

① Duraciones $\Rightarrow P(d_k | d_{k-1}) = \int (p(d_k | \theta_k) p(\theta_k | d_{k-1}))$

~~$P(d_k | d_{k-1}) = P(d_k | \theta_k) P(\theta_k | d_{k-1})$~~ $P(d_k | d_{k-1}) = \int p(d_k | \theta_k) p(\theta_k | d_{k-1})$

$\rightarrow P(d | \theta) \propto \text{Gamma}(d | \alpha_d, \theta)$

$p(\theta) \sim \text{Gamma}(\theta | \alpha_\theta, \beta_\theta)$ $\int_{\theta > 0} p(\theta | d) \propto \int_{\theta > 0} f(d | \theta) f(\theta)$

$p(d | \theta) = \frac{\theta^{\alpha_d}}{\Gamma(\alpha_d)} d^{\alpha_d-1} e^{-\theta d}$

$p(\theta) = \frac{\beta_\theta^{\alpha_\theta}}{\Gamma(\alpha_\theta)} \theta^{\alpha_\theta-1} e^{-\beta_\theta \theta}$

$\Rightarrow f_{\theta|d}(\theta | d) \propto \frac{\theta^{\alpha_d}}{\Gamma(\alpha_d)} d^{\alpha_d-1} e^{-\theta d} \frac{\beta_\theta^{\alpha_\theta}}{\Gamma(\alpha_\theta)} \theta^{\alpha_\theta-1} e^{-\beta_\theta \theta} = \frac{\beta_\theta^{\alpha_\theta}}{\Gamma(\alpha_d) \Gamma(\alpha_\theta)} d^{\alpha_d-1} \theta^{\alpha_d+\alpha_\theta-1} e^{-\theta(d+\beta_\theta)}$

$\Rightarrow f_{\theta|d}(\theta | d) \propto \theta^{\alpha_d+\alpha_\theta-1} e^{-\theta(d+\beta_\theta)} \Rightarrow \theta | d \sim \text{Gamma}(\alpha_d + \alpha_\theta, d + \beta_\theta)$

$\Rightarrow P(d_k | d_{k-1}) = \int p(d_k | \theta_k) p(\theta_k | d_{k-1}) = \int \frac{\theta_k^{\alpha_d}}{\Gamma(\alpha_d)} d_k^{\alpha_d-1} e^{-\theta_k d_k} \frac{(d_{k-1} + \beta_\theta)^{\alpha_d+\alpha_\theta}}{\Gamma(\alpha_d + \alpha_\theta)} \theta_k^{\alpha_d+\alpha_\theta-1} e^{-\theta_k(d_{k-1} + \beta_\theta)}$

$= \int \frac{d_k^{\alpha_d-1} (d_{k-1} + \beta_\theta)^{\alpha_d+\alpha_\theta}}{\Gamma(\alpha_d) \Gamma(\alpha_d + \alpha_\theta)} \theta_k^{2\alpha_d+\alpha_\theta-1} e^{-\theta_k(d_k + d_{k-1} + \beta_\theta)} d\theta_k$

$= \frac{d_k^{\alpha_d-1} (d_{k-1} + \beta_\theta)^{\alpha_d+\alpha_\theta}}{\Gamma(\alpha_d) \Gamma(\alpha_d + \alpha_\theta)} \cdot \frac{\Gamma(2\alpha_d + \alpha_\theta)}{(d_k + d_{k-1} + \beta_\theta)^{2\alpha_d+\alpha_\theta}} \int \frac{(d_k + d_{k-1} + \beta_\theta)^{2\alpha_d+\alpha_\theta}}{\Gamma(2\alpha_d + \alpha_\theta)} \theta_k^{2\alpha_d+\alpha_\theta-1} e^{-\theta_k(d_k + d_{k-1} + \beta_\theta)} d\theta_k$

