



Algebra lineal
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FACTORIZACION LU

Factorización Lu

Problema 10

$$10 = \begin{cases} 2x + y + z = 4 \\ 4x - y + 2z = -1 \\ 2x + 3y + 8z = 3 \end{cases} \quad \left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 4 & -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & 8 & 3 \end{array} \right| \quad |A| = -92 \neq 0 \quad \times$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 4 & -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & 8 & 3 \end{array} \rightarrow R_2 = R_1(-2) + R_2 \quad \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 & -9 \\ 2 & 3 & 8 & 3 \end{array} \rightarrow R_3 = R_1(-1) + R_3$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -4 - 2 - 2 \\ \hline 0 & -3 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 & -9 \\ 2 & 3 & 8 & 3 \end{array} \rightarrow R_3 = R_2(-1) + R_3$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2 - 1 - 1 \\ \hline 2 & +3 & -1 \\ \hline 0 & 2 & -2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 & -9 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 & 3 \end{array} \rightarrow R_3 = R_2\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) + R_3$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0 & 2 & -2 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & -2 \end{array}$$

$$U = \left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 & -9 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 3 \end{array} \right| \quad L = \left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 & -7 \\ -1 & \frac{2}{3} & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right|$$

Resolver Ly = b

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 & -7 \\ -1 & \frac{2}{3} & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{c} y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \end{array} \right) = \left(\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ -7 \\ 3 \end{array} \right)$$

$$y_1 = 4$$

$$-2y_1 + y_2 = -7 \quad -2(4) + y_2 = -7 \quad y_2 = 7$$

$$-y_1 + \frac{2}{3}y_2 + y_3 = 3 \quad -4 + \frac{14}{3} + y_3 = 3 \quad y_3 = \frac{7}{3}$$

$$-2(4) + y_2 = -7$$

$$y_2 = 8 - 1 = 7$$

$$-4 + \frac{14}{3} + y_3 = 3$$

$$-4 + \frac{14}{3} + y_3 = 3$$

$$\frac{2}{3} + y_3 = 3$$

$$y_3 = 3 - \frac{2}{3} = \frac{7}{3}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} y_1 = 4 \\ y_2 = 7 \\ y_3 = \frac{7}{3} \end{array} \quad \times$$

Problema 10

$$Ux = y$$
$$\begin{array}{ccc} \frac{4}{7} & & \frac{21}{0 \cdot -3 \cdot 0} \\ \cancel{\frac{7}{3}} & & \cancel{0 \cdot 0 \cdot -2} \end{array}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & 1 & x_1 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 & x_2 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & x_3 \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{c} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{array} \right) = \left(\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 7 \\ \frac{7}{3} \end{array} \right)$$
$$2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 4$$
$$-3x_2 = 7$$
$$-2x_3 = \frac{7}{3}$$

$$-2x_3 = \frac{7}{3}$$

$$x_3 = \frac{\frac{7}{3}}{-2} = -\frac{7}{6}$$

$$-3x_2 = 7$$

$$x_2 = -\frac{7}{3}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{15}{4}$$

$$x_2 = -\frac{7}{3}$$

$$x_3 = -\frac{7}{6}$$

Solución
única

$$2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 4$$

$$2x_1 = \frac{7}{3} - \frac{7}{6} = 4$$

$$2x_1 - \frac{7}{2} = 4$$

$$x_1 = \frac{4 + \frac{7}{2}}{2} = \frac{15}{4}$$

$$\frac{15}{2}$$

Problema 11

$$11 \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x+y+2z=2 \\ 4x-8y+3z=-2 \\ 2x-2y+2z=1 \end{array} \right| \quad \left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & -8 & +3 & -2 \\ 2 & -2 & 2 & 1 \end{array} \right| \quad |A| = -4 \neq 0$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & -8 & +3 & -2 \\ 2 & -2 & 2 & 1 \end{array} \right| \rightarrow R_2 = R_1(-4) + R_2 \\ \left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -12 & -1 & -2 \\ 2 & -2 & 2 & 1 \end{array} \right| \quad \left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -12 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & -4 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right|$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -12 & -1 & -2 \\ 2 & -2 & 2 & 1 \end{array} \right| \rightarrow R_3 = R_2(-2) + R_3 \\ \left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -12 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 2 & 1 \end{array} \right| \quad \left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -12 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & -4 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right|$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -12 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & -4 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right| \rightarrow R_3 = R_2\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right) + R_3 \quad U = \left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -12 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{3} & 1 \end{array} \right| \quad L = \left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ -4 & 1 & 0 & -2 \\ -2 & -\frac{1}{3} & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right|$$

