Analysis of the USJudgeRatings data set

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Problem 2: Analysis of the USJudgeRatings dataset

This exercise is open. You are asked to use the tools we have seen together to analyze the USJudgeRatings data set. This data set is provided in the package datasets. Your analysis should be reported here and include:

- an introduction
- a general description of the data
- the use of descriptive statistics
- the use of all techniques we have seen together that might be relevant
- a conclusion

Overall, your analysis, including the graphs and the codes should not exceed 15 pages in pdf.

Introduction

The USJudgeRatings dataset contains lawyers' ratings of state judges in the US Superior Court in 1977. The data is stored in a dataframe.

```
data(USJudgeRatings)
head(USJudgeRatings)
                  CONT INTG DMNR DILG CFMG DECI PREP FAMI ORAL WRIT PHYS RTEN
## AARONSON, L.H.
                   5.7
                        7.9
                             7.7
                                  7.3
                                       7.1
                                             7.4
                                                  7.1
                                                       7.1
                                                            7.1
                                                                 7.0
                                                                       8.3
## ALEXANDER, J.M.
                   6.8
                        8.9
                             8.8
                                  8.5
                                        7.8
                                             8.1
                                                  8.0
                                                       8.0
                                                            7.8
                                                                 7.9
                                                                            8.7
                             7.8
                                                       7.5
## ARMENTANO, A.J.
                   7.2
                                  7.8
                                        7.5
                                             7.6
                                                  7.5
                                                            7.3
                                                                 7.4
                        8.1
                                                                       7.9
## BERDON, R.I.
                   6.8
                        8.8
                             8.5
                                  8.8
                                        8.3
                                             8.5
                                                  8.7
                                                       8.7
                                                                 8.5
## BRACKEN, J.J.
                   7.3
                        6.4
                             4.3
                                   6.5
                                        6.0
                                             6.2
                                                  5.7
                                                       5.7
                                                            5.1
                                                                 5.3
                                                                            4.8
## BURNS, E.B.
                   6.2
                        8.8
                             8.7
                                  8.5 7.9
                                            8.0
                                                  8.1
                                                       8.0
                                                            8.0
                                                                 8.0
library(knitr)
library(kableExtra)
kable(USJudgeRatings, 'latex', caption = "Ratings of US judges", booktabs = T) %>%
  kable_styling(latex_options = "striped", font_size = 6.5)
str(USJudgeRatings)
   'data.frame':
                    43 obs. of 12 variables:
   $ CONT: num
                 5.7 6.8 7.2 6.8 7.3 6.2 10.6 7 7.3 8.2 ...
   $ INTG: num 7.9 8.9 8.1 8.8 6.4 8.8 9 5.9 8.9 7.9 ...
   $ DMNR: num 7.7 8.8 7.8 8.5 4.3 8.7 8.9 4.9 8.9 6.7 ...
   $ DILG: num
                 7.3 8.5 7.8 8.8 6.5 8.5 8.7 5.1 8.7 8.1 ...
##
   $ CFMG: num 7.1 7.8 7.5 8.3 6 7.9 8.5 5.4 8.6 7.9 ...
##
##
   $ DECI: num 7.4 8.1 7.6 8.5 6.2 8 8.5 5.9 8.5 8 ...
   $ PREP: num 7.1 8 7.5 8.7 5.7 8.1 8.5 4.8 8.4 7.9 ...
                 7.1 8 7.5 8.7 5.7 8 8.5 5.1 8.4 8.1 ...
##
   $ FAMI: num
##
   $ ORAL: num 7.1 7.8 7.3 8.4 5.1 8 8.6 4.7 8.4 7.7 ...
   $ WRIT: num 7 7.9 7.4 8.5 5.3 8 8.4 4.9 8.5 7.8 ...
```

\$ PHYS: num 8.3 8.5 7.9 8.8 5.5 8.6 9.1 6.8 8.8 8.5 ... \$ RTEN: num 7.8 8.7 7.8 8.7 4.8 8.6 9 5 8.8 7.9 ...

