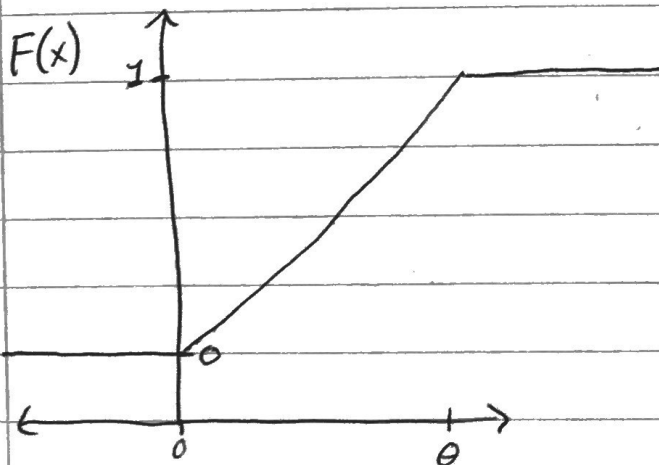
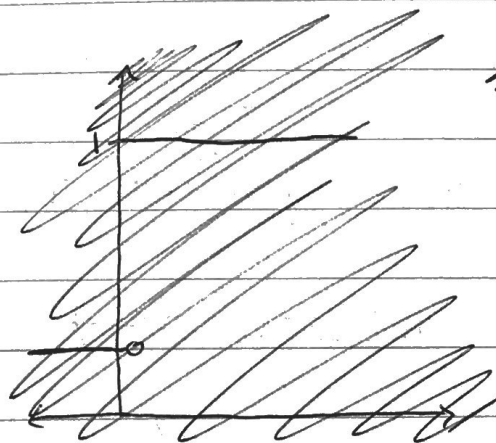
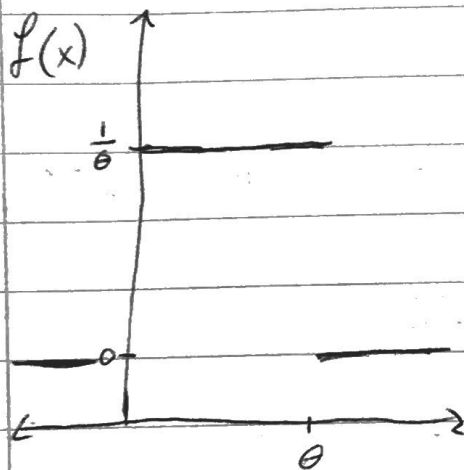
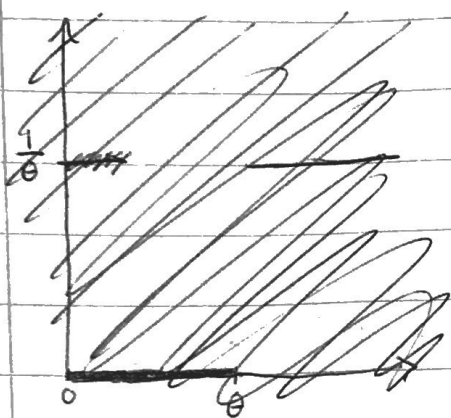


Interleaving 2

$$1) f(x) \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\theta}, & 0 \leq x \leq \theta \\ 0, & \text{ellers} \end{cases}$$

$$F(x) \begin{cases} 0, & x < 0 \\ \frac{1}{\theta}x, & 0 \leq x \leq \theta \\ 1, & x > \theta \end{cases}$$



$$P(X \leq 0,4) = F(0,4) = \frac{0,4}{2} = \underline{\underline{0,2}}$$

2)

$$\int_0^{\infty} 4x e^{-2x} = 1$$

$$4 \left(\frac{1!}{2^{1+1}} \right) = 1$$

$$\underline{\underline{\frac{4}{2} = 1}}$$

$$E(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x \cdot g(x) dx$$

$$= \int_0^{\infty} 4x^2 e^{-2x} dx = 4 \cdot \frac{2!}{2^{2+1}} = 4 \cdot \frac{2}{8} = \underline{\underline{1 \text{ min}}}$$

$$P(x > 2) = 1 - P(x < 2)$$

$$= 1 - G(2)$$

$$G(x) = 4 \int_0^x x e^{-2x} dx = 4 \left(-\frac{1}{2} x e^{-2x} + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^x e^{-2x} dx \right) = -e^{-2x} (2x + 1)$$

~~$$1 - G(2) = 1 - (-e^{-2 \cdot 2} (2 \cdot 2 + 1)) = 1 - (-e^{-4} (5)) = 1 + e^{-4}$$~~

$$1 - G(2) = 1 - (-e^{-2 \cdot 2} (2 \cdot 2 + 1)) + e^{-2 \cdot 0} (0 + 1)$$

$$= 1 - (-e^{-4} (5) + 1)$$

$$= 1 - 1 + 5e^{-4}$$

$$= 5e^{-4}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{0,0916}} \approx 0,09$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3) \quad F(x) &= \int_{-\infty}^x f(x) = \int_1^x \beta x^{-\beta-1} \\
 &= \left[\frac{\beta}{-\beta} x^{-\beta} \right]_1^x \\
 &= -x^{-\beta} - (-1) \\
 &= \underline{\underline{1 - x^{-\beta}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(X > 2) &= \int_2^{\infty} f(x) dx = F(\infty) - F(2) = 1 - (1 - 2^{-3}) \\
 &= \underline{\underline{\frac{1}{8}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$P(X < 3,5 | X > 2) = \frac{P(X < 3,5 \cap X > 2)}{P(X > 2)}$$

$$= \frac{P(3,5 > X > 2)}{P(X > 2)}$$

$$= \frac{F(3,5) - F(2)}{F(2)}$$

$$= \frac{1 - 3,5^{-3} - 1 + 2^{-3}}{2^{-3}}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{8} - \frac{8}{343}}{\frac{1}{8}} = \underline{\underline{0,813}}$$

4) Marginal $g(x)$:

x	-1	0	1
$g(x)$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$

Marginal $h(y)$:

y	0	1	2
$h(y)$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$

$$E(X) = -1 \cdot \frac{1}{3} + 0 \cdot \frac{1}{3} + 1 \cdot \frac{1}{3} = 0$$

$$E(Y) = 0 \cdot \frac{1}{3} + 1 \cdot \frac{1}{3} + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{3} = 1$$

$$\text{Var}(X) = \frac{(-1)^2}{3} + \frac{0^2}{3} + \frac{(1)^2}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\text{Var}(Y) = \frac{(0-1)^2}{3} + \frac{(1-1)^2}{3} + \frac{(2-1)^2}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$