Resolver Ly = b

$$\begin{aligned} y_1 &= 2 \\ -4y_1 + y_2 &= -2 \\ -2y_1 - \frac{1}{3}y_2 + y_3 &= 1 \\ -4(2) + y_2 &= -2 \\ -8 + y_2 &= -2 \\ y_2 &= -2 + 6 = \underline{\underline{4}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} -2y_1 + \frac{1}{3}y_2 + y_3 &= 1 \\ -2(2) + \frac{1}{3}(4) + y_3 &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} -8 + \frac{4}{3} + y_3 &= 1 \\ y_3 &= 1 + \frac{8}{3} = \underline{\underline{\frac{11}{3}}} \end{aligned}$$

$$y_1 = 2$$

$$y_2 = 4$$

$$y_3 = \underline{\underline{\frac{11}{3}}} \quad \times$$

Problema 11

$$\begin{matrix} UX = & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ & 0 & -12 & -1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{matrix}$$

$$x_3 = \frac{\frac{11}{5}}{\frac{1}{3}} = \frac{33}{5} \times$$

$$-12x_2 - x_3 = 4$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 + x_2 + x_3 &= 2 \\ -12x_2 - x_3 &= 4 \\ x_3 &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$-12x_2 - \frac{33}{5} = 4$$

$$x_2 = \frac{4 + \frac{33}{5}}{-12}$$

$$x_2 = \frac{-53}{60} \times$$

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 2$$

$$x_1 + \left(-\frac{53}{60}\right) + \frac{33}{5} = 2$$

$$x_1 + \frac{343}{60} = 2$$

$$x_1 = 2 - \frac{343}{60} = \frac{-223}{60} \times$$

$$x_1 = -\frac{223}{60}$$

$$x_2 = -\frac{53}{60}$$

Solución única

$$x_3 = \frac{33}{5} \times$$

Problema 12 Factorización LU //

$$12 = \begin{cases} 2x - y + z = 0 \\ x + 2y + z = 10 \\ 3x + y = 0 \end{cases} \quad \left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 10 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right| \quad |A| = -10 \neq 0 \quad \times$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 10 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right| \rightarrow R_2 = R_1(-\frac{1}{2}) + R_2 \quad \left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 10 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right| \rightarrow R_3 = R_1(-\frac{3}{4}) + R_3$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 10 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right| \quad \left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 10 \\ 0 & \frac{3}{2} & -\frac{5}{4} & 0 \end{array} \right|$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 10 \\ 0 & \frac{3}{2} & -\frac{5}{4} & 0 \end{array} \right| \rightarrow R_3 = R_2(-1) + R_3 \quad U = \left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 10 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 \end{array} \right| \quad L = \left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right|$$

$$\begin{aligned} Ly &= b \\ y_1 &= 0 \quad \times \\ -\frac{1}{2}y_1 + y_2 &= 10 \\ -\frac{1}{2}(0) + y_2 &= 10 \\ y_2 &= 10 \quad \times \\ -\frac{5}{4}y_1 + y_2 + y_3 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Ux &= y \\ 2x_1 - x_2 + x_3 &= 0 \\ \frac{3}{2}x_2 + x_3 &= 10 \\ 2x_3 &= 10 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2x_3 &= 10 & \frac{3}{2}x_2 + \frac{1}{2}(5) &= 10 \\ x_3 &= \frac{10}{2} & \frac{3}{2}x_2 + \frac{5}{2} &= 10 \\ x_3 &= 5 & x_2 &= \frac{10 - 5}{\frac{3}{2}} \\ & \times & x_2 &= 9 \quad \times \\ -6x_2 &= 10 + y_3 = 0 & & \end{aligned}$$

$$-6(\frac{10}{2}) - 10 + y_3 = 0$$

$$-10 + y_3 = 0$$
~~$$y_3 = 10 \quad \times$$~~

$$y_1 = 0$$

$$y_2 = 10$$

~~$$y_3 = 10 \quad \times$$~~

$$\begin{aligned} 2x_1 - x_2 + x_3 &= 0 & x_1 &= 2 \\ 2x_1 - 9 + 5 &= 0 & x_2 &= 9 \\ x_1 &= \frac{+9-5}{2} = 2 & x_3 &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