Table 1: Ratings of US judges

	CONT	INTG	DMNR	DILG	CFMG	DECI	PREP	FAMI	ORAL	WRIT	PHYS	RTEN
AARONSON,L.H.	5.7	7.9	7.7	7.3	7.1	7.4	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	8.3	7.8
ALEXANDER, J.M.	6.8	8.9	8.8	8.5	7.8	8.1	8.0	8.0	7.8	7.9	8.5	8.7
ARMENTANO,A.J.	7.2	8.1	7.8	7.8	7.5	7.6	7.5	7.5	7.3	7.4	7.9	7.8
BERDON,R.I.	6.8	8.8	8.5	8.8	8.3	8.5	8.7	8.7	8.4	8.5	8.8	8.7
BRACKEN,J.J.	7.3	6.4	4.3	6.5	6.0	6.2	5.7	5.7	5.1	5.3	5.5	4.8
BURNS,E.B.	6.2	8.8	8.7	8.5	7.9	8.0	8.1	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.6	8.6
CALLAHAN,R.J.	10.6	9.0	8.9	8.7	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.6	8.4	9.1	9.0
COHEN,S.S.	7.0	5.9	4.9	5.1	5.4	5.9	4.8	5.1	4.7	4.9	6.8	5.0
DALY,J.J.	7.3	8.9	8.9	8.7	8.6	8.5	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.5	8.8	8.8
DANNEHY, J.F.	8.2	7.9	6.7	8.1	7.9	8.0	7.9	8.1	7.7	7.8	8.5	7.9
DEAN,H.H.	7.0	8.0	7.6	7.4	7.3	7.5	7.1	7.2	7.1	7.2	8.4	7.7
DEVITA,H.J.	6.5	8.0	7.6	7.2	7.0	7.1	6.9	7.0	7.0	7.1	6.9	7.2
DRISCOLL,P.J.	6.7	8.6	8.2	6.8	6.9	6.6	7.1	7.3	7.2	7.2	8.1	7.7
GRILLO,A.E.	7.0	7.5	6.4	6.8	6.5	7.0	6.6	6.8	6.3	6.6	6.2	6.5
HADDEN,W.L.JR.	6.5	8.1	8.0	8.0	7.9	8.0	7.9	7.8	7.8	7.8	8.4	8.0
HAMILL,E.C.	7.3	8.0	7.4	7.7	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.2	7.1	7.2	8.0	7.6
HEALEY.A.H.	8.0	7.6	6.6	7.2	6.5	6.5	6.8	6.7	6.4	6.5	6.9	6.7
HULL,T.C.	7.7	7.7	6.7	7.5	7.4	7.5	7.1	7.3	7.1	7.3	8.1	7.4
LEVINE,I.	8.3	8.2	7.4	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.5	7.6	8.0	8.0
LEVISTER,R.L.	9.6	6.9	5.7	6.6	6.9	6.6	6.2	6.0	5.8	5.8	7.2	6.0
MARTIN,L.F.	7.1	8.2	7.7	7.1	6.6	6.6	6.7	6.7	6.8	6.8	7.5	7.3
MCGRATH, J.F.	7.6	7.3	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.8	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.3	7.4	6.6
MIGNONE, A.F.	6.6	7.4	6.2	6.2	5.4	5.7	5.8	5.9	5.2	5.8	4.7	5.2
MISSAL,H.M.	6.2	8.3	8.1	7.7	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.2	7.3	7.8	7.6
MULVEY,H.M.	7.5	8.7	8.5	8.6	8.5	8.4	8.5	8.5	8.4	8.4	8.7	8.7
NARUK,H.J.	7.8	8.9	8.7	8.9	8.7	8.8	8.9	9.0	8.8	8.9	9.0	9.0
O'BRIEN,F.J.	7.1	8.5	8.3	8.0	7.9	7.9	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.7	8.3	8.2
O'SULLIVAN,T.J.	7.5	9.0	8.9	8.7	8.4	8.5	8.4	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.8	8.7
PASKEY,L.	7.5	8.1	7.7	8.2	8.0	8.1	8.2	8.4	8.0	8.1	8.4	8.1
RUBINOW, J.E.	7.1	9.2	9.0	9.0	8.4	8.6	9.1	9.1	8.9	9.0	8.9	9.2
SADEN.G.A.	6.6	7.4	6.9	8.4	8.0	7.9	8.2	8.4	7.7	7.9	8.4	7.5
SATANIELLO, A.G.	8.4	8.0	7.9	7.9	7.8	7.8	7.6	7.4	7.4	7.4	8.1	7.9
SHEA,D.M.	6.9	8.5	7.8	8.5	8.1	8.2	8.4	8.5	8.1	8.3	8.7	8.3
SHEA,J.F.JR.	7.3	8.9	8.8	8.7	8.4	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.4	8.4	8.8	8.8
SIDOR,W.J.	7.7	6.2	5.1	5.6	5.6	5.9	5.6	5.6	5.3	5.5	6.3	5.3
	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.1	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SPEZIALE, J.A.	8.5 6.9	8.3 8.3	8.1 8.0	8.3 8.1	8.4 7.9	8.2 7.9	8.2 7.9	8.1 7.7	7.9 7.6	8.0 7.7	8.0 8.1	8.2 8.0
SPONZO,M.J. STAPLETON,J.F.	6.5	8.3 8.2			7.9	7.9	7.9	7.7	7.6	7.6	8.1 8.5	7.7
TESTO,R.J.	8.3	7.3	7.7 7.0	7.8 6.8	7.6	7.1	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	8.5	7.0
	8.3	8.2	7.0	8.3	8.4		7.7	7.6	7.5	7.7	8.1	7.0
TIERNEY, W.L.JR.						8.3	1.1		6.5	1.1	8.1	
WALL,R.A.	9.0	7.0	5.9	7.0	7.0	7.2	6.9	6.9	6.5	6.6	7.6	6.6
WRIGHT,D.B.	7.1	8.4	8.4	7.7	7.5	7.7	7.8	8.2	8.0	8.1	8.3	8.1
ZARRILLI,K.J.	8.6	7.4	7.0	7.5	7.5	7.7	7.4	7.2	6.9	7.0	7.8	7.1