$\Rightarrow P(d_k | d_{k-1}) = \frac{d_k^{\alpha_d-1} (d_{k-1} + \beta_\theta)^{\alpha_d+\alpha_\theta}}{\Gamma(\alpha_d) \Gamma(\alpha_d + \alpha_\theta)} \frac{\Gamma(2\alpha_d + \alpha_\theta)}{(d_k + d_{k-1} + \beta_\theta)^{2\alpha_d+\alpha_\theta}}$

② Costos

$$P(c_k | d_k, \gamma_k) = \int P(c_k | \gamma_k, d_k) \underbrace{P(\gamma_k | d_k, c_{k-1})}_{\text{falta}}$$

$$\rightarrow p(c | \gamma, d) \sim \text{Weibull}(c | d, \gamma)$$

$$\rightarrow p(\gamma) \sim \text{Inv. Gamma}(\gamma | \alpha_\gamma, \beta_\gamma)$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \rightarrow p(c | \gamma, d) \sim \text{Weibull}(c | d, \gamma) \\ \rightarrow p(\gamma) \sim \text{Inv. Gamma}(\gamma | \alpha_\gamma, \beta_\gamma) \end{array} \right\} \int \gamma | d, c (\gamma | d, c) \propto f_{c|d, \gamma}(c | d, \gamma) f(\gamma)$$

$$\rightarrow f(c | d, \gamma) = \frac{d}{\gamma^d} c^{d-1} e^{-\left(\frac{c}{\gamma}\right)^d}$$

forma
↑
cerada

$$\rightarrow f(\gamma | \alpha_\gamma, \beta_\gamma) = \frac{\beta_\gamma^{\alpha_\gamma}}{\Gamma(\alpha_\gamma)} \left(\frac{1}{\gamma}\right)^{\alpha_\gamma+1} e^{-\left(\frac{\beta_\gamma}{\gamma}\right)} \quad \bigg| \text{gamma inversa}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int \gamma | d, c (\gamma | d, c) \propto \frac{d}{\gamma^d} c^{d-1} e^{-\left(\frac{c}{\gamma}\right)^d} \frac{\beta_\gamma^{\alpha_\gamma}}{\Gamma(\alpha_\gamma)} \left(\frac{1}{\gamma}\right)^{\alpha_\gamma+1} e^{-\left(\frac{\beta_\gamma}{\gamma}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{d \beta_\gamma^{\alpha_\gamma} c^{d-1}}{\Gamma(\alpha_\gamma)} \gamma^{-d} \gamma^{-(\alpha_\gamma+1)} e^{-\frac{\beta_\gamma}{\gamma}} e^{-\left(\frac{c}{\gamma}\right)^d}$$

$$= \frac{d \beta_\gamma^{\alpha_\gamma} c^{d-1}}{\Gamma(\alpha_\gamma)} \left(\frac{1}{\gamma}\right)^{d+\alpha_\gamma+1} e^{-\frac{\beta_\gamma}{\gamma}} e^{-\left(\frac{c}{\gamma}\right)^d} \propto \left(\frac{1}{\gamma}\right)^{d+\alpha_\gamma+1} e^{-\frac{\beta_\gamma}{\gamma}} e^{-\left(\frac{c}{\gamma}\right)^d}$$

$= P(\gamma | c, d, \alpha_\gamma, \beta_\gamma)$ No tiene forma analítica cerrada como distribución, pero su kernel se utiliza en el slice sampler.

$$\ln(p(\gamma | c, d, \alpha_\gamma, \beta_\gamma)) = -(d + \alpha_\gamma + 1) \ln(\gamma) - \frac{\beta_\gamma}{\gamma} - \left(\frac{c}{\gamma}\right)^d$$

slice sampler: (Neal, 2001)
 $\rightarrow R$ -punción (unidimensional)
 $* f(x|o) \propto \underbrace{g(x|o)}_{\text{kernel}} - c(o) = ?$
 aplica slice sampler.

Verosimilitud.

