

Skanowanie Podatności Metasploitable -12.05.24

all

Report generated by Nessus™

Sun, 12 May 2024 10:09:44 EDT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Compliance 'FAILED'	
Compliance 'SKIPPED'	
Compliance 'PASSED'	
Compliance 'INFO', 'WARNING', 'ERROR'	
Hosts with Vulnerabilities Report	
Hosts with Vulnerabilities: Top 25 Vulnerabilities by Plugin	13
Hosts with Vulnerabilities: Hosts by Plugin	15
Vulnerabilities by Host	
• 10.10.10.10.	18
Vulnerabilities by Host	
• 10.10.10.10.	25
Remediations	
Suggested Remediations	191
Exploitable Vulnerabilities Report	
• Exploitable Vulnerabilities: Top 25	193
Exploitable Vulnerabilities: Hosts by Plugin	194
Overview	
Vulnerability Instances: all and exploitable, by severity	196
Top 10 Critical Vulnerabilities • No Results:	100
Top 10 Critical Vulnerabilities: (CVSS v3.0)	199

Top 10 High Vulnerabilities

No Results:	201
Top 10 High Vulnerabilities: (CVSS v3.0)	202
Top 10 Most Prevalent Vulnerabilities	
Top 10 Most Prevalent Vulnerabilities: (VPR)	204
Top 10 Most Prevalent Vulnerabilities: (CVSS v3.0)	205
Default/Known Accounts Report	
• No Results:	207
Unsupported Software Report	
Unsupported Software: Top 25	209
Unsupported Software: Hosts by Plugin	210
OS Detections Report	
OS Detections: Counts by Confidence Level	212
• OS Detections: Max Severity by OS Family (Confidence > 50)	213
OS Detections: Details (Confidence > 50)	214
Vulnerabilities by Plugin	
• 20007 (2) - SSL Version 2 and 3 Protocol Detection	216
• 32321 (2) - Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness (SSL check)	219
• 11356 (1) - NFS Exported Share Information Disclosure	221
• 32314 (1) - Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness	223
• 33850 (1) - Unix Operating System Unsupported Version Detection	225
• 51988 (1) - Bind Shell Backdoor Detection	226
• 61708 (1) - VNC Server 'password' Password	227
• 42873 (2) - SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)	228
• 10205 (1) - rlogin Service Detection	230
• 10245 (1) - rsh Service Detection	231
• 42256 (1) - NFS Shares World Readable	232
• 90509 (1) - Samba Badlock Vulnerability	233

• 136769 (1) - ISC BIND Service Downgrade / Reflected DoS	235
• 15901 (2) - SSL Certificate Expiry	237
• 45411 (2) - SSL Certificate with Wrong Hostname	239
• 51192 (2) - SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted	241
• 57582 (2) - SSL Self-Signed Certificate	243
65821 (2) - SSL RC4 Cipher Suites Supported (Bar Mitzvah)	245
• 104743 (2) - TLS Version 1.0 Protocol Detection	248
• 11213 (1) - HTTP TRACE / TRACK Methods Allowed	250
• 12217 (1) - DNS Server Cache Snooping Remote Information Disclosure	253
• 26928 (1) - SSL Weak Cipher Suites Supported	255
• 31705 (1) - SSL Anonymous Cipher Suites Supported	257
• 33447 (1) - Multiple Vendor DNS Query ID Field Prediction Cache Poisoning	259
• 42263 (1) - Unencrypted Telnet Server	261
• 52611 (1) - SMTP Service STARTTLS Plaintext Command Injection	263
• 57608 (1) - SMB Signing not required	265
• 81606 (1) - SSL/TLS EXPORT_RSA <= 512-bit Cipher Suites Supported (FREAK)	267
89058 (1) - SSL DROWN Attack Vulnerability (Decrypting RSA with Obsolete and Weakened eNcryption)	269
• 90317 (1) - SSH Weak Algorithms Supported	271
• 136808 (1) - ISC BIND Denial of Service	272
• 139915 (1) - ISC BIND 9.x < 9.11.22, 9.12.x < 9.16.6, 9.17.x < 9.17.4 DoS	274
• 78479 (2) - SSLv3 Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption Vulnerability (POODLE)	276
• 10114 (1) - ICMP Timestamp Request Remote Date Disclosure	278
• 10407 (1) - X Server Detection	279
• 70658 (1) - SSH Server CBC Mode Ciphers Enabled	280
• 71049 (1) - SSH Weak MAC Algorithms Enabled	282
• 83738 (1) - SSL/TLS EXPORT_DHE <= 512-bit Export Cipher Suites Supported (Logjam)	283
• 83875 (1) - SSL/TLS Diffie-Hellman Modulus <= 1024 Bits (Logjam)	285
• 153953 (1) - SSH Weak Key Exchange Algorithms Enabled	287
• 11219 (25) - Nessus SYN scanner	289

• 11111 (10) - RPC Services Enumeration	292
• 22964 (8) - Service Detection	295
• 10092 (2) - FTP Server Detection	297
• 10863 (2) - SSL Certificate Information	298
• 11002 (2) - DNS Server Detection	301
• 11011 (2) - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection	302
• 11154 (2) - Unknown Service Detection: Banner Retrieval	303
• 21643 (2) - SSL Cipher Suites Supported	305
• 22227 (2) - RMI Registry Detection	307
• 45410 (2) - SSL Certificate 'commonName' Mismatch	308
• 50845 (2) - OpenSSL Detection	309
• 56984 (2) - SSL / TLS Versions Supported	310
• 57041 (2) - SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy Cipher Suites Supported	311
62563 (2) - SSL Compression Methods Supported	313
• 70544 (2) - SSL Cipher Block Chaining Cipher Suites Supported	314
• 156899 (2) - SSL/TLS Recommended Cipher Suites	316
• 10028 (1) - DNS Server BIND version Directive Remote Version Detection	319
• 10107 (1) - HTTP Server Type and Version	320
• 10150 (1) - Windows NetBIOS / SMB Remote Host Information Disclosure	321
• 10223 (1) - RPC portmapper Service Detection	322
• 10263 (1) - SMTP Server Detection	323
• 10267 (1) - SSH Server Type and Version Information	324
• 10281 (1) - Telnet Server Detection	325
• 10287 (1) - Traceroute Information	326
• 10342 (1) - VNC Software Detection	327
• 10397 (1) - Microsoft Windows SMB LanMan Pipe Server Listing Disclosure	328
• 10437 (1) - NFS Share Export List	329
• 10719 (1) - MySQL Server Detection	330
• 10785 (1) - Microsoft Windows SMB NativeLanManager Remote System Information Disclosure	331

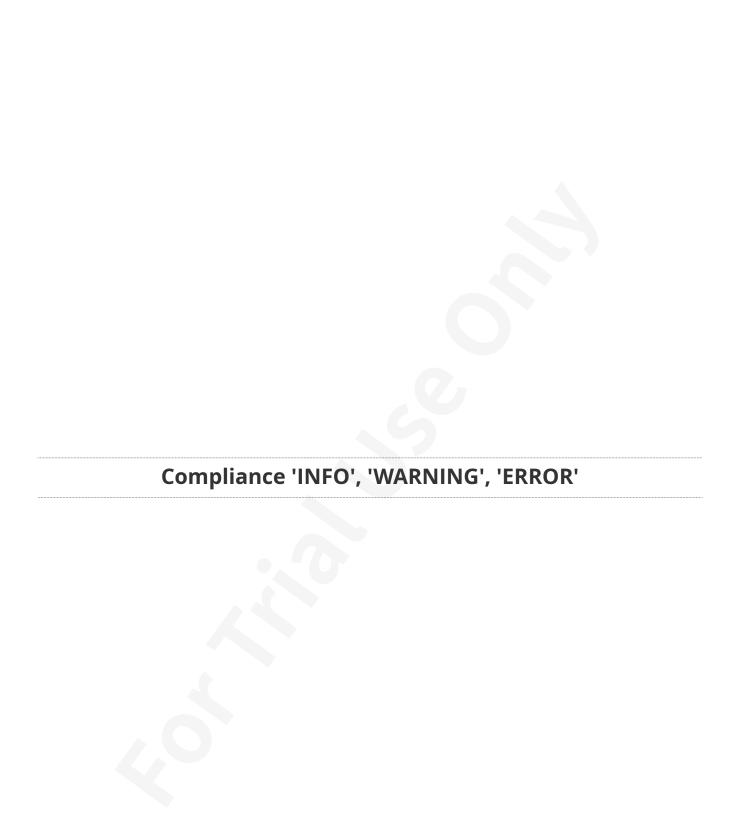
• 10881 (1) - SSH Protocol Versions Supported	332
• 11153 (1) - Service Detection (HELP Request)	333
• 11156 (1) - IRC Daemon Version Detection	334
• 11424 (1) - WebDAV Detection	335
• 11819 (1) - TFTP Daemon Detection	336
• 11936 (1) - OS Identification	337
• 17975 (1) - Service Detection (GET request)	339
• 18261 (1) - Apache Banner Linux Distribution Disclosure	340
• 19288 (1) - VNC Server Security Type Detection	341
• 19506 (1) - Nessus Scan Information	342
• 24260 (1) - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information	344
• 25220 (1) - TCP/IP Timestamps Supported	346
• 25240 (1) - Samba Server Detection	347
26024 (1) - PostgreSQL Server Detection	348
• 35371 (1) - DNS Server hostname.bind Map Hostname Disclosure	349
• 35373 (1) - DNS Server DNSSEC Aware Resolver	350
• 35716 (1) - Ethernet Card Manufacturer Detection	351
• 39519 (1) - Backported Security Patch Detection (FTP)	352
• 39520 (1) - Backported Security Patch Detection (SSH)	353
• 39521 (1) - Backported Security Patch Detection (WWW)	354
• 42088 (1) - SMTP Service STARTTLS Command Support	355
• 45590 (1) - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)	357
• 48204 (1) - Apache HTTP Server Version	359
• 48243 (1) - PHP Version Detection	360
• 51891 (1) - SSL Session Resume Supported	361
• 52703 (1) - vsftpd Detection	362
• 53335 (1) - RPC portmapper (TCP)	363
• 54615 (1) - Device Type	364
65792 (1) - VNC Server Unencrypted Communication Detection	365

• 66334 (1) - Patch Report	366
• 70657 (1) - SSH Algorithms and Languages Supported	367
• 84574 (1) - Backported Security Patch Detection (PHP)	369
• 86420 (1) - Ethernet MAC Addresses	370
• 96982 (1) - Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol Version 1 Enabled (uncredentialed check)	371
• 100871 (1) - Microsoft Windows SMB Versions Supported (remote check)	373
• 104887 (1) - Samba Version	374
• 106716 (1) - Microsoft Windows SMB2 and SMB3 Dialects Supported (remote check)	375
• 110723 (1) - Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided	376
• 117886 (1) - OS Security Patch Assessment Not Available	378
• 118224 (1) - PostgreSQL STARTTLS Support	379
• 135860 (1) - WMI Not Available	381
• 149334 (1) - SSH Password Authentication Accepted	382
• 153588 (1) - SSH SHA-1 HMAC Algorithms Enabled	383
• 181418 (1) - OpenSSH Detection	384









Hosts with Vulnerabilities Report

Any vulnerabilities create gaps in the network's integrity, which attackers can take advantage of to gain access to the network. Once inside the network, an attacker can perform malicious attacks, steal sensitive data, and cause significant damage to critical systems. This report provides a summary of the most prevalent vulnerabilities.

Hosts with Vulnerabilities: Top 25 Vulnerabilities by Plugin

The Hosts with Vulnerabilities: Top 25 table organizes the most prevalent vulnerabilities detected. The data is sorted using the count, which is a representation of the affected hosts. While some plugins may be present more than one time on a single host, for the most part a plugin will only be present once on each host. This list of vulnerabilities exposes the organization to many different attack frameworks and script kiddie attacks. These vulnerabilities should be prioritized and the software removed or updated to a supported version as soon as possible.

Severity (CVSS v3.0)	Plugin ID	Plugin Name	Count
CRITICAL	20007	SSL Version 2 and 3 Protocol Detection	2
CRITICAL	32321	Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness (SSL check)	2
HIGH	42873	SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)	2
MEDIUM	15901	SSL Certificate Expiry	2
MEDIUM	45411	SSL Certificate with Wrong Hostname	2
MEDIUM	51192	SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted	2
MEDIUM	57582	SSL Self-Signed Certificate	2
MEDIUM	65821	SSL RC4 Cipher Suites Supported (Bar Mitzvah)	2
MEDIUM	104743	TLS Version 1.0 Protocol Detection	2
LOW	78479	SSLv3 Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption Vulnerability (POODLE)	2
CRITICAL	11356	NFS Exported Share Information Disclosure	1
CRITICAL	32314	Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness	1
CRITICAL	33850	Unix Operating System Unsupported Version Detection	1
CRITICAL	51988	Bind Shell Backdoor Detection	1
CRITICAL	61708	VNC Server 'password' Password	1
HIGH	10205	rlogin Service Detection	1
HIGH	10245	rsh Service Detection	1

HIGH	42256	NFS Shares World Readable	1
HIGH	90509	Samba Badlock Vulnerability	1
HIGH	136769	ISC BIND Service Downgrade / Reflected DoS	1
MEDIUM	11213	HTTP TRACE / TRACK Methods Allowed	1
MEDIUM	12217	DNS Server Cache Snooping Remote Information Disclosure	1
MEDIUM	26928	SSL Weak Cipher Suites Supported	1
MEDIUM	31705	SSL Anonymous Cipher Suites Supported	1
MEDIUM	33447	Multiple Vendor DNS Query ID Field Prediction Cache Poisoning	1

Hosts with Vulnerabilities: Hosts by Plugin

The Hosts with Vulnerabilities: Hosts by Plugin table provides the IT operations team with an action plan and the identified hosts for each vulnerability. IT managers are able to use this information in planning patch deployments and in working with the information security team in risk mitigation efforts. The table provides all detected vulnerabilities and sorts the scan results using severity, then plugin ID. The entries in the "Hosts" column are then sorted in ascending order.

Severity (CVSS v3.0)	Plugin ID	Plugin Name	Hosts
CRITICAL	20007	SSL Version 2 and 3 Protocol Detection	10.10.10.10
CRITICAL	32321	Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness (SSL check)	10.10.10.10
HIGH	42873	SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)	10.10.10.10
MEDIUM	15901	SSL Certificate Expiry	10.10.10.10
MEDIUM	45411	SSL Certificate with Wrong Hostname	10.10.10.10
MEDIUM	51192	SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted	10.10.10.10
MEDIUM	57582	SSL Self-Signed Certificate	10.10.10.10
MEDIUM	65821	SSL RC4 Cipher Suites Supported (Bar Mitzvah)	10.10.10.10
MEDIUM	104743	TLS Version 1.0 Protocol Detection	10.10.10.10
LOW	78479	SSLv3 Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption Vulnerability (POODLE)	10.10.10.10
CRITICAL	11356	NFS Exported Share Information Disclosure	10.10.10.10
CRITICAL	32314	Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness	10.10.10.10

CRITICAL	33850	Unix Operating System Unsupported Version Detection	10.10.10.10
CRITICAL	51988	Bind Shell Backdoor Detection	10.10.10.10
CRITICAL	61708	VNC Server 'password' Password	10.10.10.10
HIGH	10205	rlogin Service Detection	10.10.10.10
HIGH	10245	rsh Service Detection	10.10.10.10
HIGH	42256	NFS Shares World Readable	10.10.10.10
HIGH	90509	Samba Badlock Vulnerability	10.10.10.10
HIGH	136769	ISC BIND Service Downgrade / Reflected DoS	10.10.10.10
MEDIUM	11213	HTTP TRACE / TRACK Methods Allowed	10.10.10.10
MEDIUM	12217	DNS Server Cache Snooping Remote Information Disclosure	10.10.10.10
MEDIUM	26928	SSL Weak Cipher Suites Supported	10.10.10.10
MEDIUM	31705	SSL Anonymous Cipher Suites Supported	10.10.10.10
MEDIUM	33447	Multiple Vendor DNS Query ID Field Prediction Cache Poisoning	10.10.10.10



10.10.10.10

7	6	19	8	74
CRITICAL	HIGH	MEDIUM	LOW	INFO

Vulnerabilities Total: 114

SEVERITY	CVSS V3.0	VPR SCORE	PLUGIN	NAME
CRITICAL	9.8	-	51988	Bind Shell Backdoor Detection
CRITICAL	9.8	-	20007	SSL Version 2 and 3 Protocol Detection
CRITICAL	10.0	-	33850	Unix Operating System Unsupported Version Detection
CRITICAL	10.0*	5.1	32314	Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness
CRITICAL	10.0*	5.1	32321	Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness (SSL check)
CRITICAL	10.0*	5.9	11356	NFS Exported Share Information Disclosure
CRITICAL	10.0*	-	61708	VNC Server 'password' Password
HIGH	8.6	5.2	136769	ISC BIND Service Downgrade / Reflected DoS
HIGH	7.5	-	42256	NFS Shares World Readable
HIGH	7.5	5.1	42873	SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)
HIGH	7.5	5.9	90509	Samba Badlock Vulnerability
HIGH	7.5*	5.9	10205	rlogin Service Detection
HIGH	7.5*	5.9	10245	rsh Service Detection
MEDIUM	6.8	6.0	33447	Multiple Vendor DNS Query ID Field Prediction Cache Poisoning
MEDIUM	6.5	3.6	139915	ISC BIND 9.x < 9.11.22, 9.12.x < 9.16.6, 9.17.x < 9.17.4 DoS
MEDIUM	6.5	-	51192	SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted
MEDIUM	6.5	-	57582	SSL Self-Signed Certificate
MEDIUM	6.5	-	104743	TLS Version 1.0 Protocol Detection

MEDIUM	6.5	-	42263	Unencrypted Telnet Server
MEDIUM	5.9	4.4	136808	ISC BIND Denial of Service
MEDIUM	5.9	4.4	31705	SSL Anonymous Cipher Suites Supported
MEDIUM	5.9	4.4	89058	SSL DROWN Attack Vulnerability (Decrypting RSA with Obsolete and Weakened eNcryption)
MEDIUM	5.9	4.4	65821	SSL RC4 Cipher Suites Supported (Bar Mitzvah)
MEDIUM	5.3	-	12217	DNS Server Cache Snooping Remote Information Disclosure
MEDIUM	5.3	4.0	11213	HTTP TRACE / TRACK Methods Allowed
MEDIUM	5.3	-	57608	SMB Signing not required
MEDIUM	5.3	-	15901	SSL Certificate Expiry
MEDIUM	5.3	-	45411	SSL Certificate with Wrong Hostname
MEDIUM	5.3	-	26928	SSL Weak Cipher Suites Supported
MEDIUM	4.0*	6.3	52611	SMTP Service STARTTLS Plaintext Command Injection
MEDIUM	4.3*	-	90317	SSH Weak Algorithms Supported
MEDIUM	4.3*	3.7	81606	SSL/TLS EXPORT_RSA <= 512-bit Cipher Suites Supported (FREAK)
LOW	3.7	3.6	70658	SSH Server CBC Mode Ciphers Enabled
LOW	3.7	-	153953	SSH Weak Key Exchange Algorithms Enabled
LOW	3.7	3.9	83875	SSL/TLS Diffie-Hellman Modulus <= 1024 Bits (Logjam)
LOW	3.7	3.9	83738	SSL/TLS EXPORT_DHE <= 512-bit Export Cipher Suites Supported (Logjam)
LOW	3.4	5.1	78479	SSLv3 Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption Vulnerability (POODLE)
LOW	2.1*	4.2	10114	ICMP Timestamp Request Remote Date Disclosure
LOW	2.6*	-	71049	SSH Weak MAC Algorithms Enabled
LOW	2.6*	-	10407	X Server Detection
INFO	N/A	-	10223	RPC portmapper Service Detection
INFO	N/A	_	18261	Apache Banner Linux Distribution Disclosure

INFO	N/A	-	48204	Apache HTTP Server Version
INFO	N/A	-	39519	Backported Security Patch Detection (FTP)
INFO	N/A	-	84574	Backported Security Patch Detection (PHP)
INFO	N/A	-	39520	Backported Security Patch Detection (SSH)
INFO	N/A	-	39521	Backported Security Patch Detection (WWW)
INFO	N/A	-	45590	Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)
INFO	N/A	-	10028	DNS Server BIND version Directive Remote Version Detection
INFO	N/A	-	35373	DNS Server DNSSEC Aware Resolver
INFO	N/A	-	11002	DNS Server Detection
INFO	N/A	-	35371	DNS Server hostname.bind Map Hostname Disclosure
INFO	N/A	-	54615	Device Type
INFO	N/A	-	35716	Ethernet Card Manufacturer Detection
INFO	N/A	-	86420	Ethernet MAC Addresses
INFO	N/A	-	10092	FTP Server Detection
INFO	N/A	-	10107	HTTP Server Type and Version
INFO	N/A	-	24260	HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information
INFO	N/A	-	11156	IRC Daemon Version Detection
INFO	N/A	-	10397	Microsoft Windows SMB LanMan Pipe Server Listing Disclosure
INFO	N/A	-	10785	Microsoft Windows SMB NativeLanManager Remote System Information Disclosure
INFO	N/A	-	11011	Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection
INFO	N/A	-	100871	Microsoft Windows SMB Versions Supported (remote check)
INFO	N/A	-	106716	Microsoft Windows SMB2 and SMB3 Dialects Supported (remote check)
INFO	N/A	-	10719	MySQL Server Detection
INFO	N/A	-	10437	NFS Share Export List

INFO	N/A	-	11219	Nessus SYN scanner
INFO	N/A	-	19506	Nessus Scan Information
INFO	N/A	-	11936	OS Identification
INFO	N/A	-	117886	OS Security Patch Assessment Not Available
INFO	N/A	_	181418	OpenSSH Detection
INFO	N/A	_	50845	OpenSSL Detection
INFO	N/A	-	48243	PHP Version Detection
INFO	N/A	-	66334	Patch Report
INFO	N/A	-	118224	PostgreSQL STARTTLS Support
INFO	N/A	-	26024	PostgreSQL Server Detection
INFO	N/A	-	22227	RMI Registry Detection
INFO	N/A	-	11111	RPC Services Enumeration
INFO	N/A	-	53335	RPC portmapper (TCP)
INFO	N/A	-	10263	SMTP Server Detection
INFO	N/A	-	42088	SMTP Service STARTTLS Command Support
INFO	N/A	-	70657	SSH Algorithms and Languages Supported
INFO	N/A	-	149334	SSH Password Authentication Accepted
INFO	N/A	-	10881	SSH Protocol Versions Supported
INFO	N/A	-	153588	SSH SHA-1 HMAC Algorithms Enabled
INFO	N/A	-	10267	SSH Server Type and Version Information
INFO	N/A	-	56984	SSL / TLS Versions Supported
INFO	N/A	-	45410	SSL Certificate 'commonName' Mismatch
INFO	N/A	-	10863	SSL Certificate Information
INFO	N/A	-	70544	SSL Cipher Block Chaining Cipher Suites Supported
INFO	N/A	-	21643	SSL Cipher Suites Supported

INFO	N/A	-	62563	SSL Compression Methods Supported
INFO	N/A	-	57041	SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy Cipher Suites Supported
INFO	N/A	-	51891	SSL Session Resume Supported
INFO	N/A	-	156899	SSL/TLS Recommended Cipher Suites
INFO	N/A	-	25240	Samba Server Detection
INFO	N/A	-	104887	Samba Version
INFO	N/A	-	96982	Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol Version 1 Enabled (uncredentialed check)
INFO	N/A	-	22964	Service Detection
INFO	N/A	-	17975	Service Detection (GET request)
INFO	N/A	-	11153	Service Detection (HELP Request)
INFO	N/A	-	25220	TCP/IP Timestamps Supported
INFO	N/A	-	11819	TFTP Daemon Detection
INFO	N/A	-	110723	Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided
INFO	N/A	-	10281	Telnet Server Detection
INFO	N/A	-	10287	Traceroute Information
INFO	N/A	-	11154	Unknown Service Detection: Banner Retrieval
INFO	N/A	-	19288	VNC Server Security Type Detection
INFO	N/A	-	65792	VNC Server Unencrypted Communication Detection
INFO	N/A	-	10342	VNC Software Detection
INFO	N/A	-	135860	WMI Not Available
INFO	N/A	-	11424	WebDAV Detection
INFO	N/A	-	10150	Windows NetBIOS / SMB Remote Host Information Disclosure
INFO	N/A	-	52703	vsftpd Detection

* indicates the v3.0 score was not available; the v2.0 score is shown



10.10.10.10

9	7	25	9	128
CRITICAL	HIGH	MEDIUM	LOW	INFO

Scan Information

Start time: Sun May 12 09:59:35 2024 End time: Sun May 12 10:09:44 2024

Host Information

Netbios Name: METASPLOITABLE

IP: 10.10.10.10

MAC Address: 08:00:27:BD:87:FF

OS: Linux Kernel 2.6 on Ubuntu 8.04 (hardy)

Vulnerabilities

51988 - Bind Shell Backdoor Detection

Synopsis

The remote host may have been compromised.

Description

A shell is listening on the remote port without any authentication being required. An attacker may use it by connecting to the remote port and sending commands directly.

Solution

Verify if the remote host has been compromised, and reinstall the system if necessary.

Risk Factor

Critical

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/02/15, Modified: 2022/04/11

Plugin Output

tcp/1524/wild shell

32314 - Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness

Synopsis

The remote SSH host keys are weak.

Description

The remote SSH host key has been generated on a Debian or Ubuntu system which contains a bug in the random number generator of its OpenSSL library.

The problem is due to a Debian packager removing nearly all sources of entropy in the remote version of OpenSSL.

An attacker can easily obtain the private part of the remote key and use this to set up decipher the remote session or set up a man in the middle attack.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?107f9bdc

http://www.nessus.org/u?f14f4224

Solution

Consider all cryptographic material generated on the remote host to be guessable. In particuliar, all SSH, SSL and OpenVPN key material should be re-generated.

Risk Factor

Critical

VPR Score

5.1

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

8.3 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 29179

CVE CVE-2008-0166

XREF CWE:310

Exploitable With

Core Impact (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/14, Modified: 2018/11/15

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

32321 - Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness (SSL check)

Synopsis

The remote SSL certificate uses a weak key.

Description

The remote x509 certificate on the remote SSL server has been generated on a Debian or Ubuntu system which contains a bug in the random number generator of its OpenSSL library.

The problem is due to a Debian packager removing nearly all sources of entropy in the remote version of OpenSSL.

An attacker can easily obtain the private part of the remote key and use this to decipher the remote session or set up a man in the middle attack.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?107f9bdc http://www.nessus.org/u?f14f4224

Solution

Consider all cryptographic material generated on the remote host to be guessable. In particuliar, all SSH, SSL and OpenVPN key material should be re-generated.

Risk Factor

Critical

VPR Score

5.1

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

8.3 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 29179

CVE CVE-2008-0166

XREF CWE:310

Exploitable With

Core Impact (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/15, Modified: 2020/11/16

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

32321 - Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness (SSL check)

Synopsis

The remote SSL certificate uses a weak key.

10.10.10.10

Description

The remote x509 certificate on the remote SSL server has been generated on a Debian or Ubuntu system which contains a bug in the random number generator of its OpenSSL library.

The problem is due to a Debian packager removing nearly all sources of entropy in the remote version of OpenSSL.

An attacker can easily obtain the private part of the remote key and use this to decipher the remote session or set up a man in the middle attack.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?107f9bdc

http://www.nessus.org/u?f14f4224

Solution

Consider all cryptographic material generated on the remote host to be guessable. In particuliar, all SSH, SSL and OpenVPN key material should be re-generated.

Risk Factor

Critical

VPR Score

5.1

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

8.3 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 29179

CVE CVE-2008-0166

XREF CWE:310

Exploitable With

Core Impact (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/15, Modified: 2020/11/16

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

11356 - NFS Exported Share Information Disclosure

Synopsis

It is possible to access NFS shares on the remote host.

Description

At least one of the NFS shares exported by the remote server could be mounted by the scanning host. An attacker may be able to leverage this to read (and possibly write) files on remote host.

Solution

Configure NFS on the remote host so that only authorized hosts can mount its remote shares.

Risk Factor

Critical

VPR Score

5.9

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

References

CVE CVE-1999-0170
CVE CVE-1999-0211
CVE CVE-1999-0554

Exploitable With

Metasploit (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2003/03/12, Modified: 2023/08/30

Plugin Output

udp/2049/rpc-nfs

```
The following NFS shares could be mounted:
  + Contents of / :
   - bin
    - boot.
    - cdrom
    - dev
   - etc
   - home
    - initrd
    - initrd.img
    - lib
   - lost+found
    - media
    - mnt
    - nohup.out
    - opt
    - proc
    - root
    - sbin
    - srv
    - svs
    - tmp
    - usr
    - var
    - vmlinuz
```

20007 - SSL Version 2 and 3 Protocol Detection

Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using a protocol with known weaknesses.

Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using SSL 2.0 and/or SSL 3.0. These versions of SSL are affected by several cryptographic flaws, including:

- An insecure padding scheme with CBC ciphers.
- Insecure session renegotiation and resumption schemes.

An attacker can exploit these flaws to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks or to decrypt communications between the affected service and clients.

Although SSL/TLS has a secure means for choosing the highest supported version of the protocol (so that these versions will be used only if the client or server support nothing better), many web browsers implement this in an unsafe way that allows an attacker to downgrade a connection (such as in POODLE). Therefore, it is recommended that these protocols be disabled entirely.

NIST has determined that SSL 3.0 is no longer acceptable for secure communications. As of the date of enforcement found in PCI DSS v3.1, any version of SSL will not meet the PCI SSC's definition of 'strong cryptography'.

See Also

https://www.schneier.com/academic/paperfiles/paper-ssl.pdf

http://www.nessus.org/u?b06c7e95

http://www.nessus.org/u?247c4540

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf

http://www.nessus.org/u?5d15ba70

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7507

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7568

Solution

Consult the application's documentation to disable SSL 2.0 and 3.0.

Use TLS 1.2 (with approved cipher suites) or higher instead.

Risk Factor

Critical

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

Plugin Information

Published: 2005/10/12, Modified: 2022/04/04

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

- SSLv2 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher. Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key) Auth Encryption Name Code KEX MAC RSA EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5 RSA(512) RC2-CBC(40) MD5 export EXP-RC4-MD5 RSA(512) RSA RC4(40) MD5 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES) Name Code KEX Auth Encryption MAC

DES-CBC3-MD5		RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	 MD5			
High Strength Ciphers (>= 112	-bit key)							
Name	Code	KEX	Auth		MAC			
RC4-MD5		RSA	RSA	RC4 (128)	MD5			
The fields above are :								
{Tenable ciphername} {Cipher ID code} Kex={key exchange} Auth={authentication} Encrypt={symmetric encryption method} MAC={message authentication code} {export flag} - SSLv3 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher. Explanation: TLS 1.0 and SSL 3.0 cipher suites may be used with SSLv3 Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)								
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC			
EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1 export		DH(512)						
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA		DH	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	SHA			

20007 - SSL Version 2 and 3 Protocol Detection

Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using a protocol with known weaknesses.

Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using SSL 2.0 and/or SSL 3.0. These versions of SSL are affected by several cryptographic flaws, including:

- An insecure padding scheme with CBC ciphers.
- Insecure session renegotiation and resumption schemes.

An attacker can exploit these flaws to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks or to decrypt communications between the affected service and clients.

Although SSL/TLS has a secure means for choosing the highest supported version of the protocol (so that these versions will be used only if the client or server support nothing better), many web browsers implement this in an unsafe way that allows an attacker to downgrade a connection (such as in POODLE). Therefore, it is recommended that these protocols be disabled entirely.

NIST has determined that SSL 3.0 is no longer acceptable for secure communications. As of the date of enforcement found in PCI DSS v3.1, any version of SSL will not meet the PCI SSC's definition of 'strong cryptography'.

See Also

https://www.schneier.com/academic/paperfiles/paper-ssl.pdf

http://www.nessus.org/u?b06c7e95

http://www.nessus.org/u?247c4540

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf

http://www.nessus.org/u?5d15ba70

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7507

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7568

Solution

Consult the application's documentation to disable SSL 2.0 and 3.0.

Use TLS 1.2 (with approved cipher suites) or higher instead.

Risk Factor

Critical

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

Plugin Information

Published: 2005/10/12, Modified: 2022/04/04

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

```
- SSLv3 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher. Explanation: TLS 1.0 and SSL 3.0 cipher suites may be used with SSLv3 \,
```

Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA		DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1					
DES-CBC3-SHA		RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1					

High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA		DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
SHA1					
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA		DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
SHA1					
AES128-SHA		RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
SHA1					
AES256-SHA		RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
SHA1					
RC4 - SHA		RSA	RSA	RC4 (128)	
SHA1					
The fields above are: {Tenable ciphername} {Cipher ID code} Kex={key exchange} Auth={authentication} Encrypt={symmetric encryption MAC={message authentication coffeeport flag}					

33850 - Unix Operating System Unsupported Version Detection

Synopsis

The operating system running on the remote host is no longer supported.

Description

According to its self-reported version number, the Unix operating system running on the remote host is no longer supported.

Lack of support implies that no new security patches for the product will be released by the vendor. As a result, it is likely to contain security vulnerabilities.

Solution

Upgrade to a version of the Unix operating system that is currently supported.

Risk Factor

Critical

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

References

XREF IAVA:0001-A-0502 XREF IAVA:0001-A-0648

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/08/08, Modified: 2024/04/03

Plugin Output

tcp/0

Ubuntu 8.04 support ended on 2011-05-12 (Desktop) / 2013-05-09 (Server). Upgrade to Ubuntu 23.04 / LTS 22.04 / LTS 20.04 .

For more information, see : https://wiki.ubuntu.com/Releases

61708 - VNC Server 'password' Password

Synopsis

A VNC server running on the remote host is secured with a weak password.

Description

The VNC server running on the remote host is secured with a weak password. Nessus was able to login using VNC authentication and a password of 'password'. A remote, unauthenticated attacker could exploit this to take control of the system.

Solution

Secure the VNC service with a strong password.

Risk Factor

Critical

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/08/29, Modified: 2015/09/24

Plugin Output

tcp/5900/vnc

Nessus logged in using a password of "password".