We are provided with n=43 observations and p=12 quantitative variables.

An observation is the different ratings received by a judge (given by his name) in the US Superior Court in 1977.

```
colnames(USJudgeRatings)

## [1] "CONT" "INTG" "DMNR" "DILG" "CFMG" "DECI" "PREP" "FAMI" "ORAL" "WRIT"

## [11] "PHYS" "RTEN"

round(sqrt(diag(var(USJudgeRatings))),2)

## CONT INTG DMNR DILG CFMG DECI PREP FAMI ORAL WRIT PHYS RTEN

## 0.94 0.77 1.14 0.90 0.86 0.80 0.95 0.95 1.01 0.96 0.94 1.10

cat('The smallest standard deviation is: ', min(round(sqrt(diag(var(USJudgeRatings))),2)), '\n')

## The smallest standard deviation is: ', max(round(sqrt(diag(var(USJudgeRatings))),2)))

## The largest standard deviation is: 1.14
```

The variables are:

- CONT: Number of contacts of lawyer with judge
- INTG: Judicial integrity
- DMNR : Demeanor
- DILG : Diligence
- CFMG: Case flow managing
- DECI : Prompt decisions
- PREP: Preparation for trial
- FAMI : Familiarity with law
- ORAL : Sound oral rulings
- WRIT : Sound written rulings
- PHYS : Physical ability
- RTEN : Worthy of retention

General description of the data

```
sum(is.na(USJudgeRatings))
```

[1] 0

There are no missing values in the data frame.

summary(USJudgeRatings)

