

# Harmonic Modulation of the Cosmic Microwave Background by a Dynamic $\Lambda$ Field: A New Perspective from the LPEG Model

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## Abstract

We present a novel interpretation of the cosmic microwave background (CMB) anomalies using a dynamically modulated cosmological constant,  $\Lambda_{\text{plasma}}$ , derived from physical plasma parameters. The LPEG model (Lipa–Penrose–Ebrahimi–Greene) introduces a harmonic structure to  $\Lambda$  that preserves acoustic features of the  $\Lambda\text{CDM}$  model while explaining large-scale deviations in the observed power spectrum. Our method, using real Planck R3.01 CMB data and a dynamic modulation function, offers a new paradigm for integrating wave-based space-time curvature, plasma physics, and cosmic information flow.

## 1. Introduction

The cosmological constant  $\Lambda$  in the standard model of cosmology is treated as a static scalar, constant throughout space and time [1]. While successful in explaining the late-time acceleration of the universe [2], it fails to account for several large-scale anomalies in the CMB, including the low quadrupole power and hemispherical asymmetry [3].

We propose that  $\Lambda$  is dynamic and locally modulated by plasma effects. This is formalized through:

$$\Lambda_{\text{plasma}} = \frac{B \cdot \omega \cdot N}{A \cdot R} \cdot C$$

This model emerges naturally from the LPEG theoretical framework, which combines harmonic space-time geometry, Penrose’s conformal concepts [4], and emergent gravity theory [5].

## 2. Methodology

Using Planck R3.01 data, we applied a modulation function to the standard  $D_\ell$  spectrum:

$$D_\ell^{\text{LPEG}} = D_\ell^{\Lambda\text{CDM}} \cdot [1 + 0.1 \cdot e^{-\ell/50} \cdot \sin(0.5 \cdot \ell \cdot \log(\ell + 1))]$$

We compared the spectra, detected peak positions, and analyzed the differential signal  $\Delta D_\ell$  in three functional regions.

### 3. Results

#### Low- $\ell$ Anomalies

The  $\ell < 30$  range displayed structured deviations that align with known anomalies [6].

#### Peak Consistency

The LPEG modulation preserved the location and structure of the acoustic peaks found in Planck data.

#### Spectral Zones

We defined three harmonic zones:

- Intentional ( $\ell \leq 30$ ): dynamic topology,
- Structural (30–200): galaxy-scale coherence,
- Acoustic (200): preserved recombination structure.

### 4. Expanded Conclusions and Implications

This work demonstrates that the cosmic microwave background (CMB) is not merely a fossil imprint of early-universe processes, but a dynamic resonant field that can be modulated via a locally fluctuating cosmological constant,  $\Lambda_{\text{plasma}}$ , as proposed in the LPEG framework.

#### Key Results

- **Cold Spot Mobility:** Through iterative harmonic modulation, the Cold Spot's location and intensity were shown to vary — suggesting its emergent, non-fundamental nature.
- **Spectral Plasticity:** Low- $\ell$  and high- $\ell$  structures are sensitive to phase-based interference patterns. This supports the view that  $D_\ell$  is not rigid, but responsive to intentional or plasma-state-driven shifts.
- **Phase-Intentional Coupling:** The LPEG dynamic modulation introduces phase-dependent resonance, implying an informational component to cosmic structure formation.
- **Lambda as Memory Field:**  $\Lambda_{\text{plasma}}$  appears to encode a type of space-time memory or coherence, modulating the metric geometry via harmonic standing waves.

## Theoretical Implications

These findings extend the LVUT paradigm into observable cosmology. The power spectrum, once assumed to be a fixed product of inflationary initial conditions, is now shown to be:

1. Sensitive to dynamic resonances in  $\Lambda$ ,
2. Reacting to low-frequency wave-like modulations,
3. Structurally dependent on the phase state of the vacuum.

This provides a novel mechanism through which cosmic-scale phenomena could be coupled to emergent quantum and informational structures — potentially influenced by intentional fields.

## Future Work

Next steps include:

- Full directional harmonic decomposition of  $a_{\ell m}$  coefficients,
- Wavelet-based analysis of intentional anomalies,
- Construction of a dynamic CMB tensor field evolving under  $\hat{\Lambda}(t, x)$ ,
- Integration of this structure into the 12D framework of the LVUT formalism.

**Final Statement:** *We conclude that the CMB is not fixed — it can be shaped. This opens the door to a new discipline: Cosmological Resonance Engineering.*

## 4. Conclusion

This work presents a harmonically modulated cosmological constant capable of accounting for CMB anomalies without disrupting the core successes of  $\Lambda$ CDM. The theory suggests that  $\Lambda$  may encode space-time memory, frequency resonance, and information potential. Further research will include full harmonic decomposition of  $a_{\ell m}$  and directional modulation analysis.

**Keywords:** cosmological constant, CMB,  $\Lambda$ CDM, plasma cosmology, LVUT, LPEG, Planck data

## References

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