136769 - ISC BIND Service Downgrade / Reflected DoS

the remote name server is affected by Service Downgrade / Reflected DoS vulnerabilities. Description Cocording to its self-reported version, the instance of ISC BIND 9 running on the remote name server as affected by performance downgrade and Reflected DoS vulnerabilities. This is due to BIND DNS not sufficiently limiting the number fetches which may be performed while processing a referral response. In unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to cause degrade the service of the recursive server or buse the affected server as a reflector in a reflection attack. The service of the recursive server or buse the affected server as a reflector in a reflection attack. The service of the recursive server or buse the affected server as a reflector in a reflection attack. The service of the recursive server or buse the affected service of the recursive server or buse the affected server as a reflector in a reflection attack. The service of the recursive server or buse the service of the recursive server or buse the affected service of the recursive server or buse the affected service of the recursive server or buse the affected service of the recursive server or buse the affected service of the recursive server or buse the affected service of the recursive server or buse the affected service of the recursive server or buse the affected service of the recursive server or buse the affected service of the recursive server or buse the affected by service of the recursive server or buse the affected by service of the recursive server or buse the affected by service of the recursive server or buse the affected by service of the recursive server or buse the affected by service of the serv
cocording to its self-reported version, the instance of ISC BIND 9 running on the remote name server affected by performance downgrade and Reflected DoS vulnerabilities. This is due to BIND DNS not sufficiently limiting the number fetches which may be performed while processing a referral response. In unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to cause degrade the service of the recursive server or of use the affected server as a reflector in a reflection attack. The service of the recursive server or of use the affected server as a reflector in a reflection attack. The service of the recursive server or of use the affected server as a reflector in a reflection attack. The service of the recursive server or of use the affected service of the recursive serv
s affected by performance downgrade and Reflected DoS vulnerabilities. This is due to BIND DNS not ufficiently limiting the number fetches which may be performed while processing a referral response. In unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to cause degrade the service of the recursive server or or use the affected server as a reflector in a reflection attack. ee Also ttps://kb.isc.org/docs/cve-2020-8616 olution dpgrade to the ISC BIND version referenced in the vendor advisory. disk Factor Medium VSS v3.0 Base Score .6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:N/I:N/A:H)
ee Also ttps://kb.isc.org/docs/cve-2020-8616 olution Ipgrade to the ISC BIND version referenced in the vendor advisory. isk Factor Medium VSS v3.0 Base Score .6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:N/I:N/A:H)
ttps://kb.isc.org/docs/cve-2020-8616 olution Upgrade to the ISC BIND version referenced in the vendor advisory. lisk Factor Medium USS v3.0 Base Score .6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:N/I:N/A:H)
olution Upgrade to the ISC BIND version referenced in the vendor advisory. Disk Factor Medium USS v3.0 Base Score .6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:N/I:N/A:H)
Upgrade to the ISC BIND version referenced in the vendor advisory. Lisk Factor Medium LVSS v3.0 Base Score .6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:N/I:N/A:H)
isk Factor Medium VSS v3.0 Base Score .6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:N/I:N/A:H)
Medium VSS v3.0 Base Score .6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:N/I:N/A:H)
VSS v3.0 Base Score .6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:N/I:N/A:H)
.6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:N/I:N/A:H)
VSC v2 0 Temporal Score
VSS v3.0 Temporal Score
.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)
PR Score
.2
VSS v2.0 Base Score
.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)
VSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

ı

References

CVE CVE-2020-8616 XREF IAVA:2020-A-0217-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2020/05/22, Modified: 2024/03/12

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

Installed version : 9.4.2
Fixed version : 9.11.19

42256 - NFS Shares World Readable

Synopsis

The remote NFS server exports world-readable shares.

Description

The remote NFS server is exporting one or more shares without restricting access (based on hostname, IP, or IP range).

See Also

http://www.tldp.org/HOWTO/NFS-HOWTO/security.html

Solution

Place the appropriate restrictions on all NFS shares.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

10.10.10.10

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/10/26, Modified: 2024/02/21

Plugin Output

tcp/2049/rpc-nfs

```
The following shares have no access restrictions :  \begin{tabular}{ll} / * \\ \end{tabular}
```

42873 - SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)

Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of medium strength SSL ciphers.

Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer medium strength encryption. Nessus regards medium strength as any encryption that uses key lengths at least 64 bits and less than 112 bits, or else that uses the 3DES encryption suite.

Note that it is considerably easier to circumvent medium strength encryption if the attacker is on the same physical network.

See Also

https://www.openssl.org/blog/blog/2016/08/24/sweet32/

https://sweet32.info

Solution

Reconfigure the affected application if possible to avoid use of medium strength ciphers.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

VPR Score

5.1

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

References

CVE

CVE-2016-2183

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/11/23, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

```
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
                                 Code
                                                 KEX
                                                               Auth Encryption
                                                                                               MAC
   Name
                                                               RSA 3DES-CBC (168)
RSA 3DES-CBC (168)
                                                  - - -
   DES-CBC3-MD5
                                 0x07, 0x00, 0xC0 RSA
                                                                                               MD5
                                                               RSA
   EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA
                                0x00, 0x16
   ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA
                               0x00, 0x1B
                                                DH
                                                              None 3DES-CBC(168)
 SHA1
   DES-CBC3-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x0A
                                                                        3DES-CBC (168)
 SHA1
The fields above are :
  {Tenable ciphername}
  {Cipher ID code}
 Kex={key exchange}
 Auth={authentication}
 Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
 MAC={message authentication code}
  {export flag}
```

42873 - SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)

Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of medium strength SSL ciphers.

Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer medium strength encryption. Nessus regards medium strength as any encryption that uses key lengths at least 64 bits and less than 112 bits, or else that uses the 3DES encryption suite.

Note that it is considerably easier to circumvent medium strength encryption if the attacker is on the same physical network.

See Also

https://www.openssl.org/blog/blog/2016/08/24/sweet32/

https://sweet32.info

Solution

Reconfigure the affected application if possible to avoid use of medium strength ciphers.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

VPR Score

5.1

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

References

CVE CVE-2016-2183

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/11/23, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)

Name Code KEX Auth Encryption MAC

EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA 0x00, 0x16 DH RSA 3DES-CBC(168)

SHA1

```
DES-CBC3-SHA 0x00, 0x0A RSA RSA 3DES-CBC(168)
SHA1

The fields above are:

{Tenable ciphername}
{Cipher ID code}
Kex={key exchange}
Auth={authentication}
Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
MAC={message authentication code}
{export flag}
```

90509 - Samba Badlock Vulnerability

Synopsis

An SMB server running on the remote host is affected by the Badlock vulnerability.

Description

The version of Samba, a CIFS/SMB server for Linux and Unix, running on the remote host is affected by a flaw, known as Badlock, that exists in the Security Account Manager (SAM) and Local Security Authority (Domain Policy) (LSAD) protocols due to improper authentication level negotiation over Remote Procedure Call (RPC) channels. A man-in-the-middle attacker who is able to able to intercept the traffic between a client and a server hosting a SAM database can exploit this flaw to force a downgrade of the authentication level, which allows the execution of arbitrary Samba network calls in the context of the intercepted user, such as viewing or modifying sensitive security data in the Active Directory (AD) database or disabling critical services.

See Also

http://badlock.org

https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2016-2118.html

Solution

Upgrade to Samba version 4.2.11 / 4.3.8 / 4.4.2 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

5.9

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 86002

CVE CVE-2016-2118 XREF CERT:813296

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/04/13, Modified: 2019/11/20

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

Nessus detected that the Samba Badlock patch has not been applied.

10205 - rlogin Service Detection

Synopsis

The rlogin service is running on the remote host.

Description

The rlogin service is running on the remote host. This service is vulnerable since data is passed between the rlogin client and server in cleartext. A man-in-the-middle attacker can exploit this to sniff logins and passwords. Also, it may allow poorly authenticated logins without passwords. If the host is vulnerable to TCP sequence number guessing (from any network) or IP spoofing (including ARP hijacking on a local network) then it may be possible to bypass authentication.

Finally, rlogin is an easy way to turn file-write access into full logins through the .rhosts or rhosts.equiv files.

Solution

Comment out the 'login' line in /etc/inetd.conf and restart the inetd process. Alternatively, disable this service and use SSH instead.

Risk Factor

High

VPR Score

5.9

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

References

CVE CVE-1999-0651

Exploitable With

Metasploit (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/08/30, Modified: 2022/04/11

Plugin Output

tcp/513/rlogin

10245 - rsh Service Detection

Synopsis

The rsh service is running on the remote host.

Description

The rsh service is running on the remote host. This service is vulnerable since data is passed between the rsh client and server in cleartext. A man-in-the-middle attacker can exploit this to sniff logins and passwords. Also, it may allow poorly authenticated logins without passwords. If the host is vulnerable to TCP sequence number guessing (from any network) or IP spoofing (including ARP hijacking on a local network) then it may be possible to bypass authentication.

Finally, rsh is an easy way to turn file-write access into full logins through the .rhosts or rhosts.equiv files.

Solution

Comment out the 'rsh' line in /etc/inetd.conf and restart the inetd process. Alternatively, disable this service and use SSH instead.

Risk Factor

High

VPR Score

5.9

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

References

CVE CVE-1999-0651

Exploitable With

Metasploit (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/08/22, Modified: 2022/04/11

Plugin Output

tcp/514/rsh

12217 - DNS Server Cache Snooping Remote Information Disclosure

Synopsis

The remote DNS server is vulnerable to cache snooping attacks.

Description

The remote DNS server responds to queries for third-party domains that do not have the recursion bit set.

This may allow a remote attacker to determine which domains have recently been resolved via this name server, and therefore which hosts have been recently visited.

For instance, if an attacker was interested in whether your company utilizes the online services of a particular financial institution, they would be able to use this attack to build a statistical model regarding company usage of that financial institution. Of course, the attack can also be used to find B2B partners, web-surfing patterns, external mail servers, and more.

Note: If this is an internal DNS server not accessible to outside networks, attacks would be limited to the internal network. This may include employees, consultants and potentially users on a guest network or WiFi connection if supported.

See Also

http://cs.unc.edu/~fabian/course_papers/cache_snooping.pdf

Solution

Contact the vendor of the DNS software for a fix.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2004/04/27, Modified: 2020/04/07

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

Nessus sent a non-recursive query for example.edu and received 1 answer :

93.184.215.14

11213 - HTTP TRACE / TRACK Methods Allowed

Synopsis

Debugging functions are enabled on the remote web server.

Description

The remote web server supports the TRACE and/or TRACK methods. TRACE and TRACK are HTTP methods that are used to debug web server connections.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?e979b5cb

http://www.apacheweek.com/issues/03-01-24

https://download.oracle.com/sunalerts/1000718.1.html

Solution

Disable these HTTP methods. Refer to the plugin output for more information.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

4.0

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 9506 BID 9561 BID 11604 BID 33374 BID 37995 CVE CVE-2003-1567 CVE CVE-2004-2320 CVE CVE-2010-0386 CERT:288308 **XREF XREF** CERT:867593 **XREF** CWE:16 **XREF** CWE:200

Plugin Information

Published: 2003/01/23, Modified: 2024/04/09

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
To disable these methods, add the following lines for each virtual
host in your configuration file :
   RewriteEngine on
   RewriteCond %{REQUEST_METHOD} ^(TRACE|TRACK)
   RewriteRule .* - [F]
Alternatively, note that Apache versions 1.3.34, 2.0.55, and 2.2
support disabling the TRACE method natively via the 'TraceEnable'
directive.
Nessus sent the following TRACE request : \n\
 -----\nTRACE /Nessus272152872.html HTTP/1.1
Connection: Close
Host: 10.10.10.10
Pragma: no-cache
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*
Accept-Language: en
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1,*,utf-8
-----\n\nand received the
following response from the remote server :\n\n------ snip
-----\nHTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Sat, 11 May 2024 18:55:23 GMT
Server: Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2
Keep-Alive: timeout=15, max=100
Connection: Keep-Alive
Transfer-Encoding: chunked
Content-Type: message/http
TRACE /Nessus272152872.html HTTP/1.1
Connection: Keep-Alive
Host: 10.10.10.10
Pragma: no-cache
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*
Accept-Language: en
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1,*,utf-8
-----\n
```

139915 - ISC BIND 9.x < 9.11.22, 9.12.x < 9.16.6, 9.17.x < 9.17.4 DoS

Synopsis

The remote name server is affected by a denial of service vulnerability.

Description

According to its self-reported version number, the installation of ISC BIND running on the remote name server is version 9.x prior to 9.11.22, 9.12.x prior to 9.16.6 or 9.17.x prior to 9.17.4. It is, therefore, affected by a denial of service (DoS) vulnerability due to an assertion failure when attempting to verify a truncated response to a TSIG-signed request. An authenticated, remote attacker can exploit this issue by sending a truncated response to a TSIG-signed request to trigger an assertion failure, causing the server to exit.

Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also
https://kb.isc.org/docs/cve-2020-8622
Solution
Upgrade to BIND 9.11.22, 9.16.6, 9.17.4 or later.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
5.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
3.6
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
4.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:S/C:N/I:N/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
3.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)
STIG Severity
References
CVE CVE-2020-8622 XREF IAVA:2020-A-0385-S
Plugin Information
Published: 2020/08/27, Modified: 2021/06/03
Plugin Output
udp/53/dns

Installed version : 9.4.2 Fixed version : 9.11.22, 9.16.6, 9.17.4 or later

136808 - ISC BIND Denial of Service

Synopsis

The remote name server is affected by an assertion failure vulnerability.

Description

A denial of service (DoS) vulnerability exists in ISC BIND versions 9.11.18 / 9.11.18-S1 / 9.12.4-P2 / 9.13 / 9.14.11 / 9.15 / 9.16.2 / 9.17 / 9.17.1 and earlier. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this issue, via a specially-crafted message, to cause the service to stop responding.

Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://kb.isc.org/docs/cve-2020-8617

Solution

Upgrade to the patched release most closely related to your current version of BIND.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

4.4

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

ı

References

CVE CVE-2020-8617 XREF IAVA:2020-A-0217-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2020/05/22, Modified: 2023/03/23

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

Installed version : 9.4.2
Fixed version : 9.11.19

33447 - Multiple Vendor DNS Query ID Field Prediction Cache Poisoning

Synopsis

The remote name resolver (or the server it uses upstream) is affected by a DNS cache poisoning vulnerability.

Description

The remote DNS resolver does not use random ports when making queries to third-party DNS servers. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to poison the remote DNS server, allowing the attacker to divert legitimate traffic to arbitrary sites.

See Also

https://www.cnet.com/news/massive-coordinated-dns-patch-released/

https://www.theregister.co.uk/2008/07/21/dns_flaw_speculation/

Solution

Contact your DNS server vendor for a patch.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:N/I:H/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.0

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

References

BID 30131

CVE CVE-2008-1447

XREF CERT:800113

XREF IAVA:2008-A-0045

XREF EDB-ID:6122

XREF EDB-ID:6123

XREF EDB-ID:6130

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/07/09, Modified: 2024/04/03

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

```
The remote DNS server uses non-random ports for its
DNS requests. An attacker may spoof DNS responses.

List of used ports:

+ DNS Server: 156.17.234.185

|- Port: 49948
|- Port: 49951
```

|- Port: 49952 |- Port: 49953

57608 - SMB Signing not required

Synopsis

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server.

Description

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks against the SMB server.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?df39b8b3

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc731957.aspx

http://www.nessus.org/u?74b80723

https://www.samba.org/samba/docs/current/man-html/smb.conf.5.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?a3cac4ea

Solution

Enforce message signing in the host's configuration. On Windows, this is found in the policy setting 'Microsoft network server: Digitally sign communications (always)'. On Samba, the setting is called 'server signing'. See the 'see also' links for further details.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

Plugin Information Published: 2012/01/19, Modified: 2022/10/05 Plugin Output tcp/445/cifs 52611 - SMTP Service STARTTLS Plaintext Command Injection **Synopsis** The remote mail service allows plaintext command injection while negotiating an encrypted communications channel. Description The remote SMTP service contains a software flaw in its STARTTLS implementation that could allow a remote, unauthenticated attacker to inject commands during the plaintext protocol phase that will be executed during the ciphertext protocol phase. Successful exploitation could allow an attacker to steal a victim's email or associated SASL (Simple Authentication and Security Layer) credentials. See Also https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2487 https://www.securityfocus.com/archive/1/516901/30/0/threaded Solution Contact the vendor to see if an update is available. Risk Factor Medium **VPR** Score 6.3 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 4.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

10.10.10.10 54

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.1 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	46767
CVE	CVE-2011-0411
CVE	CVE-2011-1430
CVE	CVE-2011-1431
CVE	CVE-2011-1432
CVE	CVE-2011-1506
CVE	CVE-2011-2165
XREF	CERT:555316

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/03/10, Modified: 2019/03/06

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

```
Nessus sent the following two commands in a single packet:

STARTTLS\r\nRSET\r\n

And the server sent the following two responses:

220 2.0.0 Ready to start TLS
250 2.0.0 Ok
```

90317 - SSH Weak Algorithms Supported

Synopsis

The remote SSH server is configured to allow weak encryption algorithms or no algorithm at all.

Description

Nessus has detected that the remote SSH server is configured to use the Arcfour stream cipher or no cipher at all. RFC 4253 advises against using Arcfour due to an issue with weak keys.

See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4253#section-6.3

Solution

Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to remove the weak ciphers.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/04/04, Modified: 2016/12/14

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

```
The following weak server-to-client encryption algorithms are supported:

arcfour
arcfour128
arcfour256

The following weak client-to-server encryption algorithms are supported:

arcfour
arcfour
arcfour128
arcfour256
```

31705 - SSL Anonymous Cipher Suites Supported

Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of anonymous SSL ciphers.

Description

The remote host supports the use of anonymous SSL ciphers. While this enables an administrator to set up a service that encrypts traffic without having to generate and configure SSL certificates, it offers no way to verify the remote host's identity and renders the service vulnerable to a man-in-the-middle attack.

Note: This is considerably easier to exploit if the attacker is on the same physical network.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?3a040ada

Solution

Reconfigure the affected application if possible to avoid use of weak ciphers.

Risk Factor

Low

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

4.4

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

1.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 28482

CVE CVE-2007-1858

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/03/28, Modified: 2023/10/27

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

Name

The following is a list of SSL anonymous ciphers supported by the remote TCP server :

Code

Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
EXP-ADH-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1 export	0x00, 0x19	DH(512)	None	DES-CBC(40)	
EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5 export	0x00, 0x17	DH(512)	None	RC4(40)	MD5
ADH-DES-CBC-SHA	0x00, 0x1A	DH	None	DES-CBC(56)	
SHA1					
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 6	l-bit and < 112-b	it key, or 3DES)		

10.10.10.10 57

Encryption

MAC

ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x1B	 DH	None	3DES-CBC(168)	
High Strength Ciphers (>=	112-bit key)				
Name ADH-AES128-SHA SHA1 ADH-AES256-SHA SHA1 ADH-RC4-MD5	Code 0x00, 0x34 0x00, 0x3A 0x00, 0x18	KEX DH DH	Auth None None	Encryption	MAC
The fields above are : {Tenable ciphername} {Cipher ID code} Kex={key exchange} Auth={authentication} Encrypt={symmetric encrypt MAC={message authentication} {export flag}					

51192 - SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted

Synopsis

The SSL certificate for this service cannot be trusted.

Description

The server's X.509 certificate cannot be trusted. This situation can occur in three different ways, in which the chain of trust can be broken, as stated below:

- First, the top of the certificate chain sent by the server might not be descended from a known public certificate authority. This can occur either when the top of the chain is an unrecognized, self-signed certificate, or when intermediate certificates are missing that would connect the top of the certificate chain to a known public certificate authority.
- Second, the certificate chain may contain a certificate that is not valid at the time of the scan. This can occur either when the scan occurs before one of the certificate's 'notBefore' dates, or after one of the certificate's 'notAfter' dates.
- Third, the certificate chain may contain a signature that either didn't match the certificate's information or could not be verified. Bad signatures can be fixed by getting the certificate with the bad signature to be re-signed by its issuer. Signatures that could not be verified are the result of the certificate's issuer using a signing algorithm that Nessus either does not support or does not recognize.

If the remote host is a public host in production, any break in the chain makes it more difficult for users to verify the authenticity and identity of the web server. This could make it easier to carry out man-in-the-middle attacks against the remote host.

See Also

https://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-X.509/en

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X.509

Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/12/15, Modified: 2020/04/27

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

 $|\mbox{-Subject} : \mbox{C=XX/ST=There is no such thing outside US/L=Everywhere/O=OCOSA/OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs/CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain} \\$

|-Not After : Apr 16 14:07:45 2010 GMT

The following certificate was at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but it is signed by an unknown certificate authority:

|-Subject : C=XX/ST=There is no such thing outside US/L=Everywhere/O=OCOSA/OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs/CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain

 $|\mbox{-Issuer} : C=XX/ST=There is no such thing outside US/L=Everywhere/O=OCOSA/OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs/CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain$

51192 - SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted

Synopsis

The SSL certificate for this service cannot be trusted.

Description

The server's X.509 certificate cannot be trusted. This situation can occur in three different ways, in which the chain of trust can be broken, as stated below:

- First, the top of the certificate chain sent by the server might not be descended from a known public certificate authority. This can occur either when the top of the chain is an unrecognized, self-signed certificate, or when intermediate certificates are missing that would connect the top of the certificate chain to a known public certificate authority.
- Second, the certificate chain may contain a certificate that is not valid at the time of the scan. This can occur either when the scan occurs before one of the certificate's 'notBefore' dates, or after one of the certificate's 'notAfter' dates.
- Third, the certificate chain may contain a signature that either didn't match the certificate's information or could not be verified. Bad signatures can be fixed by getting the certificate with the bad signature to be re-signed by its issuer. Signatures that could not be verified are the result of the certificate's issuer using a signing algorithm that Nessus either does not support or does not recognize.

If the remote host is a public host in production, any break in the chain makes it more difficult for users to verify the authenticity and identity of the web server. This could make it easier to carry out man-in-the-middle attacks against the remote host.

See Also https://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-X.509/en https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X.509 Solution Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N) CVSS v2.0 Base Score 6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N) Plugin Information Published: 2010/12/15, Modified: 2020/04/27 Plugin Output tcp/5432/postgresql

10.10.10.10

The following certificate was part of the certificate chain

sent by the remote host, but it has expired :

```
|-Subject : C=XX/ST=There is no such thing outside US/L=Everywhere/O=OCOSA/OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs/CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
|-Not After : Apr 16 14:07:45 2010 GMT

The following certificate was at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but it is signed by an unknown certificate authority :

|-Subject : C=XX/ST=There is no such thing outside US/L=Everywhere/O=OCOSA/OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs/CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
|-Issuer : C=XX/ST=There is no such thing outside US/L=Everywhere/O=OCOSA/OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs/CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
```

15901 - SSL Certificate Expiry

Synopsis

The remote server's SSL certificate has already expired.

Description

This plugin checks expiry dates of certificates associated with SSL- enabled services on the target and reports whether any have already expired.

Solution

Purchase or generate a new SSL certificate to replace the existing one.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2004/12/03, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

The SSL certificate has already expired :

```
Subject : C=XX, ST=There is no such thing outside US, L=Everywhere, O=OCOSA, OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs, CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain, emailAddress=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Issuer : C=XX, ST=There is no such thing outside US, L=Everywhere, O=OCOSA, OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs, CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain, emailAddress=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Not valid before : Mar 17 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Not valid after : Apr 16 14:07:45 2010 GMT
```

15901 - SSL Certificate Expiry

Synopsis

The remote server's SSL certificate has already expired.

Description

This plugin checks expiry dates of certificates associated with SSL- enabled services on the target and reports whether any have already expired.

Solution

Purchase or generate a new SSL certificate to replace the existing one.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2004/12/03, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

```
The SSL certificate has already expired :
```

Subject : C=XX, ST=There is no such thing outside US, L=Everywhere, O=OCOSA, OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs, CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain, emailAddress=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain

```
Issuer : C=XX, ST=There is no such thing outside US, L=Everywhere, O=OCOSA, OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs, CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain, emailAddress=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain

Not valid before : Mar 17 14:07:45 2010 GMT

Not valid after : Apr 16 14:07:45 2010 GMT
```

45411 - SSL Certificate with Wrong Hostname

Synopsis

The SSL certificate for this service is for a different host.

Description

The 'commonName' (CN) attribute of the SSL certificate presented for this service is for a different machine.

Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/03, Modified: 2020/04/27

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

```
The identities known by Nessus are:

10.10.10.10
10.10.10
The Common Name in the certificate is:

ubuntu804-base.localdomain
```

45411 - SSL Certificate with Wrong Hostname

Synopsis

The SSL certificate for this service is for a different host.

Description

The 'commonName' (CN) attribute of the SSL certificate presented for this service is for a different machine.

Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/03, Modified: 2020/04/27

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

```
The identities known by Nessus are:

10.10.10.10
10.10.10
The Common Name in the certificate is:

ubuntu804-base.localdomain
```

89058 - SSL DROWN Attack Vulnerability (Decrypting RSA with Obsolete and Weakened eNcryption)

Synopsis

The remote host may be affected by a vulnerability that allows a remote attacker to potentially decrypt captured TLS traffic.

Description

The remote host supports SSLv2 and therefore may be affected by a vulnerability that allows a cross-protocol Bleichenbacher padding oracle attack known as DROWN (Decrypting RSA with Obsolete and Weakened eNcryption). This vulnerability exists due to a flaw in the Secure Sockets Layer Version 2 (SSLv2) implementation, and it allows captured TLS traffic to be decrypted. A man-in-the-middle attacker can exploit this to decrypt the TLS connection by utilizing previously captured traffic and weak cryptography along with a series of specially crafted connections to an SSLv2 server that uses the same private key.

See Also

https://drownattack.com/

https://drownattack.com/drown-attack-paper.pdf

Solution

Disable SSLv2 and export grade cryptography cipher suites. Ensure that private keys are not used anywhere with server software that supports SSLv2 connections.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

4.4

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 83733

CVE CVE-2016-0800 XREF CFRT:583776

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/03/01, Modified: 2019/11/20

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

```
The remote host is affected by SSL DROWN and supports the following
vulnerable cipher suites :
 Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)
                              KEX
   Name
                              Code
                                                          Auth Encryption
                                                                                        MAC
                                                          RSA
   EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5
                             0x04, 0x00, 0x80 RSA(512)
                                                                 RC2-CBC(40)
                                                                                        MD5
     export
                                                          RSA RC4 (40)
   EXP-RC4-MD5
                             0x02, 0x00, 0x80 RSA(512)
                                                                                        MD5
     export
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                                        Auth Encryption
                                                                                        MAC
                                                           ----
                              0x01, 0x00, 0x80 RSA
                                                          RSA
   RC4-MD5
                                                                   RC4 (128)
                                                                                        MD5
The fields above are :
  {Tenable ciphername}
 {Cipher ID code}
 Kex={key exchange}
 Auth={authentication}
 Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
 MAC={message authentication code}
 {export flag}
```

65821 - SSL RC4 Cipher Suites Supported (Bar Mitzvah)

Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of the RC4 cipher.

Description

The remote host supports the use of RC4 in one or more cipher suites.

The RC4 cipher is flawed in its generation of a pseudo-random stream of bytes so that a wide variety of small biases are introduced into the stream, decreasing its randomness.

If plaintext is repeatedly encrypted (e.g., HTTP cookies), and an attacker is able to obtain many (i.e., tens of millions) ciphertexts, the attacker may be able to derive the plaintext.

See Also

https://www.rc4nomore.com/

http://www.nessus.org/u?ac7327a0

http://cr.yp.to/talks/2013.03.12/slides.pdf

http://www.isg.rhul.ac.uk/tls/

https://www.imperva.com/docs/HII_Attacking_SSL_when_using_RC4.pdf

Solution

Reconfigure the affected application, if possible, to avoid use of RC4 ciphers. Consider using TLS 1.2 with AES-GCM suites subject to browser and web server support.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:X/RC:C)

VPR Score

4.4

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:ND/RC:C)

References

BID 58796 BID 73684

CVE CVE-2013-2566 CVE CVE-2015-2808

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/04/05, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

Name	Code			KEX	Auth	Encryption	M
EXP-RC4-MD5 export	0x02,		0x80	RSA(512)	RSA	RC4 (40)	IV.
EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5 export	0x00,	0x17		DH(512)	None	RC4(40)	M
EXP-RC4-MD5 export	0x00,	0x03		RSA(512)	RSA	RC4 (40)	M
High Strength Ciphers (>= 11	2-bit key)					
Name	Code			KEX	Auth	Encryption	IV.
DGA MDE	001		000			DG4 (120)	-
RC4-MD5 ADH-RC4-MD5		0x00, 0x18			RSA	RC4 (128) RC4 (128)	M.
RC4 - MD5		0x18 0x04		DH RSA	None RSA		Iv.
RC4 - MD5 RC4 - SHA		0x04 0x05		RSA	RSA	RC4 (128)	Ţv
HA1	0200,	0203		NDA	NDA	101 (120)	
ne fields above are :							
{Tenable ciphername}							
{Cipher ID code}							
<pre>Kex={key exchange}</pre>							
Auth={authentication}							
<pre>Encrypt={symmetric encryptic</pre>							
MAC={message authentication	code}						
MAC={message authentication {export flag}	code}						

65821 - SSL RC4 Cipher Suites Supported (Bar Mitzvah)

Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of the RC4 cipher.

Description

The remote host supports the use of RC4 in one or more cipher suites.

The RC4 cipher is flawed in its generation of a pseudo-random stream of bytes so that a wide variety of small biases are introduced into the stream, decreasing its randomness.

If plaintext is repeatedly encrypted (e.g., HTTP cookies), and an attacker is able to obtain many (i.e., tens of millions) ciphertexts, the attacker may be able to derive the plaintext.

See Also

https://www.rc4nomore.com/

http://www.nessus.org/u?ac7327a0

http://cr.yp.to/talks/2013.03.12/slides.pdf

http://www.isg.rhul.ac.uk/tls/

https://www.imperva.com/docs/HII_Attacking_SSL_when_using_RC4.pdf

Solution

Reconfigure the affected application, if possible, to avoid use of RC4 ciphers. Consider using TLS 1.2 with AES-GCM suites subject to browser and web server support.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:X/RC:C)

VPR Score

4.4

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:ND/RC:C)

References

BID 58796 BID 73684

CVE CVE-2013-2566 CVE CVE-2015-2808

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/04/05, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

List of RC4 cipher suites supported by the remote server :

High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)

Name Code KEX Auth Encryption MAC

```
RC4-SHA 0x00, 0x05 RSA RSA RC4(128)

SHA1

The fields above are:

{Tenable ciphername}
{Cipher ID code}
Kex={key exchange}
Auth={authentication}
Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
MAC={message authentication code}
{export flag}
```

57582 - SSL Self-Signed Certificate

Synopsis

The SSL certificate chain for this service ends in an unrecognized self-signed certificate.

Description

The X.509 certificate chain for this service is not signed by a recognized certificate authority. If the remote host is a public host in production, this nullifies the use of SSL as anyone could establish a man-in-the-middle attack against the remote host.

Note that this plugin does not check for certificate chains that end in a certificate that is not self-signed, but is signed by an unrecognized certificate authority.

Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/17, Modified: 2022/06/14

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

The following certificate was found at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but is self-signed and was not found in the list of known certificate authorities:

 $|\mbox{-Subject: C=XX/ST=There is no such thing outside US/L=Everywhere/O=OCOSA/OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs/CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain} \\$

57582 - SSL Self-Signed Certificate

Synopsis

The SSL certificate chain for this service ends in an unrecognized self-signed certificate.

Description

The X.509 certificate chain for this service is not signed by a recognized certificate authority. If the remote host is a public host in production, this nullifies the use of SSL as anyone could establish a man-in-the-middle attack against the remote host.

Note that this plugin does not check for certificate chains that end in a certificate that is not self-signed, but is signed by an unrecognized certificate authority.

Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/17, Modified: 2022/06/14

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

The following certificate was found at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but is self-signed and was not

found in the list of known certificate authorities :

|-Subject : C=XX/ST=There is no such thing outside US/L=Everywhere/O=OCOSA/OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs/CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain

26928 - SSL Weak Cipher Suites Supported

Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of weak SSL ciphers.

Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer weak encryption.

Note: This is considerably easier to exploit if the attacker is on the same physical network.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?6527892d

Solution

Reconfigure the affected application, if possible to avoid the use of weak ciphers.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

References

XREF	CWE:326
XREF	CWE:327
XREF	CWE:720
XREF	CWE:753
XREF	CWE:803
XREF	CWE:928
XREF	CWE:934

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/10/08, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