##	CONT	INTG	DMNR	DILG		
##	Min. : 5.700	Min. :5.900	Min. :4.300	Min. :5.100		
##	1st Qu.: 6.850	1st Qu.:7.550	1st Qu.:6.900	1st Qu.:7.150		
##	Median : 7.300	Median :8.100	Median :7.700	Median :7.800		
##	Mean : 7.437	Mean :8.021	Mean :7.516	Mean :7.693		
##	3rd Qu.: 7.900	3rd Qu.:8.550	3rd Qu.:8.350	3rd Qu.:8.450		
##	Max. :10.600	Max. :9.200	Max. :9.000	Max. :9.000		
##	CFMG	DECI	PREP	FAMI		
##	Min. :5.400	Min. :5.700	Min. :4.800	Min. :5.100		
##	1st Qu.:7.000	1st Qu.:7.100	1st Qu.:6.900	1st Qu.:6.950		
##	Median :7.600	Median :7.700	Median :7.700	Median :7.600		
##	Mean :7.479	Mean :7.565	Mean :7.467	Mean :7.488		

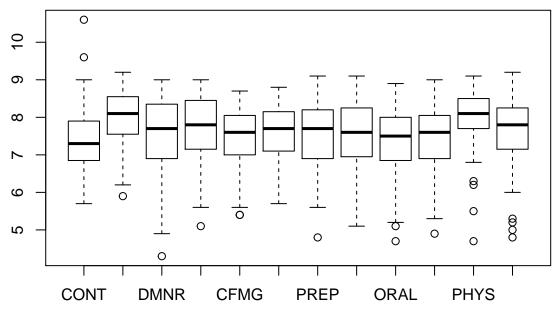
```
##
    3rd Qu.:8.050
                     3rd Qu.:8.150
                                       3rd Qu.:8.200
                                                        3rd Qu.:8.250
                                       Max.
                                               :9.100
##
    Max.
            :8.700
                     Max.
                             :8.800
                                                                :9.100
                                                        Max.
         ORAL
##
                           WRIT
                                            PHYS
                                                              RTEN
##
            :4.700
                     Min.
                             :4.900
                                       Min.
                                               :4.700
                                                                :4.800
    Min.
                                                        Min.
##
    1st Qu.:6.850
                     1st Qu.:6.900
                                       1st Qu.:7.700
                                                        1st Qu.:7.150
    Median :7.500
                     Median :7.600
                                       Median :8.100
                                                        Median :7.800
##
                             :7.384
                                               :7.935
                                                                :7.602
##
    Mean
            :7.293
                     Mean
                                       Mean
                                                        Mean
##
    3rd Qu.:8.000
                     3rd Qu.:8.050
                                       3rd Qu.:8.500
                                                        3rd Qu.:8.250
##
    Max.
            :8.900
                     Max.
                             :9.000
                                       Max.
                                               :9.100
                                                        Max.
                                                                :9.200
```

All the variables (except the variable CONT) seem to be ranged between 0 and 10.

The last variable, RTEN, seems to conclude the analysis. In fact, it says if the lawyers think that the judge is worthy staying in the US Superior Court or not.

First, we can observe that each variable seems to follow a symetric distribution, since median and mean are always close. Are u sure? because sometimes the difference is big for values between 5 and 10.

Outvals = boxplot(USJudgeRatings)



We observe the presence of outliers for 10 of the 12 variables (with larger values for CONT and with lower values for the other variables).

We can take a look on some outliers.

```
max(USJudgeRatings$CONT)
```

[1] 10.6

rownames(USJudgeRatings)[which.max(USJudgeRatings\$CONT)]

```
## [1] "CALLAHAN, R.J."
```

The judge with the biggest number of contacts of lawyer is judge Callahan with a a number of 10.6 contacts. min(USJudgeRatings\$RTEN)

```
## [1] 4.8
```

rownames(USJudgeRatings)[which.min(USJudgeRatings\$RTEN)]

[1] "BRACKEN, J. J."