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$$V(\{\alpha_d, \alpha_0, \beta_0, \alpha_x, \beta_x\} \{\theta_i, \gamma_i\}_{i=1}^{N(t)} | (C_i, d_i)_{i=1}^{N(t)}) =$$

$$= \prod_{i=1}^{N(t)} \text{Gamma}(d_i | \alpha_d, \theta_i) \cdot \text{Gamma}(\theta_i | \alpha_d + \alpha_0, d_{i-1} + \beta_0) \cdot$$

$$\text{Weibull}(C_i | d_i, \gamma_i) \cdot gW(\gamma_i | \alpha_x + d_i, \beta_x, C_{i-1}^{-d_i}, -d_i)$$

$$\pi(\alpha_d) \cdot \pi(\alpha_0) \cdot \pi(\beta_0) \cdot \pi(\alpha_x) \cdot \pi(\beta_x)$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi(\theta_i | \alpha_d, \alpha_0, \beta_0) \propto \text{Gamma}(d_i | \alpha_d, \theta_i) \text{Gamma}(\theta_i | \alpha_d + \alpha_0, d_{i-1} + \beta_0)$$

$$= \frac{\theta_i^{\alpha_d}}{\Gamma(\alpha_d)} d_i^{\alpha_d-1} e^{-\theta_i d_i} \frac{(d_{i-1} + \beta_0)^{\alpha_d + \alpha_0}}{\Gamma(\alpha_d + \alpha_0)} \theta_i^{\alpha_d + \alpha_0 - 1} e^{-\theta_i (d_{i-1} + \beta_0)}$$

$$= \frac{d_i^{\alpha_d-1} (d_{i-1} + \beta_0)^{\alpha_d + \alpha_0}}{\Gamma(\alpha_d) \Gamma(\alpha_d + \alpha_0)} d_i^{\alpha_d-1} \theta_i^{2\alpha_d + \alpha_0 - 1} e^{-\theta_i (d_{i-1} + d_i + \beta_0)} \propto \theta_i^{2\alpha_d + \alpha_0 - 1} e^{-\theta_i (d_i + d_{i-1} + \beta_0)}$$

$$\therefore \theta_i \sim \text{Gamma}(2\alpha_d + \alpha_0, d_i + d_{i-1} + \beta_0)$$

$$\pi(\gamma_i | \alpha_x, \beta_x, d_i, C_i) \propto \text{Weibull}(C_i | d_i, \gamma_i) \pi(\gamma_i | C_{i-1}, d_{i-1}, \alpha_x, \beta_x)$$

$$= \frac{d_i}{\gamma_i^{d_i}} C_i^{d_i-1} e^{-\left(\frac{C_i}{\gamma_i}\right)^{d_i}} \left(\frac{1}{\gamma_i}\right)^{d_{i-1} + \alpha_x + 1} e^{-\frac{\beta_x}{\gamma_i}} e^{-\left(\frac{C_{i-1}}{\gamma_i}\right)^{d_{i-1}}}$$

$$= d_i C_i^{d_i-1} \left(\frac{1}{\gamma_i}\right)^{d_i + d_{i-1} + \alpha_x + 1} e^{-\frac{\beta_x}{\gamma_i}} e^{-\left(\frac{C_i}{\gamma_i}\right)^{d_i}} e^{-\left(\frac{C_{i-1}}{\gamma_i}\right)^{d_{i-1}}}$$

$$\propto \left(\frac{1}{\gamma_i}\right)^{d_i + d_{i-1} + \alpha_x + 1} e^{-\left(\frac{\beta_x}{\gamma_i} + \left(\frac{C_i}{\gamma_i}\right)^{d_i} + \left(\frac{C_{i-1}}{\gamma_i}\right)^{d_{i-1}}\right)}$$

$$\pi(\beta_0 | \dots) \propto \prod_{i=1}^{N(t)} \text{Gamma}(\theta_i | \alpha_d + \alpha_0, d_{i-1} + \beta_0) \text{Gamma}(\beta_0 | \alpha_0, \beta_0)$$