```
Here is the list of weak SSL ciphers supported by the remote server :
 Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)
                                               KEX
   Name
                                Code
                                                             Auth Encryption
                                                                                            MAC
                                0x04, 0x00, 0x80 RSA(512)
   EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5
                                                              RSA
                                                                       RC2-CBC(40)
                                                                                             MD5
     export
   EXP-RC4-MD5
                                0x02, 0x00, 0x80 RSA(512)
                                                                       RC4(40)
                                                                                             MD5
     export
   EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA
                                0x00, 0x14
                                                DH(512)
                                                              RSA
                                                                       DES-CBC(40)
 SHA1 export
   EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA
                                0x00, 0x15
                                                 DH
                                                              RSA
                                                                       DES-CBC(56)
   EXP-ADH-DES-CBC-SHA
                                0x00, 0x19
                                                DH(512)
                                                              None
                                                                      DES-CBC(40)
 SHA1
        export
   EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5
                                0x00, 0x17
                                                 DH(512)
                                                                       RC4(40)
                                                                                             MD5
                                                              None
     export
   ADH-DES-CBC-SHA
                                0x00, 0x1A
                                                 DH
                                                                       DES-CBC(56)
                                                              None
 SHA1
   EXP-DES-CBC-SHA
                                0x00, 0x08
                                                 RSA(512)
                                                              RSA
                                                                       DES-CBC(40)
 SHA1 export
   EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5
                                0x00, 0x06
                                                 RSA(512)
                                                              RSA
                                                                       RC2-CBC(40)
                                                                                             MD5
     export
   EXP-RC4-MD5
                                0x00, 0x03
                                                 RSA(512)
                                                              RSA
                                                                       RC4(40)
                                                                                             MD5
     export
                                0x00, 0x09
   DES-CBC-SHA
                                                 RSA
                                                              RSA
                                                                       DES-CBC (56)
 SHA1
The fields above are :
 {Tenable ciphername}
 {Cipher ID code}
 Kex={key exchange}
 Auth={authentication}
 Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
 MAC={message authentication code}
 {export flag}
```

81606 - SSL/TLS EXPORT_RSA <= 512-bit Cipher Suites Supported (FREAK)

Synopsis

The remote host supports a set of weak ciphers.

Description

The remote host supports EXPORT_RSA cipher suites with keys less than or equal to 512 bits. An attacker can factor a 512-bit RSA modulus in a short amount of time.

A man-in-the middle attacker may be able to downgrade the session to use EXPORT_RSA cipher suites (e.g. CVE-2015-0204). Thus, it is recommended to remove support for weak cipher suites.

See Also

https://www.smacktls.com/#freak

https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20150108.txt

http://www.nessus.org/u?b78da2c4

Solution

Reconfigure the service to remove support for EXPORT_RSA cipher suites.

Risk Factor

Medium

VPR Score

3.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 71936

CVE CVE-2015-0204 XREF CERT:243585

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/03/04, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

EXPORT_RSA cipher suites supported by the remote server :

Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)

Name Code KEX Auth Encryption MAC

EXP-DES-CBC-SHA	0x00, 0x08	RSA(512)	RSA	DES-CBC(40)	
SHA1 export					
EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5	0x00, 0x06	RSA(512)	RSA	RC2-CBC(40)	MD5
export					
EXP-RC4-MD5	0x00, 0x03	RSA(512)	RSA	RC4(40)	MD5
export					
The fields above are: {Tenable ciphername} {Cipher ID code} Kex={key exchange} Auth={authentication} Encrypt={symmetric encrypt: MAC={message authentication} {export flag}					

104743 - TLS Version 1.0 Protocol Detection

Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.0. TLS 1.0 has a number of cryptographic design flaws. Modern implementations of TLS 1.0 mitigate these problems, but newer versions of TLS like 1.2 and 1.3 are designed against these flaws and should be used whenever possible.

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that aren't enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

PCI DSS v3.2 requires that TLS 1.0 be disabled entirely by June 30, 2018, except for POS POI terminals (and the SSL/TLS termination points to which they connect) that can be verified as not being susceptible to any known exploits.

See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-oldversions-deprecate-00

Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.0.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:P/A:N)

References

XREF CWE:327

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/11/22, Modified: 2023/04/19

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

TLSv1 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

104743 - TLS Version 1.0 Protocol Detection

Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.0. TLS 1.0 has a number of cryptographic design flaws. Modern implementations of TLS 1.0 mitigate these problems, but newer versions of TLS like 1.2 and 1.3 are designed against these flaws and should be used whenever possible.

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that aren't enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

PCI DSS v3.2 requires that TLS 1.0 be disabled entirely by June 30, 2018, except for POS POI terminals (and the SSL/TLS termination points to which they connect) that can be verified as not being susceptible to any known exploits.

See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-oldversions-deprecate-00

Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.0.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:P/A:N)

References

XREF CWE:327

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/11/22, Modified: 2023/04/19

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

TLSv1 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

42263 - Unencrypted Telnet Server

Synopsis

The remote Telnet server transmits traffic in cleartext.

Description

The remote host is running a Telnet server over an unencrypted channel.

Using Telnet over an unencrypted channel is not recommended as logins, passwords, and commands are transferred in cleartext. This allows a remote, man-in-the-middle attacker to eavesdrop on a Telnet session to obtain credentials or other sensitive information and to modify traffic exchanged between a client and server.

SSH is preferred over Telnet since it protects credentials from eavesdropping and can tunnel additional data streams such as an X11 session.

Solution

Disable the Telnet service and use SSH instead.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/10/27, Modified: 2024/01/16

Plugin Output

tcp/23/telnet

10114 - ICMP Timestamp Request Remote Date Disclosure

Synopsis

It is possible to determine the exact time set on the remote host.

Description

The remote host answers to an ICMP timestamp request. This allows an attacker to know the date that is set on the targeted machine, which may assist an unauthenticated, remote attacker in defeating time-based authentication protocols.

Timestamps returned from machines running Windows Vista / 7 / 2008 / 2008 R2 are deliberately incorrect, but usually within 1000 seconds of the actual system time.

Solution

Filter out the ICMP timestamp requests (13), and the outgoing ICMP timestamp replies (14).

Risk Factor

Low

VPR Score

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.1 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

References

CVE CVE-1999-0524

XREF CWE:200

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/08/01, Modified: 2024/05/03

Plugin Output

icmp/0

The difference between the local and remote clocks is -17503 seconds.

70658 - SSH Server CBC Mode Ciphers Enabled

Synopsis

The SSH server is configured to use Cipher Block Chaining.

Description

The SSH server is configured to support Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) encryption. This may allow an attacker to recover the plaintext message from the ciphertext.

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the SSH server and does not check for vulnerable software versions.

Solution

Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to disable CBC mode cipher encryption, and enable CTR or GCM cipher mode encryption.

Risk Factor

Low

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

3.7 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

VPR Score

3.6

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

1.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 32319

CVE CVE-2008-5161
XREF CERT:958563
XREF CWE:200

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/28, Modified: 2023/10/27

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

```
The following client-to-server Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) algorithms
are supported :
 3des-cbc
  aes128-cbc
 aes192-cbc
 aes256-cbc
 blowfish-cbc
 cast128-cbc
 rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
The following server-to-client Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) algorithms
are supported :
  3des-cbc
  aes128-cbc
 aes192-cbc
 aes256-cbc
 blowfish-cbc
 cast128-cbc
  rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
```

153953 - SSH Weak Key Exchange Algorithms Enabled

Synopsis

10.10.10.10

The remote SSH server is configured to allow weak key exchange algorithms.

11000	~ rir	1t10	n
Des		1111	<i>)</i>
	r		

The remote SSH server is configured to allow key exchange algorithms which are considered weak.

This is based on the IETF draft document Key Exchange (KEX) Method Updates and Recommendations for Secure Shell (SSH) RFC9142. Section 4 lists guidance on key exchange algorithms that SHOULD NOT and MUST NOT be enabled. This includes:

diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1

diffie-hellman-group1-sha1

gss-gex-sha1-*

gss-group1-sha1-*

gss-group14-sha1-*

rsa1024-sha1

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the SSH server, and it does not check for vulnerable software versions.

See Also

https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc9142

Solution

Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to disable the weak algorithms.

Risk Factor

Low

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

3.7 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2021/10/13, Modified: 2024/03/22

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

```
The following weak key exchange algorithms are enabled:

diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1
diffie-hellman-group1-sha1
```

71049 - SSH Weak MAC Algorithms Enabled

Synopsis

The remote SSH server is configured to allow MD5 and 96-bit MAC algorithms.

Description

The remote SSH server is configured to allow either MD5 or 96-bit MAC algorithms, both of which are considered weak.

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the SSH server, and it does not check for vulnerable software versions.

Solution

Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to disable MD5 and 96-bit MAC algorithms.

Risk Factor

Low

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/11/22, Modified: 2016/12/14

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

```
The following client-to-server Message Authentication Code (MAC) algorithms are supported:

hmac-md5
hmac-md5-96
hmac-sha1-96

The following server-to-client Message Authentication Code (MAC) algorithms are supported:

hmac-md5
hmac-md5
hmac-md5-96
```

Synopsis

83875 - SSL/TLS Diffie-Hellman Modulus <= 1024 Bits (Logjam)

The remote host allows SSL/TLS connections with one or more Diffie-Hellman moduli less than or equal to 1024 bits.
Description
The remote host allows SSL/TLS connections with one or more Diffie-Hellman moduli less than or equal to 1024 bits. Through cryptanalysis, a third party may be able to find the shared secret in a short amount of time (depending on modulus size and attacker resources). This may allow an attacker to recover the plaintext or potentially violate the integrity of connections.
See Also
https://weakdh.org/
Solution
Reconfigure the service to use a unique Diffie-Hellman moduli of 2048 bits or greater.
Risk Factor
Low
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
3.7 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
3.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
3.9
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
1.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 74733

CVE CVE-2015-4000

XREF CEA-ID:CEA-2021-0004

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/05/28, Modified: 2022/12/05

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

```
Vulnerable connection combinations:

SSL/TLS version : SSLv3
Cipher suite : TLS1_CK_DHE_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA
Diffie-Hellman MODP size (bits) : 512
Logjam attack difficulty : Easy (could be carried out by individuals)

SSL/TLS version : TLSv1.0
Cipher suite : TLS1_CK_DHE_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA
Diffie-Hellman MODP size (bits) : 512
Logjam attack difficulty : Easy (could be carried out by individuals)
```

83738 - SSL/TLS EXPORT DHE <= 512-bit Export Cipher Suites Supported (Logiam)

Synopsis

The remote host supports a set of weak ciphers.

Description

The remote host supports EXPORT_DHE cipher suites with keys less than or equal to 512 bits. Through cryptanalysis, a third party can find the shared secret in a short amount of time.

A man-in-the middle attacker may be able to downgrade the session to use EXPORT_DHE cipher suites. Thus, it is recommended to remove support for weak cipher suites.

See Also

https://weakdh.org/

Solution

Reconfigure the service to remove support for EXPORT_DHE cipher suites.

Risk Factor

Low

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

3.7 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

3.9

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

2.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:ND/RC:C)

References

BID 74733

CVE CVE-2015-4000

XREF CEA-ID:CEA-2021-0004

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/05/21, Modified: 2022/12/05

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

EXPORT_DHE cipher suites supported by the remote server : Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key) Code KEX Auth Encryption MAC Name EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x14 DH(512) RSA DES-CBC(40) SHA1 export EXP-ADH-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x19 DH(512) None DES-CBC(40) SHA1 export 0x00, 0x17 EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5 DH(512) None RC4 (40) MD5 export The fields above are : {Tenable ciphername} {Cipher ID code}

Kex={key exchange}
Auth={authentication}
Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
MAC={message authentication code}
{export flag}

78479 - SSLv3 Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption Vulnerability (POODLE)

Synopsis

It is possible to obtain sensitive information from the remote host with SSL/TLS-enabled services.

Description

The remote host is affected by a man-in-the-middle (MitM) information disclosure vulnerability known as POODLE. The vulnerability is due to the way SSL 3.0 handles padding bytes when decrypting messages encrypted using block ciphers in cipher block chaining (CBC) mode.

MitM attackers can decrypt a selected byte of a cipher text in as few as 256 tries if they are able to force a victim application to repeatedly send the same data over newly created SSL 3.0 connections.

As long as a client and service both support SSLv3, a connection can be 'rolled back' to SSLv3, even if TLSv1 or newer is supported by the client and service.

The TLS Fallback SCSV mechanism prevents 'version rollback' attacks without impacting legacy clients; however, it can only protect connections when the client and service support the mechanism. Sites that cannot disable SSLv3 immediately should enable this mechanism.

This is a vulnerability in the SSLv3 specification, not in any particular SSL implementation. Disabling SSLv3 is the only way to completely mitigate the vulnerability.

See Also

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-downgrade-scsv-00

Solution

Disable SSLv3.

Services that must support SSLv3 should enable the TLS Fallback SCSV mechanism until SSLv3 can be disabled.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

3.4 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:L/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

3.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

5.1

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 70574

CVE CVE-2014-3566 XREF CERT:577193

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/10/15, Modified: 2023/06/23

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

Nessus determined that the remote server supports SSLv3 with at least one CBC cipher suite, indicating that this server is vulnerable.

It appears that TLSv1 or newer is supported on the server. However, the Fallback SCSV mechanism is not supported, allowing connections to be "rolled back" to SSLv3.

78479 - SSLv3 Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption Vulnerability (POODLE)

Synopsis

It is possible to obtain sensitive information from the remote host with SSL/TLS-enabled services.

Description

The remote host is affected by a man-in-the-middle (MitM) information disclosure vulnerability known as POODLE. The vulnerability is due to the way SSL 3.0 handles padding bytes when decrypting messages encrypted using block ciphers in cipher block chaining (CBC) mode.

MitM attackers can decrypt a selected byte of a cipher text in as few as 256 tries if they are able to force a victim application to repeatedly send the same data over newly created SSL 3.0 connections.

As long as a client and service both support SSLv3, a connection can be 'rolled back' to SSLv3, even if TLSv1 or newer is supported by the client and service.

The TLS Fallback SCSV mechanism prevents 'version rollback' attacks without impacting legacy clients; however, it can only protect connections when the client and service support the mechanism. Sites that cannot disable SSLv3 immediately should enable this mechanism.

This is a vulnerability in the SSLv3 specification, not in any particular SSL implementation. Disabling SSLv3 is the only way to completely mitigate the vulnerability.

See Also https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-downgrade-scsv-00 Solution Disable SSLv3. Services that must support SSLv3 should enable the TLS Fallback SCSV mechanism until SSLv3 can be disabled. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 3.4 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:L/I:N/A:N) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 3.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 5.1 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 3.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 70574

CVE CVE-2014-3566 XREF CERT:577193

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/10/15, Modified: 2023/06/23

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

Nessus determined that the remote server supports SSLv3 with at least one CBC cipher suite, indicating that this server is vulnerable.

It appears that TLSv1 or newer is supported on the server. However, the Fallback SCSV mechanism is not supported, allowing connections to be "rolled back" to SSLv3.

10407 - X Server Detection

Synopsis

An X11 server is listening on the remote host

Description

The remote host is running an X11 server. X11 is a client-server protocol that can be used to display graphical applications running on a given host on a remote client.

Since the X11 traffic is not ciphered, it is possible for an attacker to eavesdrop on the connection.

Solution

Restrict access to this port. If the X11 client/server facility is not used, disable TCP support in X11 entirely (nolisten tcp).

Risk Factor

Low

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

Plugin Information

10.10.10.10

Published: 2000/05/12, Modified: 2019/03/05

Plugin Output

tcp/6000/x11

X11 Version : 11.0

18261 - Apache Banner Linux Distribution Disclosure

Synopsis

The name of the Linux distribution running on the remote host was found in the banner of the web server.

Description

Nessus was able to extract the banner of the Apache web server and determine which Linux distribution the remote host is running.

Solution

If you do not wish to display this information, edit 'httpd.conf' and set the directive 'ServerTokens Prod' and restart Apache.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2005/05/15, Modified: 2022/03/21

Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
The Linux distribution detected was : - Ubuntu 8.04 (gutsy)
```

48204 - Apache HTTP Server Version

Synopsis

It is possible to obtain the version number of the remote Apache HTTP server.

Description

The remote host is running the Apache HTTP Server, an open source web server. It was possible to read the version number from the banner.

See Also

https://httpd.apache.org/

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0030 **XREF** IAVT:0001-T-0530

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/07/30, Modified: 2023/08/17

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

URL : http://10.10.10.10/

Version : 2.2.99 Source : Server: Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2

backported : 1

modules : DAV/2

: ConvertedUbuntu

39519 - Backported Security Patch Detection (FTP)

Synopsis

Security patches are backported.

Description

Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote FTP server without changing its version number.

Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives.

10.10.10.10 91 See Also https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc_cid=3093 Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2009/06/25, Modified: 2015/07/07 Plugin Output tcp/2121/ftp Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks. 84574 - Backported Security Patch Detection (PHP) **Synopsis** Security patches have been backported. Description Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote PHP install without changing its version number. Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives. Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem. See Also https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc_cid=3093 Solution n/a

Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2015/07/07, Modified: 2022/04/11
Plugin Output
tcp/80/www
Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.
39520 - Backported Security Patch Detection (SSH)
Synopsis
Security patches are backported.
Description
Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote SSH server without changing its version number.
Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives.
Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.
See Also
https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc_cid=3093
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2009/06/25, Modified: 2015/07/07
Plugin Output
tcp/22/ssh

Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.

39521 - Backported Security Patch Detection (WWW)

Synopsis Security patches are backported. Description Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote HTTP server without changing its version number. Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives. Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem. See Also https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc_cid=3093 Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2009/06/25, Modified: 2015/07/07 Plugin Output tcp/80/www Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.

45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

Synopsis

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

10.10.10.10

Description

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/21, Modified: 2024/04/23

Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
The remote operating system matched the following CPE:

cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu_linux:8.04 -> Canonical Ubuntu Linux

Following application CPE's matched on the remote system:

cpe:/a:apache:http_server:2.2.8 -> Apache Software Foundation Apache HTTP Server cpe:/a:apache:http_server:2.2.99 -> Apache Software Foundation Apache HTTP Server cpe:/a:isc:bind:9.4. -> ISC BIND cpe:/a:isc:bind:9.4. -> ISC BIND cpe:/a:mysq1:mysq1:5.0.51a-3ubuntu5 -> MySQL MySQL cpe:/a:mysq1:mysq1:5.0.51a-3ubuntu5 -> MySQL MySQL cpe:/a:openbsd:openssh4.7 -> OpenBSD OpenSSH cpe:/a:openbsd:openssh4.7p1 -> OpenBSD OpenSSH cpe:/a:openbsd:openssh4.7p1 -> OpenBSD OpenSSH cpe:/a:php:php:5.2.4 -> PHP PHP cpe:/a:php:php:5.2.4 -2ubuntu5.10 -> PHP PHP cpe:/a:postgresq1:postgresq1 -> PostgreSQL cpe:/a:samba:samba:3.0.20 -> Samba Samba
```

10028 - DNS Server BIND version Directive Remote Version Detection

Synopsis

It is possible to obtain the version number of the remote DNS server.

Description

The remote host is running BIND or another DNS server that reports its version number when it receives a special request for the text 'version.bind' in the domain 'chaos'.

This version is not necessarily accurate and could even be forged, as some DNS servers send the information based on a configuration file.

Solution

It is possible to hide the version number of BIND by using the 'version' directive in the 'options' section in named.conf.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0583

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2022/10/12

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

Version : 9.4.2

35373 - DNS Server DNSSEC Aware Resolver

Synopsis

The remote DNS resolver is DNSSEC-aware.

Description

The remote DNS resolver accepts DNSSEC options. This means that it may verify the authenticity of DNSSEC protected zones if it is configured to trust their keys.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/01/15, Modified: 2013/11/21

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

11002 - DNS Server Detection

Synopsis

A DNS server is listening on the remote host.

Description

The remote service is a Domain Name System (DNS) server, which provides a mapping between hostnames and IP addresses.

See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Domain_Name_System

Solution

Disable this service if it is not needed or restrict access to internal hosts only if the service is available externally.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2003/02/13, Modified: 2017/05/16

Plugin Output

tcp/53/dns

11002 - DNS Server Detection

Synopsis

A DNS server is listening on the remote host.

Description

10.10.10.10

and IP addresses. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Domain_Name_System Solution Disable this service if it is not needed or restrict access to internal hosts only if the service is available externally. Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2003/02/13, Modified: 2017/05/16 Plugin Output udp/53/dns 35371 - DNS Server hostname.bind Map Hostname Disclosure **Synopsis** The DNS server discloses the remote host name. Description It is possible to learn the remote host name by querying the remote DNS server for 'hostname.bind' in the CHAOS domain. Solution It may be possible to disable this feature. Consult the vendor's documentation for more information. Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2009/01/15, Modified: 2011/09/14 Plugin Output

The remote service is a Domain Name System (DNS) server, which provides a mapping between hostnames

10.10.10.10

udp/53/dns

```
The remote host name is:
metasploitable
```

54615 - Device Type

Synopsis

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

Description

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/05/23, Modified: 2022/09/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
Remote device type : general-purpose Confidence level : 95
```

35716 - Ethernet Card Manufacturer Detection

Synopsis

The manufacturer can be identified from the Ethernet OUI.

Description

Each ethernet MAC address starts with a 24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI). These OUIs are registered by IEEE.

See Also

https://standards.ieee.org/faqs/regauth.html http://www.nessus.org/u?794673b4 Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2009/02/19, Modified: 2020/05/13 Plugin Output tcp/0 The following card manufacturers were identified: 08:00:27:BD:87:FF : PCS Systemtechnik GmbH 86420 - Ethernet MAC Addresses Synopsis This plugin gathers MAC addresses from various sources and consolidates them into a list. Description This plugin gathers MAC addresses discovered from both remote probing of the host (e.g. SNMP and Netbios) and from running local checks (e.g. ifconfig). It then consolidates the MAC addresses into a single, unique, and uniform list. Solution n/a

10.10.10.10 100

Risk Factor

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/10/16, Modified: 2020/05/13

None

Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
The following is a consolidated list of detected MAC addresses:
- 08:00:27:BD:87:FF
```

10092 - FTP Server Detection

Synopsis

An FTP server is listening on a remote port.

Description

It is possible to obtain the banner of the remote FTP server by connecting to a remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0030 XREF IAVT:0001-T-0943

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2023/08/17

Plugin Output

tcp/21/ftp

```
The remote FTP banner is:
220 (vsFTPd 2.3.4)
```

10092 - FTP Server Detection

Synopsis

An FTP server is listening on a remote port.

10.10.10.10

Description
It is possible

It is possible to obtain the banner of the remote FTP server by connecting to a remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0030 XREF IAVT:0001-T-0943

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2023/08/17

Plugin Output

tcp/2121/ftp

```
The remote FTP banner is:

220 ProFTPD 1.3.1 Server (Debian) [::ffff:10.10.10.10]
```

10107 - HTTP Server Type and Version

Synopsis

A web server is running on the remote host.

Description

This plugin attempts to determine the type and the version of the remote web server.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF

IAVT:0001-T-0931

Plugin Information

Published: 2000/01/04, Modified: 2020/10/30

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
The remote web server type is : Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2
```

24260 - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information

Synopsis

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

Description

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol - the version used, whether HTTP Keep-Alive is enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/01/30, Modified: 2024/02/26

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
Response Code: HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Protocol version: HTTP/1.1

HTTP/2 TLS Support: No
```

```
HTTP/2 Cleartext Support: No
SSL : no
Keep-Alive : yes
Options allowed : (Not implemented)
Headers :
 Date: Sat, 11 May 2024 18:55:59 GMT
 Server: Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2
 X-Powered-By: PHP/5.2.4-2ubuntu5.10
  Content-Length: 891
 Keep-Alive: timeout=15, max=100
 Connection: Keep-Alive
  Content-Type: text/html
Response Body :
<html><head><title>Metasploitable2 - Linux</title></head><body>
Warning: Never expose this VM to an untrusted network!
Contact: msfdev[at]metasploit.com
Login with msfadmin/msfadmin to get started
<l
<a href="/twiki/">TWiki</a>
<a href="/phpMyAdmin/">phpMyAdmin</a>
<a href="/mutillidae/">Mutillidae</a>
<a href="/dvwa/">DVWA</a>
<a href="/dav/">WebDAV</a>
</body>
</html>
```

11156 - IRC Daemon Version Detection

Synopsis

The remote host is an IRC server.

Description

This plugin determines the version of the IRC daemon.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

10.10.10.10

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/11/19, Modified: 2016/01/08

Plugin Output

tcp/6667/irc

```
The IRC server version is : Unreal3.2.8.1. FhiXOoE [*=2309]
```

10397 - Microsoft Windows SMB LanMan Pipe Server Listing Disclosure

Synopsis

It is possible to obtain network information.

Description

It was possible to obtain the browse list of the remote Windows system by sending a request to the LANMAN pipe. The browse list is the list of the nearest Windows systems of the remote host.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2000/05/09, Modified: 2022/02/01

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
Here is the browse list of the remote host :

METASPLOITABLE ( os : 0.0 )
```

10785 - Microsoft Windows SMB NativeLanManager Remote System Information Disclosure

Synopsis

It was possible to obtain information about the remote operating system.

Description
Nessus was

Nessus was able to obtain the remote operating system name and version (Windows and/or Samba) by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445. Note that this plugin requires SMB to be enabled on the host.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2001/10/17, Modified: 2021/09/20

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
The remote Operating System is : Unix
The remote native LAN manager is : Samba 3.0.20-Debian
The remote SMB Domain Name is : METASPLOITABLE
```

11011 - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

Synopsis

A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host.

Description

The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Plugin Output tcp/139/smb An SMB server is running on this port. 11011 - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection Synopsis A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host. Description The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network. Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2002/06/05, Modified: 2021/02/11 Plugin Output tcp/445/cifs A CIFS server is running on this port. 100871 - Microsoft Windows SMB Versions Supported (remote check) Synopsis It was possible to obtain information about the version of SMB running on the remote host. Description

Published: 2002/06/05, Modified: 2021/02/11

Nessus was able to obtain the version of SMB running on the remote host by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445.

Note that this plugin is a remote check and does not work on agents.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/06/19, Modified: 2019/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

The remote host supports the following versions of SMB:

SMBV1

106716 - Microsoft Windows SMB2 and SMB3 Dialects Supported (remote check)

Synopsis

It was possible to obtain information about the dialects of SMB2 and SMB3 available on the remote host.

Description

Nessus was able to obtain the set of SMB2 and SMB3 dialects running on the remote host by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/02/09, Modified: 2020/03/11

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

10719 - MySQL Server Detection

Synopsis

A database server is listening on the remote port.

Description

The remote host is running MySQL, an open source database server.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0802

Plugin Information

Published: 2001/08/13, Modified: 2022/10/12

Plugin Output

tcp/3306/mysql

```
Version : 5.0.51a-3ubuntu5
Protocol : 10
Server Status : SERVER_STATUS_AUTOCOMMIT
Server Capabilities :
    CLIENT_LONG_FLAG (Get all column flags)
    CLIENT_CONNECT_WITH_DB (One can specify db on connect)
    CLIENT_COMPRESS (Can use compression protocol)
    CLIENT_PROTOCOL_41 (New 4.1 protocol)
```

CLIENT_SSL (Switch to SSL after handshake)
CLIENT_TRANSACTIONS (Client knows about transactions)
CLIENT_SECURE_CONNECTION (New 4.1 authentication)

10437 - NFS Share Export List

Synopsis

The remote NFS server exports a list of shares.

Description

This plugin retrieves the list of NFS exported shares.

See Also

http://www.tldp.org/HOWTO/NFS-HOWTO/security.html

Solution

Ensure each share is intended to be exported.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2000/06/07, Modified: 2019/10/04

Plugin Output

tcp/2049/rpc-nfs

```
Here is the export list of 10.10.10.10 : / *
```

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

_				
So	h	ıt	\cap	n

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

Plugin Output

tcp/21/ftp

Port 21/tcp was found to be open

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

tcp/22/ssh

Port 22/tcp was found to be open

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

Plugin Output

tcp/23/telnet

Port 23/tcp was found to be open

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

_				
So	h	ıt	\cap	n

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

Port 25/tcp was found to be open

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

tcp/53/dns

Port 53/tcp was found to be open

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

Port 80/tcp was found to be open

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

_				
So	h	ıt	\cap	n

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

Plugin Output

tcp/111/rpc-portmapper

Port 111/tcp was found to be open

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

tcp/139/smb

Port 139/tcp was found to be open

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

Port 445/tcp was found to be open

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

_		
≤ 0	li it	ion
\mathcal{L}	ıuı	IUII

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

Plugin Output

tcp/512

Port 512/tcp was found to be open

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

tcp/513/rlogin

Port 513/tcp was found to be open

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

Plugin Output

tcp/514/rsh

Port 514/tcp was found to be open

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

_				
So	h	ıt	\cap	n

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

Plugin Output

tcp/1099/rmi_registry

Port 1099/tcp was found to be open

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

tcp/1524/wild shell

Port 1524/tcp was found to be open

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

Plugin Output

tcp/2049/rpc-nfs

Port 2049/tcp was found to be open

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

		•
So	li it	ınn
\mathcal{L}	ıuı	IUII

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

Plugin Output

tcp/2121/ftp

Port 2121/tcp was found to be open

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

tcp/3306/mysql

Port 3306/tcp was found to be open

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

Plugin Output

tcp/3632

Port 3632/tcp was found to be open

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

_					
Sc	١l٢	H	tı	\cap	n

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

Port 5432/tcp was found to be open

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

tcp/5900/vnc

Port 5900/tcp was found to be open

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

Plugin Output

tcp/6000/x11

Port 6000/tcp was found to be open

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

		•
So	li it	ınn
\mathcal{L}	ıuı	IUII

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

Plugin Output

tcp/6667/irc

Port 6667/tcp was found to be open

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

tcp/8009

Port 8009/tcp was found to be open

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

Plugin Output

tcp/8180

Port 8180/tcp was found to be open

11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

Plugin Output

tcp/8787

Port 8787/tcp was found to be open

19506 - Nessus Scan Information

Synopsis

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

Description

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- The ping round trip time
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- Whether the display of superseded patches is enabled
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2024/03/13

Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
Information about this scan :
Nessus version: 10.7.2
Nessus build : 20029
Plugin feed version: 202405110848
Scanner edition used : Nessus
Scanner OS : LINUX
Scanner distribution : ubuntu1404-x86-64
Scan type : Normal
Scan name : Skanowanie Podatno#>ci Metasploitable -12.05.24
Scan policy used : Basic Network Scan
Scanner IP : 10.10.10.11
Port scanner(s) : nessus_syn_scanner
Port range : default
Ping RTT : 135.530 ms
Thorough tests : no
Experimental tests : no
Plugin debugging enabled : no
Paranoia level : 1
Report verbosity: 1
Safe checks : yes
Optimize the test : no
Credentialed checks : no
Patch management checks : None
Display superseded patches : yes (supersedence plugin did not launch)
CGI scanning : disabled
Web application tests : disabled
Max hosts : 30
Max checks: 4
Recv timeout : 5
Backports : Detected
Allow post-scan editing : Yes
Nessus Plugin Signature Checking: Enabled
Audit File Signature Checking : Disabled
Scan Start Date : 2024/5/12 9:59 EDT
Scan duration: 594 sec
Scan for malware : no
```

11936 - OS Identification

Synopsis

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

Description

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2003/12/09, Modified: 2023/11/08

Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
Remote operating system : Linux Kernel 2.6 on Ubuntu 8.04 (gutsy)
Confidence level: 95
Method : HTTP
Not all fingerprints could give a match. If you think some or all of
the following could be used to identify the host's operating system,
please email them to os-signatures@nessus.org. Be sure to include a
brief description of the host itself, such as the actual operating
system or product / model names.
SSH:SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_4.7p1 Debian-8ubuntu1
  P1:B10113:F0x12:W5840:O0204ffff:M1460:
   P2:B10113:F0x12:W5792:O0204ffff0402080afffffff4445414401030307:M1460:
  P3:B00000:F0x00:W0:O0:M0
  P4:190802_7_p=2121
SMTP: !: 220 metasploitable.localdomain ESMTP Postfix (Ubuntu)
SSLcert:!:i/CN:ubuntu804-base.localdomaini/0:OCOSAi/OU:Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple
Affairss/CN:ubuntu804-base.localdomains/O:OCOSAs/OU:Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple
Affairs
ed093088706603bfd5dc237399b498da2d4d31c6
i/CN:ubuntu804-base.localdomaini/O:OCOSAi/OU:Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairss/
CN:ubuntu804-base.localdomains/O:OCOSAs/OU:Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
ed093088706603bfd5dc237399b498da2d4d31c6
The remote host is running Linux Kernel 2.6 on Ubuntu 8.04 (gutsy)
```

117886 - OS Security Patch Assessment Not Available

Synopsis

OS Security Patch Assessment is not available.

Description

OS Security Patch Assessment is not available on the remote host.

This does not necessarily indicate a problem with the scan.

Credentials may not have been provided, OS security patch assessment may not be supported for the target, the target may not have been identified, or another issue may have occurred that prevented OS security patch assessment from being available. See plugin output for details.

This plugin reports non-failure information impacting the availability of OS Security Patch Assessment. Failure information is reported by plugin 21745: 'OS Security Patch Assessment failed'. If a target host is not supported for OS Security Patch Assessment, plugin 110695: 'OS Security Patch Assessment Checks Not Supported' will report concurrently with this plugin.

Solution	
n/a	
Risk Factor	
None	
References	
XREF	IAVB:0001-B-0515
Plugin Info	rmation
Published:	2018/10/02, Modified: 2021/07/12
Plugin Out	put
tcp/0	
- Plugi Plugi Plugi Messa	in ID : 110723 in Name : Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided

181418 - OpenSSH Detection

Synopsis

An OpenSSH-based SSH server was detected on the remote host.

Description

An OpenSSH-based SSH server was detected on the remote host.

See Also

https://www.openssh.com/

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2023/09/14, Modified: 2024/05/03

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

```
Service : ssh
Version : 4.7p1
Banner : SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_4.7p1 Debian-8ubuntu1
```

50845 - OpenSSL Detection

Synopsis

The remote service appears to use OpenSSL to encrypt traffic.

Description

Based on its response to a TLS request with a specially crafted server name extension, it seems that the remote service is using the OpenSSL library to encrypt traffic.

Note that this plugin can only detect OpenSSL implementations that have enabled support for TLS extensions (RFC 4366).

See Also

https://www.openssl.org/

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2010/11/30, Modified: 2020/06/12
Plugin Output
tcp/25/smtp
50845 - OpenSSL Detection
Synopsis
The remote service appears to use OpenSSL to encrypt traffic.
Description
Based on its response to a TLS request with a specially crafted server name extension, it seems that the remote service is using the OpenSSL library to encrypt traffic.
Note that this plugin can only detect OpenSSL implementations that have enabled support for TLS extensions (RFC 4366).
See Also
https://www.openssl.org/
Solution
n/a
Diel. Factor
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2010/11/30, Modified: 2020/06/12
Plugin Output
tcp/5432/postgresql
48243 - PHP Version Detection
Synonsis

It was possible to obtain the version number of the remote PHP installation.

Description

Nessus was able to determine the version of PHP available on the remote web server.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0936

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/08/04, Modified: 2022/10/12

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
Nessus was able to identify the following PHP version information:

Version: 5.2.4-2ubuntu5.10
Source: X-Powered-By: PHP/5.2.4-2ubuntu5.10
```

66334 - Patch Report

Synopsis

The remote host is missing several patches.

Description

The remote host is missing one or more security patches. This plugin lists the newest version of each patch to install to make sure the remote host is up-to-date.

Note: Because the 'Show missing patches that have been superseded' setting in your scan policy depends on this plugin, it will always run and cannot be disabled.

Solution

Install the patches listed below.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/07/08, Modified: 2024/04/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
. You need to take the following 2 actions:

[ ISC BIND 9.x < 9.11.22, 9.12.x < 9.16.6, 9.17.x < 9.17.4 DoS (139915) ]

+ Action to take: Upgrade to BIND 9.11.22, 9.16.6, 9.17.4 or later.

+Impact: Taking this action will resolve 3 different vulnerabilities (CVEs).