The judge with the lowest rating for worthiness of retention is judge Bracken with a rating of 4.8.

```
max(USJudgeRatings$RTEN)
```

```
## [1] 9.2
```

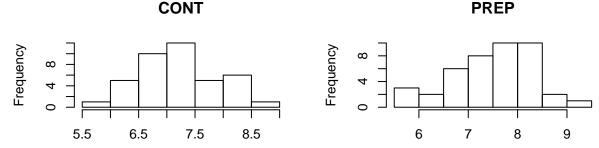
```
rownames(USJudgeRatings)[which.max(USJudgeRatings$RTEN)]
```

```
## [1] "RUBINOW, J.E."
```

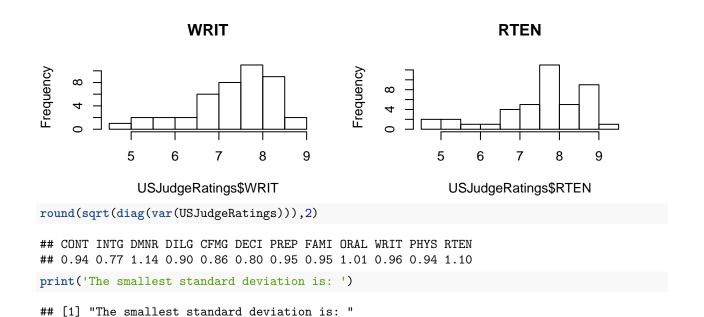
The judge with the highest rating for worthiness of retention is judge Rubinow with a rating of 9.2. We are not provided with extra information and we cannot check wether the outliers correspond to mistakes. Thus, we will assume that they aren't mistakes.

Descriptive statistics analysis of the dataset

```
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
hist(USJudgeRatings$CONT[USJudgeRatings$CONT<9], main="CONT")
hist(USJudgeRatings$PREP[USJudgeRatings$PREP>5], main="PREP")
hist(USJudgeRatings$WRIT, main="WRIT")
hist(USJudgeRatings$RTEN, main="RTEN")
```



USJudgeRatings\$CONT[USJudgeRatings\$CONT USJudgeRatings\$PREP[USJudgeRatings\$PREP >



```
min(round(sqrt(diag(var(USJudgeRatings))),2))
## [1] 0.77
print('The largest standard deviation is: ')
## [1] "The largest standard deviation is: "
max(round(sqrt(diag(var(USJudgeRatings))),2))
```

[1] 1.14

Regarding the dispersion, we look at the interquartile range (given by the boxplots) and the empirical standard deviation. Overall, the dispersions are not very high (around 1). We find that the variables DMNR and RTEN have the largest standard deviation, while the DECI variable has the smallest.