Solución única

METODO DE INVERSA

Metodo de inversa Problema 12

$$12 = \begin{cases} 2x - y + z = 0 \\ x + 2y + z = 10 \\ 3x + y = 0 \end{cases} \quad A = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -10$$

Cofactores

$$A_{11} = (-1)^2 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \quad A_{21} = (-1)^3 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -1$$

$$A_{12} = (-1)^3 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -3 \quad A_{22} = (-1)^4 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -3$$

$$A_{13} = (-1)^4 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -5 \quad A_{23} = (-1)^5 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -5$$

$$A_{31} = (-1)^4 \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -3 \quad A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & -5 \\ 1 & -3 & -5 \\ -3 & -3 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A_{32} = (-1)^5 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -3 \quad A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & -3 \\ -3 & -3 & -3 \\ -5 & -5 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \frac{1}{10}$$

$$A_{33} = (-1)^6 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 5 \quad A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{10} & \frac{1}{10} & \frac{-3}{10} \\ \frac{-3}{10} & \frac{-3}{10} & \frac{-3}{10} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{10} & \frac{1}{10} & \frac{-3}{10} \\ \frac{-3}{10} & \frac{-3}{10} & \frac{-3}{10} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & 0 \\ 6 & 0 & -5 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

Problema 13

$$13: \begin{cases} x+y-z+w=4 \\ -x-y=-1 \\ 2x+y-3w=-4 \\ 2y+z-2w=-5 \end{cases}$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{cccc|c} & +1 & +1 & -1 & +1 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & +1 & 0 & -3 & -3 \\ 0 & 2 & +1 & -2 & -2 \end{array} \right|$$

$$\begin{array}{cc|cc|cc} -(-1) & -1 & -1 & 0 & +1 & +1 & +1 \\ -2 & +1 & -3 & & -1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 & & -2 & +1 & -3 \end{array}$$

$$|A|=+1(-3)=\underline{-3} \times$$

$$A_{11}=(-1)^2 \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ +1 & 0 & -3 \\ 2 & +1 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = \underline{-3} \times$$

$$A_{21}=(-1)^3 \begin{vmatrix} +1 & +1 & +1 \\ +1 & 0 & -3 \\ 2 & 1 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = \underline{-8} \times$$

$$A_{12}=(-1)^3 \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = \underline{3} \times$$

$$A_{22}=(-1)^4 \begin{vmatrix} +1 & -1 & +1 \\ -2 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = \underline{5} \times$$

$$A_{13}=(-1)^4 \begin{vmatrix} -1 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & +1 & -3 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = \underline{0} \times$$

$$A_{23}=(-1)^5 \begin{vmatrix} +1 & +1 & +1 \\ -2 & +1 & -3 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = \underline{4} \times$$

$$A_{14}=(-1)^5 \begin{vmatrix} -1 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & +1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \underline{3} \times$$

$$A_{24}=(-1)^6 \begin{vmatrix} +1 & +1 & -1 \\ -2 & +1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & +1 \end{vmatrix} = \underline{7} \times$$

Problema 13

$$A_{31} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = (-1)^4 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \quad A_{33} = (-1)^6 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = -2$$

$$A_{32} = (-1)^5 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \quad A_{34} = (-1)^7 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -2$$

$$A_{41} = (-1)^5 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -3 \end{vmatrix} = -3 \quad A_{42} = (-1)^6 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & -3 \end{vmatrix} = 3$$

$$A_{43} = (-1)^7 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & +1 & -3 \end{vmatrix} = -3 \quad A_{44} = (-1)^8 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & +1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 3$$

$$A^+ = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 3 & 0 & 3 \\ -8 & 5 & 4 & 7 \\ 1 & -1 & -2 & -2 \\ -3 & 3 & 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{A inversa} \quad \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -8 & 1 & -3 \\ 7 & 5 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 & -2 & 3 \\ 3 & 7 & -2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