[ Samba Badlock Vulnerability (90509) ]

+ Action to take: Upgrade to Samba version 4.2.11 / 4.3.8 / 4.4.2 or later.
```

118224 - PostgreSQL STARTTLS Support

Synopsis

The remote service supports encrypting traffic.

Description

The remote PostgreSQL server supports the use of encryption initiated during pre-login to switch from a cleartext to an encrypted communications channel.

See Also

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/9.2/protocol-flow.html#AEN96066 https://www.postgresql.org/docs/9.2/protocol-message-formats.html

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/10/19, Modified: 2022/04/11

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

```
Here is the PostgreSOL's SSL certificate that Nessus
was able to collect after sending a pre-login packet :
----- snip
Subject Name:
Country: XX
State/Province: There is no such thing outside US
Locality: Everywhere
Organization: OCOSA
Organization Unit: Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
Common Name: ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Email Address: root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Issuer Name:
Country: XX
State/Province: There is no such thing outside US
Locality: Everywhere
Organization: OCOSA
Organization Unit: Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
Common Name: ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Email Address: root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Serial Number: 00 FA F9 3A 4C 7F B6 B9 CC
Version: 1
Signature Algorithm: SHA-1 With RSA Encryption
Not Valid Before: Mar 17 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Not Valid After: Apr 16 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Public Key Info:
Algorithm: RSA Encryption
Key Length: 1024 bits
Public Key: 00 D6 B4 13 36 33 9A 95 71 7B 1B DE 7C 83 75 DA 71 B1 3C A9
           7F FE AD 64 1B 77 E9 4F AE BE CA D4 F8 CB EF AE BB 43 79 24
           73 FF 3C E5 9E 3B 6D FC C8 B1 AC FA 4C 4D 5E 9B 4C 99 54 0B
           D7 A8 4A 50 BA A9 DE 1D 1F F4 E4 6B 02 A3 F4 6B 45 CD 4C AF
           8D 89 62 33 8F 65 BB 36 61 9F C4 2C 73 C1 4E 2E A0 A8 14 4E
           98 70 46 61 BB D1 B9 31 DF 8C 99 EE 75 6B 79 3C 40 A0 AE 97
           00 90 9D DC 99 0D 33 A4 B5
Exponent: 01 00 01
Signature Length: 128 bytes / 1024 bits
Signature: 00 92 A4 B4 B8 14 55 63 25 51 4A 0B C3 2A 22 CF 3A F8 17 6A
          OC CF 66 AA A7 65 2F 48 6D CD E3 3E 5C 9F 77 6C D4 44 54 1F
          1E 84 4F 8E D4 8D DD AC 2D 88 09 21 A8 DA 56 2C A9 05 3C 49
          68 35 19 75 OC DA 53 23 88 88 19 2D 74 26 C1 22 65 EE 11 68
          83 6A 53 4A 9C 27 CB A0 B4 E9 8D 29 0C B2 3C 18 5C 67 CC 53
          A6 1E 30 D0 AA 26 7B 1E AE 40 B9 29 01 6C 2E BC A2 19 94 7C
          15 6E 8D 30 38 F6 CA 2E 75
```

26024 - PostgreSQL Server Detection
Synopsis
A database service is listening on the remote host.
Description
The remote service is a PostgreSQL database server, or a derivative such as EnterpriseDB.
See Also
https://www.postgresql.org/
Solution
Limit incoming traffic to this port if desired.
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2007/09/14, Modified: 2023/05/24
Plugin Output
tcp/5432/postgresql
22227 - RMI Registry Detection
Synopsis
An RMI registry is listening on the remote host.
Description
The remote host is running an RMI registry, which acts as a bootstrap naming service for registering and retrieving remote objects with simple names in the Java Remote Method Invocation (RMI) system.
See Also
https://docs.oracle.com/javase/1.5.0/docs/guide/rmi/spec/rmiTOC.html
http://www.nessus.org/u?b6fd7659

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2006/08/16, Modified: 2022/06/01

Plugin Output

tcp/1099/rmi_registry tcp/1099/rmi_registry

```
Valid response recieved for port 1099:

0x00: 51 AC ED 00 05 77 0F 01 E4 04 AE 48 00 00 01 8F

0x10: 69 04 12 45 80 02 75 72 00 13 5B 4C 6A 61 76 61

0x20: 2E 6C 61 6E 67 2E 53 74 72 69 6E 67 3B AD D2 56

0x30: E7 E9 1D 7B 47 02 00 00 70 78 70 00 00 00 00 ...{G...pxp....
```

11111 - RPC Services Enumeration

Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

Plugin Output

tcp/111/rpc-portmapper

```
The following RPC services are available on TCP port 111:
- program: 100000 (portmapper), version: 2
```

11111 - RPC Services Enumeration

Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

Plugin Output

udp/111/rpc-portmapper

```
The following RPC services are available on UDP port 111:
- program: 100000 (portmapper), version: 2
```

11111 - RPC Services Enumeration

Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

Plugin Output

tcp/2049/rpc-nfs

```
The following RPC services are available on TCP port 2049:

- program: 100003 (nfs), version: 2
- program: 100003 (nfs), version: 3
- program: 100003 (nfs), version: 4
```

11111 - RPC Services Enumeration

Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

Plugin Output

udp/2049/rpc-nfs

```
The following RPC services are available on UDP port 2049:

- program: 100003 (nfs), version: 2
- program: 100003 (nfs), version: 3
- program: 100003 (nfs), version: 4
```

11111 - RPC Services Enumeration

Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

Plugin Output

udp/36014/rpc-status

```
The following RPC services are available on UDP port 36014 :
- program: 100024 (status), version: 1
```

11111 - RPC Services Enumeration

Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24
Plugin Output
tcp/41688/rpc-nlockmgr
The following RPC services are available on TCP port 41688: - program: 100021 (nlockmgr), version: 1 - program: 100021 (nlockmgr), version: 3 - program: 100021 (nlockmgr), version: 4
11111 - RPC Services Enumeration
Synopsis
An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.
Description
By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

udp/47021/rpc-mountd

```
The following RPC services are available on UDP port 47021:

- program: 100005 (mountd), version: 1
- program: 100005 (mountd), version: 2
- program: 100005 (mountd), version: 3
```

11111 - RPC Services Enumeration

Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

Plugin Output

udp/49001/rpc-nlockmgr

```
The following RPC services are available on UDP port 49001:

- program: 100021 (nlockmgr), version: 1
- program: 100021 (nlockmgr), version: 3
- program: 100021 (nlockmgr), version: 4
```

11111 - RPC Services Enumeration

Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

	Desc	rip	tio	n
--	------	-----	-----	---

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

Plugin Output

tcp/54912/rpc-status

The following RPC services are available on TCP port 54912:

- program: 100024 (status), version: 1

11111 - RPC Services Enumeration

Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

Plugin Output

tcp/55151/rpc-mountd

```
The following RPC services are available on TCP port 55151:

- program: 100005 (mountd), version: 1
- program: 100005 (mountd), version: 2
- program: 100005 (mountd), version: 3
```

53335 - RPC portmapper (TCP)

Synopsis

An ONC RPC portmapper is running on the remote host.

Description

The RPC portmapper is running on this port.

The portmapper allows someone to get the port number of each RPC service running on the remote host by sending either multiple lookup requests or a DUMP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/04/08, Modified: 2011/08/29

Plugin Output

tcp/111/rpc-portmapper

10223 - RPC portmapper Service Detection

Synopsis

An ONC RPC portmapper is running on the remote host.

IDC	cri	nti	n
Des	CI I	υu	IUII

The RPC portmapper is running on this port.

The portmapper allows someone to get the port number of each RPC service running on the remote host by sending either multiple lookup requests or a DUMP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

0.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

0.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:N)

References

CVE CVE-1999-0632

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/08/19, Modified: 2019/10/04

Plugin Output

udp/111/rpc-portmapper

10263 - SMTP Server Detection

Synopsis

An SMTP server is listening on the remote port.

Description

The remote host is running a mail (SMTP) server on this port.

Since SMTP servers are the targets of spammers, it is recommended you disable it if you do not use it.

Solution

Disable this service if you do not use it, or filter incoming traffic to this port.

Risk Factor None References **XREF** IAVT:0001-T-0932 Plugin Information Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2020/09/22 Plugin Output tcp/25/smtp Remote SMTP server banner : 220 metasploitable.localdomain ESMTP Postfix (Ubuntu) 42088 - SMTP Service STARTTLS Command Support Synopsis The remote mail service supports encrypting traffic. Description The remote SMTP service supports the use of the 'STARTTLS' command to switch from a cleartext to an encrypted communications channel. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/STARTTLS https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2487 Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information

10.10.10.10 146

Published: 2009/10/09, Modified: 2019/03/20

tcp/25/smtp

```
Here is the SMTP service's SSL certificate that Nessus was able to
collect after sending a 'STARTTLS' command :
 snip
Subject Name:
Country: XX
State/Province: There is no such thing outside US
Locality: Everywhere
Organization: OCOSA
Organization Unit: Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
Common Name: ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Email Address: root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Issuer Name:
Country: XX
State/Province: There is no such thing outside US
Locality: Everywhere
Organization: OCOSA
Organization Unit: Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
Common Name: ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Email Address: root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Serial Number: 00 FA F9 3A 4C 7F B6 B9 CC
Version: 1
Signature Algorithm: SHA-1 With RSA Encryption
Not Valid Before: Mar 17 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Not Valid After: Apr 16 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Public Key Info:
Algorithm: RSA Encryption
Key Length: 1024 bits
Public Key: 00 D6 B4 13 36 33 9A 95 71 7B 1B DE 7C 83 75 DA 71 B1 3C A9
           7F FE AD 64 1B 77 E9 4F AE BE CA D4 F8 CB EF AE BB 43 79 24
           73 FF 3C E5 9E 3B 6D FC C8 B1 AC FA 4C 4D 5E 9B 4C 99 54 0B
           D7 A8 4A 50 BA A9 DE 1D 1F F4 E4 6B 02 A3 F4 6B 45 CD 4C AF
           8D 89 62 33 8F 65 BB 36 61 9F C4 2C 73 C1 4E 2E A0 A8 14 4E
           98 70 46 61 BB D1 B9 31 DF 8C 99 EE 75 6B 79 3C 40 A0 AE 97
           00 90 9D DC 99 0D 33 A4 B5
Exponent: 01 00 01
Signature Length: 128 bytes / 1024 bits
Signature: 00 92 A4 B4 B8 14 55 63 25 51 4A 0B C3 2A 22 CF 3A F8 17 6A
          OC CF 66 AA A7 65 2F 48 6D CD E3 3E 5C 9F 77 6C D4 44 54 1F
          1E 84 4F 8E D4 8D DD AC 2D 88 09 21 A8 DA 56 2C A9 05 3C 49
          68 35 19 75 OC DA 53 23 88 88 19 2D 74 26 C1 22 65 EE 11 68
          83 6A 53 4A 9C 27 CB A0 B4 E9 8D 29 0C B2 3C 18 5C 67 CC 53
          A6 1E 30 D0 AA 26 7B 1E AE 40 B9 29 01 6C 2E BC A2 19 94 7C
          15 6E 8D 30 38 F6 CA 2E 75
----- snip ----- [...]
```

70657 - SSH Algorithms and Languages Supported

Synopsis

An SSH server is listening on this port.

Description

This script detects which algorithms and languages are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/28, Modified: 2017/08/28

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

```
Nessus negotiated the following encryption algorithm with the server :
The server supports the following options for kex_algorithms :
 diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1
 diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha256
 diffie-hellman-group1-sha1
 diffie-hellman-group14-sha1
The server supports the following options for server\_host\_key\_algorithms:
 ssh-dss
 ssh-rsa
The server supports the following options for encryption_algorithms_client_to_server :
 3des-cbc
 aes128-cbc
 aes128-ctr
 aes192-cbc
 aes192-ctr
 aes256-cbc
 aes256-ctr
 arcfour
 arcfour128
  arcfour256
 blowfish-cbc
 cast128-cbc
 rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
The server supports the following options for encryption_algorithms_server_to_client :
 3des-cbc
```

```
aes128-cbc
 aes128-ctr
 aes192-cbc
  aes192-ctr
 aes256-cbc
 aes256-ctr
 arcfour
 arcfour128
  arcfour256
  blowfish-cbc
 cast128-cbc
 rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
The server supports the following options for mac_algorithms_client_to_server:
 hmac-md5-96
 hmac-ripemd160
 hmac-ripemd160@openssh.com
 hmac-sha1
  hmac-sha1-96
 umac-64@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for mac_algorithms_server_to_client :
  hmac-md5
  hmac-md5-96
 hmac-ripemd160
 hmac-ripemd160@openssh.com
 hmac-sha1
 hmac-sha1-96
 umac-64@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for compression_algorithms_client_to_server :
 zlib@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for compression_algorithms_server_to_client :
 none
  zlib@openssh.com
```

149334 - SSH Password Authentication Accepted

Synopsis

The SSH server on the remote host accepts password authentication.

Description

The SSH server on the remote host accepts password authentication.

See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4252#section-8

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor None Plugin Information

i lugiii iiiloiiilatioii

Published: 2021/05/07, Modified: 2021/05/07

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

10881 - SSH Protocol Versions Supported

Synopsis

A SSH server is running on the remote host.

Description

This plugin determines the versions of the SSH protocol supported by the remote SSH daemon.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/03/06, Modified: 2021/01/19

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

The remote SSH daemon supports the following versions of the SSH protocol :

- 1.99
- 2.0

153588 - SSH SHA-1 HMAC Algorithms Enabled

Synopsis

The remote SSH server is configured to enable SHA-1 HMAC algorithms.

Description

The remote SSH server is configured to enable SHA-1 HMAC algorithms.

Although NIST has formally deprecated use of SHA-1 for digital signatures, SHA-1 is still considered secure for HMAC as the security of HMAC does not rely on the underlying hash function being resistant to collisions.

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the remote SSH server.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2021/09/23, Modified: 2022/04/05

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

```
The following client-to-server SHA-1 Hash-based Message Authentication Code (HMAC) algorithms are supported:

hmac-sha1
hmac-sha1-96

The following server-to-client SHA-1 Hash-based Message Authentication Code (HMAC) algorithms are supported:

hmac-sha1
hmac-sha1
hmac-sha1-96
```

10267 - SSH Server Type and Version Information

Synopsis

An SSH server is listening on this port.

Description

It is possible to obtain information about the remote SSH server by sending an empty authentication request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0933

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2020/09/22

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

SSH version : SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_4.7p1 Debian-8ubuntu1 SSH supported authentication : publickey,password

56984 - SSL / TLS Versions Supported

Synopsis

The remote service encrypts communications.

Description

This plugin detects which SSL and TLS versions are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/01, Modified: 2023/07/10

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

This port supports SSLv2/SSLv3/TLSv1.0.

56984 - SSL / TLS Versions Supported

Synopsis
The remote service encrypts communications.
Description
This plugin detects which SSL and TLS versions are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2011/12/01, Modified: 2023/07/10
Plugin Output
tcp/5432/postgresql
This port supports SSLv3/TLSv1.0.

45410 - SSL Certificate 'commonName' Mismatch

Synopsis

The 'commonName' (CN) attribute in the SSL certificate does not match the hostname.

Description

The service running on the remote host presents an SSL certificate for which the 'commonName' (CN) attribute does not match the hostname on which the service listens.

Solution

If the machine has several names, make sure that users connect to the service through the DNS hostname that matches the common name in the certificate.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/03, Modified: 2021/03/09

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

```
The host name known by Nessus is:

metasploitable

The Common Name in the certificate is:

ubuntu804-base.localdomain
```

45410 - SSL Certificate 'commonName' Mismatch

Synopsis

The 'commonName' (CN) attribute in the SSL certificate does not match the hostname.

Description

The service running on the remote host presents an SSL certificate for which the 'commonName' (CN) attribute does not match the hostname on which the service listens.

Solution

If the machine has several names, make sure that users connect to the service through the DNS hostname that matches the common name in the certificate.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/03, Modified: 2021/03/09

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

```
The host name known by Nessus is:

metasploitable

The Common Name in the certificate is:

ubuntu804-base.localdomain
```

10863 - SSL Certificate Information

Synopsis

This plugin displays the SSL certificate.

Description

This plugin connects to every SSL-related port and attempts to extract and dump the X.509 certificate.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/19, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

```
Subject Name:
Country: XX
State/Province: There is no such thing outside US
Locality: Everywhere
Organization: OCOSA
Organization Unit: Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
Common Name: ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Email Address: root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Issuer Name:
Country: XX
State/Province: There is no such thing outside US
Locality: Everywhere
Organization: OCOSA
Organization Unit: Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
Common Name: ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Email Address: root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Serial Number: 00 FA F9 3A 4C 7F B6 B9 CC
```

```
Version: 1
Signature Algorithm: SHA-1 With RSA Encryption
Not Valid Before: Mar 17 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Not Valid After: Apr 16 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Public Key Info:
Algorithm: RSA Encryption
Key Length: 1024 bits
Public Key: 00 D6 B4 13 36 33 9A 95 71 7B 1B DE 7C 83 75 DA 71 B1 3C A9
            7F FE AD 64 1B 77 E9 4F AE BE CA D4 F8 CB EF AE BB 43 79 24
            73 FF 3C E5 9E 3B 6D FC C8 B1 AC FA 4C 4D 5E 9B 4C 99 54 0B
            D7 A8 4A 50 BA A9 DE 1D 1F F4 E4 6B 02 A3 F4 6B 45 CD 4C AF
            8D 89 62 33 8F 65 BB 36 61 9F C4 2C 73 C1 4E 2E A0 A8 14 4E
            98 70 46 61 BB D1 B9 31 DF 8C 99 EE 75 6B 79 3C 40 AO AE 97
            00 90 9D DC 99 0D 33 A4 B5
Exponent: 01 00 01
Signature Length: 128 bytes / 1024 bits
Signature: 00 92 A4 B4 B8 14 55 63 25 51 4A 0B C3 2A 22 CF 3A F8 17 6A
           OC CF 66 AA A7 65 2F 48 6D CD E3 3E 5C 9F 77 6C D4 44 54 1F
           1E 84 4F 8E D4 8D DD AC 2D 88 09 21 A8 DA 56 2C A9 05 3C 49
           68 35 19 75 0C DA 53 23 88 88 19 2D 74 26 C1 22 65 EE 11 68
           83 6A 53 4A 9C 27 CB A0 B4 E9 8D 29 0C B2 3C 18 5C 67 CC 53
           A6 1E 30 D0 AA 26 7B 1E AE 40 B9 29 01 6C 2E BC A2 19 94 7C
           15 6E 8D 30 38 F6 CA 2E 75
Fingerprints:
SHA-256 Fingerprint: E7 A7 FA 0D 63 E4 57 C7 C4 A5 9B 38 B7 08 49 C6 A7 0B DA 6F
                     83 OC 7A F1 E3 2D EE 43 6D E8 13 CC
SHA-1 Fingerprint: ED 09 30 88 70 66 03 BF D5 DC 23 73 99 B4 98 DA 2D [...]
```

10863 - SSL Certificate Information

Synopsis

This plugin displays the SSL certificate.

Description

This plugin connects to every SSL-related port and attempts to extract and dump the X.509 certificate.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/19, Modified: 2021/02/03

tcp/5432/postgresql

```
Subject Name:
Country: XX
State/Province: There is no such thing outside US
Locality: Everywhere
Organization: OCOSA
Organization Unit: Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
Common Name: ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Email Address: root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Issuer Name:
Country: XX
State/Province: There is no such thing outside US
Locality: Everywhere
Organization: OCOSA
Organization Unit: Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
Common Name: ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Email Address: root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Serial Number: 00 FA F9 3A 4C 7F B6 B9 CC
Version: 1
Signature Algorithm: SHA-1 With RSA Encryption
Not Valid Before: Mar 17 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Not Valid After: Apr 16 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Public Key Info:
Algorithm: RSA Encryption
Key Length: 1024 bits
Public Key: 00 D6 B4 13 36 33 9A 95 71 7B 1B DE 7C 83 75 DA 71 B1 3C A9
            7F FE AD 64 1B 77 E9 4F AE BE CA D4 F8 CB EF AE BB 43 79 24
            73 FF 3C E5 9E 3B 6D FC C8 B1 AC FA 4C 4D 5E 9B 4C 99 54 0B
            D7 A8 4A 50 BA A9 DE 1D 1F F4 E4 6B 02 A3 F4 6B 45 CD 4C AF
            8D 89 62 33 8F 65 BB 36 61 9F C4 2C 73 C1 4E 2E A0 A8 14 4E
            98 70 46 61 BB D1 B9 31 DF 8C 99 EE 75 6B 79 3C 40 AO AE 97
            00 90 9D DC 99 0D 33 A4 B5
Exponent: 01 00 01
Signature Length: 128 bytes / 1024 bits
Signature: 00 92 A4 B4 B8 14 55 63 25 51 4A 0B C3 2A 22 CF 3A F8 17 6A
           OC CF 66 AA A7 65 2F 48 6D CD E3 3E 5C 9F 77 6C D4 44 54 1F
           1E 84 4F 8E D4 8D DD AC 2D 88 09 21 A8 DA 56 2C A9 05 3C 49
           68 35 19 75 OC DA 53 23 88 88 19 2D 74 26 C1 22 65 EE 11 68
           83 6A 53 4A 9C 27 CB A0 B4 E9 8D 29 0C B2 3C 18 5C 67 CC 53
           A6 1E 30 D0 AA 26 7B 1E AE 40 B9 29 01 6C 2E BC A2 19 94 7C
           15 6E 8D 30 38 F6 CA 2E 75
Fingerprints:
SHA-256 Fingerprint: E7 A7 FA 0D 63 E4 57 C7 C4 A5 9B 38 B7 08 49 C6 A7 0B DA 6F
                     83 OC 7A F1 E3 2D EE 43 6D E8 13 CC
SHA-1 Fingerprint: ED 09 30 88 70 66 03 BF D5 DC 23 73 99 B4 98 DA 2D [...]
```

70544 - SSL Cipher Block Chaining Cipher Suites Supported

Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of SSL Cipher Block Chaining ciphers, which combine previous blocks with subsequent ones.

Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that operate in Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) mode. These cipher suites offer additional security over Electronic Codebook (ECB) mode, but have the potential to leak information if used improperly.

See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?cc4a822a

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/tls-cbc.txt

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/22, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-k	oit key)					
Name	Code		KEX	Auth	Encryption	I
EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5 export	0x04,	0x00, 0x80	RSA(512)	RSA	RC2-CBC(40)	1
EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA HA1 export	0x00,	0x14	DH(512)	RSA	DES-CBC(40)	
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA HA1	0x00,	0x15	DH	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	
EXP-ADH-DES-CBC-SHA HA1 export	0x00,	0x19	DH(512)	None	DES-CBC(40)	
ADH-DES-CBC-SHA HA1	0x00,	0x1A	DH	None	DES-CBC(56)	
EXP-DES-CBC-SHA HA1 export	0x00,	0x08	RSA(512)	RSA	DES-CBC(40)	
EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5 export	0x00,	0x06	RSA(512)	RSA	RC2-CBC(40)	1
DES-CBC-SHA	0x00,	0x09	RSA	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
DES-CBC3-MD5	0x07, 0x00, 0xC0	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	MD5
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1					
ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x1B	DH	None	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1					
DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1					
High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-b	oit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
ivanic	[]	ICD21	714 (11	шетурстоп	PHIC
	[]				

70544 - SSL Cipher Block Chaining Cipher Suites Supported

Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of SSL Cipher Block Chaining ciphers, which combine previous blocks with subsequent ones.

Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that operate in Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) mode. These cipher suites offer additional security over Electronic Codebook (ECB) mode, but have the potential to leak information if used improperly.

See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?cc4a822a

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/tls-cbc.txt

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/22, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	M
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x16	 DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1	OXOO, OXIO	DII	1071	JDES CDC (100)	
DES - CBC3 - SHA	0x00, 0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1	,				
High Strength Ciphers (>= 13	l2-bit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	M
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x33	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
SHA1					
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x39	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
SHA1					
AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x2F	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
SHA1					
AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x35	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
SHA1					
he fields above are :					
{Tenable ciphername}					
{Cipher ID code}					
Kex={key exchange}					
Auth={authentication}					
Autil- (autileficication)	on method}				

21643 - SSL Cipher Suites Supported

Synopsis

The remote service encrypts communications using SSL.

Description

This plugin detects which SSL ciphers are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/man1.0.2/man1/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?e17ffced

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2006/06/05, Modified: 2023/07/10

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

SL Version : TLSv1					
Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-)	bit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	M
TWD DDU DGA DDG GDG GWA	000 014	 DII (E10)		DDG GDG (40)	-
EXP - EDH - RSA - DES - CBC - SHA	0x00, 0x14	DH(512)	RSA	DES-CBC(40)	
SHA1 export	000 015	DII	DOA	DEG GDG/EC)	
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x15	DH	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	
EXP - ADH - DES - CBC - SHA	0x00, 0x19	DH(512)	None	DES-CBC(40)	
SHA1 export	0X00, 0X19	DU (217)	None	DE5-CBC (40)	
EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5	0x00, 0x17	DH(512)	None	RC4 (40)	М
export	OAOO, OAI	D11 (312)	IVOITE	104 (40)	1.1
ADH-DES-CBC-SHA	0x00, 0x1A	DH	None	DES-CBC(56)	
SHA1	01100, 011111	2	1,0110	225 020 (30)	
EXP-DES-CBC-SHA	0x00, 0x08	RSA(512)	RSA	DES-CBC(40)	
SHA1 export	,	,			
EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5	0x00, 0x06	RSA(512)	RSA	RC2-CBC(40)	М
export					
EXP-RC4-MD5	0x00, 0x03	RSA(512)	RSA	RC4(40)	M
export					
DES-CBC-SHA	0x00, 0x09	RSA	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	
SHA1					
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 6	4-bit and < 112-b	it key, or 3DES	3)		
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	M
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	_
SHA1					
ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x1B	DH	None	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1					
DES - CBC3 - SHA	0x00, 0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1					

21643 - SSL Cipher Suites Supported

Synopsis

The remote service encrypts communications using SSL.

Description

This plugin detects which SSL ciphers are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/man1.0.2/man1/ciphers.html http://www.nessus.org/u?e17ffced

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2006/06/05, Modified: 2023/07/10

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

Here is the list of SSL cipher		e remote serv	ver :		
Each group is reported per SSI	Version.				
SSL Version : TLSv1 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 6	4-bit and < 112-b	it key, or 3I	DES)		
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
DES - CBC3 - SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
High Strength Ciphers (>= 11	2-bit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x33	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
SHA1				(0.5.5)	
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x39	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x2F	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
SHA1 AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x35	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
SHA1	0 00 0 05	202	202	DG4 (100)	
RC4-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x05	RSA	RSA	RC4 (128)	
SSL Version : SSLv3					
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 6	4-bit and < 112-b	it key, or 3I	DES)		
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	

```
High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)

Name Code KEX Auth Encryption MAC
----- [...]
```

62563 - SSL Compression Methods Supported

Synopsis

The remote service supports one or more compression methods for SSL connections.

Description

This script detects which compression methods are supported by the remote service for SSL connections.

See Also

http://www.iana.org/assignments/comp-meth-ids/comp-meth-ids.xml

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3749

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3943

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5246

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/10/16, Modified: 2022/04/11

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

62563 - SSL Compression Methods Supported

Synopsis

The remote service supports one or more compression methods for SSL connections.

Description

This script detects which compression methods are supported by the remote service for SSL connections.

See Also

http://www.iana.org/assignments/comp-meth-ids/comp-meth-ids.xml

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3749

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3943

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5246

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/10/16, Modified: 2022/04/11

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

```
Nessus was able to confirm that the following compression method is supported by the target :  \\
```

DEFLATE (0x01)

57041 - SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy Cipher Suites Supported

Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy ciphers, which maintain confidentiality even if the key is stolen.

Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) encryption. These cipher suites ensure that recorded SSL traffic cannot be broken at a future date if the server's private key is compromised.

See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diffie-Hellman_key_exchange https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Perfect_forward_secrecy

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/07, Modified: 2021/03/09

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-	bit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	M
EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1 export	0x00, 0x14				
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x15	DH	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 6	4-bit and < 112-b	it key, or 3DE	S)		
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	N
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x16			3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1	,	211	1011	JDED CDC(100)	
SHA1 High Strength Ciphers (>= 11	·	211	TOT1	JEED CEC(100)	
High Strength Ciphers (>= 11 Name	2-bit key) Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	I
High Strength Ciphers (>= 11 Name DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	2-bit key)	KEX		Encryption	IV -
High Strength Ciphers (>= 11 Name DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA SHA1 DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	2-bit key) Code	KEX	Auth	EncryptionAES-CBC(128)	Ι.
High Strength Ciphers (>= 11 Name DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA SHA1 DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA SHA1	2-bit key) Code 0x00, 0x33	KEX DH	Auth RSA	EncryptionAES-CBC(128)	I.
High Strength Ciphers (>= 11 Name DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA SHA1	2-bit key) Code 0x00, 0x33	KEX DH	Auth RSA	EncryptionAES-CBC(128)	Ι.

57041 - SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy Cipher Suites Supported

Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy ciphers, which maintain confidentiality even if the key is stolen.

Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) encryption. These cipher suites ensure that recorded SSL traffic cannot be broken at a future date if the server's private key is compromised.

See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diffie-Hellman_key_exchange

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Perfect_forward_secrecy

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/07, Modified: 2021/03/09

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

```
Here is the list of SSL PFS ciphers supported by the remote server :
 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
                                                                     Encryption
                                                              Auth
                                                                                              MAC
                                 . . . . . . . . . .
                                                 - - -
                                                               - - - -
                                                                       -----
   EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA
                                0x00, 0x16
                                                 DH
                                                               RSA
                                                                       3DES-CBC(168)
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                 Code
                                                 KEX
                                                               Auth
                                                                        Encryption
                                                                                              MAC
```

```
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA
                                   0x00, 0x33
                                                                             AES-CBC (128)
SHA1
    DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
                                   0x00, 0x39
                                                                    RSA
                                                                             AES-CBC (256)
SHA1
The fields above are :
  {Tenable ciphername}
  {Cipher ID code}
 Kex={key exchange}
 Auth={authentication}
 Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
 MAC={message authentication code}
 {export flag}
```

51891 - SSL Session Resume Supported

Synopsis

The remote host allows resuming SSL sessions.

Description

This script detects whether a host allows resuming SSL sessions by performing a full SSL handshake to receive a session ID, and then reconnecting with the previously used session ID. If the server accepts the session ID in the second connection, the server maintains a cache of sessions that can be resumed.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/02/07, Modified: 2021/09/13

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

This port supports resuming SSLv3 sessions.

156899 - SSL/TLS Recommended Cipher Suites

Synopsis

The remote host advertises discouraged SSL/TLS ciphers.

Description

The remote host has open SSL/TLS ports which advertise discouraged cipher suites. It is recommended to only enable support for the following cipher suites:

TLSv1.3:

- 0x13,0x01 TLS13_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
- 0x13,0x02 TLS13_AES_256_GCM_SHA384
- 0x13,0x03 TLS13_CHACHA20_POLY1305_SHA256

TLSv1.2:

- 0xC0,0x2B ECDHE-ECDSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0xC0,0x2F ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0xC0,0x2C ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- 0xC0,0x30 ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- 0xCC,0xA9 ECDHE-ECDSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305
- 0xCC,0xA8 ECDHE-RSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305

This is the recommended configuration for the vast majority of services, as it is highly secure and compatible with nearly every client released in the last five (or more) years.

See Also

https://wiki.mozilla.org/Security/Server_Side_TLS

https://ssl-config.mozilla.org/

Solution

Only enable support for recommened cipher suites.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2022/01/20, Modified: 2024/02/12

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

The remote host has listening SSL/TLS ports which advertise the discouraged cipher suites outlined below:

Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)

Name Code KEX Auth Encryption MAC

EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5	0x04,	0x00, 0x	30 RSA(512)	RSA	RC2-CBC(40)	MD5
export EXP-RC4-MD5	0x02,	0x00, 0x	30 RSA(512)	RSA	RC4(40)	MD5
export EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA	0x00,	0x14	DH(512)	RSA	DES-CBC(40)	
SHA1 export EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1	0x00,	0x15	DH	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	
EXP-ADH-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1 export	0x00,	0x19	DH(512)	None	DES-CBC(40)	
EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5 export	0x00,	0x17	DH(512)	None	RC4(40)	MD5
ADH-DES-CBC-SHA	0x00,	0x1A	DH	None	DES-CBC(56)	
SHA1 EXP-DES-CBC-SHA	0x00,	0x08	RSA(512)	RSA	DES-CBC(40)	
SHA1 export EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5 export	0x00,	0x06	RSA(512)	RSA	RC2-CBC(40)	MD5
EXP-RC4-MD5 export	0x00,	0x03	RSA(512)	RSA	RC4(40)	MD5
DES-CBC-SHA SHA1	0x00,	0x09	RSA	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-b	it and	< 112-bi	t key, or 3DES)			
Name	Code		KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
DES-CBC3-MD5		0×00 0×	 CO RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	 MD5
			DH	RSA	3DES - CBC (168)	FIDS

156899 - SSL/TLS Recommended Cipher Suites

Synopsis

The remote host advertises discouraged SSL/TLS ciphers.

Description

The remote host has open SSL/TLS ports which advertise discouraged cipher suites. It is recommended to only enable support for the following cipher suites:

TLSv1.3:

- 0x13,0x01 TLS13_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
- 0x13,0x02 TLS13_AES_256_GCM_SHA384
- 0x13,0x03 TLS13_CHACHA20_POLY1305_SHA256

TLSv1.2:

- 0xC0,0x2B ECDHE-ECDSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0xC0,0x2F ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0xC0,0x2C ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- 0xC0,0x30 ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- 0xCC,0xA9 ECDHE-ECDSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305
- 0xCC,0xA8 ECDHE-RSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305

This is the recommended configuration for the vast majority of services, as it is highly secure and compatible with nearly every client released in the last five (or more) years.

See Also

https://wiki.mozilla.org/Security/Server_Side_TLS

https://ssl-config.mozilla.org/

Solution

Only enable support for recommened cipher suites.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2022/01/20, Modified: 2024/02/12

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

ricaram perengen orphers (64-bit and < 112-b	it key, or si	DES)		
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x16		RSA		
DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
High Strength Ciphers (>= 1	.12-bit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	21	
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x33	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
SHA1 DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x39	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
SHA1 AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x2F	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
SHA1 AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x35	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
SHA1 RC4-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x05	RSA	RSA	RC4 (128)	
ne fields above are :					

25240 - Samba Server Detection

Synopsis
An SMB server is running on the remote host.
Description
The remote host is running Samba, a CIFS/SMB server for Linux and Unix.
See Also
https://www.samba.org/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2007/05/16, Modified: 2022/10/12
Plugin Output
tcp/445/cifs
104887 - Samba Version
Synopsis
It was possible to obtain the samba version from the remote operating system.
Description
Nessus was able to obtain the samba version from the remote operating by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445. Note that this plugin requires SMB1 to be enabled on the host.
Solution
n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/11/30, Modified: 2019/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

The remote Samba Version is: Samba 3.0.20-Debian

96982 - Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol Version 1 Enabled (uncredentialed check)

Synopsis

The remote Windows host supports the SMBv1 protocol.

Description

The remote Windows host supports Server Message Block Protocol version 1 (SMBv1). Microsoft recommends that users discontinue the use of SMBv1 due to the lack of security features that were included in later SMB versions. Additionally, the Shadow Brokers group reportedly has an exploit that affects SMB; however, it is unknown if the exploit affects SMBv1 or another version. In response to this, USCERT recommends that users disable SMBv1 per SMB best practices to mitigate these potential issues.

See Also

https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/filecab/2016/09/16/stop-using-smb1/

https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/2696547/how-to-detect-enable-and-disable-smbv1-smbv2-and-smbv3-in-windows-and

http://www.nessus.org/u?8dcab5e4

http://www.nessus.org/u?234f8ef8

http://www.nessus.org/u?4c7e0cf3

Solution

Disable SMBv1 according to the vendor instructions in Microsoft KB2696547. Additionally, block SMB directly by blocking TCP port 445 on all network boundary devices. For SMB over the NetBIOS API, block TCP ports 137 / 139 and UDP ports 137 / 138 on all network boundary devices.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0710

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/02/03, Modified: 2020/09/22

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

The remote host supports SMBv1.

22964 - Service Detection

Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26

Plugin Output

tcp/21/ftp

An FTP server is running on this port.

22964 - Service Detection

Synopsis
The remote service could be identified.
Description
Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26
Plugin Output
tcp/22/ssh
An SSH server is running on this port.
22964 - Service Detection
Synopsis
The remote service could be identified.
Description
Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26

Plugin Output

tcp/23/telnet

A telnet server is running on this port.

22964 - Service Detection

Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

An SMTP server is running on this port.

22964 - Service Detection

Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26
Plugin Output
tcp/80/www
A web server is running on this port.
22964 - Service Detection
Synopsis
The remote service could be identified.
Description
Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26
Plugin Output
tcp/1524/wild_shell

10.10.10.10 176

A shell server (Metasploitable) is running on this port.

Synopsis The remote service could be identified. Description Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request. Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26

An FTP server is running on this port.

22964 - Service Detection

Synopsis

Plugin Output

tcp/2121/ftp

The remote service could be identified.

Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26 Plugin Output tcp/5900/vnc A vnc server is running on this port. 17975 - Service Detection (GET request) Synopsis The remote service could be identified. Description It was possible to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request. Solution n/a Risk Factor None References **XREF** IAVT:0001-T-0935 Plugin Information

Published: 2005/04/06, Modified: 2021/10/27

Plugin Output

tcp/6667/irc

An IRC daemon is listening on this port.

11153 - Service Detection (HELP Request)

Synopsis

Description It was possible to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives a 'HELP' request. Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2002/11/18, Modified: 2018/11/26 Plugin Output tcp/3306/mysql A MySQL server is running on this port. 25220 - TCP/IP Timestamps Supported **Synopsis** The remote service implements TCP timestamps. Description The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323. A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed. See Also http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt Solution n/a Risk Factor None

The remote service could be identified.

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/05/16, Modified: 2023/10/17

Plugin Output

tcp/0

11819 - TFTP Daemon Detection

Synopsis

A TFTP server is listening on the remote port.

Description

The remote host is running a TFTP (Trivial File Transfer Protocol) daemon. TFTP is often used by routers and diskless hosts to retrieve their configuration. It can also be used by worms to propagate.

Solution

Disable this service if you do not use it.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2003/08/13, Modified: 2022/12/28

Plugin Output

udp/69/tftp

110723 - Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided

Synopsis

Nessus was able to find common ports used for local checks, however, no credentials were provided in the scan policy.

Description

Nessus was not able to successfully authenticate directly to the remote target on an available authentication protocol. Nessus was able to connect to the remote port and identify that the service running on the port supports an authentication protocol, but Nessus failed to authenticate to the remote service using the provided credentials. There may have been a protocol failure that prevented authentication from being attempted or all of the provided credentials for the authentication protocol may be invalid. See plugin output for error details.

Please note the following:

- This plugin reports per protocol, so it is possible for valid credentials to be provided for one protocol and not another. For example, authentication may succeed via SSH but fail via SMB, while no credentials were provided for an available SNMP service.
- Providing valid credentials for all available authentication protocols may improve scan coverage, but the value of successful authentication for a given protocol may vary from target to target depending upon what data (if any) is gathered from the target via that protocol. For example, successful authentication via SSH is more valuable for Linux targets than for Windows targets, and likewise successful authentication via SMB is more valuable for Windows targets than for Linux targets.

Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
References
XREF IAVB:0001-B-0504
Plugin Information
Published: 2018/06/27, Modified: 2024/04/19
Plugin Output
tcp/0
SSH was detected on port 22 but no credentials were provided. SSH local checks were not enabled.

10281 - Telnet Server Detection

Synopsis A Telnet server is listening on the remote port. Description The remote host is running a Telnet server, a remote terminal server. Solution Disable this service if you do not use it.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2020/06/12

Plugin Output

tcp/23/telnet

10287 - Traceroute Information

Synopsis

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

Description

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/11/27, Modified: 2023/12/04

Plugin Output

udp/0

```
For your information, here is the traceroute from 10.10.10.11 to 10.10.10.10: 10.10.10.11 to 10.10.10.10 : 10.10.10.10

Hop Count: 1
```

11154 - Unknown Service Detection: Banner Retrieval

Synopsis

There is an unknown service running on the remote host.

Description

Nessus was unable to identify a service on the remote host even though it returned a banner of some type.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/11/18, Modified: 2022/07/26

Plugin Output

tcp/512

```
If you know what this service is and think the banner could be used to identify it, please send a description of the service along with the following output to svc-signatures@nessus.org:

Port : 512
Type : spontaneous
Banner:

0x00: 01 57 68 65 72 65 20 61 72 65 20 79 6F 75 3F 0A .Where are you?.