$$= \frac{(d_{i-1} + \beta_0)^{\alpha_d + \alpha_0}}{\Gamma(\alpha_d + \alpha_0)} \theta_i^{\alpha_d + \alpha_0 - 1} e^{-\theta_i (d_{i-1} + \beta_0)} \frac{\beta_0^{\alpha_0}}{\Gamma(\alpha_0)} \beta_0^{\alpha_0 - 1} e^{-\beta_0 \beta_0}$$

$$\propto (d_{i-1} + \beta_0)^{\alpha_d + \alpha_0} \beta_0^{\alpha_0 - 1} e^{-\theta_i d_{i-1}} e^{-\beta_0 \theta_i} e^{-\beta_0 \beta_0} = (d_{i-1} + \beta_0)^{\alpha_d + \alpha_0} \beta_0^{\alpha_0 - 1} e^{-\beta_0 (\theta_i + \beta_0)}$$

Kernel de $\pi(\gamma_i | \dots) \propto \pi(\theta_i | \dots)$ para $i=1, \dots, N(t)$.

En la dist. de costos la variable de normalización, no existe analíticamente.

$$\pi(\alpha_d | \dots) \propto \prod_{i=1}^{N(i)} \text{Gamma}(\theta_i | \alpha_d + \alpha_0, d_{i-1} + \beta_0) \text{Gamma}(\alpha_d | \alpha_0, \beta_0)$$

$$= \frac{(d_{i-1} + \beta_0)^{\alpha_d + \alpha_0}}{\Gamma(\alpha_d + \alpha_0)} \theta_i^{\alpha_d + \alpha_0 - 1} e^{-\theta_i (d_{i-1} + \beta_0)} \frac{\beta_0^{\alpha_0}}{\Gamma(\alpha_0)} \alpha_d^{\alpha_0 - 1} e^{-\alpha_d \beta_0}$$

$$\propto \frac{(d_{i-1} + \beta_0)^{\alpha_d + \alpha_0}}{\Gamma(\alpha_d + \alpha_0)} \theta_i^{\alpha_d} \alpha_d^{\alpha_0 - 1} e^{-\alpha_d \beta_0}$$

$$\pi(\alpha_0 | \dots) \propto \prod_{i=1}^{N(i)} \text{Gamma}(\theta_i | \alpha_d + \alpha_0, d_{i-1} + \beta_0) \text{Gamma}(\alpha_0 | \alpha_0, \beta_0)$$

$$= \frac{(d_{i-1} + \beta_0)^{\alpha_d + \alpha_0}}{\Gamma(\alpha_d + \alpha_0)} \theta_i^{\alpha_d + \alpha_0 - 1} e^{-\theta_i (d_{i-1} + \beta_0)} \frac{\beta_0^{\alpha_0}}{\Gamma(\alpha_0)} \alpha_0^{\alpha_0 - 1} e^{-\alpha_0 \beta_0}$$

$$\propto \frac{(d_{i-1} + \beta_0)^{\alpha_d + \alpha_0}}{\Gamma(\alpha_d + \alpha_0)} \theta_i^{\alpha_0} \alpha_0^{\alpha_0 - 1} e^{-\alpha_0 \beta_0}$$

$$\pi(\alpha_8 | \dots) \propto \prod_{i=1}^{N(i)} \left(\frac{1}{\delta_i}\right)^{d_i + \alpha_8 + 1} e^{-\frac{\beta_8}{\delta_i}} e^{-\left(\frac{C_i}{\delta_i}\right)^{d_i}} \text{Gamma}(\alpha_8 | \alpha_0, \beta_0)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{\delta_i}\right)^{d_i + \alpha_8 + 1} e^{-\frac{\beta_8}{\delta_i}} e^{-\left(\frac{C_i}{\delta_i}\right)^{d_i}} \frac{\beta_0^{\alpha_0}}{\Gamma(\alpha_0)} \alpha_8^{\alpha_0 - 1} e^{-\alpha_8 \beta_0}$$

