CSE 12 — Basic Data Structures and Object-Oriented Design Lecture 13

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Announcements

- Quiz 13 due Wednesday @ 9am
- Survey 5 due Friday @ 11:59pm
- PA4 due Wednesday @ 11:59pm

Topics

- Partition/Sort
- Questions on Lecture 13?

```
return arr;
                                                                          if (arr.length <= 1) 1
public static String s(int[] arr) { return Arrays.toString(arr); }
                                                                          else {
public static int[] combine(int[] part1, int[] part2) {
                                                                                           Arrays.copvOfRange(arr. 0 arr.length
  int index1 = 0, index2 = 0;
  int[] combined = new int[part1.length + part2.length];
                                                                            int[] part2 = Arrays.copyOfRange(arr, arr.length /
  while(index1 < part1.length && index2 < part2.length) {
                                                                            System.out.println(s(arr) + " -> " + s(part1) + " + " + s(part2));
    if(part1[index1] < part2[index2]) {</pre>
      combined[index1 + index2] = part1[index1];
                                                                            int[] sortedPart1 = sortC(part1); (
      index1 += 1;
                                                                            int[] sortedPart2 = sortC(part2);
    else {
                                                                            int[] sorted = combine(sortedPart1, sortedPart2);
      combined[index1 + index2] = part2[index2];
      index2 += 1:
                                                                            return sorted;
                                                                          } } }
  while(index1 < part1.length) {
                                                                      public static void main(String[] args) {
    combined[index1 + index2] = part1[index1]; index1 += 1;
                                                                        int[] result = SortFast.sortC(new int[]{34, 93, 12, 49, 69, 25, 39 });
  while (index2 < part2.length) {
                                                                        System.out.println(SortFast.s(result));}
    combined[index1 + index2] = part2[index2]; index2 += 1;
                                                                                34,93,12,49,69,25,39
  System.out.println(s(part1) + " + " + s(part2) + " \rightarrow " + s(combined));
  return combined;
```

public class SortFast {

public static int[] sortC(int[] arr) {

Quicksort: Another magical (recursive) algorithm

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ywWBy6J5gz8

			\sim				
14	4	9	12	15	8	19	2

Select a **pivot** element:

14	4	9	12	15	8	19	2
----	---	---	----	----	---	----	---

"Partition" the elements in the array (smaller or equal to pivot, larger or equal to pivot)

2	4	9	8	15	12	19	14
---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----

Magically sort the smaller elements and the larger elements (Quicksort)

2	4	8	9	12	15	19	21
---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----

```
Partition (numbers, lowIndex, highIndex) {
Quicksort (numbers, lowIndex, highIndex) {
                                                                  // Pick middle element as pivot
   if (lowIndex >= highIndex) {
                                                                  midpoint = lowIndex + (highIndex - lowIndex) / 2
      return
                                                                   pivot = numbers[midpoint]
                                                                   done = false
   lowEndIndex = Partition(numbers, lowIndex, highIndex)
                                                                  while (!done) {
   Quicksort (numbers, lowIndex, lowEndIndex)
                                                                     // Increment lowIndex while numbers[lowIndex] < pivot
   Quicksort(numbers, lowEndIndex + 1, highIndex)
                                                                     while (numbers[lowIndex] < pivot) {
                                                                        lowIndex += 1
                                                                     // Decrement highIndex while pivot < numbers[highIndex]</pre>
                                                                     while (pivot < numbers[highIndex]) {
                                                                        highIndex -= 1
                                                                     // If zero or one elements remain, then all numbers are
                                                                     // partitioned. Return highIndex.
                                                                     if (lowIndex >= highIndex) {
       There are many ways to partition!
                                                                        done = true
                                                                     else {
                                                                        // Swap numbers[lowIndex] and numbers[highIndex]
                                                                        temp = numbers[lowIndex]
                                                                        numbers[lowIndex] = numbers[highIndex]
                                                                        numbers[highIndex] = temp
                                                                        // Update lowIndex and highIndex
                                                                        lowIndex += 1
                                                                        highIndex -= 1
                                                                  return highIndex
```

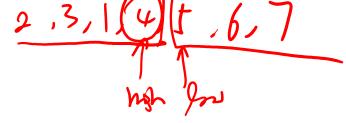
```
Partition(numbers, lowIndex, highIndex)
Quick sort
                                                                  // Pick middle element as pivot
                                                                  midpoint = lowIndex + (highIndex - lowIndex) / 2
                                                                  pivot = numbers[midpoint]
o ( 2 3 4 5 6 7
sort {12, 4, 9, 3, 15, 8, 19, 2}
                                                                  done = false
                                                                  while (!done)
                                                                      // Increment lowIndex while numbers[lowIndex] < pivot
                                                                     while (numbers[lowIndex] < pivot) {
                                                                        lowIndex += 1
                                                                     // Decrement highIndex while pivot < numbers[highIndex]</pre>
                                                                   while (pivot < numbers[highIndex]) {
                                                                        highIndex -= 1
                                                                     // If zero or one elements remain, then all numbers are
                                                                      // partitioned. Return highIndex.
                                                                      f (lowIndex >= highIndex) {
                                                                        done = true
                        4,14,8,19,12
                                                                     else {
                                                                        // Swap numbers[lowIndex] and numbers[highIndex]
                                                                        temp = numbers[lowIndex]
                                                                        numbers[lowIndex] = numbers[highIndex]
                                                                        numbers[highIndex] = temp
                                                                        // Update lowIndex and highIndex
                                                                        lowIndex += 1
                                                                        highIndex -= 1
                                                                  return highIndex
```