0x10:
```

11154 - Unknown Service Detection: Banner Retrieval

Synopsis

There is an unknown service running on the remote host.

Description

Nessus was unable to identify a service on the remote host even though it returned a banner of some type.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/11/18, Modified: 2022/07/26

Plugin Output

tcp/8787

```
If you know what this service is and think the banner could be used to
identify it, please send a description of the service along with the
following output to svc-signatures@nessus.org :
       : 8787
 Port
 Type
        : get_http
 Banner:
0x0000: 00 00 00 03 04 08 46 00 00 03 A1 04 08 6F 3A 16
          0x0010: 44 52 62 3A 3A 44 52 62 43 6F 6E 6E 45 72 72 6F DRb::DRbConnErro
          0x0020: 72 07 3A 07 62 74 5B 17 22 2F 2F 75 73 72 2F 6C
                                                                     r.:.bt[."//usr/l
          0x0030: 69 62 2F 72 75 62 79 2F 31 2E 38 2F 64 72 62 2F 0x0040: 64 72 62 2E 72 62 3A 35 37 33 3A 69 6E 20 60 6C
                                                                     ib/ruby/1.8/drb/
                                                                     drb.rb:573:in `1
          0x0050: 6F 61 64 27 22 37 2F 75 73 72 2F 6C 69 62 2F 72
                                                                     oad'"7/usr/lib/r
          0x0060: 75 62 79 2F 31 2E 38 2F 64 72 62 2F 64 72 62 2E
                                                                     uby/1.8/drb/drb.
          0x0070: 72 62 3A 36 31 32 3A 69 6E 20 60 72 65 63 76 5F
                                                                      rb:612:in `recv_
          request'"7/usr/l
                   69 62 2F 72 75 62 79 2F 31 2E 38 2F 64 72 62 2F
                                                                      ib/ruby/1.8/drb/
          0x00A0: 64 72 62 2E 72 62 3A 39 31 31 3A 69 6E 20 60 72
                                                                      drb.rb:911:in `r
          0x00B0: 65 63 76 5F 72 65 71 75 65 73 74 27 22 3C 2F 75
                                                                      ecv request'"</u
          0x00C0: 73 72 2F 6C 69 62 2F 72 75 62 79 2F 31 2E 38 2F
                                                                      sr/lib/ruby/1.8/
          0x00D0: 64 72 62 2F 64 72 62 2E 72 62 3A 31 35 33 30 3A
                                                                     drb/drb.rb:1530:
          0x00E0: 69 6E 20 60 69 6E 69 74 5F 77 69 74 68 5F 63 6C 0x00F0: 69 65 6E 74 27 22 39 2F 75 73 72 2F 6C 69 62 2F
                  69 6E 20 60 69 6E 69 74 5F 77 69 74 68 5F 63 6C
                                                                      in `init_with_cl
                                                                      ient'"9/usr/lib/
          0x0100: 72 75 62 79 2F 31 2E 38 2F 64 72 62 2F 64 72 62
                                                                      ruby/1.8/drb/drb
          0x0110: 2E 72 62 3A 31 35 34 32 3A 69 6E 20 60 73 65 74
                                                                      .rb:1542:in `set
          0x0120: 75 70 5F 6D 65 73 73 61 67 65 27 22 33 2F 75 73
                                                                      up_message'"3/us
          r/lib/ruby/1.8/d
```

19288 - VNC Server Security Type Detection

Synopsis

A VNC server is running on the remote host.

Description
This script checks the remote VNC server protocol version and the available 'security types'.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2005/07/22, Modified: 2021/07/13
Plugin Output
tcp/5900/vnc
\nThe remote VNC server chose security type #2 (VNC authentication)
65792 - VNC Server Unencrypted Communication Detection
Synopsis
A VNC server with one or more unencrypted 'security-types' is running on the remote host.
Description
This script checks the remote VNC server protocol version and the available 'security types' to determine if any unencrypted 'security-types' are in use or available.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2013/04/03, Modified: 2014/03/12
Plugin Output
tcp/5900/vnc

The remote VNC server supports the following security type which does not perform full data communication encryption:

2 (VNC authentication)

10342 - VNC Software Detection

Synopsis

The remote host is running a remote display software (VNC).

Description

The remote host is running VNC (Virtual Network Computing), which uses the RFB (Remote Framebuffer) protocol to provide remote access to graphical user interfaces and thus permits a console on the remote host to be displayed on another.

See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Vnc

Solution

Make sure use of this software is done in accordance with your organization's security policy and filter incoming traffic to this port.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2000/03/07, Modified: 2017/06/12

Plugin Output

tcp/5900/vnc

The highest RFB protocol version supported by the server is : $\label{eq:constraint} 3.3$

135860 - WMI Not Available

Synopsis

WMI queries could not be made against the remote host.

Description

WMI (Windows Management Instrumentation) is not available on the remote host over DCOM. WMI queries are used to gather information about the remote host, such as its current state, network interface configuration, etc.

Without this information Nessus may not be able to identify installed software or security vunerabilities that exist on the remote host.

See Also

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/wmisdk/wmi-start-page

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2020/04/21, Modified: 2024/05/06

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

Can't connect to the 'root\CIMV2' WMI namespace.

11424 - WebDAV Detection

Synopsis

The remote server is running with WebDAV enabled.

Description

WebDAV is an industry standard extension to the HTTP specification.

It adds a capability for authorized users to remotely add and manage the content of a web server.

If you do not use this extension, you should disable it.

Solution

http://support.microsoft.com/default.aspx?kbid=241520

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2003/03/20, Modified: 2011/03/14

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

10150 - Windows NetBIOS / SMB Remote Host Information Disclosure

Synopsis

It was possible to obtain the network name of the remote host.

Description

The remote host is listening on UDP port 137 or TCP port 445, and replies to NetBIOS nbtscan or SMB requests.

Note that this plugin gathers information to be used in other plugins, but does not itself generate a report.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2021/02/10

Plugin Output

udp/137/netbios-ns

```
The following 7 NetBIOS names have been gathered:

METASPLOITABLE = Computer name
METASPLOITABLE = Messenger Service
METASPLOITABLE = File Server Service
__MSBROWSE_ = Master Browser
WORKGROUP = Workgroup / Domain name
WORKGROUP = Master Browser
WORKGROUP = Browser Service Elections

This SMB server seems to be a Samba server - its MAC address is NULL.
```

52703 - vsftpd Detection

Synopsis

An FTP server is listening on the remote port.

Description

The remote host is running vsftpd, an FTP server for UNIX-like systems written in C.

See Also

http://vsftpd.beasts.org/

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/03/17, Modified: 2019/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/21/ftp

Source : 220 (vsFTPd 2.3.4)

Version: 2.3.4



Suggested Remediations

Taking the following actions across 1 hosts would resolve 7% of the vulnerabilities on the network.

ACTION TO TAKE	VULNS	HOSTS
ISC BIND 9.x < 9.11.22, 9.12.x < 9.16.6, 9.17.x < 9.17.4 DoS: Upgrade to BIND 9.11.22, 9.16.6, 9.17.4 or later.	3	1
Samba Badlock Vulnerability: Upgrade to Samba version 4.2.11 / 4.3.8 / 4.4.2 or later.	0	1

Suggested Remediations 191

Exploitable Vulnerabilities Report

Exploitable vulnerabilities create gaps in the network's integrity, which attackers can take advantage of to gain access to the network. Once inside the network, an attacker can perform malicious attacks, steal sensitive data, and cause significant damage to critical systems. This report provides a summary of the most prevalent exploitable vulnerabilities.

Exploitable Vulnerabilities: Top 25

The Exploitable Vulnerabilities: Top 25 table uses the plugin attribute "exploit_available" to identify software that has working exploits in the wild. The data is then sorted using the count, which is a representation of the affected hosts. While some plugins may be present more than one time on a single host, for the most part a plugin will only be present once on each host. This list of vulnerabilities exposes the organization to many different attach frameworks and script kiddie attacks. These vulnerabilities should be prioritized and the software removed or updated to a supported version as soon as possible.

Severity (CVSS v3.0)	Plugin ID	Plugin Name	Count
CRITICAL	32321	Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness (SSL check)	2
LOW	78479	SSLv3 Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption Vulnerability (POODLE)	2
CRITICAL	11356	NFS Exported Share Information Disclosure	1
CRITICAL	32314	Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness	1
HIGH	10205	rlogin Service Detection	1
HIGH	10245	rsh Service Detection	1
HIGH	136769	ISC BIND Service Downgrade / Reflected DoS	1
MEDIUM	33447	Multiple Vendor DNS Query ID Field Prediction Cache Poisoning	1
MEDIUM	52611	SMTP Service STARTTLS Plaintext Command Injection	1
MEDIUM	57608	SMB Signing not required	1
MEDIUM	136808	ISC BIND Denial of Service	1

Exploitable Vulnerabilities: Hosts by Plugin

The Exploitable Vulnerabilities: Hosts by Plugin table provides the IT operations team with an action plan and the identified hosts for each vulnerability. IT managers are able to use this information in planning patch deployments and in working with the information security team in risk mitigation efforts. The table also uses the plugin attribute "exploit_available" to identify exploitable software and then sorts the scan results using severity, then plugin ID. The entries in the "Hosts" column are then sorted in ascending order.

Severity (CVSS v3.0)	Plugin ID	Plugin Name	Hosts
CRITICAL	32321	Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness (SSL check)	10.10.10
LOW	78479	SSLv3 Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption Vulnerability (POODLE)	10.10.10.10
CRITICAL	11356	NFS Exported Share Information Disclosure	10.10.10.10
CRITICAL	32314	Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness	10.10.10.10
HIGH	10205	rlogin Service Detection	10.10.10.10
HIGH	10245	rsh Service Detection	10.10.10.10
HIGH	136769	ISC BIND Service Downgrade / Reflected DoS	10.10.10.10
MEDIUM	33447	Multiple Vendor DNS Query ID Field Prediction Cache Poisoning	10.10.10.10
MEDIUM	52611	SMTP Service STARTTLS Plaintext Command Injection	10.10.10.10
MEDIUM	57608	SMB Signing not required	10.10.10.10
MEDIUM	136808	ISC BIND Denial of Service	10.10.10.10

Overview

The Overview section contains two matrices that provide summary counts, by severity, using VPR or CVSS. Within each cell there is a number for the vulnerability count, and in parentheses the count of exploitable vulnerabilities. Also provided is the count based on severity level.

Vulnerability Instances: all and exploitable, by severity

VPR: all(exploitable)

5(0)	0(0)	37(13)
CRITICAL CVSS v3.0: all(exploitable)	HIGH	MEDIUM
9(4)	7(3)	25(4)
CRITICAL	HIGH	MEDIUM

Top 10 Critical Vulnerabilities

The two tables in this chapter provide a top 10 vulnerabilities grouped using the critical VPR or critical CVSS. For VPR and CVSS v3.0 the rating is 9.0 - 10, for CVSS v2.0 the rating is 10. The vulnerabilities identified using VPR are the most active in the wild, and based on an in-depth threat analysis, are considered the most critical to mitigate. Traditionally, the method for identifying risk was most commonly with CVSS v3.0 or CVSS v2.0. While each still remain very important, and should be mitigated, these vulnerabilities are not given the same context as VPR identified vulnerabilities.

No Results:

No Top 10 Critical Vulnerabilities: (VPR) Found

No Results: 198

Top 10 Critical Vulnerabilities: (CVSS v3.0)

Top 10 most prevalent critical vulnerabilities

Plugin ID	Plugin Name	Plugin Family	CVSS v3.0	Known Exploit?	Publication Date	Count
20007	SSL Version 2 and 3 Protocol Detection	Service detection	9.8	-	2005/10/12	2
32321	Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness (SSL check)	Gain a shell remotely	10.0*	Yes	2008/05/13	2
33850	Unix Operating System Unsupported Version Detection	General	10.0	-	2008/08/08	1
51988	Bind Shell Backdoor Detection	Backdoors	59.8	-	2011/02/15	1
11356	NFS Exported Share Information Disclosure	RPC	10.0*	Yes	1985/01/01	1
32314	Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness	Gain a shell remotely	10.0*	Yes	2008/05/14	1
61708	VNC Server 'password' Password	Gain a shell remotely	10.0*	-	2012/08/29	1

^{*} indicates the v3.0 score was not available; the v2.0 score is shown

Top 10 High Vulnerabilities

The two tables in this chapter provide a top ' + limit + ' vulnerabilities grouped using the High VPR or High CVSS. For VPR and CVSS v3.0 the rating is 7.0 - 8.9, for CVSS v2.0 the rating is 7.0 - 9.9. The vulnerabilities identified using VPR are the most active in the wild and based on an in-depth threat analysis are considered the most critical to mitigate. Traditionally, the method for identifying risk was most commonly with CVSS v3.0 or CVSS v2.0. While each still remain very important, and should be mitigated, these vulnerabilities are not given the same context as VPR identified vulnerabilities.

No Results:

No Top 10 High Vulnerabilities: (VPR) Found

No Results: 201

Top 10 High Vulnerabilities: (CVSS v3.0)

Top 10 most prevalent high vulnerabilities

Plugin ID	Plugin Name	Plugin Family	CVSS v3.0	Known Exploit?	Publication Date	Count
42873	SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)	General	7.5	-	2016/08/24	2
136769	ISC BIND Service Downgrade / Reflected DoS	DNS	8.6	Yes	2020/05/19	1
42256	NFS Shares World Readable	RPC	7.5	-	1985/01/01	1
90509	Samba Badlock Vulnerability	General	7.5	-	2016/03/23	1
10205	rlogin Service Detection	Service detection	7.5*	Yes	1990/01/01	1
10245	rsh Service Detection	Service detection	7.5*	Yes	1990/01/01	1

^{*} indicates the v3.0 score was not available; the v2.0 score is shown

Top 10 Most Prevalent Vulnerabilities

The two tables in this chapter provide a top 10 vulnerabilities grouped using the Medium through Critical. For VPR, CVSS v3.0, and CVSS v2.0 the rating is 4.0 - 10. The vulnerabilities identified using VPR are the most active in the wild and based on an in-depth threat analysis are considered the most critical to mitigate. Traditionally, the method for identifying risk was most commonly with CVSS v3.0 or CVSS v2.0. While each still remain very important, and should be mitigated, these vulnerabilities are not given the same context as VPR identified vulnerabilities.

Top 10 Most Prevalent Vulnerabilities: (VPR)

Top 10 most prevalent (medium, high, critical) vulnerabilities

Plugin ID	Plugin Name	Plugin Family	VPR	Known Exploit?	Publication Date	Count
32321	Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness (SSL check)	Gain a shell remotely	5.1	Yes	2008/05/13	2
42873	SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)	General	5.1	-	2016/08/24	2
78479	SSLv3 Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption Vulnerability (POODLE)	General	5.1	Yes	2014/10/14	2
65821	SSL RC4 Cipher Suites Supported (Bar Mitzvah)	General	4.4	_	2013/03/12	2
52611	SMTP Service STARTTLS Plaintext Command Injection	SMTP problems	6.3	Yes	2011/03/07	1
33447	Multiple Vendor DNS Query ID Field Prediction Cache Poisoning	DNS	6.0	Yes	2008/07/08	1
10205	rlogin Service Detection	Service detection	5.9	Yes	1990/01/01	1
10245	rsh Service Detection	Service detection	5.9	Yes	1990/01/01	1
11356	NFS Exported Share Information Disclosure	RPC	5.9	Yes	1985/01/01	1
90509	Samba Badlock Vulnerability	General	5.9	-	2016/03/23	1

Top 10 Most Prevalent Vulnerabilities: (CVSS v3.0)

Top 10 most prevalent (medium, high, critical) vulnerabilities

Plugin ID	Plugin Name	Plugin Family	CVSS v3.0	Known Exploit?	Publication Date	Count
20007	SSL Version 2 and 3 Protocol Detection	Service detection	9.8	-	2005/10/12	2
32321	Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness (SSL check)	Gain a shell remotely	10.0*	Yes	2008/05/13	2
42873	SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)	General	7.5	-	2016/08/24	2
51192	SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted	General	6.5	-	2010/12/15	2
57582	SSL Self-Signed Certificate	General	6.5	-	2012/01/17	2
104743	TLS Version 1.0 Protocol Detection	Service detection	6.5	-	2017/11/22	2
65821	SSL RC4 Cipher Suites Supported (Bar Mitzvah)	General	5.9	-	2013/03/12	2
15901	SSL Certificate Expiry	General	5.3	-	2004/12/03	2
45411	SSL Certificate with Wrong Hostname	General	5.3	-	2010/04/03	2
33850	Unix Operating System Unsupported Version Detection	General	10.0	-	2008/08/08	1

^{*} indicates the v3.0 score was not available; the v2.0 score is shown

Default/Known Accounts Report

Default and/or known accounts create an easy entry point for attackers to take advantage of to gain access to the network and hosts. Once inside the network, an attacker can perform malicious attacks, steal sensitive data, and cause significant damage to critical systems. This report provides a summary of the most prevalent detections of default and known accounts.

N	0	R	65	П	Its:

No Default/Known Accounts Found

No Results: 207

Unsupported Software Report

The proliferation of unsupported and end-of-life (EOL) software is an issue for many organizations and increases the effort required to minimize risk. As software reaches end-of-life, vendors often stop providing updates and support for the older versions. This report provides system administrators with a summary of the software that is no longer supported and puts the organization at the most risk.

Unsupported Software: Top 25

The Unsupported Software: Top 25 table uses the key word "unsupport" in the plugin name to identify software that is no longer supported by the vendors. The data is then sorted using the count, which is a representation of the affected hosts. While some plugins may be present more than one time on a single host, for the most part a plugin will only be present once on each host. This list of software is exposing the organization, as the software is no longer maintained by the vendor and therefore the risk cannot be mitigated. These vulnerabilities should be prioritized and the software removed or updated to a supported version as soon as possible.

Severity (CVSS v3.0)	Plugin ID	Plugin Name	Count
CRITICAL	33850	Unix Operating System Unsupported Version Detection	1

Unsupported Software: Hosts by Plugin

The Unsupported Software: Hosts by Plugin table provide the IT operations team with an action plan and the identified hosts for each vulnerability. IT managers are able to use this information in planning new software deployment plans and in working with the information security team in risk mitigation efforts. The table also uses the "unsupport" keyword and sorts the scan results by severity, then plugin ID. The entries in the "Hosts" column are then sorted in ascending order.

Severity (CVSS v3.0)	Plugin ID	Plugin Name	Hosts
CRITICAL	33850	Unix Operating System Unsupported Version Detection	10.10.10.10

OS Detections Report

System administrators and the security team work together to identify systems at the most risk. A good first step is to understand the operating systems in the network. This report provides a summary of the most prevalent operating systems on the network.

OS Detections: Counts by Confidence Level

Nessus leverages several attributes such as "operating-system", "operating-system-unsupported", "os" and "operating-system-conf" to group the hosts into different OS families. In doing so this report organizes the system counts first using a matrix style table, that displays rows by the confidence level and then by an OS family using columns. The All column displays the total count of plugin present at the respective Confidence Level. The Windows, MacOS, and Linux, columns filter based on the key words "windows", "mac", or "linux". The Other column will match on anything that does match the aforementioned key words.

Confidence	All	Windows	MacOS	Linux	Other
0 - 9	0	0	0	0	0
10 - 19	0	0	0	0	0
20 - 29	0	0	0	0	0
30 - 39	0	0	0	0	0
40 - 49	0	0	0	0	0
50 - 59	0	0	0	0	0
60 - 69	0	0	0	0	0
70 - 79	0	0	0	0	0
80 - 89	0	0	0	0	0
90 - 100	1	0	0	1	0
Totals	1	0	0	1	0

OS Detections: Max Severity by OS Family (Confidence > 50)

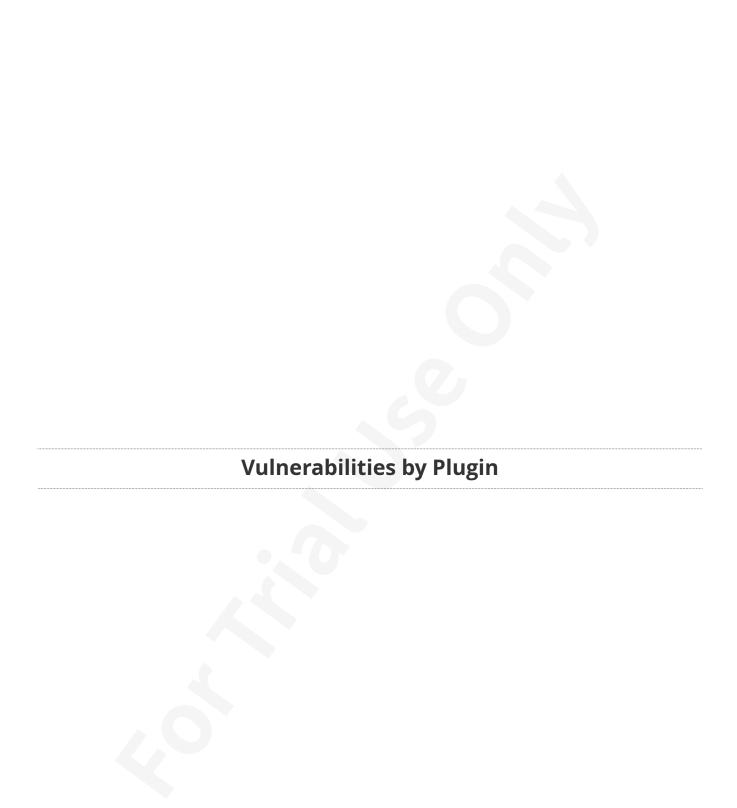
Building upon the previous matrix, the OS Detections: Max Severity by OS Family (Confidence > 50) table provides the security team with summary view of risk based on operating system. The counts represented in this table are based on system count by OS family and if a vulnerability with the indicated severity is present. For example, in the Windows column and the High severity row, say there is a number 15. The number represents that there are 15 assets identified to have a Windows operating system with at least 1 high severity vulnerability.

Severity (CVSS v3.0)	All	Windows	MacOS	Linux	Other
CRITICAL	1	0	0	1	0
HIGH	0	0	0	0	0
MEDIUM	0	0	0	0	0
LOW	0	0	0	0	0
INFO	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	1	0	0	1	0

OS Detections: Details (Confidence > 50)

The OS Detections: Details (Confidence > 50) table presents all of the OS family detections, along with assets within each OS. The table also displays if the OS is supported by the vendor.

OS	Count	Unsupportec	Hosts
Linux Kernel 2.6 on Ubuntu 8.04 (hardy)	1	yes	10.10.10.10



20007 (2) - SSL Version 2 and 3 Protocol Detection

Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using a protocol with known weaknesses.

Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using SSL 2.0 and/or SSL 3.0. These versions of SSL are affected by several cryptographic flaws, including:

- An insecure padding scheme with CBC ciphers.
- Insecure session renegotiation and resumption schemes.

An attacker can exploit these flaws to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks or to decrypt communications between the affected service and clients.

Although SSL/TLS has a secure means for choosing the highest supported version of the protocol (so that these versions will be used only if the client or server support nothing better), many web browsers implement this in an unsafe way that allows an attacker to downgrade a connection (such as in POODLE). Therefore, it is recommended that these protocols be disabled entirely.

NIST has determined that SSL 3.0 is no longer acceptable for secure communications. As of the date of enforcement found in PCI DSS v3.1, any version of SSL will not meet the PCI SSC's definition of 'strong cryptography'.

See Also

https://www.schneier.com/academic/paperfiles/paper-ssl.pdf

http://www.nessus.org/u?b06c7e95

http://www.nessus.org/u?247c4540

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf

http://www.nessus.org/u?5d15ba70

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7507

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7568

Solution

Consult the application's documentation to disable SSL 2.0 and 3.0.

Use TLS 1.2 (with approved cipher suites) or higher instead.

Risk Factor

Critical

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

Plugin Information

Published: 2005/10/12, Modified: 2022/04/04

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

- SSLv2 is enabled and the se	rver supports at 1	east one ciphe	r		
		case one eighter	•		
Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64	-bit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth		MAC
EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5 export		RSA (512)	RSA	RC2-CBC(40)	MD5
EXP-RC4-MD5 export		RSA(512)	RSA	RC4 (40)	MD5
Medium Strength Ciphers (>	64-bit and < 112-b	it key, or 3DE	5)		
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
DES-CBC3-MD5		RSA	RSA		
High Strength Ciphers (>= 1	12-bit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
RC4-MD5		RSA	RSA	RC4 (128)	MD5
The fields above are :					
{Tenable ciphername} {Cipher ID code} Kex={key exchange} Auth={authentication} Encrypt={symmetric encrypti MAC={message authentication {export flag}					
SSLv3 is enabled and the se Explanation: TLS 1.0 and SSL					
Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64	-bit key)				
	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
Name					
Name EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1 export		DH(512)	RSA	DES-CBC(40)	

```
- SSLv3 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.
Explanation: TLS 1.0 and SSL 3.0 cipher suites may be used with SSLv3
 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
   Name
                               Code
                                              KEX
                                                          Auth Encryption
                                                                                        MAC
   EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA
                                                           RSA
                                                                   3DES-CBC(168)
 SHA1
  DES-CBC3-SHA
                                               RSA
                                                           RSA
                                                                  3DES-CBC(168)
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                              KEX
                                                           Auth Encryption
                                                                                       MAC.
                                                            ----
                                                           RSA AES-CBC(128)
  DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA
                                               DH
 SHA1
   DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
                                               DH
                                                           RSA
                                                                   AES-CBC(256)
 SHA1
                                                           RSA
                                                                  AES-CBC (128)
  AES128-SHA
                                               RSA
 SHA1
                                                           RSA AES-CBC(256)
   AES256-SHA
                                               RSA
                                                           RSA RC4 (128)
  RC4 - SHA
                                               RSA
 SHA1
The fields above are :
 {Tenable ciphername}
 {Cipher ID code}
 Kex={key exchange}
 Auth={authentication}
 Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
 MAC={message authentication code}
 {export flag}
```

32321 (2) - Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness (SSL check)

Synopsis	
The remote SSL	certificate uses a weak key.
Description	
	9 certificate on the remote SSL server has been generated on a Debian or Ubuntu system a bug in the random number generator of its OpenSSL library.
The problem is of OpenSSL.	due to a Debian packager removing nearly all sources of entropy in the remote version of
	easily obtain the private part of the remote key and use this to decipher the remote session in the middle attack.
See Also	
http://www.ness	sus.org/u?107f9bdc
http://www.ness	sus.org/u?f14f4224
Solution	
	otographic material generated on the remote host to be guessable. In particuliar, all SSH, PN key material should be re-generated.
Risk Factor	
Critical	
VPR Score	
5.1	
CVSS v2.0 Base	Score
10.0 (CVSS2#AV	:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temp	poral Score
8.3 (CVSS2#E:F/	RL:OF/RC:C)
References	
	29179 CVE-2008-0166

XREF CWE:310

Exploitable With

Core Impact (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/15, Modified: 2020/11/16

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

11356 (1) - NFS Exported Share Information Disclosure

Synopsis It is possible to access NFS shares on the remote host. Description At least one of the NFS shares exported by the remote server could be mounted by the scanning host. An attacker may be able to leverage this to read (and possibly write) files on remote host. Solution Configure NFS on the remote host so that only authorized hosts can mount its remote shares. Risk Factor Critical **VPR** Score 5.9 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C) References CVE CVE-1999-0170 CVE CVE-1999-0211 CVE CVE-1999-0554 Exploitable With Metasploit (true) Plugin Information Published: 2003/03/12, Modified: 2023/08/30 Plugin Output

The following NFS shares could be mounted:

10.10.10.10 (udp/2049/rpc-nfs)

```
+ Contents of / :
 - .
- ..
- bin
 - boot
  - cdrom
  - dev
  - etc
- home
 - initrd
  - initrd.img
  - lib
 - lost+found
- media
- mnt
 - nohup.out
  - opt
  - proc
- root
- sbin
  - srv
  - sys
  - tmp
  - usr
  - var
- vmlinuz
```

32314 (1) - Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness

Synopsis	
The remote SSH	host keys are weak.
Description	
	host key has been generated on a Debian or Ubuntu system which contains a bug in the generator of its OpenSSL library.
The problem is of OpenSSL.	due to a Debian packager removing nearly all sources of entropy in the remote version of
	easily obtain the private part of the remote key and use this to set up decipher the remote a man in the middle attack.
See Also	
http://www.ness	sus.org/u?107f9bdc
http://www.ness	sus.org/u?f14f4224
Solution	
	otographic material generated on the remote host to be guessable. In particuliar, all SSH, PN key material should be re-generated.
Risk Factor	
Critical	
VPR Score	
5.1	
CVSS v2.0 Base	Score
10.0 (CVSS2#AV:	N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temp	oral Score
8.3 (CVSS2#E:F/I	RL:OF/RC:C)
References	
	29179 CVE-2008-0166

XREF CWE:310

Exploitable With

Core Impact (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/14, Modified: 2018/11/15

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/22/ssh)

33850 (1) - Unix Operating System Unsupported Version Detection

Synopsis

The operating system running on the remote host is no longer supported.

Description

According to its self-reported version number, the Unix operating system running on the remote host is no longer supported.

Lack of support implies that no new security patches for the product will be released by the vendor. As a result, it is likely to contain security vulnerabilities.

Solution

Upgrade to a version of the Unix operating system that is currently supported.

Risk Factor

Critical

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

References

XREF IAVA:0001-A-0502 XREF IAVA:0001-A-0648

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/08/08, Modified: 2024/04/03

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/0)

Ubuntu 8.04 support ended on 2011-05-12 (Desktop) / 2013-05-09 (Server). Upgrade to Ubuntu 23.04 / LTS 22.04 / LTS 20.04 .

For more information, see : https://wiki.ubuntu.com/Releases

51988 (1) - Bind Shell Backdoor Detection

Synopsis

The remote host may have been compromised.

Description

A shell is listening on the remote port without any authentication being required. An attacker may use it by connecting to the remote port and sending commands directly.

Solution

Verify if the remote host has been compromised, and reinstall the system if necessary.

Risk Factor

Critical

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/02/15, Modified: 2022/04/11

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/1524/wild_shell)

```
Nessus was able to execute the command "id" using the following request:

