Mappeeksamen IDR4000

Student Studentson

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Introduksjon til mappetemplat og Lærinsgrefleksjon

Emnet IDR4000, kvantitativ metode og statistikk bruker mappeeksamen som evalueringsform. Dette er et "templat" for skriving og innlevering av eksamen. Lag en egen versjon av templatet ved å laste ned det (fork) fra GitHub og bruk denne som utgangspunkt. Ta vekk alle instruksjoner før du leverer den siste versjonen av din mappe. Du kan levere den samme mappen med aktuelle deler oppdaterte i løpet av emnet.

Mappeeksamen består av følgende deler:

- Rapport: "Deskriptiv statistikk, reliabilitet og validitet og verktøy for reproduserbar vitenskap".
- Laborasjonsrapport fra molekylærlabb
- Arbeidskrav i vitenskapsteori
- Rapport: "Statistisk inferens, statistiske modeller og statistisk styrke"
- Rapport: "Studiedesign"
- Rapport: "Analyse av eksperimenter med repeterte målinger"

I templatet organiseres hver del som et kapittel.

Referanser finner du sist i dokumenetet (eks. (Spiegelhalter 2019))

1 Assignment 1: Reliability and tools for reproducible data science

The purpose of this assignment is to present estimates of reliability of measures collected in the physiology lab. A second purpose is to use tools for reproducible data science. The report that you are expected to hand in therefore has some strict requirements in its format (see assignment description). The assignment is a group assignment and at least three students are expected to contribute to each report.

1.1 Elements of the report

Importantly, the report should contain:

- At least one table (created from your data)
- At least one figure (created from your data), and
- data presented in the text.
- The report should use a bibliography file to manage references.

2 Assignment 2: Regression models, predicting from data

The assignment has three parts:

- Part 1: Lactate thresholds
- Part 2: Predicting sizes of DNA fragments
- Part 3: Interpreting a regression table

3 Assignment 3: Drawing inference from statistical models, and statistical power

This assignment is set up as a statistical laboratory, we will perform simulations and your assignment is to interpret and explain the results. Create a report based on the code used in the lab and make sure you answer the specified questions (1-8). You can be as creative as you want and explore the results further.

4 Assignment 4: Study designs

4.1 Overview

Choose an area of interest (e.g. protein supplementation for muscle hypertrophy or the effect of block periodization on VO2max). Find at least five *original research studies*¹ in your selected area and describe strength and weakness of these studies. The report should focus on the design of the studies and selection of statistical tests to answer study aims. Conclude your report with a recommendation, how should future studies in your area be designed to best answer similar questions?

¹Avoid using review articles or meta-analyses

5 Assignment 5: Analyzing repeated measures experiments

5.1 Assignment overview

In this assignment you will analyse and report on trial investigating the effect of resistance training volume on lean mass and muscle strength. The data are part of the exscidata package and can be accessed as data("strengthvolume") and data("dxadata"). Read the instructions carefully!

Below you will find a basic outline of the report and example code that we worked on in class.

5.2 Introduction

5.3 Methods

- 5.3.1 Participants and study overview
- 5.3.2 Muscle strength and hypertrophy
- 5.3.3 Data analysis and statistics

