

[illegible]

A histogram showing the frequency distribution of residuals (ob-pr). The x-axis is labeled 'Residual (ob-pr)' and ranges from approximately -0.25 to 0.15, with major ticks at -0.2, -0.1, 0.0, and 0.1. The y-axis is labeled 'Frequency' and ranges from 0 to 10, with major ticks every 2 units. The histogram consists of 10 bars, each with a width of 0.05. A blue normal distribution curve is overlaid on the histogram, centered at 0.0, indicating that the residuals are approximately normally distributed.

Residual Bin Range	Frequency
-0.25 to -0.20	1
-0.20 to -0.15	1
-0.15 to -0.10	1
-0.10 to -0.05	2
-0.05 to 0.00	10
0.00 to 0.05	8
0.05 to 0.10	7
0.10 to 0.15	2

Breusch–Pagan test for heteroskedasticity:	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.8648
Harrison–McCabe test for heteroskedasticity:	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.514
Breusch–Godfrey test for higher–order serial correlation:	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0
Durbin–Watson test for autocorrelation of disturbances:	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0
Lilliefors (Kolmogorov–Smirnov) test for normality:	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.0344
Anderson–Darling test for normality:	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.1192
Pearson chi–square test for normality:	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.3579
Shapiro–Wilk test for normality:	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.0767
Phillips–Perron test for null hypothesis x has a unit root:	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.01
Runs test:	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.1506