

#### R Code for Examples in the book

"Statistics: The Art and Science of Learning from Data" by Agresti, Franklin and Klingenberg, 5<sup>th</sup> edition

# Chapter 15

Example 3: Driving Reaction Times – Wilcoxon Test: Finding Ranks

# Reading in data:

```
data <-
read.csv(file='https://raw.githubusercontent.com/artofstat/data/master/Chapte
r15/reaction time long.csv')
head(data)
##
    Student
              group response
## 1 1 control
                        557
## 2
                        636
              phone
## 3
          2 control
                        572
## 4
          2
              phone
                        623
## 5
                        457
          3 control
## 6
          3
              phone
                        615
```

### To assign ranks to the values

data\$Rank <- rank(data\$response)</pre>

#### To subset the data

```
phone_ranks <- subset(data, group == 'phone')$Rank
control_ranks <- subset(data, group == 'control')$Rank</pre>
```

## To perform a Wilcoxon test

```
wilcox.test(phone_ranks, control_ranks)
##
## Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction
##
## data: phone_ranks and control_ranks
## W = 688, p-value = 0.01844
## alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0
```