This produced the following truncated output (limited to 10 lines):

root@metasploitable:/# uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root)
root@metasploitable:/#
```

61708 (1) - VNC Server 'password' Password

C_{1}	nn	nc	ic
Эу	110	ps	13

A VNC server running on the remote host is secured with a weak password.

Description

The VNC server running on the remote host is secured with a weak password. Nessus was able to login using VNC authentication and a password of 'password'. A remote, unauthenticated attacker could exploit this to take control of the system.

Solution

Secure the VNC service with a strong password.

Risk Factor

Critical

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/08/29, Modified: 2015/09/24

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/5900/vnc)

Nessus logged in using a password of "password".

42873 (2) - SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)

Synopsis
The remote service supports the use of medium strength SSL ciphers.
Description
The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer medium strength encryption. Nessus regards medium strength as any encryption that uses key lengths at least 64 bits and less than 112 bits, or else that uses the 3DES encryption suite.
Note that it is considerably easier to circumvent medium strength encryption if the attacker is on the same physical network.
See Also
https://www.openssl.org/blog/blog/2016/08/24/sweet32/ https://sweet32.info
Solution
Reconfigure the affected application if possible to avoid use of medium strength ciphers.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)
VPR Score
5.1
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)
References
CVE CVE-2016-2183
Plugin Information
Published: 2009/11/23, Modified: 2021/02/03

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

```
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
                           Code
                                          KEX
                                                      Auth Encryption
                                                                                 MAC
   Name
                                                     RSA 3DES-CBC (168)
RSA 3DES-CBC (168)
                                                               -----
   DES-CBC3-MD5
                            0x07, 0x00, 0xC0 RSA
                                                                                  MD5
   EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA
                           0x00, 0x16
                                       DH
                           0x00, 0x1B DH None 3DES-CBC(168)
   ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA
SHA1
                           0x00, 0x0A RSA RSA 3DES-CBC(168)
   DES-CBC3-SHA
SHA1
The fields above are :
 {Tenable ciphername}
 {Cipher ID code}
 Kex={key exchange}
 Auth={authentication}
 Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
 MAC={message authentication code}
 {export flag}
```

```
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
                                             KEX
                                                         Auth Encryption
                                                                                        MAC
   Name
                              Code
                              0x00, 0x16
                                                          RSA
                                                                   3DES-CBC(168)
   EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA
                                             DH
                                                                 3DES-CBC(168)
   DES-CBC3-SHA
                             0x00, 0x0A
                                             RSA
                                                          RSA
 SHA1
The fields above are :
 {Tenable ciphername}
 {Cipher ID code}
 Kex={key exchange}
 Auth={authentication}
 Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
 MAC={message authentication code}
 {export flag}
```

10205 (1) - rlogin Service Detection

Synopsis
The rlogin service is running on the remote host.
Description
The rlogin service is running on the remote host. This service is vulnerable since data is passed between the rlogin client and server in cleartext. A man-in-the-middle attacker can exploit this to sniff logins and passwords. Also, it may allow poorly authenticated logins without passwords. If the host is vulnerable to TCP sequence number guessing (from any network) or IP spoofing (including ARP hijacking on a local network) then it may be possible to bypass authentication.
Finally, rlogin is an easy way to turn file-write access into full logins through the .rhosts or rhosts.equiv files
Solution
Comment out the 'login' line in /etc/inetd.conf and restart the inetd process. Alternatively, disable this service and use SSH instead.
Risk Factor
High
VPR Score
5.9
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)
References
CVE CVE-1999-0651
Evoloitable With
Exploitable With
Metasploit (true)
Plugin Information
Published: 1999/08/30, Modified: 2022/04/11

10.10.10.10 (tcp/513/rlogin)

Plugin Output

10245 (1) - rsh Service Detection

Synopsis
The rsh service is running on the remote host.
Description
The rsh service is running on the remote host. This service is vulnerable since data is passed between the rsh client and server in cleartext. A man-in-the-middle attacker can exploit this to sniff logins and passwords. Also, it may allow poorly authenticated logins without passwords. If the host is vulnerable to TCP sequence number guessing (from any network) or IP spoofing (including ARP hijacking on a local network) then it may be possible to bypass authentication.
Finally, rsh is an easy way to turn file-write access into full logins through the .rhosts or rhosts.equiv files.
Solution
Comment out the 'rsh' line in /etc/inetd.conf and restart the inetd process. Alternatively, disable this service and use SSH instead.
Risk Factor
High
VPR Score
5.9
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)
References
CVE CVE-1999-0651
Exploitable With
Metasploit (true)
Plugin Information
Published: 1999/08/22, Modified: 2022/04/11

10.10.10.10 (tcp/514/rsh)

Plugin Output

42256 (1) - NFS Shares World Readable

Synopsis The remote NFS server exports world-readable shares. Description The remote NFS server is exporting one or more shares without restricting access (based on hostname, IP, or IP range). See Also http://www.tldp.org/HOWTO/NFS-HOWTO/security.html Solution Place the appropriate restrictions on all NFS shares. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N) CVSS v2.0 Base Score 5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N) Plugin Information Published: 2009/10/26, Modified: 2024/02/21 Plugin Output 10.10.10.10 (tcp/2049/rpc-nfs)

The following shares have no access restrictions :

90509 (1) - Samba Badlock Vulnerability

Synopsis
An SMB server running on the remote host is affected by the Badlock vulnerability.
Description
The version of Samba, a CIFS/SMB server for Linux and Unix, running on the remote host is affected by a flaw, known as Badlock, that exists in the Security Account Manager (SAM) and Local Security Authority (Domain Policy) (LSAD) protocols due to improper authentication level negotiation over Remote Procedure Call (RPC) channels. A man-in-the-middle attacker who is able to able to intercept the traffic between a client and a server hosting a SAM database can exploit this flaw to force a downgrade of the authentication level, which allows the execution of arbitrary Samba network calls in the context of the intercepted user, such as viewing or modifying sensitive security data in the Active Directory (AD) database or disabling critical services.
See Also
http://badlock.org
https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2016-2118.html
Solution
Upgrade to Samba version 4.2.11 / 4.3.8 / 4.4.2 or later.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
5.9
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 86002

CVE CVE-2016-2118 XREF CERT:813296

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/04/13, Modified: 2019/11/20

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/445/cifs)

Nessus detected that the Samba Badlock patch has not been applied.

136769 (1) - ISC BIND Service Downgrade / Reflected DoS

Synopsis
The remote name server is affected by Service Downgrade / Reflected DoS vulnerabilities.
Description
According to its self-reported version, the instance of ISC BIND 9 running on the remote name server is affected by performance downgrade and Reflected DoS vulnerabilities. This is due to BIND DNS not sufficiently limiting the number fetches which may be performed while processing a referral response.
An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to cause degrade the service of the recursive server o to use the affected server as a reflector in a reflection attack.
See Also
https://kb.isc.org/docs/cve-2020-8616
Solution
Upgrade to the ISC BIND version referenced in the vendor advisory.
opgrade to the 15c birth version referenced in the vertical davisory.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
8.6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
7.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
5.2
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
3.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

ı

References

CVE CVE-2020-8616 XREF IAVA:2020-A-0217-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2020/05/22, Modified: 2024/03/12

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (udp/53/dns)

Installed version : 9.4.2
Fixed version : 9.11.19

15901 (2) - SSL Certificate Expiry

Synopsis

The remote server's SSL certificate has already expired.

Description

This plugin checks expiry dates of certificates associated with SSL- enabled services on the target and reports whether any have already expired.

Solution

Purchase or generate a new SSL certificate to replace the existing one.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2004/12/03, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

```
The SSL certificate has already expired:

Subject : C=XX, ST=There is no such thing outside US, L=Everywhere, O=OCOSA, OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs, CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain, emailAddress=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain

Issuer : C=XX, ST=There is no such thing outside US, L=Everywhere, O=OCOSA, OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs, CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain, emailAddress=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain

Not valid before : Mar 17 14:07:45 2010 GMT

Not valid after : Apr 16 14:07:45 2010 GMT
```

```
The SSL certificate has already expired :
```

Subject : C=XX, ST=There is no such thing outside US, L=Everywhere, O=OCOSA, OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs, CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain, emailAddress=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain

Issuer : C=XX, ST=There is no such thing outside US, L=Everywhere, O=OCOSA, OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs, CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain, emailAddress=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain

Not valid before : Mar 17 14:07:45 2010 GMT Not valid after : Apr 16 14:07:45 2010 GMT

45411 (2) - SSL Certificate with Wrong Hostname

Synopsis

The SSL certificate for this service is for a different host.

Description

The 'commonName' (CN) attribute of the SSL certificate presented for this service is for a different machine.

Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/03, Modified: 2020/04/27

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

```
The identities known by Nessus are:

10.10.10.10
10.10.10
The Common Name in the certificate is:

ubuntu804-base.localdomain
```

```
The identities known by Nessus are:
10.10.10.10
10.10.10
```

The Common Name in the certificate is :

ubuntu804-base.localdomain

51192 (2) - SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted

Synopsis The SSL certificate for this service cannot be trusted. Description The server's X.509 certificate cannot be trusted. This situation can occur in three different ways, in which the chain of trust can be broken, as stated below: - First, the top of the certificate chain sent by the server might not be descended from a known public certificate authority. This can occur either when the top of the chain is an unrecognized, self-signed certificate, or when intermediate certificates are missing that would connect the top of the certificate chain to a known public certificate authority. - Second, the certificate chain may contain a certificate that is not valid at the time of the scan. This can occur either when the scan occurs before one of the certificate's 'notBefore' dates, or after one of the certificate's 'notAfter' dates. - Third, the certificate chain may contain a signature that either didn't match the certificate's information or could not be verified. Bad signatures can be fixed by getting the certificate with the bad signature to be re-signed by its issuer. Signatures that could not be verified are the result of the certificate's issuer using a signing algorithm that Nessus either does not support or does not recognize. If the remote host is a public host in production, any break in the chain makes it more difficult for users to verify the authenticity and identity of the web server. This could make it easier to carry out man-in-themiddle attacks against the remote host. See Also https://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-X.509/en https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X.509 Solution Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service. Risk Factor Medium

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/12/15, Modified: 2020/04/27

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

```
The following certificate was part of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but it has expired:

|-Subject : C=XX/ST=There is no such thing outside US/L=Everywhere/O=OCOSA/OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs/CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
|-Not After : Apr 16 14:07:45 2010 GMT

The following certificate was at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but it is signed by an unknown certificate authority:

|-Subject : C=XX/ST=There is no such thing outside US/L=Everywhere/O=OCOSA/OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs/CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
|-Issuer : C=XX/ST=There is no such thing outside US/L=Everywhere/O=OCOSA/OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs/CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-
```

```
The following certificate was part of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but it has expired:

|-Subject : C=XX/ST=There is no such thing outside US/L=Everywhere/O=OCOSA/OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs/CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
|-Not After : Apr 16 14:07:45 2010 GMT

The following certificate was at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but it is signed by an unknown certificate authority:

|-Subject : C=XX/ST=There is no such thing outside US/L=Everywhere/O=OCOSA/OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs/CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
|-Issuer : C=XX/ST=There is no such thing outside US/L=Everywhere/O=OCOSA/OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs/CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-
```

57582 (2) - SSL Self-Signed Certificate

Synopsis

The SSL certificate chain for this service ends in an unrecognized self-signed certificate.

Description

The X.509 certificate chain for this service is not signed by a recognized certificate authority. If the remote host is a public host in production, this nullifies the use of SSL as anyone could establish a man-in-the-middle attack against the remote host.

Note that this plugin does not check for certificate chains that end in a certificate that is not self-signed, but is signed by an unrecognized certificate authority.

Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/17, Modified: 2022/06/14

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

The following certificate was found at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but is self-signed and was not found in the list of known certificate authorities:

|-Subject : C=XX/ST=There is no such thing outside US/L=Everywhere/O=OCOSA/OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs/CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain

The following certificate was found at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but is self-signed and was not found in the list of known certificate authorities:

 $|\mbox{-Subject: C=XX/ST=There is no such thing outside US/L=Everywhere/O=OCOSA/OU=Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs/CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain/E=root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain} \\$

65821 (2) - SSL RC4 Cipher Suites Supported (Bar Mitzvah)

Synopsis The remote service supports the use of the RC4 cipher. Description The remote host supports the use of RC4 in one or more cipher suites. The RC4 cipher is flawed in its generation of a pseudo-random stream of bytes so that a wide variety of small biases are introduced into the stream, decreasing its randomness. If plaintext is repeatedly encrypted (e.g., HTTP cookies), and an attacker is able to obtain many (i.e., tens of millions) ciphertexts, the attacker may be able to derive the plaintext. See Also https://www.rc4nomore.com/ http://www.nessus.org/u?ac7327a0 http://cr.yp.to/talks/2013.03.12/slides.pdf http://www.isg.rhul.ac.uk/tls/ https://www.imperva.com/docs/HII_Attacking_SSL_when_using_RC4.pdf Solution Reconfigure the affected application, if possible, to avoid use of RC4 ciphers. Consider using TLS 1.2 with AES-GCM suites subject to browser and web server support. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 5.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:X/RC:C) **VPR** Score 4.4 CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:ND/RC:C)

References

BID 58796 BID 73684

CVE CVE-2013-2566 CVE CVE-2015-2808

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/04/05, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

```
List of RC4 cipher suites supported by the remote server :
 Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)
                               Code KEX
                                                         Auth Encryption
                               Code
   Name
                                                                                         MAC
                                                           RSA
   EXP-RC4-MD5
                              0x02, 0x00, 0x80 RSA(512)
                                                                    RC4(40)
                                                                                         MD5
     export
                             0 \times 00, 0 \times 17
                                                           None RC4(40)
   EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5
                                             DH(512)
                                                                                         MD5
     export
                             0x00, 0x03 RSA(512)
                                                           RSA RC4(40)
   EXP-RC4-MD5
                                                                                         MD5
    export
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                               KEX
                                                         Auth Encryption
   Name
                              Code
                                                                                         MAC
                                                          RSA
                              0x01, 0x00, 0x80 RSA
   RC4-MD5
                                                                   RC4 (128)
                                                                                         MD5
                                                         None RC4 (128)
RSA RC4 (128)
RSA RC4 (128)
                             0x00, 0x18 DH
0x00, 0x04 RSA
0x00, 0x05 RSA
   ADH-RC4-MD5
                                                                                         MD5
   RC4-MD5
   RC4 - SHA
SHA1
The fields above are :
 {Tenable ciphername}
 {Cipher ID code}
 Kex={key exchange}
 Auth={authentication}
 Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
 MAC={message authentication code}
 {export flag}
```

```
List of RC4 cipher suites supported by the remote server :
```

High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key) Auth Encryption
RSA RC4(128) MAC Code KEX Name -----RSA -----RC4 - SHA 0x00, 0x05 SHA1 The fields above are : {Tenable ciphername} {Cipher ID code} Kex={key exchange} Auth={authentication} Encrypt={symmetric encryption method} MAC={message authentication code} {export flag}

104743 (2) - TLS Version 1.0 Protocol Detection

Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.0. TLS 1.0 has a number of cryptographic design flaws. Modern implementations of TLS 1.0 mitigate these problems, but newer versions of TLS like 1.2 and 1.3 are designed against these flaws and should be used whenever possible.

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that aren't enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

PCI DSS v3.2 requires that TLS 1.0 be disabled entirely by June 30, 2018, except for POS POI terminals (and the SSL/TLS termination points to which they connect) that can be verified as not being susceptible to any known exploits.

See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-oldversions-deprecate-00

Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.0.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:P/A:N)

References

XREF CWE:327

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/11/22, Modified: 2023/04/19

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

 ${\tt TLSv1}$ is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

10.10.10.10 (tcp/5432/postgresql)

TLSv1 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

11213 (1) - HTTP TRACE / TRACK Methods Allowed

Synopsis
Debugging functions are enabled on the remote web server.
Description
The remote web server supports the TRACE and/or TRACK methods. TRACE and TRACK are HTTP methods that are used to debug web server connections.
See Also
http://www.nessus.org/u?e979b5cb
http://www.apacheweek.com/issues/03-01-24
https://download.oracle.com/sunalerts/1000718.1.html
Solution
Disable these HTTP methods. Refer to the plugin output for more information.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
4.0
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)
References

BID 9506 BID 9561 BID 11604 BID 33374 37995 BID CVE CVE-2003-1567 CVE-2004-2320 CVE CVE CVE-2010-0386 XREF CERT:288308 XREF CERT:867593 XRFF CWF:16 **XREF** CWE:200

Plugin Information

Published: 2003/01/23, Modified: 2024/04/09

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/80/www)

```
To disable these methods, add the following lines for each virtual
host in your configuration file :
   RewriteEngine on
   RewriteCond %{REQUEST_METHOD} ^(TRACE|TRACK)
   RewriteRule .* - [F]
Alternatively, note that Apache versions 1.3.34, 2.0.55, and 2.2
support disabling the TRACE method natively via the 'TraceEnable'
directive.
Nessus sent the following TRACE request : \n\n----- snip
 -----\nTRACE /Nessus272152872.html HTTP/1.1
Connection: Close
Host: 10.10.10.10
Pragma: no-cache
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*
Accept-Language: en
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1,*,utf-8
-----\n\nand received the
following response from the remote server :\n\n----- snip
-----\nHTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Sat, 11 May 2024 18:55:23 GMT
Server: Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2
Keep-Alive: timeout=15, max=100
Connection: Keep-Alive
Transfer-Encoding: chunked
Content-Type: message/http
TRACE /Nessus272152872.html HTTP/1.1
Connection: Keep-Alive
Host: 10.10.10.10
Pragma: no-cache
```

```
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*
Accept-Language: en
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1,*,utf-8
```

12217 (1) - DNS Server Cache Snooping Remote Information Disclosure

Synopsis The remote DNS server is vulnerable to cache snooping attacks. Description The remote DNS server responds to queries for third-party domains that do not have the recursion bit set. This may allow a remote attacker to determine which domains have recently been resolved via this name server, and therefore which hosts have been recently visited. For instance, if an attacker was interested in whether your company utilizes the online services of a particular financial institution, they would be able to use this attack to build a statistical model regarding company usage of that financial institution. Of course, the attack can also be used to find B2B partners, web-surfing patterns, external mail servers, and more. Note: If this is an internal DNS server not accessible to outside networks, attacks would be limited to the internal network. This may include employees, consultants and potentially users on a guest network or WiFi connection if supported. See Also http://cs.unc.edu/~fabian/course_papers/cache_snooping.pdf Solution Contact the vendor of the DNS software for a fix. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N) CVSS v2.0 Base Score 5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N) Plugin Information Published: 2004/04/27, Modified: 2020/04/07 Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (udp/53/dns)

Nessus sent a non-recursive query for example.edu and received 1 answer :

93.184.215.14

26928 (1) - SSL Weak Cipher Suites Supported

Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of weak SSL ciphers.

Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer weak encryption.

Note: This is considerably easier to exploit if the attacker is on the same physical network.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?6527892d

Solution

Reconfigure the affected application, if possible to avoid the use of weak ciphers.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

References

XREF	CWE:326
XREF	CWE:327
XREF	CWE:720
XREF	CWE:753
XREF	CWE:803
XREF	CWE:928
XREF	CWE:934

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/10/08, Modified: 2021/02/03

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

```
Here is the list of weak SSL ciphers supported by the remote server :
 Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)
                                             KEX
                                                         Auth
                                                                 Encryption
                              -----
                                                                  -----
   EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5
                             0x04, 0x00, 0x80 RSA(512)
                                                                RC2-CBC(40)
                                                         RSA
                                                                                      MD5
    export
                              0x02, 0x00, 0x80 RSA(512)
                                                                                      MD5
   EXP-RC4-MD5
                                                         RSA
                                                                RC4(40)
     export
  EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA
                            0x00, 0x14
                                             DH(512)
                                                         RSA DES-CBC(40)
SHA1 export
  EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA
                             0x00, 0x15
                                           DH
                                                         RSA
                                                                 DES-CBC (56)
SHA1
                              0x00, 0x19
   EXP-ADH-DES-CBC-SHA
                                             DH(512)
                                                         None
                                                                 DES-CBC(40)
 SHA1
        export
  EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5
                             0x00, 0x17
                                             DH(512)
                                                         None
                                                                 RC4(40)
                                                                                      MD5
    export
  ADH-DES-CBC-SHA
                             0x00, 0x1A
                                             DH
                                                         None
                                                               DES-CBC(56)
SHA1
   EXP-DES-CBC-SHA
                              0x00, 0x08
                                             RSA(512)
                                                         RSA
                                                               DES-CBC(40)
SHA1 export
  EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5
                             0x00, 0x06
                                             RSA(512)
                                                         RSA
                                                                RC2-CBC(40)
                                                                                      MD5
    export
   EXP-RC4-MD5
                              0x00, 0x03
                                             RSA(512)
                                                         RSA
                                                                RC4(40)
                                                                                      MD5
     export
   DES-CBC-SHA
                              0x00, 0x09
                                             RSA
                                                         RSA
                                                                 DES-CBC(56)
SHA1
The fields above are :
 {Tenable ciphername}
 {Cipher ID code}
 Kex={key exchange}
 Auth={authentication}
 Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
 MAC={message authentication code}
 {export flag}
```

31705 (1) - SSL Anonymous Cipher Suites Supported

Synopsis
The remote service supports the use of anonymous SSL ciphers.
Description
The remote host supports the use of anonymous SSL ciphers. While this enables an administrator to set up a service that encrypts traffic without having to generate and configure SSL certificates, it offers no way to verify the remote host's identity and renders the service vulnerable to a man-in-the-middle attack.
Note: This is considerably easier to exploit if the attacker is on the same physical network.
See Also
http://www.nessus.org/u?3a040ada
Solution
Reconfigure the affected application if possible to avoid use of weak ciphers.
Risk Factor
Low
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
5.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
4.4
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
1.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)
References

BID 28482

CVE CVE-2007-1858

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/03/28, Modified: 2023/10/27

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64	-bit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	M
EXP-ADH-DES-CBC-SHA	0x00, 0x19	DH(512)	None	DES-CBC(40)	
HA1 export EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5 export	0x00, 0x17	DH(512)	None	RC4 (40)	M
ADH-DES-CBC-SHA HA1	0x00, 0x1A	DH	None	DES-CBC(56)	
Medium Strength Ciphers (>	64-bit and < 112-b	it key, or 3DE	S)		
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	- 21	M
1 D. 1 D. 2 C. 2 C. 2	0.00.015			2000 000 (1.60)	
ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA HA1	0x00, 0x1B	DH	None	3DES-CBC(168)	
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	<u>M</u>
ADH-AES128-SHA			Auth None	21	
ADH-AES128-SHA HA1 ADH-AES256-SHA		 DH		AES-CBC(128)	
ADH-AES128-SHA HA1	0x00, 0x34	DH DH	None	AES-CBC(128) AES-CBC(256)	
ADH-AES128-SHA HA1 ADH-AES256-SHA HA1 ADH-RC4-MD5	0x00, 0x34 0x00, 0x3A	DH DH	None None	AES-CBC(128) AES-CBC(256)	
ADH-AES128-SHA HA1 ADH-AES256-SHA HA1 ADH-RC4-MD5 e fields above are: {Tenable ciphername} {Cipher ID code}	0x00, 0x34 0x00, 0x3A	DH DH	None None	AES-CBC(128) AES-CBC(256)	
ADH-AES128-SHA HA1 ADH-AES256-SHA HA1 ADH-RC4-MD5 e fields above are:	0x00, 0x34 0x00, 0x3A 0x00, 0x18	DH DH	None None	AES-CBC(128) AES-CBC(256)	

33447 (1) - Multiple Vendor DNS Query ID Field Prediction Cache Poisoning

Synopsis	
The remote name resolver (or the server it uses upstream) is affected by a DNS cache poisoning vulnerability.	
Description	
The remote DNS resolver does not use random ports when making queries to third-party DNS servers. A unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to poison the remote DNS server, allowing the attacked divert legitimate traffic to arbitrary sites.	
See Also	
nttps://www.cnet.com/news/massive-coordinated-dns-patch-released/	
nttps://www.theregister.co.uk/2008/07/21/dns_flaw_speculation/	
Solution	
Contact your DNS server vendor for a patch.	
Risk Factor	
Medium	
CVSS v3.0 Base Score	
5.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:N/I:H/A:N)	
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score	
5.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)	
VPR Score	
5.0	
CVSS v2.0 Base Score	
5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)	
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score	
3.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)	
STIG Severity	

References

BID 30131
CVE CVE-2008-1447
XREF CERT:800113
XREF IAVA:2008-A-0045
XREF EDB-ID:6122
XREF EDB-ID:6123
XREF EDB-ID:6130

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/07/09, Modified: 2024/04/03

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (udp/53/dns)

```
The remote DNS server uses non-random ports for its
DNS requests. An attacker may spoof DNS responses.

List of used ports:

+ DNS Server: 156.17.234.185

|- Port: 49948
|- Port: 49951
|- Port: 49952
|- Port: 49953
```

42263 (1) - Unencrypted Telnet Server

_			
Syn		nc	10
JVI	U	υs	ıs

The remote Telnet server transmits traffic in cleartext.

Description

The remote host is running a Telnet server over an unencrypted channel.

Using Telnet over an unencrypted channel is not recommended as logins, passwords, and commands are transferred in cleartext. This allows a remote, man-in-the-middle attacker to eavesdrop on a Telnet session to obtain credentials or other sensitive information and to modify traffic exchanged between a client and server.

SSH is preferred over Telnet since it protects credentials from eavesdropping and can tunnel additional data streams such as an X11 session.

Solution

Disable the Telnet service and use SSH instead.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/10/27, Modified: 2024/01/16

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/23/telnet)

Warning: Never expose this VM to an untrusted network!

Contact: msfdev[at]metasploit.com

Login with msfadmin/msfadmin to get started

metasploitable login:

......snip

52611 (1) - SMTP Service STARTTLS Plaintext Command Injection

Synopsis

The remote mail service allows plaintext command injection while negotiating an encrypted communications channel.

Description

The remote SMTP service contains a software flaw in its STARTTLS implementation that could allow a remote, unauthenticated attacker to inject commands during the plaintext protocol phase that will be executed during the ciphertext protocol phase.

Successful exploitation could allow an attacker to steal a victim's email or associated SASL (Simple Authentication and Security Layer) credentials.

See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2487

https://www.securityfocus.com/archive/1/516901/30/0/threaded

Solution

Contact the vendor to see if an update is available.

Risk Factor

Medium

VPR Score

6.3

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.1 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	46767

CVE CVE-2011-0411
CVE CVE-2011-1430
CVE CVE-2011-1431

CVE CVE-2011-1432
CVE CVE-2011-1506
CVE CVE-2011-2165
XREF CERT:555316

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/03/10, Modified: 2019/03/06

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

```
Nessus sent the following two commands in a single packet:

STARTTLS\r\nRSET\r\n

And the server sent the following two responses:

220 2.0.0 Ready to start TLS
250 2.0.0 Ok
```

57608 (1) - SMB Signing not required

Synopsis

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server.

Description

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks against the SMB server.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?df39b8b3

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc731957.aspx

http://www.nessus.org/u?74b80723

https://www.samba.org/samba/docs/current/man-html/smb.conf.5.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?a3cac4ea

Solution

Enforce message signing in the host's configuration. On Windows, this is found in the policy setting 'Microsoft network server: Digitally sign communications (always)'. On Samba, the setting is called 'server signing'. See the 'see also' links for further details.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/19, Modified: 2022/10/05

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/445/cifs)

81606 (1) - SSL/TLS EXPORT_RSA <= 512-bit Cipher Suites Supported (FREAK)

Suponeis
Synopsis
The remote host supports a set of weak ciphers.
Description
The remote host supports EXPORT_RSA cipher suites with keys less than or equal to 512 bits. An attacker can factor a 512-bit RSA modulus in a short amount of time.
A man-in-the middle attacker may be able to downgrade the session to use EXPORT_RSA cipher suites (e.g CVE-2015-0204). Thus, it is recommended to remove support for weak cipher suites.
See Also
https://www.smacktls.com/#freak
https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20150108.txt
http://www.nessus.org/u?b78da2c4
Solution
Reconfigure the service to remove support for EXPORT_RSA cipher suites.
Risk Factor
Medium
VPR Score
3.7
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)
Defevences
References
BID 71936

CVE-2015-0204

CERT:243585

CVE

XREF

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/03/04, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

```
EXPORT_RSA cipher suites supported by the remote server :
Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)
                                         KEX
                                                     Auth Encryption
                                                                                 MAC
  Name
                            Code
                           0x00, 0x08
                                                           DES-CBC(40)
                                         RSA(512)
                                                      RSA
  EXP-DES-CBC-SHA
SHA1 export
                                                            RC2-CBC(40)
  EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5
                           0x00, 0x06
                                         RSA(512)
                                                      RSA
                                                                                  MD5
    export
                     0x00, 0x03 RSA(512) RSA RC4(40)
   EXP-RC4-MD5
                                                                                  MD5
     export
The fields above are :
 {Tenable ciphername}
 {Cipher ID code}
 Kex={key exchange}
 Auth={authentication}
 Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
 MAC={message authentication code}
 {export flag}
```

89058 (1) - SSL DROWN Attack Vulnerability (Decrypting RSA with Obsolete and Weakened eNcryption)

Synopsis
The remote host may be affected by a vulnerability that allows a remote attacker to potentially decrypt captured TLS traffic.
Description
The remote host supports SSLv2 and therefore may be affected by a vulnerability that allows a cross-protocol Bleichenbacher padding oracle attack known as DROWN (Decrypting RSA with Obsolete and Weakened eNcryption). This vulnerability exists due to a flaw in the Secure Sockets Layer Version 2 (SSLv2) implementation, and it allows captured TLS traffic to be decrypted. A man-in-the-middle attacker can exploit this to decrypt the TLS connection by utilizing previously captured traffic and weak cryptography along with a series of specially crafted connections to an SSLv2 server that uses the same private key. See Also
https://drownattack.com/
https://drownattack.com/drown-attack-paper.pdf
Solution
Disable SSLv2 and export grade cryptography cipher suites. Ensure that private keys are not used anywhere with server software that supports SSLv2 connections.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
5.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
4.4
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 83733

CVE CVE-2016-0800 XREF CERT:583776

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/03/01, Modified: 2019/11/20

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

The remote host is affected by SSL DROWN and supports the following vulnerable cipher suites :

Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5 export	0x04, 0x00, 0x80	RSA(512)	RSA	RC2-CBC(40)	MD5
EXP-RC4-MD5 export	0x02, 0x00, 0x80	RSA(512)	RSA	RC4 (40)	MD5

High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
RC4-MD5	0×01 , 0×00 , $0 \times$:80 RSA	RSA	RC4 (128)	MD5

The fields above are :

{Tenable ciphername}
{Cipher ID code}

Kex={key exchange}

Auth={authentication}

Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}

MAC={message authentication code}
{export flag}

90317 (1) - SSH Weak Algorithms Supported

Synopsis

The remote SSH server is configured to allow weak encryption algorithms or no algorithm at all.

Description

Nessus has detected that the remote SSH server is configured to use the Arcfour stream cipher or no cipher at all. RFC 4253 advises against using Arcfour due to an issue with weak keys.

See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4253#section-6.3

Solution

Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to remove the weak ciphers.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/04/04, Modified: 2016/12/14

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/22/ssh)

```
The following weak server-to-client encryption algorithms are supported:

arcfour
arcfour128
arcfour256

The following weak client-to-server encryption algorithms are supported:

arcfour
arcfour
arcfour128
arcfour256
```

136808 (1) - ISC BIND Denial of Service

Synopsis
The remote name server is affected by an assertion failure vulnerability.
Description
A denial of service (DoS) vulnerability exists in ISC BIND versions 9.11.18 / 9.11.18-S1 / 9.12.4-P2 / 9.13 / 9.14.11 / 9.15 / 9.16.2 / 9.17 / 9.17.1 and earlier. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this issue, via a specially-crafted message, to cause the service to stop responding.
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://kb.isc.org/docs/cve-2020-8617
Solution
Upgrade to the patched release most closely related to your current version of BIND.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
5.3 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
4.4
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
3.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

ı

References

CVE CVE-2020-8617 XREF IAVA:2020-A-0217-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2020/05/22, Modified: 2023/03/23

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (udp/53/dns)

Installed version : 9.4.2
Fixed version : 9.11.19

139915 (1) - ISC BIND 9.x < 9.11.22, 9.12.x < 9.16.6, 9.17.x < 9.17.4 DoS

Synopsis
The remote name server is affected by a denial of service vulnerability.
Description
According to its self-reported version number, the installation of ISC BIND running on the remote name server is version 9.x prior to 9.11.22, 9.12.x prior to 9.16.6 or 9.17.x prior to 9.17.4. It is, therefore, affected by a denial of service (DoS) vulnerability due to an assertion failure when attempting to verify a truncated response to a TSIG-signed request. An authenticated, remote attacker can exploit this issue by sending a truncated response to a TSIG-signed request to trigger an assertion failure, causing the server to exit.
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://kb.isc.org/docs/cve-2020-8622
Solution
Upgrade to BIND 9.11.22, 9.16.6, 9.17.4 or later.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
5.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
3.6
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
4.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:S/C:N/I:N/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
3.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

ı

References

CVE CVE-2020-8622 XREF IAVA:2020-A-0385-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2020/08/27, Modified: 2021/06/03

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (udp/53/dns)

Installed version: 9.4.2

Fixed version : 9.11.22, 9.16.6, 9.17.4 or later

78479 (2) - SSLv3 Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption Vulnerability (POODLE)

Synopsis

It is possible to obtain sensitive information from the remote host with SSL/TLS-enabled services.

Description

The remote host is affected by a man-in-the-middle (MitM) information disclosure vulnerability known as POODLE. The vulnerability is due to the way SSL 3.0 handles padding bytes when decrypting messages encrypted using block ciphers in cipher block chaining (CBC) mode.

MitM attackers can decrypt a selected byte of a cipher text in as few as 256 tries if they are able to force a victim application to repeatedly send the same data over newly created SSL 3.0 connections.

As long as a client and service both support SSLv3, a connection can be 'rolled back' to SSLv3, even if TLSv1 or newer is supported by the client and service.

The TLS Fallback SCSV mechanism prevents 'version rollback' attacks without impacting legacy clients; however, it can only protect connections when the client and service support the mechanism. Sites that cannot disable SSLv3 immediately should enable this mechanism.

This is a vulnerability in the SSLv3 specification, not in any particular SSL implementation. Disabling SSLv3 is the only way to completely mitigate the vulnerability.

See Also

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-downgrade-scsv-00

Solution

Disable SSLv3.

Services that must support SSLv3 should enable the TLS Fallback SCSV mechanism until SSLv3 can be disabled.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

3.4 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:L/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

3.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

5.1

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 70574

CVE CVE-2014-3566 XREF CERT:577193

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/10/15, Modified: 2023/06/23

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

Nessus determined that the remote server supports SSLv3 with at least one CBC cipher suite, indicating that this server is vulnerable.

It appears that TLSv1 or newer is supported on the server. However, the Fallback SCSV mechanism is not supported, allowing connections to be "rolled back" to SSLv3.

10.10.10.10 (tcp/5432/postgresql)

Nessus determined that the remote server supports SSLv3 with at least one CBC cipher suite, indicating that this server is vulnerable.

It appears that TLSv1 or newer is supported on the server. However, the Fallback SCSV mechanism is not supported, allowing connections to be "rolled back" to SSLv3.

10114 (1) - ICMP Timestamp Request Remote Date Disclosure

Synopsis

It is possible to determine the exact time set on the remote host.

Description

The remote host answers to an ICMP timestamp request. This allows an attacker to know the date that is set on the targeted machine, which may assist an unauthenticated, remote attacker in defeating time-based authentication protocols.

Timestamps returned from machines running Windows Vista / 7 / 2008 / 2008 R2 are deliberately incorrect, but usually within 1000 seconds of the actual system time.

Solution

Filter out the ICMP timestamp requests (13), and the outgoing ICMP timestamp replies (14).

Risk Factor

Low

VPR Score

4.2

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.1 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

References

CVE CVE-1999-0524

XREF CWE:200

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/08/01, Modified: 2024/05/03

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (icmp/0)

The difference between the local and remote clocks is -17503 seconds.

10407 (1) - X Server Detection

Synopsis

An X11 server is listening on the remote host

Description

The remote host is running an X11 server. X11 is a client-server protocol that can be used to display graphical applications running on a given host on a remote client.

Since the X11 traffic is not ciphered, it is possible for an attacker to eavesdrop on the connection.

Solution

Restrict access to this port. If the X11 client/server facility is not used, disable TCP support in X11 entirely (nolisten tcp).

Risk Factor

Low

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2000/05/12, Modified: 2019/03/05

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/6000/x11)

X11 Version : 11.0

10407 (1) - X Server Detection 279

70658 (1) - SSH Server CBC Mode Ciphers Enabled

Synopsis

The SSH server is configured to use Cipher Block Chaining.

Description

The SSH server is configured to support Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) encryption. This may allow an attacker to recover the plaintext message from the ciphertext.

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the SSH server and does not check for vulnerable software versions.

Solution

Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to disable CBC mode cipher encryption, and enable CTR or GCM cipher mode encryption.

Risk Factor

Low

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

3.7 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

VPR Score

3.6

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

1.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 32319

CVE CVE-2008-5161

XREF CERT:958563

XREF CWE:200

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/28, Modified: 2023/10/27

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/22/ssh)

