

Qving

5

1

a) a2 gengsit under De Morgans teoremer.

b) 1. og 2. er korrekte.

$$\overline{ABC} + A\bar{D} + \overline{ABCD}$$

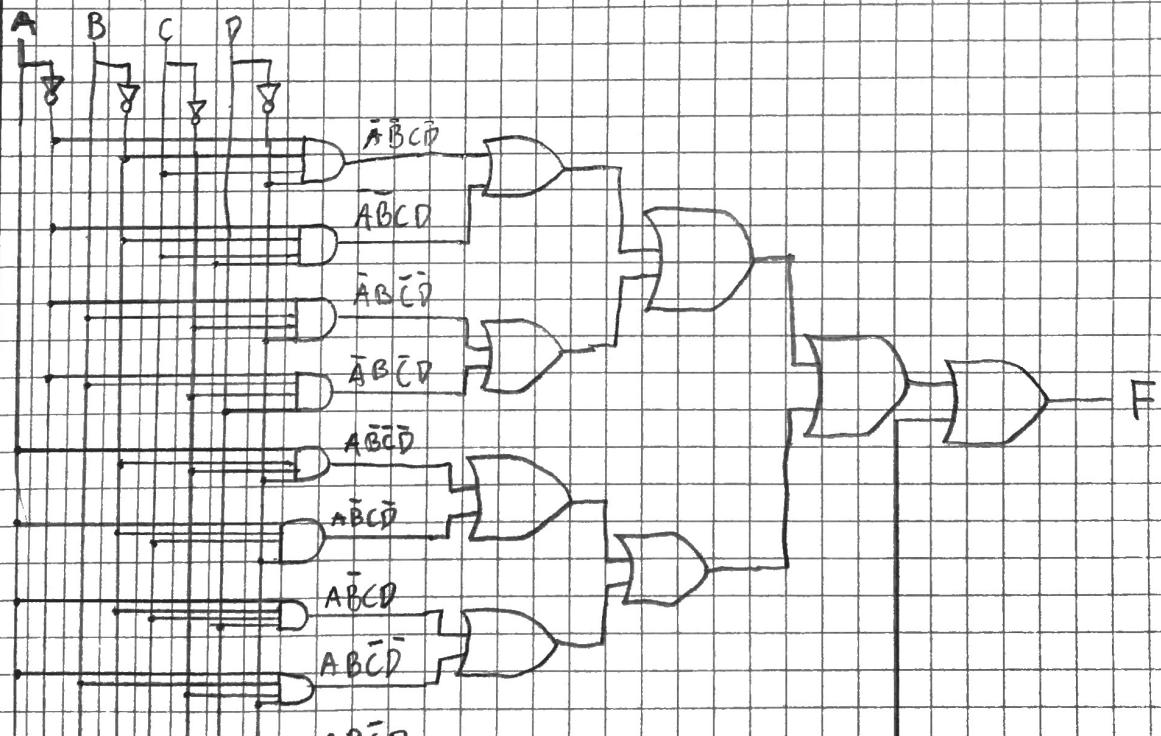
$$= (\overline{ABC})(\overline{AD})(\overline{ABCD})$$

$$= (\overline{A+B+C})(\overline{A+\bar{D}})(\overline{A+B+C+D})$$

G₁

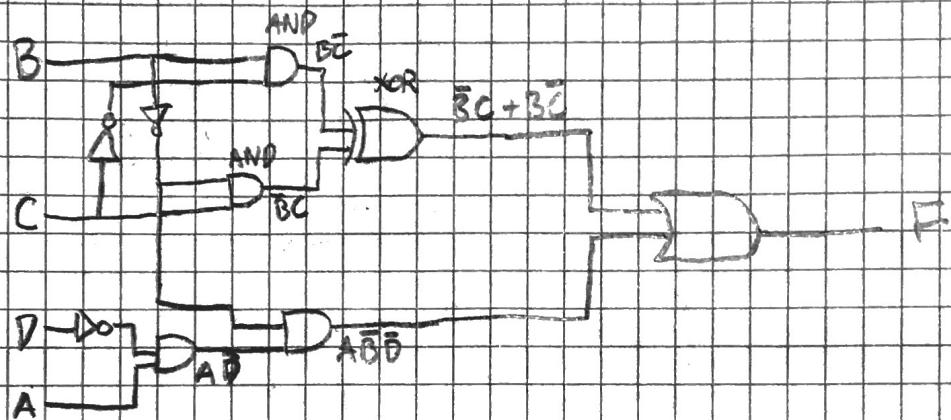
$$\begin{aligned}d) f(ABCD) &= \overline{\bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C}\bar{D}} + \overline{\bar{A}\bar{B}C\bar{D}} + \overline{\bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C}\bar{D}} + \overline{\bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C}\bar{D}} + \overline{A\bar{B}\bar{C}\bar{D}} + A\bar{B}\bar{C}\bar{D} \\&+ A\bar{B}\bar{C}\bar{D} + A\bar{B}\bar{C}\bar{D} \\&\Rightarrow (2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}f(ABCD) &= (A+B+C+D)(A+B+C+\bar{D})(A+\bar{B}+\bar{C}+\bar{D})(\bar{A}+\bar{B}+\bar{C}+D) \\&(\bar{A}+B+C+\bar{D})(\bar{A}+\bar{B}+\bar{C}+D)(\bar{A}+\bar{B}+\bar{C}+\bar{D}) \\&= \prod(0, 1, 6, 7, 9, 14, 15)\end{aligned}$$