5.4 Results

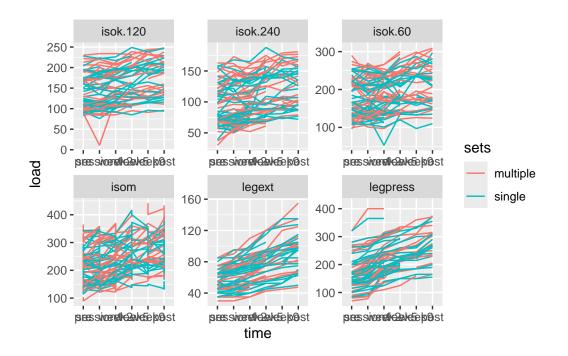
The average difference in lean mass changes between sets were 122.8, 95% CI: [8.6, 237], p = 0.036.

```
## Time points in strength data set
strengthvolume %>%
distinct(exercise)
```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 1
  exercise
  <chr>
1 legpress
2 legext
3 isok.60
4 isok.120
5 isok.240
6 isom
## Exploratory plot of strength data
str <- strengthvolume %>%
  filter(include == "incl") %>%
  mutate(time = factor(time, levels = c("pre", "session1",
                                         "week2", "week5",
                                         "week9", "post"))) %>%
  print()
# A tibble: 2,856 x 8
   participant sex
                     include time
                                      sets
                                                leg
                                                      exercise
                                                                load
   <chr>
               <chr> <chr>
                             <fct>
                                      <chr>
                                                <chr> <chr>
                                                               <dbl>
 1 FP13
               male incl
                             pre
                                       single
                                                      legpress
                                                                 115
2 FP13
               male incl
                             pre
                                      multiple L
                                                      legpress
                                                                 115
3 FP13
               male incl
                                      single
                                                                  55
                             pre
                                                R
                                                      legext
4 FP13
               male incl
                                      multiple L
                                                      legext
                                                                  55
                             pre
5 FP13
                                                                 125
               male incl
                             session1 single
                                                      legpress
6 FP13
                             session1 multiple L
                                                                 125
               male incl
                                                      legpress
7 FP13
               male incl
                             session1 single
                                                      legext
                                                                  55
8 FP13
                                                                  55
               male incl
                             session1 multiple L
                                                      legext
9 FP13
               male incl
                             week2
                                       single
                                                      legpress
                                                                 185
10 FP13
               male incl
                             week2
                                       multiple L
                                                      legpress
                                                                 175
# i 2,846 more rows
str %>%
  ggplot(aes(time,
             group = paste(participant, sets),
             color = sets)) +
  geom_line() +
```

facet_wrap(~ exercise, scales = "free")

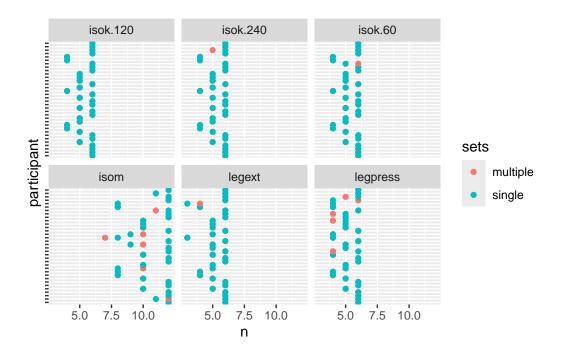
Warning: Removed 5 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range (`geom_line()`).



```
## How many measurements per participant

str %>%
  filter(!is.na(load)) %>%
  group_by(participant, exercise, sets) %>%
  summarise(n = n() ) %>%
  ggplot(aes(n, participant, color = sets)) +
  geom_point() +
  facet_wrap(~ exercise) +
  theme(axis.text.y = element_blank())
```

`summarise()` has grouped output by 'participant', 'exercise'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.



```
Warning: There were 7 warnings in `summarise()`.
The first warning was:
i In argument: `load = max(load, na.rm = TRUE)`.
```

A tibble: 816 x 7

	${\tt participant}$	sex	time	sets	exercise	leg	load
	<chr></chr>	<chr></chr>	<chr></chr>	<chr></chr>	<chr></chr>	<chr>></chr>	<dbl></dbl>
1	FP13	male	pre	single	legpress	R	125
2	FP13	male	pre	${\tt multiple}$	legpress	L	125
3	FP13	male	pre	single	legext	R	55
4	FP13	male	pre	multiple	legext	L	55
5	FP13	male	post	single	legpress	R	230
6	FP13	male	post	${\tt multiple}$	legpress	L	235
7	FP13	male	post	single	legext	R	97.5
8	FP13	male	post	multiple	legext	L	100
9	FP16	female	pre	single	legpress	R	95
10	FP16	female	pre	multiple	legpress	L	85

i 806 more rows

5.5 Discussion

5.6 Conclusion

6 Philosophy of science

See instructions on canvas.

7 Molecular Laboratory report

Select one laboratory assignment and write a detailed report.

References

Spiegelhalter, D. J. 2019. *The Art of Statistics : How to Learn from Data.* Book. First US edition. New York: Basic Books.