Quick Sort Details

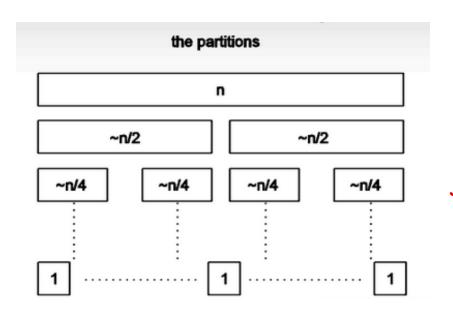
- 1. We always pick the middle location as pivot
- 2. The data we sort is {2, 3, 1, 5, 4, 6, 7}

After the first split, what is the order of elements in the list that was <= pivot?

- A. 1234
- B.)2314
- C. 4321
- D. 3412
- E. None of the above



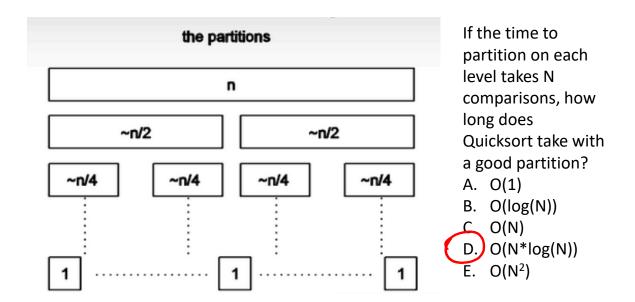
Quick Sort: Using a "good" pivot



How many levels will there be if you choose a pivot that divides the list in half?

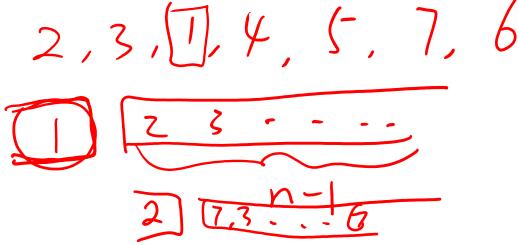
- A. 1
- B. log(N)
 - C. N
- D. N*log(N)
- $E. N^2$

Quick Sort: Using a "good" pivot



Which of these choices would be the *worst* choice for the pivot?

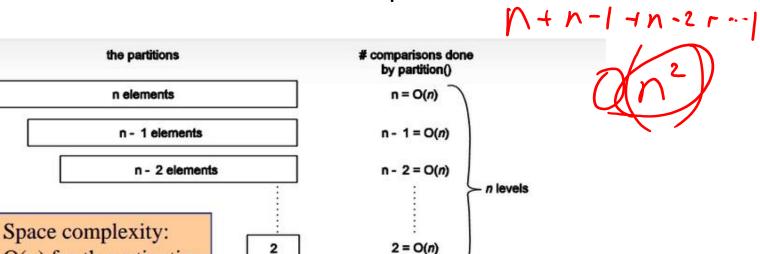
- A. The minimum element in the list
- B. The last element in the list
- C. The first element in the list
- D. A random element in the list



Quick sort with a bad pivot

O(n) for the activation

records



1 = O(n)

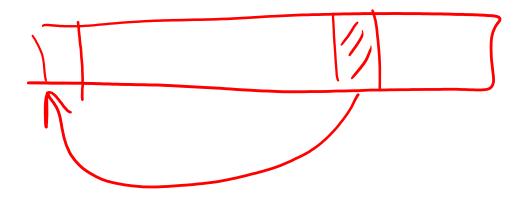
If the pivot always produces one empty partition and one with n-1 elements, there will be n levels, each of which requires O(n) comparisons: $O(n^2)$ time complexity

Which of these choices is a better choice for the pivot?

A. The first element in the list

B) A random element in the list

C. They are about the same



```
public class Sort {
                                                                     public static void qsort(String[] array, int low,
  public static void swap(String[] array, int i1, int i2) {
                                                                    int high) {
    String temp = array[i1];
                                                                        if (high - low <= 1) { return; }
    array[i1] = array[i2];
                                                                        int splitAt = partition(array, low, high);
    array[i2] = temp;
                                                                        qsort(array, low, splitAt);
  public static int partition(String[ _array, int low, int high) {
                                                                        gsort(array, splitAt + 1, high);
    int pivotStartIndex = high -
    String pivot = arrav[pivotStartIndex];
    int smallerBefore = low, largerAfter = high - 2;
   while (smallerBefore <= largerAfter) {</pre>
                                                                      public static void sort(String[] array) {
      if (array[smallerBefore].compareTo(pivot) < 0) {</pre>
                                                                        gsort(array, 0, array.length);
        smallerBefore += 1;
      else {
        swap(array, smallerBefore, largerAfter);
        largerAfter -= 1;
                                                                    main() {
                                                                      String[] str = {"f", "b", "a", "e", "d", "c" };
    swap(array, smallerBefore, pivotStartIndex);
                                                                      int[] result = Sort.sort(str);
    return smallerBefore;
                                                                      System.out.println(Arrays.deepToString(result));
```