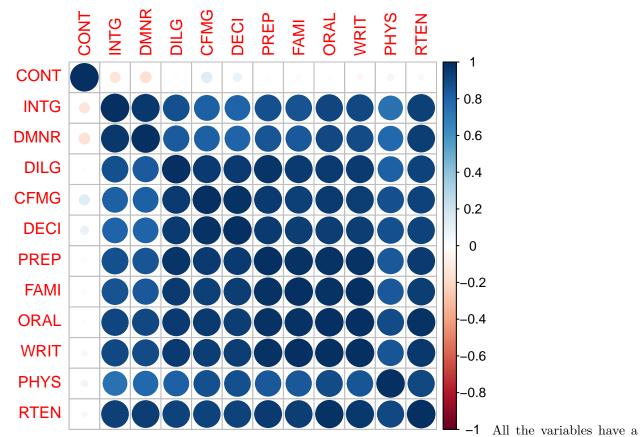
Let's measure the correlations between the 11 first variables and the variable RTEN.

```
round(cor(USJudgeRatings),2)
```

```
INTG DMNR DILG CFMG DECI PREP
                                             FAMI ORAL
                                                          WRIT PHYS
        1.00 -0.13 -0.15 0.01 0.14 0.09 0.01 -0.03 -0.01 -0.04 0.05 -0.03
## CONT
## INTG -0.13
              1.00
                     0.96 0.87 0.81 0.80 0.88
                                              0.87
                                                     0.91
                                                           0.91 0.74
## DMNR -0.15
              0.96
                    1.00 0.84 0.81 0.80 0.86
                                              0.84
                                                    0.91
                                                           0.89 0.79
## DILG
        0.01
              0.87
                    0.84 1.00 0.96 0.96 0.98
                                              0.96
                                                     0.95
                                                           0.96 0.81
                                                                      0.93
                     0.81 0.96 1.00 0.98 0.96
## CFMG
        0.14
              0.81
                                              0.94
                                                     0.95
                                                           0.94 0.88
                                                                      0.93
## DECI
        0.09
              0.80
                     0.80 0.96 0.98 1.00 0.96
                                              0.94
                                                     0.95
                                                           0.95 0.87
                                                                      0.92
## PREP
        0.01
              0.88
                     0.86 0.98 0.96 0.96 1.00
                                              0.99
                                                     0.98
                                                           0.99 0.85
                                                                      0.95
## FAMI -0.03
              0.87
                     0.84 0.96 0.94 0.94 0.99
                                              1.00
                                                     0.98
                                                          0.99 0.84
                                                                      0.94
## ORAL -0.01
              0.91
                     0.91 0.95 0.95 0.95 0.98
                                              0.98
                                                     1.00
                                                           0.99 0.89
                                                                      0.98
## WRIT -0.04
              0.91
                     0.89 0.96 0.94 0.95 0.99
                                              0.99
                                                     0.99
                                                          1.00 0.86
                                                                      0.97
## PHYS 0.05
              0.74
                     0.79 0.81 0.88 0.87 0.85
                                              0.84
                                                     0.89
                                                          0.86 1.00 0.91
                     0.94 0.93 0.93 0.92 0.95 0.94
## RTEN -0.03 0.94
                                                    0.98 0.97 0.91 1.00
library(corrplot)
```

```
## corrplot 0.84 loaded
```

```
corrplot(cor(USJudgeRatings))
```



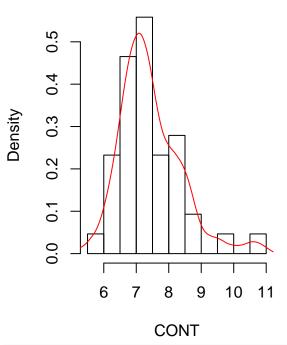
strong positive correlation two by two except the variable CONT which is not correlated to all the other variables. The number of contacts of a lawyer with the judge doesn't seem to explain the ratings received by the judge.

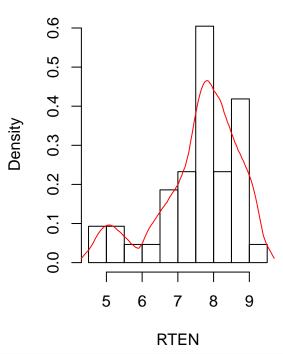
pairs(USJudgeRatings)

```
6.0 9.0
                6.0
       DMNR
       DILG COMP DOCKET DOCKET
       FAMI FAMI
 ORAL ORAL ORAL
WRIT DOS
    6 9
       5 8
             5.5 8.5
                   5 8
                         5 8
                               5 8
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
hist(USJudgeRatings CONT, probability= TRUE, main="Histogram of CONT", xlab="CONT")
d = density(USJudgeRatings$CONT, kernel = 'c', bw = 0.3)
lines(d, col="red")
hist(USJudgeRatings$RTEN, probability= TRUE, main="Histogram of RTEN", xlab="RTEN")
d = density(USJudgeRatings$RTEN, kernel = 'o', bw = 0.3)
lines(d, col="red")
```