A^{-1}

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -\frac{8}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & -1 \\ -1 & \frac{5}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} & -1 \\ 0 & \frac{4}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & -1 \\ -1 & -\frac{2}{3} & \frac{2}{3} & -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = 4 + \frac{8}{3} + \frac{4}{3} + 5 = 13 \\ y = -4 + \frac{5}{3} + \frac{4}{3} + 5 = 4 \\ z = 0 + -\frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{3} + 5 = 1 \\ w = -4 + \frac{7}{3} - \frac{8}{3} + 5 = \frac{2}{3} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{matrix} x & y & z & w \\ 13 & 4 & 1 & \frac{2}{3} \end{matrix} \quad \boxed{4}$$

Probleme 14

$$14: \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x+y+z = 1 \\ -x+y+z+w = 3 \\ 2x-2y + w = 4 \\ 2y-z+3w = 4 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{cccc|c} & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right| \quad |A| = 26 \rightarrow$$

$$|A| = +1 \left| \begin{array}{cccc|ccccc} -1 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & +1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 1 & 1 & 2 & -2 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 3 & 2 & -2 & 1 \end{array} \right| = 1(6) - 1(-14) + 1(6) = 26$$

$$A_{11} = (-1)^2 \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{array} \right| = 1 \rightarrow A_{21} = (-1)^3 \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{array} \right| = 3 \rightarrow A_{31} = (-1)^4 \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ +1 & +1 & 1 \\ +2 & -1 & 3 \end{array} \right| = 5 \rightarrow$$

$$A_{12} = (-1)^3 \left| \begin{array}{ccc} -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 3 \end{array} \right| = 9 \rightarrow A_{22} = (-1)^4 \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & +1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 3 \end{array} \right| = 7 \rightarrow A_{32} = (-1)^5 \left| \begin{array}{ccc} -1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & +1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 3 \end{array} \right| = -1 \rightarrow$$

$$A_{13} = (-1)^4 \left| \begin{array}{ccc} -1 & +1 & 1 \\ 2 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & +2 & 3 \end{array} \right| = 6 \rightarrow A_{23} = (-1)^5 \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \end{array} \right| = +14 \rightarrow A_{33} = (-1)^6 \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \end{array} \right| = 4 \rightarrow$$

$$A_{14} = (-1)^5 \left| \begin{array}{ccc} -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & +2 & -1 \end{array} \right| = +1 \rightarrow A_{24} = (-1)^6 \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \end{array} \right| = 0 \rightarrow A_{34} = (-1)^7 \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \end{array} \right| = -2 \rightarrow$$

$$A_{41} = (-1)^5 \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right| = -4 \rightarrow A_{12} = (-1)^6 \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right| = -2 \rightarrow A_{42} = (-1)^7 \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -2 & 1 \end{array} \right| = -6 \rightarrow$$

$$A_{44} = (-1)^8 \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 \end{array} \right| = 4 \rightarrow$$

Problema 14

$$A = \begin{vmatrix} 11 & 9 & 6 & -1 \\ 7 & 7 & 14 & 0 \\ 5 & -1 & 4 & -2 \\ -4 & -2 & -6 & +4 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$A^T = \begin{vmatrix} 11 & 7 & 5 & -4 \\ 9 & 7 & -1 & -2 \\ 6 & 14 & 4 & -6 \\ -7 & 0 & -2 & +4 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{11}{26} & \frac{7}{26} & \frac{5}{26} & \frac{-2}{13} \\ \frac{9}{26} & \frac{7}{26} & \frac{-1}{26} & \frac{-1}{13} \\ \frac{3}{13} & \frac{3}{13} & \frac{2}{13} & \frac{-3}{13} \\ \frac{-1}{13} & 0 & \frac{-1}{13} & \frac{2}{13} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} 1 \quad \frac{11}{26} + \frac{2}{26} + \frac{10}{13} - \frac{8}{13} = \frac{343}{208} \\ 3 \quad \frac{9}{26} + \frac{2}{26} + \frac{2}{13} - \frac{4}{13} = \frac{9}{13} \\ 4 \quad \frac{3}{13} + \frac{2}{13} + \frac{9}{13} - \frac{12}{13} = \frac{20}{13} \\ 4 \quad -\frac{1}{3} + 0 + \frac{4}{13} + \frac{8}{13} = -\frac{1}{39} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcccc} & x & y & z & w \\ \begin{matrix} 243 \\ 208 \end{matrix} & \frac{9}{13} & \frac{20}{13} & -\frac{1}{39} & \cancel{\downarrow} \end{array}$$