a)

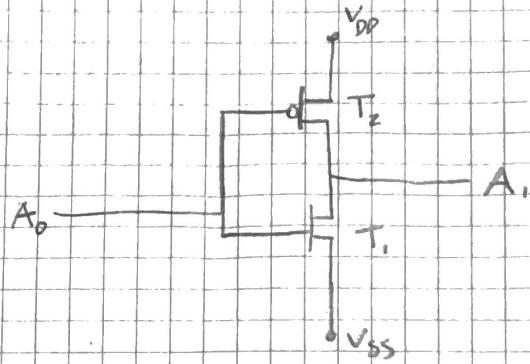
$$\begin{aligned}
 F &= (\bar{A}\bar{B}(\bar{C}\bar{D} + \bar{A}\bar{B}CD) + (\bar{A}B\bar{C}\bar{D} + \bar{A}B\bar{C}D) + (A\bar{B}C\bar{D} + A\bar{B}CD) + \\
 &\quad A\bar{B}CD) + (ABC\bar{D} + ABC\bar{D}) \\
 &= \bar{A}\bar{B}C + \bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C} + A\bar{B}(\bar{C}\bar{D} + C) + AB\bar{C} \\
 &= \bar{A}(\bar{B}C + BC) + A\bar{B}\bar{C}\bar{D} + A(\bar{B}C + BC) \\
 &\Rightarrow \bar{B}C + BC + A\bar{B}\bar{C}\bar{D} \\
 &= BC + (\bar{B}C + A\bar{B}CD) \\
 &= BC + \bar{B}(C + A\bar{C}\bar{D}) \\
 &= BC + \bar{B}(C + A\bar{D})(C + \bar{D}) \\
 &= BC + \bar{B}C + A\bar{B}\bar{D}
 \end{aligned}$$



g) Den blir mye mer komplisert, spesielt om man lar B og C gå rett til XOR porten uten And-portene, som er uvedvendige.

2

a)



Når A_0 er høy, leder T_1 , og A_1 blir dødt.
 Ned til lav V_{SS} . Når A_0 er lav,
 T_2 og A_1 blir dødt opp til V_{DD} .

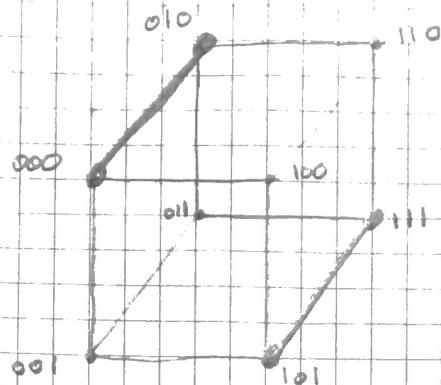
b)

Utgangen A_1 har en lagsværsel i kretsen. Denne
 gjør en transisjon når ledningen på A_0 er opp.
 Det er to transistorer. I transistorene er det en indret motstand.
 Denne motstanden omgjør effekten til varme.

