

# PRESENTATION - GRAPH NEURAL NETWORKS FOR NEXT POINT OF INTEREST RECOMMENDATION

Deep Learning

Master's Degree in Computer Science

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# Dataset

## 1 Task and data analysis

**Task:** given a sequence of check-ins we want to predict where the user will go

### Columns

1. Venue (ID-Name)
2. User
3. Category (Name)
4. Location (Longitude-Altitude)
5. Timestamp

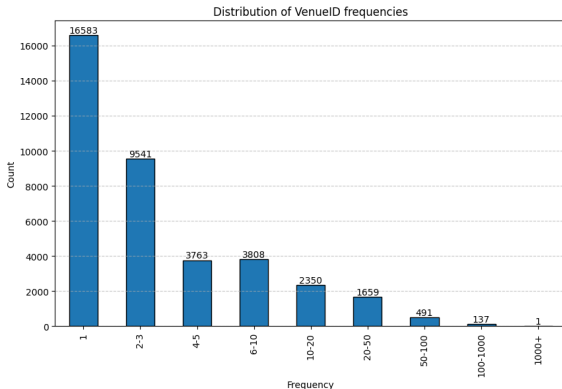
### The dataset comprises

- 227,428 check-ins
- 38,333 venues
- 398 distinct categories
- 1,083 users
- time range 2012 - 2013



# New features - Grid and Hotness

## 1 Task and data analysis



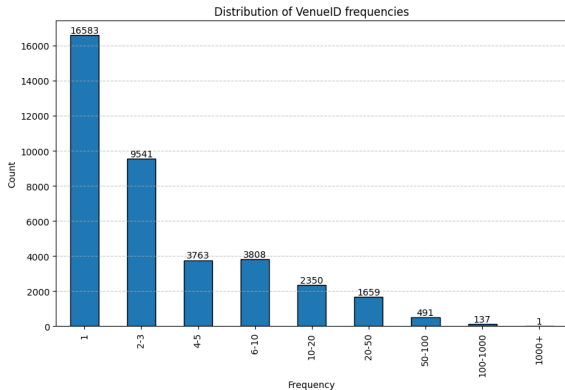
1. **Hotness:** based on the popularity of the venue (0-6)
2. **Grid:** based on the coordinates of the place we obtained 336 different grid values

**Figure:** Analysis of the distribution of venues' check-ins



# Label discrimination

## 1 Task and data analysis



Number of labels

$$38,333 \xrightarrow{-33,198} 5135$$

**Figure:** Analysis of the distribution of venues' check-ins



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## 2 Sequences study and definition

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# Sequence creation

## 2 Sequences study and definition

- We grouped check-ins by user and ordered them in an ascending fashion
- A sequence is defined as a set of ordered check-ins, where each adjacent pair has a time  $\Delta \leq 1$  day
- The last element of the set is a label



# Sequence analysis and problems

## 2 Sequences study and definition

Top_1	Top_5	Top_10	Top_20
17.10	38.50	46.10	52.20

**Table:** U Top score

Number of sequences: 33,023

Number of 1 element sequences: 10,889





# Sequences' problem resolution

## 2 Sequences study and definition

1. Removed sequences with *length*  $< 4$
2. Take a random venue in the sequence as label

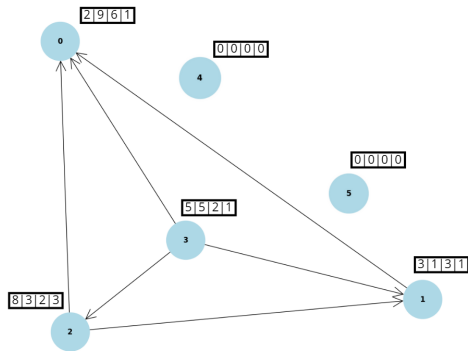
	Top_1	Top_5	Top_10	Top_20
<b>Init. Sequences</b>	17.10	38.50	46.10	52.20
<b>Mod. Sequences</b>	4.13	9.95	12.00	13.42

Table: U Top score



# Sequences to Graph

## 2 Sequences study and definition



**Figure:** Graph representation of the 'venues-id' sequence [5, 8, 3, 2] with a maximum sequence length of six.



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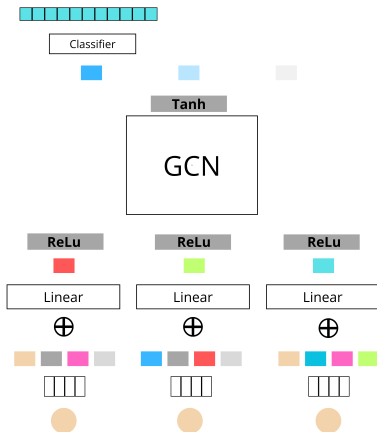
## 3 Model architecture and results

- ▶ Task and data analysis
- ▶ Sequences study and definition
- ▶ Model architecture and results



# Model architecture

## 3 Model architecture and results





# Model hyper-parameters

## 3 Model architecture and results

Hyperparameter	Value
Learning Rate	0.0001
Batch Size	128
Optimizer	Adam
Loss Function	Cross Entropy
Dropout Rate	0.25
Units per Hidden Layer	512
Activation Function	Relu, Tanh



# Results

## 3 Model architecture and results

Model	Top-1	Top-5	Top-10	Top-20	MRR
U-TOP-10-WRL	4.13	9.95	12.00	13.42	n/d
LSTM	7.33	14.10	16.64	19.46	10.47
Model-10-WRL	7.75	19.88	24.68	29.05	13.45

**Table:** Performance Metrics for Different Models



# PRESENTATION - GRAPH NEURAL NETWORKS FOR NEXT POINT OF INTEREST RECOMMENDATION

*Thank you for listening!*