```
The following client-to-server Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) algorithms
are supported :
 3des-cbc
 aes128-cbc
 aes192-cbc
 aes256-cbc
 blowfish-cbc
 cast128-cbc
 rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
The following server-to-client Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) algorithms
are supported :
 3des-cbc
 aes128-cbc
 aes192-cbc
 aes256-cbc
 blowfish-cbc
 cast128-cbc
 rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
```

71049 (1) - SSH Weak MAC Algorithms Enabled

Synopsis

The remote SSH server is configured to allow MD5 and 96-bit MAC algorithms.

Description

The remote SSH server is configured to allow either MD5 or 96-bit MAC algorithms, both of which are considered weak.

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the SSH server, and it does not check for vulnerable software versions.

Solution

Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to disable MD5 and 96-bit MAC algorithms.

Risk Factor

Low

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/11/22, Modified: 2016/12/14

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/22/ssh)

```
The following client-to-server Message Authentication Code (MAC) algorithms are supported:

hmac-md5
hmac-md5-96
hmac-sha1-96

The following server-to-client Message Authentication Code (MAC) algorithms are supported:

hmac-md5
hmac-md5
hmac-md5-96
hmac-sha1-96
```

83738 (1) - SSL/TLS EXPORT_DHE <= 512-bit Export Cipher Suites Supported (Logjam)

Synopsis
The remote host supports a set of weak ciphers.
Description
The remote host supports EXPORT_DHE cipher suites with keys less than or equal to 512 bits. Through cryptanalysis, a third party can find the shared secret in a short amount of time.
A man-in-the middle attacker may be able to downgrade the session to use EXPORT_DHE cipher suites. Thus, it is recommended to remove support for weak cipher suites.
See Also
https://weakdh.org/
Solution
Reconfigure the service to remove support for EXPORT_DHE cipher suites.
Risk Factor
Low
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
3.7 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
3.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
3.9
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
2.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:ND/RC:C)

References

BID 74733

CVE CVE-2015-4000

XREF CEA-ID:CEA-2021-0004

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/05/21, Modified: 2022/12/05

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

EXPORT_DHE cipher suites supported by the remote server : Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key) Name Code KEX Auth Encryption MAC - - -----______ RSA DES-CBC(40) EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x14 DH(512) SHA1 export EXP-ADH-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x19 None DES-CBC(40) DH(512) SHA1 export 0x00, 0x17 None RC4 (40) EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5 DH(512) MD5 export The fields above are :

{Tenable ciphername}
{Cipher ID code}
Kex={key exchange}
Auth={authentication}
Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
MAC={message authentication code}
{export flag}

83875 (1) - SSL/TLS Diffie-Hellman Modulus <= 1024 Bits (Logjam)

Synopsis
The remote host allows SSL/TLS connections with one or more Diffie-Hellman moduli less than or equal to 1024 bits.
Description
The remote host allows SSL/TLS connections with one or more Diffie-Hellman moduli less than or equal to 1024 bits. Through cryptanalysis, a third party may be able to find the shared secret in a short amount of time (depending on modulus size and attacker resources). This may allow an attacker to recover the plaintext or potentially violate the integrity of connections.
See Also
https://weakdh.org/
Solution
Reconfigure the service to use a unique Diffie-Hellman moduli of 2048 bits or greater.
Risk Factor
Low
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
3.7 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
3.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
3.9
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
1.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)
References

BID 74733

CVE CVE-2015-4000

XREF CEA-ID:CEA-2021-0004

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/05/28, Modified: 2022/12/05

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

```
Vulnerable connection combinations:

SSL/TLS version: SSLv3
Cipher suite: TLS1_CK_DHE_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA
Diffie-Hellman MODP size (bits): 512
Logjam attack difficulty: Easy (could be carried out by individuals)

SSL/TLS version: TLSv1.0
Cipher suite: TLS1_CK_DHE_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA
Diffie-Hellman MODP size (bits): 512
Logjam attack difficulty: Easy (could be carried out by individuals)
```

153953 (1) - SSH Weak Key Exchange Algorithms Enabled

Synopsis
The remote SSH server is configured to allow weak key exchange algorithms.
Description
The remote SSH server is configured to allow key exchange algorithms which are considered weak.
This is based on the IETF draft document Key Exchange (KEX) Method Updates and Recommendations for Secure Shell (SSH) RFC9142. Section 4 lists guidance on key exchange algorithms that SHOULD NOT and MUST NOT be enabled. This includes:
diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1
diffie-hellman-group1-sha1
gss-gex-sha1-*
gss-group1-sha1-*
gss-group14-sha1-*
rsa1024-sha1
Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the SSH server, and it does not check for vulnerable software versions.
See Also
https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc9142
Solution
Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to disable the weak algorithms.
Risk Factor
Low
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
3.7 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)
Plugin Information

Published: 2021/10/13, Modified: 2024/03/22

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/22/ssh)

The following weak key exchange algorithms are enabled :

diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1
diffie-hellman-group1-sha1

11219 (25) - Nessus SYN scanner

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/21/ftp)

Port 21/tcp was found to be open

10.10.10.10 (tcp/22/ssh)

Port 22/tcp was found to be open

10.10.10.10 (tcp/23/telnet)

Port 23/tcp was found to be open

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

Port 25/tcp was found to be open

10.10.10.10 (tcp/53/dns)

Port 53/tcp was found to be open

10.10.10.10 (tcp/80/www)

Port 80/tcp was found to be open

10.10.10.10 (tcp/111/rpc-portmapper)

Port 111/tcp was found to be open

10.10.10.10 (tcp/139/smb)

Port 139/tcp was found to be open

10.10.10.10 (tcp/445/cifs)

Port 445/tcp was found to be open

10.10.10.10 (tcp/512)

Port 512/tcp was found to be open

10.10.10.10 (tcp/513/rlogin)

Port 513/tcp was found to be open

10.10.10.10 (tcp/514/rsh)

Port 514/tcp was found to be open

10.10.10.10 (tcp/1099/rmi_registry)

Port 1099/tcp was found to be open

10.10.10.10 (tcp/1524/wild_shell)

Port 1524/tcp was found to be open

10.10.10.10 (tcp/2049/rpc-nfs)

Port 2049/tcp was found to be open

10.10.10.10 (tcp/2121/ftp)

Port 2121/tcp was found to be open

10.10.10.10 (tcp/3306/mysql)

Port 3306/tcp was found to be open

10.10.10.10 (tcp/3632)

Port 3632/tcp was found to be open

10.10.10.10 (tcp/5432/postgresql)

Port 5432/tcp was found to be open

10.10.10.10 (tcp/5900/vnc)

Port 5900/tcp was found to be open

10.10.10.10 (tcp/6000/x11)

Port 6000/tcp was found to be open

10.10.10.10 (tcp/6667/irc)

Port 6667/tcp was found to be open

10.10.10.10 (tcp/8009)

Port 8009/tcp was found to be open

10.10.10.10 (tcp/8180)

Port 8180/tcp was found to be open

10.10.10.10 (tcp/8787)

Port 8787/tcp was found to be open

11111 (10) - RPC Services Enumeration

Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/111/rpc-portmapper)

```
The following RPC services are available on TCP port 111 :
- program: 100000 (portmapper), version: 2
```

10.10.10.10 (udp/111/rpc-portmapper)

```
The following RPC services are available on UDP port 111:
- program: 100000 (portmapper), version: 2
```

10.10.10.10 (tcp/2049/rpc-nfs)

```
The following RPC services are available on TCP port 2049:

- program: 100003 (nfs), version: 2
- program: 100003 (nfs), version: 3
- program: 100003 (nfs), version: 4
```

10.10.10.10 (udp/2049/rpc-nfs)

```
The following RPC services are available on UDP port 2049:

- program: 100003 (nfs), version: 2
- program: 100003 (nfs), version: 3
- program: 100003 (nfs), version: 4
```

10.10.10.10 (udp/36014/rpc-status)

```
The following RPC services are available on UDP port 36014:
- program: 100024 (status), version: 1
```

10.10.10.10 (tcp/41688/rpc-nlockmgr)

```
The following RPC services are available on TCP port 41688:

- program: 100021 (nlockmgr), version: 1
- program: 100021 (nlockmgr), version: 3
- program: 100021 (nlockmgr), version: 4
```

10.10.10.10 (udp/47021/rpc-mountd)

```
The following RPC services are available on UDP port 47021:

- program: 100005 (mountd), version: 1
- program: 100005 (mountd), version: 2
- program: 100005 (mountd), version: 3
```

10.10.10.10 (udp/49001/rpc-nlockmgr)

```
The following RPC services are available on UDP port 49001:

- program: 100021 (nlockmgr), version: 1
- program: 100021 (nlockmgr), version: 3
- program: 100021 (nlockmgr), version: 4
```

10.10.10.10 (tcp/54912/rpc-status)

```
The following RPC services are available on TCP port 54912:
- program: 100024 (status), version: 1
```

10.10.10.10 (tcp/55151/rpc-mountd)

```
The following RPC services are available on TCP port 55151:

- program: 100005 (mountd), version: 1
- program: 100005 (mountd), version: 2
```

- program: 100005 (mountd), version: 3

22964 (8) - Service Detection

Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/21/ftp)

An FTP server is running on this port.

10.10.10.10 (tcp/22/ssh)

An SSH server is running on this port.

10.10.10.10 (tcp/23/telnet)

A telnet server is running on this port.

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

An SMTP server is running on this port.

10.10.10.10 (tcp/80/www)

A web server is running on this port.

10.10.10.10 (tcp/1524/wild_shell)

A shell server (Metasploitable) is running on this port.

10.10.10.10 (tcp/2121/ftp)

An FTP server is running on this port.

10.10.10.10 (tcp/5900/vnc)

A vnc server is running on this port.

10092 (2) - FTP Server Detection

Synopsis

An FTP server is listening on a remote port.

Description

It is possible to obtain the banner of the remote FTP server by connecting to a remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0030 XREF IAVT:0001-T-0943

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2023/08/17

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/21/ftp)

```
The remote FTP banner is:
220 (vsFTPd 2.3.4)
```

10.10.10.10 (tcp/2121/ftp)

```
The remote FTP banner is:

220 ProFTPD 1.3.1 Server (Debian) [::ffff:10.10.10.10]
```

10863 (2) - SSL Certificate Information

Synopsis

This plugin displays the SSL certificate.

Description

This plugin connects to every SSL-related port and attempts to extract and dump the X.509 certificate.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/19, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

```
Subject Name:
Country: XX
State/Province: There is no such thing outside US
Locality: Everywhere
Organization: OCOSA
Organization Unit: Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
Common Name: ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Email Address: root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Issuer Name:
Country: XX
State/Province: There is no such thing outside US
Locality: Everywhere
Organization: OCOSA
Organization Unit: Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
Common Name: ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Email Address: root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Serial Number: 00 FA F9 3A 4C 7F B6 B9 CC
Version: 1
Signature Algorithm: SHA-1 With RSA Encryption
Not Valid Before: Mar 17 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Not Valid After: Apr 16 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Public Key Info:
```

```
Algorithm: RSA Encryption
Key Length: 1024 bits
Public Key: 00 D6 B4 13 36 33 9A 95 71 7B 1B DE 7C 83 75 DA 71 B1 3C A9
            7F FE AD 64 1B 77 E9 4F AE BE CA D4 F8 CB EF AE BB 43 79 24
            73 FF 3C E5 9E 3B 6D FC C8 B1 AC FA 4C 4D 5E 9B 4C 99 54 0B
            D7 A8 4A 50 BA A9 DE 1D 1F F4 E4 6B 02 A3 F4 6B 45 CD 4C AF
            8D 89 62 33 8F 65 BB 36 61 9F C4 2C 73 C1 4E 2E A0 A8 14 4E
            98 70 46 61 BB D1 B9 31 DF 8C 99 EE 75 6B 79 3C 40 AO AE 97
            00 90 9D DC 99 0D 33 A4 B5
Exponent: 01 00 01
Signature Length: 128 bytes / 1024 bits
Signature: 00 92 A4 B4 B8 14 55 63 25 51 4A 0B C3 2A 22 CF 3A F8 17 6A
           OC CF 66 AA A7 65 2F 48 6D CD E3 3E 5C 9F 77 6C D4 44 54 1F
           1E 84 4F 8E D4 8D DD AC 2D 88 09 21 A8 DA 56 2C A9 05 3C 49
           68 35 19 75 OC DA 53 23 88 88 19 2D 74 26 C1 22 65 EE 11 68
           83 6A 53 4A 9C 27 CB A0 B4 E9 8D 29 0C B2 3C 18 5C 67 CC 53
           A6 1E 30 D0 AA 26 7B 1E AE 40 B9 29 01 6C 2E BC A2 19 94 7C
           15 6E 8D 30 38 F6 CA 2E 75
Fingerprints:
SHA-256 Fingerprint: E7 A7 FA 0D 63 E4 57 C7 C4 A5 9B 38 B7 08 49 C6 A7 0B DA 6F
                     83 OC 7A F1 E3 2D EE 43 6D E8 13 CC
SHA-1 Fingerprint: ED 09 30 88 70 66 03 BF D5 DC 23 73 99 B4 98 DA 2D [...]
```

10.10.10.10 (tcp/5432/postgresql)

```
Subject Name:
Country: XX
State/Province: There is no such thing outside US
Locality: Everywhere
Organization: OCOSA
Organization Unit: Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
Common Name: ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Email Address: root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Issuer Name:
Country: XX
State/Province: There is no such thing outside US
Locality: Everywhere
Organization: OCOSA
Organization Unit: Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
Common Name: ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Email Address: root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Serial Number: 00 FA F9 3A 4C 7F B6 B9 CC
Version: 1
Signature Algorithm: SHA-1 With RSA Encryption
Not Valid Before: Mar 17 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Not Valid After: Apr 16 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Public Key Info:
Algorithm: RSA Encryption
Key Length: 1024 bits
Public Key: 00 D6 B4 13 36 33 9A 95 71 7B 1B DE 7C 83 75 DA 71 B1 3C A9
            7F FE AD 64 1B 77 E9 4F AE BE CA D4 F8 CB EF AE BB 43 79 24
            73 FF 3C E5 9E 3B 6D FC C8 B1 AC FA 4C 4D 5E 9B 4C 99 54 0B
            D7 A8 4A 50 BA A9 DE 1D 1F F4 E4 6B 02 A3 F4 6B 45 CD 4C AF
            8D 89 62 33 8F 65 BB 36 61 9F C4 2C 73 C1 4E 2E A0 A8 14 4E
            98 70 46 61 BB D1 B9 31 DF 8C 99 EE 75 6B 79 3C 40 AO AE 97
            00 90 9D DC 99 0D 33 A4 B5
```

11002 (2) - DNS Server Detection

Synopsis

A DNS server is listening on the remote host.

Description

The remote service is a Domain Name System (DNS) server, which provides a mapping between hostnames and IP addresses.

See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Domain_Name_System

Solution

Disable this service if it is not needed or restrict access to internal hosts only if the service is available externally.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2003/02/13, Modified: 2017/05/16

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/53/dns) 10.10.10.10 (udp/53/dns)

11011 (2) - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

Synopsis
A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host.
Description
The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2002/06/05, Modified: 2021/02/11
Plugin Output
10.10.10.10 (tcp/139/smb)
An SMB server is running on this port.
10.10.10.10 (tcp/445/cifs)
A CIFS server is running on this port.

11154 (2) - Unknown Service Detection: Banner Retrieval

Synopsis

There is an unknown service running on the remote host.

Description

Nessus was unable to identify a service on the remote host even though it returned a banner of some type.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/11/18, Modified: 2022/07/26

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/512)

```
If you know what this service is and think the banner could be used to identify it, please send a description of the service along with the following output to svc-signatures@nessus.org:

Port : 512
Type : spontaneous
Banner:

0x00: 01 57 68 65 72 65 20 61 72 65 20 79 6F 75 3F 0A .Where are you?.

0x10:
```

10.10.10.10 (tcp/8787)

```
If you know what this service is and think the banner could be used to
identify it, please send a description of the service along with the
following output to svc-signatures@nessus.org :
 Port : 8787
 Type : get_http
 Banner:
0x0000: 00 00 00 03 04 08 46 00 00 03 A1 04 08 6F 3A 16
                                                           .....F.....o:.
          0x0010: 44 52 62 3A 3A 44 52 62 43 6F 6E 6E 45 72 72 6F
                                                                     DRb::DRbConnErro
          0x0020: 72 07 3A 07 62 74 5B 17 22 2F 2F 75 73 72 2F 6C
                                                                     r.:.bt[."//usr/l
          0x0030: 69 62 2F 72 75 62 79 2F 31 2E 38 2F 64 72 62 2F
                                                                     ib/ruby/1.8/drb/
          0x0040: 64 72 62 2E 72 62 3A 35 37 33 3A 69 6E 20 60 6C
                                                                     drb.rb:573:in `1
          0x0050: 6F 61 64 27 22 37 2F 75 73 72 2F 6C 69 62 2F 72
                                                                     oad'"7/usr/lib/r
```

```
0x0060: 75 62 79 2F 31 2E 38 2F 64 72 62 2F 64 72 62 2E
                                                       uby/1.8/drb/drb.
0x0070: 72 62 3A 36 31 32 3A 69 6E 20 60 72 65 63 76 5F
                                                       rb:612:in `recv_
request'"7/usr/l
                                                       ib/ruby/1.8/drb/
0x00A0: 64 72 62 2E 72 62 3A 39 31 31 3A 69 6E 20 60 72
                                                       drb.rb:911:in `r
0x00B0: 65 63 76 5F 72 65 71 75 65 73 74 27 22 3C 2F 75
                                                       ecv_request'"</u
0x00C0: 73 72 2F 6C 69 62 2F 72 75 62 79 2F 31 2E 38 2F
                                                       sr/lib/ruby/1.8/
0x00D0: 64 72 62 2F 64 72 62 2E 72 62 3A 31 35 33 30 3A
                                                       drb/drb.rb:1530:
0x00E0: 69 6E 20 60 69 6E 69 74 5F 77 69 74 68 5F 63 6C 0x00F0: 69 65 6E 74 27 22 39 2F 75 73 72 2F 6C 69 62 2F
                                                       in `init_with_cl
                                                       ient'"9/usr/lib/
0x0100: 72 75 62 79 2F 31 2E 38 2F 64 72 62 2F 64 72 62
                                                       ruby/1.8/drb/drb
0x0110: 2E 72 62 3A 31 35 34 32 3A 69 6E 20 60 73 65 74
                                                       .rb:1542:in `set
0x0120: 75 70 5F 6D 65 73 73 61 67 65 27 22 33 2F 75 73
                                                       up_message'"3/us
r/lib/ruby/1.8/d
```

21643 (2) - SSL Cipher Suites Supported

Synopsis

The remote service encrypts communications using SSL.

Description

This plugin detects which SSL ciphers are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/man1.0.2/man1/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?e17ffced

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2006/06/05, Modified: 2023/07/10

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

```
Here is the list of SSL ciphers supported by the remote server :
Each group is reported per SSL Version.
SSL Version : TLSv1
 Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)
                                 Code
                                                               Auth
                                                                        Encryption
                                                                                               MAC
   EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x14
                                                  DH(512)
                                                               RSA
                                                                        DES-CBC(40)
 SHA1 export
   EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x15
                                                  DH
                                                               RSA
                                                                        DES-CBC(56)
 SHA1
                                 0x00, 0x19
                                                 DH(512)
                                                                        DES-CBC(40)
   EXP-ADH-DES-CBC-SHA
                                                               None
 SHA1
         export
   EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5
                                 0x00, 0x17
                                                  DH(512)
                                                               None
                                                                        RC4 (40)
                                                                                               MD5
      export
   ADH-DES-CBC-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x1A
                                                  DH
                                                                        DES-CBC(56)
                                                               None
   EXP-DES-CBC-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x08
                                                  RSA(512)
                                                                        DES-CBC(40)
                                                               RSA
 SHA1 export
   EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5
                                 0x00, 0x06
                                                  RSA(512)
                                                               RSA
                                                                        RC2-CBC(40)
                                                                                               MD5
   export
```

EXP-RC4-MD5	0x00, 0x03	RSA(512)	RSA	RC4(40)	MD5
export DES-CBC-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x09	RSA	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	
Medium Strength Ciphers (>	64-bit and < 112-bi	t key, or 3DES)		
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1					
ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x1B	DH	None	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1					
DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1					
High Strength Ciphers (>=	112-bit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	[]	

10.10.10.10 (tcp/5432/postgresql)

L Version : TLSv1 Medium Strength Ciphers (>	64-bit and < 112-b	it key, or 31	DES)		
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MA
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA HA1	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
DES-CBC3-SHA HA1	0x00, 0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
High Strength Ciphers (>= 1	12-bit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MA
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA HA1	0x00, 0x33	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA HA1	0x00, 0x39	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x2F	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
HA1 AES256-SHA HA1	0x00, 0x35	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
RC4 - SHA HA1	0x00, 0x05	RSA	RSA	RC4 (128)	
L Version : SSLv3 Medium Strength Ciphers (>	64-bit and < 112-b	it key, or 31	DES)		
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MA
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA HA1	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
DES - CBC3 - SHA HA1	0x00, 0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
High Strength Ciphers (>= 1	12-bit kev)				

22227 (2) - RMI Registry Detection

Synopsis

An RMI registry is listening on the remote host.

Description

The remote host is running an RMI registry, which acts as a bootstrap naming service for registering and retrieving remote objects with simple names in the Java Remote Method Invocation (RMI) system.

See Also

https://docs.oracle.com/javase/1.5.0/docs/guide/rmi/spec/rmiTOC.html http://www.nessus.org/u?b6fd7659

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2006/08/16, Modified: 2022/06/01

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/1099/rmi_registry) 10.10.10.10 (tcp/1099/rmi_registry)

```
Valid response recieved for port 1099:

0x00: 51 AC ED 00 05 77 0F 01 E4 04 AE 48 00 00 01 8F

0x10: 69 04 12 45 80 02 75 72 00 13 5B 4C 6A 61 76 61

0x20: 2E 6C 61 6E 67 2E 53 74 72 69 6E 67 3B AD D2 56

0x30: E7 E9 1D 7B 47 02 00 00 70 78 70 00 00 00 00 ...{G...pxp....
```

45410 (2) - SSL Certificate 'commonName' Mismatch

Synopsis

The 'commonName' (CN) attribute in the SSL certificate does not match the hostname.

Description

The service running on the remote host presents an SSL certificate for which the 'commonName' (CN) attribute does not match the hostname on which the service listens.

Solution

If the machine has several names, make sure that users connect to the service through the DNS hostname that matches the common name in the certificate.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/03, Modified: 2021/03/09

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

```
The host name known by Nessus is:

metasploitable

The Common Name in the certificate is:

ubuntu804-base.localdomain
```

10.10.10.10 (tcp/5432/postgresql)

```
The host name known by Nessus is:

metasploitable

The Common Name in the certificate is:

ubuntu804-base.localdomain
```

50845 (2) - OpenSSL Detection

Synopsis
The remote service appears to use OpenSSL to encrypt traffic.
Description
Based on its response to a TLS request with a specially crafted server name extension, it seems that the remote service is using the OpenSSL library to encrypt traffic.
Note that this plugin can only detect OpenSSL implementations that have enabled support for TLS extensions (RFC 4366).
See Also
https://www.openssl.org/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2010/11/30, Modified: 2020/06/12
Plugin Output
10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp) 10.10.10.10 (tcp/5432/postgresql)

56984 (2) - SSL / TLS Versions Supported

Synopsis
The remote service encrypts communications.
Description
This plugin detects which SSL and TLS versions are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2011/12/01, Modified: 2023/07/10
Plugin Output
10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)
This port supports SSLv2/SSLv3/TLSv1.0.
10.10.10.10 (tcp/5432/postgresql)

57041 (2) - SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy Cipher Suites Supported

Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy ciphers, which maintain confidentiality even if the key is stolen.

Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) encryption. These cipher suites ensure that recorded SSL traffic cannot be broken at a future date if the server's private key is compromised.

See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diffie-Hellman_key_exchange

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Perfect_forward_secrecy

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/07, Modified: 2021/03/09

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

```
Here is the list of SSL PFS ciphers supported by the remote server :
  Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)
                                  Code
                                                   KEX
                                                                 Auth
                                                                          Encryption
                                                                                                 MAC
    EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA
                                  0x00, 0x14
                                                   DH(512)
                                                                 RSA
                                                                          DES-CBC(40)
         export
   EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x15
                                                                 RSA
                                                                          DES-CBC(56)
  Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
                                                                 Auth
    Name
                                  Code
                                                                          Encryption
                                                                                                 MAC
```

EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
High Strength Ciphers (>= 1	12-bit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x33	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x39	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
The fields above are :					
{Tenable ciphername} {Cipher ID code} Kex={key exchange} Auth={authentication} Encrypt={symmetric encrypti MAC={message authentication} {export flag}					

10.10.10.10 (tcp/5432/postgresql)

Name	Code			Encryption	M
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA HA1	0x00, 0x16			3DES-CBC(168)	
High Strength Ciphers (>= 1	12-bit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	M
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA HA1					
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA HA1	0x00, 0x39	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
e fields above are :					
{Tenable ciphername} {Cipher ID code}					
<pre>Kex={key exchange} Auth={authentication}</pre>					

62563 (2) - SSL Compression Methods Supported

Synopsis

The remote service supports one or more compression methods for SSL connections.

Description

This script detects which compression methods are supported by the remote service for SSL connections.

See Also

http://www.iana.org/assignments/comp-meth-ids/comp-meth-ids.xml

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3749

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3943

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5246

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/10/16, Modified: 2022/04/11

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

10.10.10.10 (tcp/5432/postgresql)

70544 (2) - SSL Cipher Block Chaining Cipher Suites Supported

Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of SSL Cipher Block Chaining ciphers, which combine previous blocks with subsequent ones.

Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that operate in Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) mode. These cipher suites offer additional security over Electronic Codebook (ECB) mode, but have the potential to leak information if used improperly.

See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?cc4a822a

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/tls-cbc.txt

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/22, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

Here is the list of SSL CBC ciphers supported by the remote server : Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key) Auth Encryption MAC EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5 0x04, 0x00, 0x80 RSA(512) RSA RC2-CBC(40) MD5 EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x14 DH(512) RSA DES-CBC(40) SHA1 export EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x15 DH RSA DES-CBC(56) SHA1 EXP-ADH-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x19 DH(512) None DES-CBC(40) SHA1 export ADH-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x1A DH None DES-CBC(56)

EXP-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1 export	0x00,	0x08	RSA(512)	RSA	DES-CBC(40)	
EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5	0x00,	0x06	RSA(512)	RSA	RC2-CBC(40)	MD5
export DES-CBC-SHA	0x00,	0x09	RSA	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	
SHA1						
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-b:	it and	< 112-bit 1	key, or 3DES)			
Name	Code		KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
DES-CBC3-MD5	0x07,	0x00, 0xC0		RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	MD5
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00,	0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1						
ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00,	0x1B	DH	None	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1						
DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00,	0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1						
High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-b:	it key)					
Name	Code		KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
		- []				

10.10.10.10 (tcp/5432/postgresql)

Medium Strength Ciphers (> 6	64-bit and < 112-b	it key, or 31	DES)		
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	M
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA		-
DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
High Strength Ciphers (>= 1	12-bit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	- 21	M
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x33	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	-
SHA1	0.000, 0.000	DH	NSA	AE5 - CBC (120)	
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x39	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
SHA1					
AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x2F	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
SHA1 AES256-SHA	000 025	DGA	DGA	AEG (DG (256)	
SHA1	0x00, 0x35	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
ne fields above are :					
{Tenable ciphername}					
{Cipher ID code} Kex={key exchange}					
Auth={authentication}					

156899 (2) - SSL/TLS Recommended Cipher Suites

Synopsis

The remote host advertises discouraged SSL/TLS ciphers.

Description

The remote host has open SSL/TLS ports which advertise discouraged cipher suites. It is recommended to only enable support for the following cipher suites:

TLSv1.3:

- 0x13,0x01 TLS13_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
- 0x13,0x02 TLS13 AES 256 GCM SHA384
- 0x13,0x03 TLS13 CHACHA20 POLY1305 SHA256

TI Sv1.2:

- 0xC0,0x2B ECDHE-ECDSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0xC0,0x2F ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0xC0,0x2C ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- 0xC0,0x30 ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- 0xCC,0xA9 ECDHE-ECDSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305
- 0xCC,0xA8 ECDHE-RSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305

This is the recommended configuration for the vast majority of services, as it is highly secure and compatible with nearly every client released in the last five (or more) years.

See Also

https://wiki.mozilla.org/Security/Server_Side_TLS

https://ssl-config.mozilla.org/

Solution

Only enable support for recommened cipher suites.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2022/01/20, Modified: 2024/02/12

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

The remote host has listening SSL/TLS ports which advertise the discouraged cipher suites outlined below: Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key) Auth Encryption Name - - ------EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5 0x04, 0x00, 0x80 RSA(512) RSA RC2-CBC(40) MD5 export 0x02, 0x00, 0x80 RSA(512) EXP-RC4-MD5 RSA RC4(40) MD5 export EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x14 DH(512) RSA DES-CBC(40) SHA1 export EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x15 RSA DES-CBC(56) EXP-ADH-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x19 DH(512) DES-CBC(40) None SHA1 export EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5 0x00, 0x17 DH(512) None RC4(40) MD5 export ADH-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x1A DH None DES-CBC(56) SHA1 EXP-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x08RSA(512) RSA DES-CBC(40) SHA1 export EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5 0x00, 0x06 RSA (512) RSA RC2-CBC(40) MD5 export 0x00, 0x03 EXP-RC4-MD5 RSA(512) RSA RC4 (40) MD5 export DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x09 RSA DES-CBC(56)

Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)

	Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
	DES-CBC3-MD5	0x07, 0x00, 0xC0	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	MD5
	EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
SH	A1					
	ADH-DE []					

10.10.10.10 (tcp/5432/postgresql)

SHA1

SHA1

The remote host has listening SSL/TLS ports which advertise the discouraged cipher suites outlined below:

Medium Strength Ciphers (> 6	54-bit and < 112-b	it key, or 3	DES)		
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
High Strength Ciphers (>= 13	12-bit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x33	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x39	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	

AES128-SHA 0x00, 0x2F RSA RSA AES-CBC(128) SHA1 AES256-SHA 0x00, 0x35 RSA RSA AES-CBC(256) SHA1 RC4 - SHA 0x00, 0x05 RSA RSA RC4 (128) SHA1 The fields above are : {Tenable ciphername} {Cipher ID code} Kex={key exchange} Auth={authentication} Encrypt={symmetric encryption method} MAC={message authentication code}

{export flag}

10028 (1) - DNS Server BIND version Directive Remote Version Detection

Synopsis

It is possible to obtain the version number of the remote DNS server.

Description

The remote host is running BIND or another DNS server that reports its version number when it receives a special request for the text 'version.bind' in the domain 'chaos'.

This version is not necessarily accurate and could even be forged, as some DNS servers send the information based on a configuration file.

Solution

It is possible to hide the version number of BIND by using the 'version' directive in the 'options' section in named.conf.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0583

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2022/10/12

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (udp/53/dns)

Version: 9.4.2

10107 (1) - HTTP Server Type and Version

Synopsis	
A web server is	running on the remote host.
Description	
This plugin atter	mpts to determine the type and the version of the remote web server.
Solution	
n/a	
Risk Factor	
None	
References	
XREF	IAVT:0001-T-0931
Plugin Informat	ion
Published: 2000	/01/04, Modified: 2020/10/30
Plugin Output	
10.10.10.10 (tcp	/80/www)
The remote wel	o server type is :
Anache/2 2 8	(Illuntu) DAV/2

10150 (1) - Windows NetBIOS / SMB Remote Host Information Disclosure

Synopsis

It was possible to obtain the network name of the remote host.

Description

The remote host is listening on UDP port 137 or TCP port 445, and replies to NetBIOS nbtscan or SMB requests.

Note that this plugin gathers information to be used in other plugins, but does not itself generate a report.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2021/02/10

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (udp/137/netbios-ns)

```
The following 7 NetBIOS names have been gathered:

