim 13) = \sim(1101) = 0010 \& 0010 = 0010 = 2$
4. $5 \wedge 8 = (0101) \wedge (1000) = 1101 = 13$
5. $7 \gg 2 = (0111) \gg (0010) = (0001) = 1$ (Overflow)
6. $84 \gg 4 = (0101\ 0100) \gg (0100) = 0101 = 5$ (Overflow)
7. $15 \ll 4 = (1111) \ll 4 = 1111\ 0000 = 240$
8. $4 \& (2 \ll 3) = (0010 \ll 3) = 0001\ 0000 \& (0000\ 0100) = 0000\ 0000 = 0$
9. $2 | (19 \gg 1) = 0001\ 0011 \gg 1 = 1001 | 0010 = 1011 = 11.$
10. $0xFF \& (0x13 \ll 0x2) = 1111\ 1111 \& (0001\ 0011 \ll 0010) = 0100\ 1100 \& 1111\ 1111 = 0100\ 1100 = 0x4C = 76.$

2. Convert the following numbers to Hexadecimal.

1. $1011\ 1100 = 0xBC$
2. $1000\ 0001\ 1100 = 0x81C$
3. $1000\ 0011\ 0011\ 1111\ 1010 = 0x833FA$
4. $1111\ 1010\ 0001 = 0xFA1$
5. $1111\ 1111\ 1111\ 1111\ 1101\ 1110 = 0xFFFFDE$

3. Convert the following numbers to Binary:

1. $84 = 0101\ 0100$
2. $0xFC15 = 1111\ 1101\ 0001\ 0101$
3. $0x5487DA = 0101\ 0100\ 1000\ 0111\ 1110\ 1010$
4. $298 = 0001\ 0010\ 1010$
5. $0xA15CB4 = 1010\ 0001\ 0101\ 1101\ 1011\ 0100$