$$\propto \left(\frac{1}{\delta_i}\right)^{\alpha_8} \alpha_8^{\alpha_0 - 1} e^{-\alpha_8 \beta_0}$$

$$\pi(\beta_8 | \dots) \propto \prod_{i=1}^{N(i)} \left(\frac{1}{\delta_i}\right)^{d_i + \alpha_8 + 1} e^{-\frac{\beta_8}{\delta_i}} e^{-\left(\frac{C_i}{\delta_i}\right)^{d_i}} \text{Gamma}(\beta_8 | \alpha_0, \beta_0)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{\delta_i}\right)^{d_i + \alpha_8 + 1} e^{-\frac{\beta_8}{\delta_i}} e^{-\left(\frac{C_i}{\delta_i}\right)^{d_i}} \frac{\beta_0^{\alpha_0}}{\Gamma(\alpha_0)} \beta_8^{\alpha_0 - 1} e^{-\beta_8 \beta_0}$$

$$\propto \beta_8^{\alpha_0 - 1} e^{-\beta_8 \left(\frac{1}{\delta_i} + \beta_0\right)}$$

$$\underline{\beta_8 \sim \text{Gamma}(\alpha_0, \frac{1}{\delta_i} + \beta_0)}$$

Resumen de funciones

- Duraciones ($\theta_i | d_i$)

$$\theta_i | d_i \sim \text{Gamma}(\alpha_d + \alpha_0, d + \beta_0) \quad \left(\theta^{\alpha_d + \alpha_0 - 1} e^{-\theta(d + \beta_0)} \right)$$

- Costos ($x_i | c_{i-1}, d_i$)

$$\left(\frac{1}{x} \right)^{d + \alpha_x + 1} e^{-\left(\left(\frac{\beta_x}{x} \right) + \left(\frac{c}{x} \right)^d \right)}$$

- Verosimilitud

- $\pi(\theta_i | \alpha_d, \alpha_0, \beta_0)$

$$\theta_i \sim \text{Gamma}(2\alpha_d + \alpha_0, d_i + d_{i-1} + \beta_0) \quad \left(\theta_i^{2\alpha_d + \alpha_0 - 1} e^{-\theta_i(d_i + d_{i-1} + \beta_0)} \right)$$

- $\pi(x_i | \alpha_x, \beta_x, c_i)$

$$\left(\frac{1}{x_i} \right)^{d_i + d_{i-1} + \alpha_x + 1} e^{-\left(\left(\frac{\beta_x}{x_i} \right) + \left(\frac{c_i}{x_i} \right)^{d_i} + \left(\frac{c_{i-1}}{x_i} \right)^{d_{i-1}} \right)}$$

- $\pi(\alpha_d | \dots)$

$$\frac{(d_{i-1} + \beta_0)^{\alpha_d + \alpha_0}}{\Gamma(\alpha_d + \alpha_0)} \theta_i^{\alpha_d} \alpha_d^{\alpha_0 - 1} e^{-\alpha_d \beta_0}$$

- $\pi(\alpha_0 | \dots)$

$$\frac{(d_{i-1} + \beta_0)^{\alpha_d + \alpha_0}}{\Gamma(\alpha_d + \alpha_0)} \theta_i^{\alpha_0} \alpha_0^{\alpha_0 - 1} e^{-\alpha_0 \beta_0}$$

- $\pi(\beta_0 | \dots)$

$$(d_{i-1} + \beta_0)^{\alpha_d + \alpha_0} \beta_0^{\alpha_0 - 1} e^{-\beta_0(d_i + \beta_0)}$$

- $\pi(\alpha_x | \dots)$

$$\left(\frac{1}{x_i} \right)^{\alpha_x} \alpha_x^{\alpha_0 - 1} e^{-\alpha_x \beta_0}$$