METASPLOITABLE = Computer name
METASPLOITABLE = Messenger Service
METASPLOITABLE = File Server Service
METASPLOITABLE = Messenger Service = Messenger Service = Messenger Service = Messenger Service = Mess
```

10223 (1) - RPC portmapper Service Detection

Synopsis
An ONC RPC portmapper is running on the remote host.
Description
The RPC portmapper is running on this port.
The portmapper allows someone to get the port number of each RPC service running on the remote host by sending either multiple lookup requests or a DUMP request.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
0.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
0.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:N)
References
CVE CVE-1999-0632
Plugin Information
Published: 1999/08/19, Modified: 2019/10/04
Plugin Output
10.10.10.10 (udp/111/rpc-portmapper)

10263 (1) - SMTP Server Detection

Synopsis

An SMTP server is listening on the remote port.

Description

The remote host is running a mail (SMTP) server on this port.

Since SMTP servers are the targets of spammers, it is recommended you disable it if you do not use it.

Solution

Disable this service if you do not use it, or filter incoming traffic to this port.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0932

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2020/09/22

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

Remote SMTP server banner :

220 metasploitable.localdomain ESMTP Postfix (Ubuntu)

10267 (1) - SSH Server Type and Version Information

Synopsis
An SSH server is listening on this port.
Description
It is possible to obtain information about the remote SSH server by sending an empty authentication request.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
References
XREF IAVT:0001-T-0933
Plugin Information
Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2020/09/22
Plugin Output
10.10.10.10 (tcp/22/ssh)
SSH version : SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_4.7p1 Debian-8ubuntu1

SSH supported authentication : publickey,password

10281 (1) - Telnet Server Detection

Synopsis

A Telnet server is listening on the remote port.

Description

The remote host is running a Telnet server, a remote terminal server.

Solution

Disable this service if you do not use it.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2020/06/12

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/23/telnet)

10287 (1) - Traceroute Information

Synopsis

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

Description

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/11/27, Modified: 2023/12/04

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (udp/0)

For your information, here is the traceroute from 10.10.10.11 to 10.10.10.10: 10.10.10.11
10.10.10.10
Hop Count: 1

10342 (1) - VNC Software Detection

Synopsis

The remote host is running a remote display software (VNC).

Description

The remote host is running VNC (Virtual Network Computing), which uses the RFB (Remote Framebuffer) protocol to provide remote access to graphical user interfaces and thus permits a console on the remote host to be displayed on another.

See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Vnc

Solution

Make sure use of this software is done in accordance with your organization's security policy and filter incoming traffic to this port.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2000/03/07, Modified: 2017/06/12

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/5900/vnc)

The highest RFB protocol version supported by the server is : 3.3

10397 (1) - Microsoft Windows SMB LanMan Pipe Server Listing Disclosure

Synopsis
It is possible to obtain network information.
Description
It was possible to obtain the browse list of the remote Windows system by sending a request to the LANMAN pipe. The browse list is the list of the nearest Windows systems of the remote host.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2000/05/09, Modified: 2022/02/01
Plugin Output
10.10.10.10 (tcp/445/cifs)
Here is the browse list of the remote host : METASPLOITABLE (os : 0.0)

10437 (1) - NFS Share Export List

Here is the export list of 10.10.10.10:

Synopsis The remote NFS server exports a list of shares. Description This plugin retrieves the list of NFS exported shares. See Also http://www.tldp.org/HOWTO/NFS-HOWTO/security.html Solution Ensure each share is intended to be exported. Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2000/06/07, Modified: 2019/10/04 Plugin Output 10.10.10.10 (tcp/2049/rpc-nfs)

10719 (1) - MySQL Server Detection

Synopsis

A database server is listening on the remote port.

Description

The remote host is running MySQL, an open source database server.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0802

Plugin Information

Published: 2001/08/13, Modified: 2022/10/12

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/3306/mysql)

```
Version: 5.0.51a-3ubuntu5

Protocol: 10

Server Status: SERVER_STATUS_AUTOCOMMIT

Server Capabilities:

CLIENT_LONG_FLAG (Get all column flags)

CLIENT_CONNECT_WITH_DB (One can specify db on connect)

CLIENT_COMPRESS (Can use compression protocol)

CLIENT_PROTOCOL_41 (New 4.1 protocol)

CLIENT_SSL (Switch to SSL after handshake)

CLIENT_TRANSACTIONS (Client knows about transactions)

CLIENT_SECURE_CONNECTION (New 4.1 authentication)
```

10785 (1) - Microsoft Windows SMB NativeLanManager Remote System Information Disclosure

Synopsis
It was possible to obtain information about the remote operating system.
Description
Nessus was able to obtain the remote operating system name and version (Windows and/or Samba) by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445. Note that this plugin requires SMB to be enabled on the host.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2001/10/17, Modified: 2021/09/20
Plugin Output
10.10.10.10 (tcp/445/cifs)
The remote Operating System is: Unix The remote native LAN manager is: Samba 3.0.20-Debian The remote SMB Domain Name is: METASPLOITABLE

10881 (1) - SSH Protocol Versions Supported

Synopsis
A SSH server is running on the remote host.
Description
This plugin determines the versions of the SSH protocol supported by the remote SSH daemon.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2002/03/06, Modified: 2021/01/19
Plugin Output
10.10.10.10 (tcp/22/ssh)
The remote SSH daemon supports the following versions of the

- 1.99 - 2.0

11153 (1) - Service Detection (HELP Request)

Synopsis
The remote service could be identified.
Description
It was possible to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives a 'HELP'
request.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2002/11/18, Modified: 2018/11/26
Plugin Output
10.10.10.10 (tcp/3306/mysql)

A MySQL server is running on this port.

11156 (1) - IRC Daemon Version Detection

Synopsis

The remote host is an IRC server.

Description

This plugin determines the version of the IRC daemon.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/11/19, Modified: 2016/01/08

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/6667/irc)

The IRC server version is : Unreal3.2.8.1. FhiXOoE [*=2309]

11424 (1) - WebDAV Detection

Synopsis

The remote server is running with WebDAV enabled.

Description

WebDAV is an industry standard extension to the HTTP specification.

It adds a capability for authorized users to remotely add and manage the content of a web server.

If you do not use this extension, you should disable it.

Solution

http://support.microsoft.com/default.aspx?kbid=241520

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2003/03/20, Modified: 2011/03/14

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/80/www)

11424 (1) - WebDAV Detection

11819 (1) - TFTP Daemon Detection

Synopsis
A TFTP server is listening on the remote port.
Description
The remote host is running a TFTP (Trivial File Transfer Protocol) daemon. TFTP is often used by routers and diskless hosts to retrieve their configuration. It can also be used by worms to propagate.
Solution
Disable this service if you do not use it.
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2003/08/13, Modified: 2022/12/28

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (udp/69/tftp)

11936 (1) - OS Identification

Synopsis

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

Description

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2003/12/09, Modified: 2023/11/08

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/0)

```
Remote operating system : Linux Kernel 2.6 on Ubuntu 8.04 (gutsy)
Confidence level: 95
Method : HTTP
Not all fingerprints could give a match. If you think some or all of
the following could be used to identify the host's operating system,
please email them to os-signatures@nessus.org. Be sure to include a
brief description of the host itself, such as the actual operating
system or product / model names.
SSH:SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_4.7p1 Debian-8ubuntu1
SinFP:
  P1:B10113:F0x12:W5840:O0204ffff:M1460:
  P2:B10113:F0x12:W5792:O0204ffff0402080affffffff4445414401030307:M1460:
  P3:B00000:F0x00:W0:O0:M0
  P4:190802_7_p=2121
SMTP: !: 220 metasploitable.localdomain ESMTP Postfix (Ubuntu)
SSLcert:!:i/CN:ubuntu804-base.localdomaini/0:OCOSAi/OU:Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple
Affairss/CN:ubuntu804-base.localdomains/0:OCOSAs/OU:Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple
Affairs
ed093088706603bfd5dc237399b498da2d4d31c6
i/CN:ubuntu804-base.localdomaini/O:OCOSAi/OU:Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairss/
CN:ubuntu804-base.localdomains/O:OCOSAs/OU:Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
ed093088706603bfd5dc237399b498da2d4d31c6
```

11936 (1) - OS Identification 337

The remote host is running Linux Kernel 2.6 on Ubuntu 8.04 (gutsy)

11936 (1) - OS Identification 338

17975 (1) - Service Detection (GET request)

Synopsis
The remote service could be identified.
Description
It was possible to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
References
XREF IAVT:0001-T-0935
Plugin Information
Published: 2005/04/06, Modified: 2021/10/27
Plugin Output
10.10.10.10 (tcp/6667/irc)
An IRC daemon is listening on this port.

18261 (1) - Apache Banner Linux Distribution Disclosure

Synopsis

The name of the Linux distribution running on the remote host was found in the banner of the web server.

Description

Nessus was able to extract the banner of the Apache web server and determine which Linux distribution the remote host is running.

Solution

If you do not wish to display this information, edit 'httpd.conf' and set the directive 'ServerTokens Prod' and restart Apache.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2005/05/15, Modified: 2022/03/21

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/0)

The Linux distribution detected was:
- Ubuntu 8.04 (gutsy)

19288 (1) - VNC Server Security Type Detection

Synopsis
A VNC server is running on the remote host.
Description
This script checks the remote VNC server protocol version and the available 'security types'.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2005/07/22, Modified: 2021/07/13
Plugin Outnut

 $\verb|\nThe remote VNC server chose security type $\#2$ (VNC authentication)|\\$

10.10.10.10 (tcp/5900/vnc)

19506 (1) - Nessus Scan Information

Synopsis

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

Description

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- The ping round trip time
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- Whether the display of superseded patches is enabled
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2024/03/13

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/0)

```
Information about this scan :

Nessus version : 10.7.2
Nessus build : 20029
Plugin feed version : 202405110848
Scanner edition used : Nessus
Scanner OS : LINUX
Scanner distribution : ubuntu1404-x86-64
Scan type : Normal
```

```
Scan name : Skanowanie Podatno#>ci Metasploitable -12.05.24
Scan policy used : Basic Network Scan
Scanner IP : 10.10.10.11
Port scanner(s) : nessus_syn_scanner
Port range : default
Ping RTT: 135.530 ms
Thorough tests : no
Experimental tests : no
Plugin debugging enabled : no
Paranoia level : 1
Report verbosity : 1
Safe checks : yes
Optimize the test : no
Credentialed checks : no
Patch management checks : None
Display superseded patches : yes (supersedence plugin did not launch)
CGI scanning : disabled
Web application tests : disabled
Max hosts : 30
Max checks : 4
Recv timeout : 5
Backports : Detected
Allow post-scan editing : Yes
Nessus Plugin Signature Checking : Enabled
Audit File Signature Checking : Disabled
Scan Start Date : 2024/5/12 9:59 EDT
Scan duration : 594 sec
Scan for malware : no
```

24260 (1) - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information

Synopsis

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

Description

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol - the version used, whether HTTP Keep-Alive is enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/01/30, Modified: 2024/02/26

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/80/www)

```
Response Code : HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Protocol version: HTTP/1.1
HTTP/2 TLS Support: No
HTTP/2 Cleartext Support: No
SSL : no
Keep-Alive : yes
Options allowed: (Not implemented)
 Date: Sat, 11 May 2024 18:55:59 GMT
  Server: Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2
 X-Powered-By: PHP/5.2.4-2ubuntu5.10
 Content-Length: 891
 Keep-Alive: timeout=15, max=100
  Connection: Keep-Alive
  Content-Type: text/html
Response Body :
<html><head><title>Metasploitable2 - Linux</title></head><body>
```



```
Warning: Never expose this VM to an untrusted network!

Contact: msfdev[at]metasploit.com

Login with msfadmin/msfadmin to get started

<a href="/twiki/">TWiki</a>
<a href="/phpMyAdmin/">phpMyAdmin</a>
<a href="/mutillidae/">Mutillidae</a>
<a href="/dwwa/">DWWA</a>
<a href="/dwwa/">WebDAV</a>

</rr>
</pd>

<a href="/dav/">WebDAV</a>

<a href="/dav/">WebDAV

<a href="/dav/">WebDAV</a>

<a href
```

25220 (1) - TCP/IP Timestamps Supported

Synopsis
The remote service implements TCP timestamps.
Description
The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323. A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.
See Also
http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2007/05/16, Modified: 2023/10/17
Plugin Output
10.10.10.10 (tcp/0)

25240 (1) - Samba Server Detection

Synopsis
An SMB server is running on the remote host.
Description
The remote host is running Samba, a CIFS/SMB server for Linux and Unix.
See Also
https://www.samba.org/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2007/05/16, Modified: 2022/10/12
Plugin Output
10.10.10.10 (tcp/445/cifs)

26024 (1) - PostgreSQL Server Detection

Synopsis	
A database service is listening on the remote host.	
Description	
The remote service is a PostgreSQL database server, or a derivative such as EnterpriseDB.	
See Also	
https://www.postgresql.org/	
Solution	
Solution	
Limit incoming traffic to this port if desired.	
Risk Factor	
None	
Plugin Information	
Published: 2007/09/14, Modified: 2023/05/24	
Plugin Output	
10.10.10.10 (tcp/5432/postgresql)	

35371 (1) - DNS Server hostname.bind Map Hostname Disclosure

Synopsis
The DNS server discloses the remote host name.
Description
It is possible to learn the remote host name by querying the remote DNS server for 'hostname.bind' in the CHAOS domain.
Solution
It may be possible to disable this feature. Consult the vendor's documentation for more information.
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2009/01/15, Modified: 2011/09/14
Plugin Output
10.10.10.10 (udp/53/dns)
The remote host name is:

metasploitable

35373 (1) - DNS Server DNSSEC Aware Resolver

Synopsis
The remote DNS resolver is DNSSEC-aware.
Description
The remote DNS resolver accepts DNSSEC options. This means that it may verify the authenticity of DNSSEC protected zones if it is configured to trust their keys.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2009/01/15, Modified: 2013/11/21
Plugin Output
10.10.10 (udp/53/dns)

35716 (1) - Ethernet Card Manufacturer Detection

Synopsis

The manufacturer can be identified from the Ethernet OUI.

Description

Each ethernet MAC address starts with a 24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI). These OUIs are registered by IEEE.

See Also

https://standards.ieee.org/faqs/regauth.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?794673b4

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/19, Modified: 2020/05/13

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/0)

The following card manufacturers were identified:

08:00:27:BD:87:FF : PCS Systemtechnik GmbH

39519 (1) - Backported Security Patch Detection (FTP)

Synopsis
Security patches are backported.
Description
Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote FTP server without changing its version number.
Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives.
Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.
See Also
https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc_cid=3093
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2009/06/25, Modified: 2015/07/07
Plugin Output
10.10.10 (tcp/2121/ftp)
Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.

39520 (1) - Backported Security Patch Detection (SSH)

Synopsis
Security patches are backported.
Description
Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote SSH server without changing its version number.
Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives.
Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.
See Also
https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc_cid=3093
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2009/06/25, Modified: 2015/07/07
Plugin Output
10.10.10.10 (tcp/22/ssh)
Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.

39521 (1) - Backported Security Patch Detection (WWW)

Synopsis				
Security patches are backported.				
Description				
Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote HTTP server without changing its version number.				
Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives.				
Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.				
See Also				
https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc_cid=3093				
Solution				
n/a				
Risk Factor				
None				
Plugin Information				
Published: 2009/06/25, Modified: 2015/07/07				
Plugin Output				
10.10.10 (tcp/80/www)				
Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.				

42088 (1) - SMTP Service STARTTLS Command Support

Synopsis

The remote mail service supports encrypting traffic.

Description

The remote SMTP service supports the use of the 'STARTTLS' command to switch from a cleartext to an encrypted communications channel.

See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/STARTTLS

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2487

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/10/09, Modified: 2019/03/20

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

```
Here is the SMTP service's SSL certificate that Nessus was able to
collect after sending a 'STARTTLS' command :
----- snip
Subject Name:
Country: XX
State/Province: There is no such thing outside US
Locality: Everywhere
Organization: OCOSA
Organization Unit: Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
Common Name: ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Email Address: root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Issuer Name:
Country: XX
State/Province: There is no such thing outside US
Locality: Everywhere
Organization: OCOSA
```

```
Organization Unit: Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
Common Name: ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Email Address: root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Serial Number: 00 FA F9 3A 4C 7F B6 B9 CC
Version: 1
Signature Algorithm: SHA-1 With RSA Encryption
Not Valid Before: Mar 17 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Not Valid After: Apr 16 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Public Key Info:
Algorithm: RSA Encryption
Key Length: 1024 bits
Public Key: 00 D6 B4 13 36 33 9A 95 71 7B 1B DE 7C 83 75 DA 71 B1 3C A9
           7F FE AD 64 1B 77 E9 4F AE BE CA D4 F8 CB EF AE BB 43 79 24
           73 FF 3C E5 9E 3B 6D FC C8 B1 AC FA 4C 4D 5E 9B 4C 99 54 0B
           D7 A8 4A 50 BA A9 DE 1D 1F F4 E4 6B 02 A3 F4 6B 45 CD 4C AF
           8D 89 62 33 8F 65 BB 36 61 9F C4 2C 73 C1 4E 2E A0 A8 14 4E
           98 70 46 61 BB D1 B9 31 DF 8C 99 EE 75 6B 79 3C 40 A0 AE 97
            00 90 9D DC 99 0D 33 A4 B5
Exponent: 01 00 01
Signature Length: 128 bytes / 1024 bits
Signature: 00 92 A4 B4 B8 14 55 63 25 51 4A 0B C3 2A 22 CF 3A F8 17 6A
          OC CF 66 AA A7 65 2F 48 6D CD E3 3E 5C 9F 77 6C D4 44 54 1F
          1E 84 4F 8E D4 8D DD AC 2D 88 09 21 A8 DA 56 2C A9 05 3C 49
          68 35 19 75 OC DA 53 23 88 88 19 2D 74 26 C1 22 65 EE 11 68
          83 6A 53 4A 9C 27 CB A0 B4 E9 8D 29 0C B2 3C 18 5C 67 CC 53
          A6 1E 30 D0 AA 26 7B 1E AE 40 B9 29 01 6C 2E BC A2 19 94 7C
          15 6E 8D 30 38 F6 CA 2E 75
----- snip ----- [...]
```

45590 (1) - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

Synopsis

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

Description

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/21, Modified: 2024/04/23

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/0)

```
The remote operating system matched the following CPE:

cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu_linux:8.04 -> Canonical Ubuntu Linux

Following application CPE's matched on the remote system:

cpe:/a:apache:http_server:2.2.8 -> Apache Software Foundation Apache HTTP Server cpe:/a:apache:http_server:2.2.99 -> Apache Software Foundation Apache HTTP Server cpe:/a:isc:bind:9.4. -> ISC BIND cpe:/a:isc:bind:9.4.2 -> ISC BIND cpe:/a:isc:bind:9.4.2 -> ISC BIND cpe:/a:mysql:mysql:5.0.51a-3ubuntu5 -> MySQL MySQL cpe:/a:openbsd:openssh:4.7 -> OpenBSD OpenSSH cpe:/a:openbsd:openssh:4.7p1 -> OpenBSD OpenSSH cpe:/a:openbsd:openssh:4.7p1 -> OpenBSD OpenSSH cpe:/a:openbsd:openssh:4.7p1 -> OpenBSD OpenSSH cpe:/a:php:php:5.2.4 -> PHP PHP cpe:/a:php:php:5.2.4-2ubuntu5.10 -> PHP PHP cpe:/a:postgresql:postgresql -> PostgreSQL
```

48204 (1) - Apache HTTP Server Version

Synopsis

It is possible to obtain the version number of the remote Apache HTTP server.

Description

The remote host is running the Apache HTTP Server, an open source web server. It was possible to read the version number from the banner.

See Also

https://httpd.apache.org/

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0030 XREF IAVT:0001-T-0530

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/07/30, Modified: 2023/08/17

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/80/www)

URL : http://10.10.10.10/

Version : 2.2.99

Source : Server: Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2

backported : 1

modules : DAV/2

os : ConvertedUbuntu

48243 (1) - PHP Version Detection

Sy	no	ps	is

It was possible to obtain the version number of the remote PHP installation.

Description

Nessus was able to determine the version of PHP available on the remote web server.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF

IAVT:0001-T-0936

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/08/04, Modified: 2022/10/12

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/80/www)

Nessus was able to identify the following PHP version information :

Version: 5.2.4-2ubuntu5.10

Source : X-Powered-By: PHP/5.2.4-2ubuntu5.10

51891 (1) - SSL Session Resume Supported

Synopsis
The remote host allows resuming SSL sessions.
Description
This script detects whether a host allows resuming SSL sessions by performing a full SSL handshake to receive a session ID, and then reconnecting with the previously used session ID. If the server accepts the session ID in the second connection, the server maintains a cache of sessions that can be resumed.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2011/02/07, Modified: 2021/09/13
Plugin Output
10.10.10.10 (tcp/25/smtp)

This port supports resuming SSLv3 sessions.

52703 (1) - vsftpd Detection

Synopsis

An FTP server is listening on the remote port.

Description

The remote host is running vsftpd, an FTP server for UNIX-like systems written in C.

See Also

http://vsftpd.beasts.org/

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/03/17, Modified: 2019/11/22

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/21/ftp)

Source : 220 (vsFTPd 2.3.4)

 ${\tt Version: 2.3.4}$

53335 (1) - RPC portmapper (TCP)

Synopsis
An ONC RPC portmapper is running on the remote host.
Description
The RPC portmapper is running on this port.
The portmapper allows someone to get the port number of each RPC service running on the remote host by sending either multiple lookup requests or a DUMP request.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2011/04/08, Modified: 2011/08/29
Plugin Output
10.10.10.10 (tcp/111/rpc-portmapper)

54615 (1) - Device Type

Synopsis

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

Description

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/05/23, Modified: 2022/09/09

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/0)

Remote device type : general-purpose Confidence level : 95

54615 (1) - Device Type 364

65792 (1) - VNC Server Unencrypted Communication Detection

Synopsis
A VNC server with one or more unencrypted 'security-types' is running on the remote host.
Description
This script checks the remote VNC server protocol version and the available 'security types' to determine if any unencrypted 'security-types' are in use or available.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2013/04/03, Modified: 2014/03/12
Plugin Output
10.10.10.10 (tcp/5900/vnc)
The remote VNC server supports the following security type which does not perform full data communication encryption: 2 (VNC authentication)

66334 (1) - Patch Report

Synopsis

The remote host is missing several patches.

Description

The remote host is missing one or more security patches. This plugin lists the newest version of each patch to install to make sure the remote host is up-to-date.

Note: Because the 'Show missing patches that have been superseded' setting in your scan policy depends on this plugin, it will always run and cannot be disabled.

Solution

Install the patches listed below.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/07/08, Modified: 2024/04/09

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/0)

```
. You need to take the following 2 actions:

[ ISC BIND 9.x < 9.11.22, 9.12.x < 9.16.6, 9.17.x < 9.17.4 DoS (139915) ]

+ Action to take: Upgrade to BIND 9.11.22, 9.16.6, 9.17.4 or later.

+Impact: Taking this action will resolve 3 different vulnerabilities (CVEs).

[ Samba Badlock Vulnerability (90509) ]

+ Action to take: Upgrade to Samba version 4.2.11 / 4.3.8 / 4.4.2 or later.
```

66334 (1) - Patch Report 366

70657 (1) - SSH Algorithms and Languages Supported

Synopsis

An SSH server is listening on this port.

Description

This script detects which algorithms and languages are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/28, Modified: 2017/08/28

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/22/ssh)

```
Nessus negotiated the following encryption algorithm with the server :
The server supports the following options for kex_algorithms :
  diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1
 diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha256
 diffie-hellman-group1-sha1
 diffie-hellman-group14-sha1
The server supports the following options for server_host_key_algorithms :
  ssh-dss
  ssh-rsa
The server supports the following options for encryption_algorithms_client_to_server :
  3des-cbc
 aes128-cbc
  aes128-ctr
  aes192-cbc
  aes192-ctr
  aes256-cbc
  aes256-ctr
  arcfour
  arcfour128
  arcfour256
  blowfish-cbc
  cast128-cbc
```

```
rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
The server supports the following options for encryption_algorithms_server_to_client :
 3des-cbc
 aes128-cbc
 aes128-ctr
 aes192-cbc
 aes192-ctr
  aes256-cbc
 aes256-ctr
 arcfour
 arcfour128
 arcfour256
 blowfish-cbc
 cast128-cbc
 rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
The server supports the following options for mac_algorithms_client_to_server :
 hmac-md5
 hmac-md5-96
 hmac-ripemd160
 hmac-ripemd160@openssh.com
 hmac-sha1
 hmac-sha1-96
 umac-64@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for mac_algorithms_server_to_client :
 hmac-md5
  hmac-md5-96
 hmac-ripemd160
 hmac-ripemd160@openssh.com
 hmac-sha1
 hmac-sha1-96
 umac-64@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for compression_algorithms_client_to_server :
 none
 zlib@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for compression_algorithms_server_to_client :
 none
 zlib@openssh.com
```

84574 (1) - Backported Security Patch Detection (PHP)

Synopsis
Security patches have been backported.
Description
Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote PHP install without changing its version number.
Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives.
Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.
See Also
https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc_cid=3093
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2015/07/07, Modified: 2022/04/11
Plugin Output
10.10.10 (tcp/80/www)
Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.

86420 (1) - Ethernet MAC Addresses

_					
У1	/n	\cap	n	\sim	ıc
J	y ı ı	\circ	ν	9	J

This plugin gathers MAC addresses from various sources and consolidates them into a list.

Description

This plugin gathers MAC addresses discovered from both remote probing of the host (e.g. SNMP and Netbios) and from running local checks (e.g. ifconfig). It then consolidates the MAC addresses into a single, unique, and uniform list.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/10/16, Modified: 2020/05/13

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/0)

The following is a consolidated list of detected MAC addresses:

- 08:00:27:BD:87:FF

96982 (1) - Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol Version 1 Enabled (uncredentialed check)

Synopsis
The remote Windows host supports the SMBv1 protocol.
Description
The remote Windows host supports Server Message Block Protocol version 1 (SMBv1). Microsoft recommends that users discontinue the use of SMBv1 due to the lack of security features that were included in later SMB versions. Additionally, the Shadow Brokers group reportedly has an exploit that affects SMB; however, it is unknown if the exploit affects SMBv1 or another version. In response to this, USCERT recommends that users disable SMBv1 per SMB best practices to mitigate these potential issues.
See Also
https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/filecab/2016/09/16/stop-using-smb1/
https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/2696547/how-to-detect-enable-and-disable-smbv1-smbv2-and-smbv3-in-windows-and
http://www.nessus.org/u?8dcab5e4
http://www.nessus.org/u?234f8ef8
http://www.nessus.org/u?4c7e0cf3
Solution
Disable SMBv1 according to the vendor instructions in Microsoft KB2696547. Additionally, block SMB directly by blocking TCP port 445 on all network boundary devices. For SMB over the NetBIOS API, block TCP ports 137 / 139 and UDP ports 137 / 138 on all network boundary devices.
Risk Factor
None
References
XREF IAVT:0001-T-0710
Plugin Information
Published: 2017/02/03, Modified: 2020/09/22
Plugin Output
10.10.10.10 (tcp/445/cifs)

The remote host supports SMBv1.

100871 (1) - Microsoft Windows SMB Versions Supported (remote check)

Synopsis
It was possible to obtain information about the version of SMB running on the remote host.
Description
Nessus was able to obtain the version of SMB running on the remote host by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445.
Note that this plugin is a remote check and does not work on agents.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2017/06/19, Modified: 2019/11/22
Plugin Output
10.10.10.10 (tcp/445/cifs)
The remote host supports the following versions of SMB: SMBv1

104887 (1) - Samba Version

Synopsis

It was possible to obtain the samba version from the remote operating system.

Description

Nessus was able to obtain the samba version from the remote operating by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445. Note that this plugin requires SMB1 to be enabled on the host.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/11/30, Modified: 2019/11/22

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/445/cifs)

The remote Samba Version is : Samba 3.0.20-Debian

104887 (1) - Samba Version 374

106716 (1) - Microsoft Windows SMB2 and SMB3 Dialects Supported (remote check)

Synopsis

It was possible to obtain information about the dialects of SMB2 and SMB3 available on the remote host.

Description

Nessus was able to obtain the set of SMB2 and SMB3 dialects running on the remote host by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/02/09, Modified: 2020/03/11

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/445/cifs)

110723 (1) - Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided

Synopsis

Nessus was able to find common ports used for local checks, however, no credentials were provided in the scan policy.

Description

Nessus was not able to successfully authenticate directly to the remote target on an available authentication protocol. Nessus was able to connect to the remote port and identify that the service running on the port supports an authentication protocol, but Nessus failed to authenticate to the remote service using the provided credentials. There may have been a protocol failure that prevented authentication from being attempted or all of the provided credentials for the authentication protocol may be invalid. See plugin output for error details.

Please note the following:

- This plugin reports per protocol, so it is possible for valid credentials to be provided for one protocol and not another. For example, authentication may succeed via SSH but fail via SMB, while no credentials were provided for an available SNMP service.
- Providing valid credentials for all available authentication protocols may improve scan coverage, but the value of successful authentication for a given protocol may vary from target to target depending upon what data (if any) is gathered from the target via that protocol. For example, successful authentication via SSH is more valuable for Linux targets than for Windows targets, and likewise successful authentication via SMB is more valuable for Windows targets than for Linux targets.

Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
References
XREF IAVB:0001-B-0504
Plugin Information
Published: 2018/06/27, Modified: 2024/04/19
Plugin Output
10.10.10.10 (tcp/0)
SSH was detected on port 22 but no credentials were provided.

SSH local checks were not enabled.

117886 (1) - OS Security Patch Assessment Not Available

Synopsis

OS Security Patch Assessment is not available.

Description

OS Security Patch Assessment is not available on the remote host.

This does not necessarily indicate a problem with the scan.

Credentials may not have been provided, OS security patch assessment may not be supported for the target, the target may not have been identified, or another issue may have occurred that prevented OS security patch assessment from being available. See plugin output for details.

This plugin reports non-failure information impacting the availability of OS Security Patch Assessment. Failure information is reported by plugin 21745: 'OS Security Patch Assessment failed'. If a target host is not supported for OS Security Patch Assessment, plugin 110695: 'OS Security Patch Assessment Checks Not Supported' will report concurrently with this plugin.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVB:0001-B-0515

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/10/02, Modified: 2021/07/12

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/0)

```
The following issues were reported:
```

```
- Plugin : no_local_checks_credentials.nasl
```

Plugin ID : 110723

Plugin Name: Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided

Message :

Credentials were not provided for detected SSH service.

118224 (1) - PostgreSQL STARTTLS Support

Synopsis

The remote service supports encrypting traffic.

Description

The remote PostgreSQL server supports the use of encryption initiated during pre-login to switch from a cleartext to an encrypted communications channel.

See Also

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/9.2/protocol-flow.html#AEN96066 https://www.postgresql.org/docs/9.2/protocol-message-formats.html

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/10/19, Modified: 2022/04/11

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/5432/postgresql)

```
Here is the PostgreSQL's SSL certificate that Nessus
was able to collect after sending a pre-login packet :
----- snip
Subject Name:
Country: XX
State/Province: There is no such thing outside US
Locality: Everywhere
Organization: OCOSA
Organization Unit: Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
Common Name: ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Email Address: root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Issuer Name:
Country: XX
State/Province: There is no such thing outside US
Locality: Everywhere
Organization: OCOSA
```

```
Organization Unit: Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
Common Name: ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Email Address: root@ubuntu804-base.localdomain
Serial Number: 00 FA F9 3A 4C 7F B6 B9 CC
Version: 1
Signature Algorithm: SHA-1 With RSA Encryption
Not Valid Before: Mar 17 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Not Valid After: Apr 16 14:07:45 2010 GMT
Public Key Info:
Algorithm: RSA Encryption
Key Length: 1024 bits
Public Key: 00 D6 B4 13 36 33 9A 95 71 7B 1B DE 7C 83 75 DA 71 B1 3C A9
           7F FE AD 64 1B 77 E9 4F AE BE CA D4 F8 CB EF AE BB 43 79 24
           73 FF 3C E5 9E 3B 6D FC C8 B1 AC FA 4C 4D 5E 9B 4C 99 54 0B
           D7 A8 4A 50 BA A9 DE 1D 1F F4 E4 6B 02 A3 F4 6B 45 CD 4C AF
           8D 89 62 33 8F 65 BB 36 61 9F C4 2C 73 C1 4E 2E A0 A8 14 4E
           98 70 46 61 BB D1 B9 31 DF 8C 99 EE 75 6B 79 3C 40 A0 AE 97
           00 90 9D DC 99 0D 33 A4 B5
Exponent: 01 00 01
Signature Length: 128 bytes / 1024 bits
Signature: 00 92 A4 B4 B8 14 55 63 25 51 4A 0B C3 2A 22 CF 3A F8 17 6A
          OC CF 66 AA A7 65 2F 48 6D CD E3 3E 5C 9F 77 6C D4 44 54 1F
          1E 84 4F 8E D4 8D DD AC 2D 88 09 21 A8 DA 56 2C A9 05 3C 49
          68 35 19 75 OC DA 53 23 88 88 19 2D 74 26 C1 22 65 EE 11 68
          83 6A 53 4A 9C 27 CB A0 B4 E9 8D 29 0C B2 3C 18 5C 67 CC 53
          A6 1E 30 D0 AA 26 7B 1E AE 40 B9 29 01 6C 2E BC A2 19 94 7C
          15 6E 8D 30 38 F6 CA 2E 75
----- snip ----- [...]
```

135860 (1) - WMI Not Available

Synopsis
WMI queries could not be made against the remote host.
Description
WMI (Windows Management Instrumentation) is not available on the remote host over DCOM. WMI queries are used to gather information about the remote host, such as its current state, network interface configuration, etc.
Without this information Nessus may not be able to identify installed software or security vunerabilities that exist on the remote host.
See Also
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/wmisdk/wmi-start-page
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2020/04/21, Modified: 2024/05/06
Plugin Output
10.10.10.10 (tcp/445/cifs)

135860 (1) - WMI Not Available

Can't connect to the 'root\CIMV2' WMI namespace.

149334 (1) - SSH Password Authentication Accepted

Synopsis
The SSH server on the remote host accepts password authentication.
Description
The SSH server on the remote host accepts password authentication.
See Also
https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4252#section-8
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2021/05/07, Modified: 2021/05/07
Plugin Output
10.10.10.10 (tcp/22/ssh)

153588 (1) - SSH SHA-1 HMAC Algorithms Enabled

Synopsis

The remote SSH server is configured to enable SHA-1 HMAC algorithms.

Description

The remote SSH server is configured to enable SHA-1 HMAC algorithms.

Although NIST has formally deprecated use of SHA-1 for digital signatures, SHA-1 is still considered secure for HMAC as the security of HMAC does not rely on the underlying hash function being resistant to collisions.

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the remote SSH server.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2021/09/23, Modified: 2022/04/05

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/22/ssh)

```
The following client-to-server SHA-1 Hash-based Message Authentication Code (HMAC) algorithms are supported:

hmac-sha1
```

The following server-to-client SHA-1 Hash-based Message Authentication Code (HMAC) algorithms are supported:

hmac-sha1 hmac-sha1-96

hmac-sha1-96

181418 (1) - OpenSSH Detection

Synopsis

An OpenSSH-based SSH server was detected on the remote host.

Description

An OpenSSH-based SSH server was detected on the remote host.

See Also

https://www.openssh.com/

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2023/09/14, Modified: 2024/05/03

Plugin Output

10.10.10.10 (tcp/22/ssh)

Service : ssh Version : 4.7p1

Banner : SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_4.7p1 Debian-8ubuntu1