Histogram of CONT

Histogram of RTEN

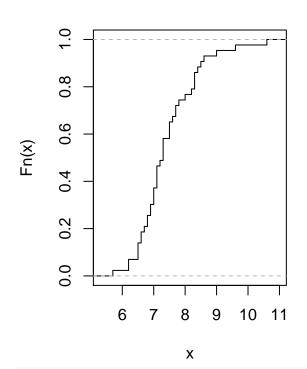


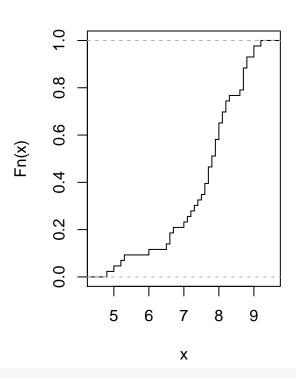


```
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
plot(ecdf(USJudgeRatings$CONT), verticals = TRUE, do.points = FALSE, main = "ECDF CONT")
plot(ecdf(USJudgeRatings$RTEN), verticals = TRUE, do.points = FALSE, main = "ECDF RTEN")
```

ECDF CONT

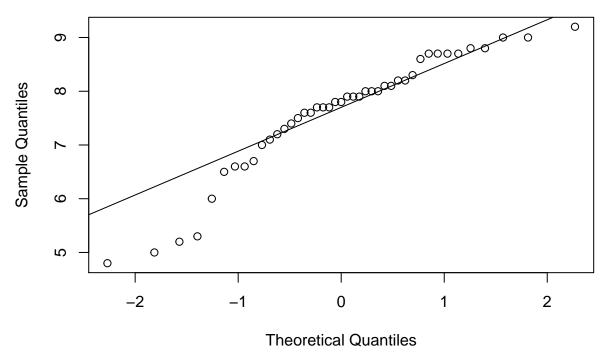
ECDF RTEN





qqnorm(USJudgeRatings\$RTEN)
qqline(USJudgeRatings\$RTEN)

Normal Q-Q Plot



The QQ plots suggests that the RTEN variable is Gaussian.

Explaining the RTEN variable with a regression model

We will use RTEN as our dependent variable and try to explain it by fitting a regression model. We will try to find which of the other 11 variables explain the best our dependant variable and therefore which criterion are the most important for lawyers when evaluating if a judge is fit to stay at the Supreme Court.

use of ggplot??

```
library(e1071)
kurtosis
```

```
## function (x, na.rm = FALSE, type = 3)
##
       if (any(ina \leftarrow is.na(x))) {
##
##
            if (na.rm)
##
                x \leftarrow x[!ina]
##
            else return(NA)
       }
##
       if (!(type %in% (1:3)))
##
##
            stop("Invalid 'type' argument.")
##
       n <- length(x)
       x \leftarrow x - mean(x)
##
##
       r <- n * sum(x^4)/(sum(x^2)^2)
##
       y <- if (type == 1)
##
            r - 3
       else if (type == 2) {
##
##
            if (n < 4)
                stop("Need at least 4 complete observations.")
##
```

```
((n + 1) * (r - 3) + 6) * (n - 1)/((n - 2) * (n - 3))
##
##
       }
##
       else r * (1 - 1/n)^2 - 3
##
## }
## <bytecode: 0x7fdd97d9a228>
## <environment: namespace:e1071>
skewness
## function (x, na.rm = FALSE, type = 3)
##
       if (any(ina <- is.na(x))) {</pre>
##
            if (na.rm)
                x \leftarrow x[!ina]
##
            else return(NA)
##
       }
##
##
       if (!(type %in% (1:3)))
            stop("Invalid 'type' argument.")
##
       n <- length(x)
##
       x \leftarrow x - mean(x)
##
       y \leftarrow sqrt(n) * sum(x^3)/(sum(x^2)^(3/2))
##
##
       if (type == 2) {
##
            if (n < 3)
##
                stop("Need at least 3 complete observations.")
##
            y \leftarrow y * sqrt(n * (n - 1))/(n - 2)
##
##
       else if (type == 3)
##
            y \leftarrow y * ((1 - 1/n))^(3/2)
##
## }
## <bytecode: 0x7fdd965d0080>
## <environment: namespace:e1071>
```