3.

$$T(ABC) = \bar{A}\bar{B}C + \bar{A}B\bar{C} + A\bar{B}C + ABC$$

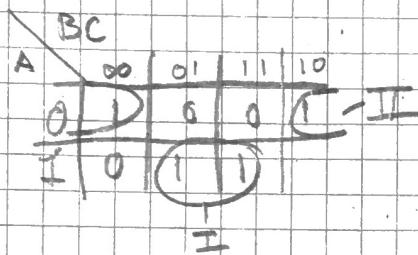
$$= \Sigma(0, 2, 5, 7)$$



$$T(ABC) = \overline{\bar{A}\bar{C}} + AC$$

$$= \overline{A \oplus C}$$

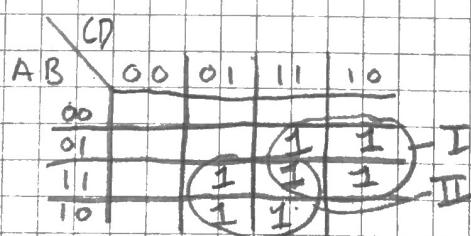
b)



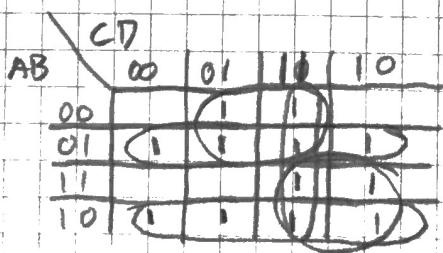
$$F = I + II = \bar{A}\bar{C} + AC$$

c) K-diagrammet er en todimensjonal representasjon av kuben, og i tilkhet med den horisontale kan ett bit velges om celleene siderør hverandre.

d)

 T_1 

$$T_1 = BC + AD$$

 T_2 

$$T_2 = \bar{A}B + \bar{A}\bar{B} + CD + \bar{A}D + AC$$

$$= A \oplus B + \bar{A}D + AC$$

$$\overline{T_2} = \overline{\bar{A}B} + \overline{AC}$$

$$T_2 = (\overline{\bar{A}B})(\overline{AC})$$

$$= (A+B+D)(\overline{A}+\overline{B}+C)$$

3d

 T_3

AB	CD	T_3
00	00	X
00	01	"
01	00	10
01	01	11
10	00	10
10	01	11
11	00	11
11	01	10

$$T_3 = \bar{B}\bar{D} + \bar{A}\bar{C}\bar{D} + A\bar{B}C$$

4

gruppe

Min term.

Bin. rep

		X Y Z W
0	M_0	0 0 0 0
1	M_1	0 0 0 1
	M_2	0 0 1 0
2	M_3	1 0 0 1
	M_{10}	1 0 1 0
3	M_7	0 1 1 1
	M_{11}	1 0 1 1
	M_{14}	1 1 1 0
4	M_{15}	1 1 1 1

gruppe

Match

Bin. rep

		X Y Z W
0	$M_0 - M_1$	0 0 0 -
1	$M_0 - M_2$	0 0 - 0
	$M_1 - M_2$	- 0 0 1
2	$M_2 - M_{10}$	- 0 1 0
	$M_0 - M_{11}$	1 0 - -
3	$M_{10} - M_{11}$	1 0 1 -
	$M_{10} - M_{14}$	1 - 1 0
3	$M_7 - M_9$	- 1 1 1
	$M_{11} - M_{15}$	1 - 1 1
	$M_{14} - M_{15}$	1 1 1 -

3

gruppe

match

Bin. rep.

		X Y Z W
2	$M_{10} - M_{11} - M_{14} - M_{15}$	1 - 1 -
2	$M_{10} - M_{14} - M_7 - M_{15}$	1 - 1 -

Primimplikanter: $XZ, \bar{X}\bar{Y}Z, \bar{X}\bar{Y}\bar{W}, \bar{Y}ZW, \bar{Y}\bar{Z}W, YZW, X\bar{Y}W$

P.I.	Min termer	0 1 2 7 9 10 11 14 15	E.P.
XZ	10, 11, 14, 15	X X X X	✓
YZW	7, 15	(X)	X ✓
$\bar{X}\bar{Y}Z$	0, 1	X X	
$\bar{X}\bar{Y}\bar{W}$	0, 2	X X	
$\bar{Y}ZW$	1, 9	X X	
$\bar{Y}\bar{Z}W$	2, 10	X X	
$X\bar{Y}W$	9, 11	X X X	

Primimplikantene er XZ og YZW

For dekning av de mintermene ikke dekt av
 de essensielle primkoddene bruker vi $\bar{X}\bar{Y}\bar{W}$ og
 $\bar{Y}\bar{Z}W$.

$$F = XZ + YZW + \bar{Y}\bar{Z}W + \bar{X}\bar{Y}W$$