- $\pi(\beta_x | \dots)$

$$\beta_x \sim \text{Gamma}(\alpha_0, \frac{1}{x_i} + \beta_0) \quad \left(\beta_x^{\alpha_0 - 1} e^{-\beta_x(\frac{1}{x_i} + \beta_0)} \right)$$

$$\rightarrow \ln \pi(x_i | \alpha_0, \beta_0, c_i) = \underline{-(d_i + d_{i-1} + \alpha_0 + 1) \ln(x_i) - \left(\frac{\beta_0}{x_i} + \left(\frac{c_i}{x_i} \right)^{d_i} + \left(\frac{c_{i-1}}{x_i} \right)^{d_{i-1}} \right)}$$

$$\rightarrow \ln \pi(\alpha_d | \dots) = \underline{\alpha_d + \alpha_0 \ln(d_{i-1} + \beta_0) - \ln \Gamma(\alpha_d + \alpha_0) + \alpha_d \ln \theta_i + (\alpha_0 - 1) \ln \alpha_d - \alpha_d \beta_0}$$

$$\rightarrow \ln \pi(\alpha_0 | \dots) = \alpha_d + \alpha_0 \ln(d_{i-1} + \beta_0) - \ln \Gamma(\alpha_d + \alpha_0) + \alpha_0 \ln \theta_i + (\alpha_0 - 1) \ln \alpha_0 - \alpha_0 \beta_0$$

$$\rightarrow \ln \pi(\beta_0 | \dots) = \alpha_d + \alpha_0 \ln(d_{i-1} + \beta_0) + (\alpha_0 - 1) \ln \beta_0 - \beta_0 (\theta_i + \beta_0)$$

$$\rightarrow \ln \pi(\alpha_x | \dots) = -\alpha_x \ln(x_i) + (\alpha_0 - 1) \ln \alpha_x - \alpha_x \beta_0$$

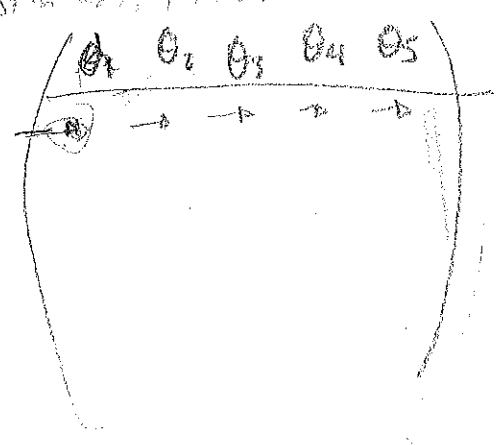
Rm

()

alpha_d sim $\rightarrow 13.23967$

alpha_theta sim $\rightarrow 4.776281$

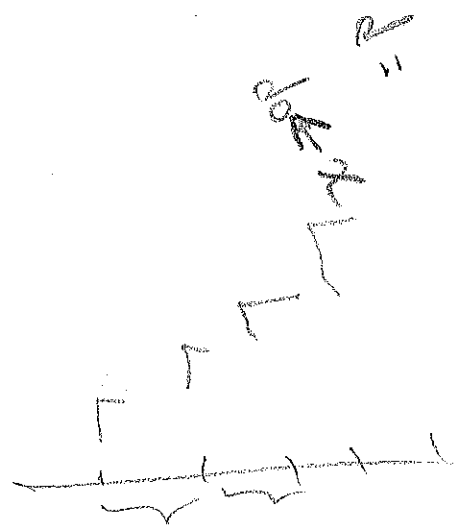
No:
 $d_i = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$
 $c_i = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$



for d in \mathcal{D} :
 for i in \mathcal{I}
 sample $\Theta \sim Ga(\dots)$

Datas $\begin{bmatrix} \text{ind} & t & d_i & \theta_i \end{bmatrix}$

$n \begin{pmatrix} 3 & d & c \\ \text{index} & d_i & c_i \end{pmatrix}$
 $N \begin{pmatrix} \text{index} & d_i & c_i \end{pmatrix}$



$n = \# \text{obs} \times \# \text{ind.}$