Problema 15

$$15 = \begin{cases} x - y + 2z = 3 \\ 3x + 2y + z = -1 \\ x + 3y - z = -5 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = 5 \quad \cancel{x}$$

Cofactores

$$A_{11} = (-1)^2 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = (1)(-2 - 3) = -5 \quad A_{21} = (-1)^3 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = -5(-1) = 5 \quad \cancel{x}$$

$$A_{12} = (-1)^3 \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = (-1)(-3 - 1) = 4 \quad A_{22} = (-1)^4 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = -2(1) = -2$$

$$A_{13} = (-1)^4 \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = (1)(9 - 2) = 7 \quad A_{23} = (-1)^5 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 2(-1) = -2$$

$$A_{31} = (-1)^4 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -5(-1) = 5 \quad A = \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 4 & 7 \\ 5 & -2 & -2 \\ 5 & 3 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \quad A^t = \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 5 & 5 \\ 4 & -2 & 3 \\ 7 & -2 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A_{32} = (-1)^5 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = -3(-1) = 3$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{5} \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 5 & 5 \\ 4 & -2 & 3 \\ 7 & -2 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A_{33} = (-1)^6 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 3 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 5(1) = 6$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 4/5 & -2/5 & 3/5 \\ 7/5 & -2/5 & 1/5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 4/5 & -2/5 & 3/5 & -1 \\ 7/5 & -2/5 & 1/5 & 5 \end{vmatrix} = -3 - 1 + 5 = 1$$

$$= 1\frac{2}{5} + 2\frac{2}{5} + 3 = 2\frac{9}{5}$$

$$= 2\frac{1}{5} + 2\frac{2}{5} + 6 = 5\frac{3}{5}$$

$$1, \frac{29}{5}, \frac{53}{5} \quad \cancel{x}$$

Problema 16

$$16 = \begin{cases} x - y + z = -2 \\ 2x + y - 2z = 5 \\ 4x + y + 2z = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -2 \\ 4 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = \cancel{14} \times$$

Cofactores

$$A_{11} = (-1)^2 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \cancel{4} \times \quad A_{21} = (-1)^3 \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \cancel{3} \times$$

$$A_{12} = (-1)^3 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ 4 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \cancel{-12} \times \quad A_{22} = (-1)^4 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \cancel{-2} \times$$

$$A_{13} = (-1)^4 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \cancel{-2} \times \quad A_{23} = (-1)^5 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \cancel{-5} \times$$

$$A_{31} = (-1)^4 \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{vmatrix} \cancel{1} \times \quad A = \begin{vmatrix} 4 & -12 & -2 \\ 3 & -2 & -5 \\ 1 & 4 & -1 \end{vmatrix} \quad A^T = \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 3 & 1 \\ -12 & -2 & 4 \\ -2 & -5 & -1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$A_{32} = (-1)^5 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -2 \end{vmatrix} \cancel{4} \times \quad A^{-1} = \frac{4}{14} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ -6 & 7 \\ 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \frac{-12}{14} = \frac{-6}{7}$$

$$A_{33} = (-1)^6 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \cancel{-1} \times \quad \frac{1}{14} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{14}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{14} & \frac{3}{14} & \frac{1}{14} \\ -\frac{6}{14} & \frac{1}{14} & \frac{9}{14} \\ \frac{1}{14} & \frac{9}{14} & -\frac{1}{14} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{4}{14} \cdot \frac{15}{14} + 0 = \frac{23}{14}$$

$$= \frac{12}{14} - \frac{5}{14} \cdot 0 = -\frac{13}{14}$$

$$= \frac{1}{14} \cdot \frac{5}{14} \cdot 0 = \frac{5}{14}$$

$$\frac{23}{14}, -\frac{13}{14}, \frac{5}{14}$$