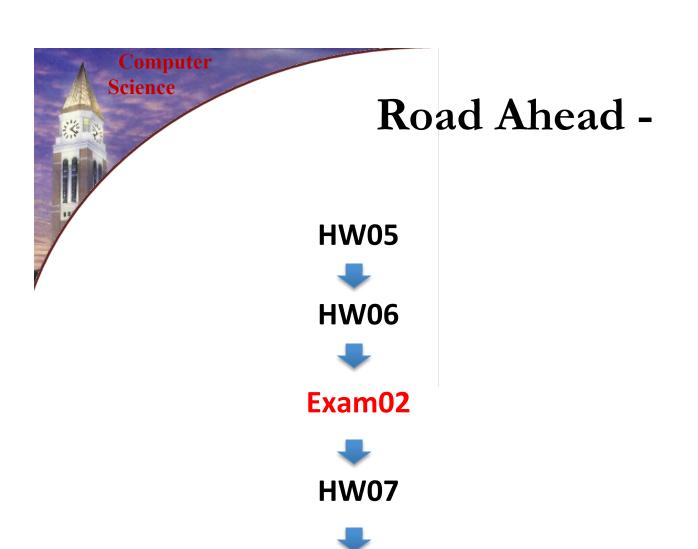
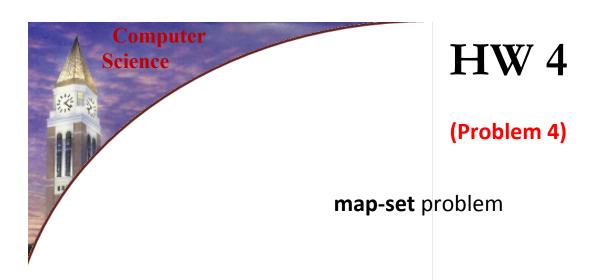


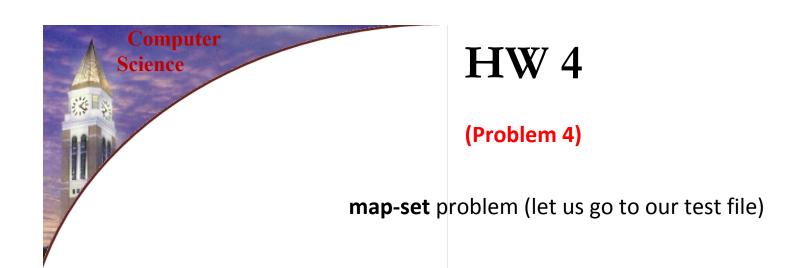
### PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES

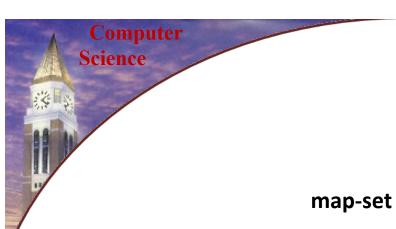
# Department of Computer Science & Engineering Oakland University



Final Exam : 7pm ~10pm : Dec 09, 2019





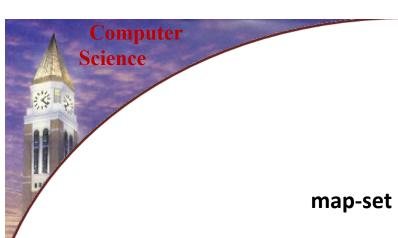


### HW 4

(Problem 4)

```
Conceptually:
	(map-set (lambda(x) (+ x 42)) { 3, 7, 13} )
you get the set of
	{45, 49, 55}
```

map-set problem (let us go to our test file)



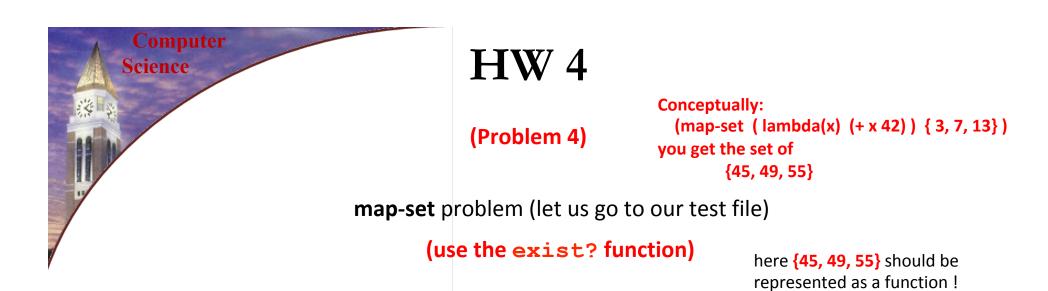
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here {45, 49, 55} should be represented as a function!



```
Computer
                                        HW 4
Science
                                                              Conceptually:
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                                        (Problem 4)
                                                              you get the set of
                                                                      {45, 49, 55}
                           map-set problem (let us go to our test file)
                                   (use the exist? function)
                                                                         here {45, 49, 55} should be
                                                                         represented as a function!
                                                         (define bound 1000)
                                                         (define (generate-range) (range (+ bound 1)))
                                                         (define (exists? predicate s)
                                                           (define (test? x)
                                                            (if(sx)
                                                                (predicate x)
```

(ormap test? (generate-range))

## Computer Science man-set

### HW 4

(Problem 4)

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Conceptually:

(map-set (lambda(x) (+ x 42)) { 3, 7, 13})

you get the set of

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map-set problem (let us go to our test file)

(use the exist? function)

here {45, 49, 55} should be represented as a function!

to say 45 belongs to the set is the same to saying that there exists an number, say i, in {3, 7, 13} such that i + 42 is 45

# Computer Science map-set p

### HW 4

(Problem 4)

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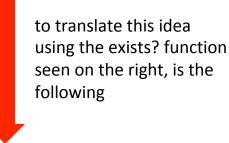
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```
Computer
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map-set pr
```

### HW 4

(Problem 4)

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map-set problem (let us go to our test file)

```
(use the exist? function)
```

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to say 45 belongs to the set is the same to saying that there exists an number, say i, in {3, 7, 13} such that i + 42 is 45

```
to translate this idea using the exists? function seen on the right, is the following

(define (map-set op s)
  (lambda (x)
   (exists? (lambda (i) (equal? (op i) x))
```

s)

```
Computer
Science
man-set n
```

### HW 4

(Problem 4)

```
Conceptually:

(map-set (lambda(x) (+ x 42)) { 3, 7, 13})

you get the set of

{45, 49, 55}
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map-set problem (let us go to our test file)

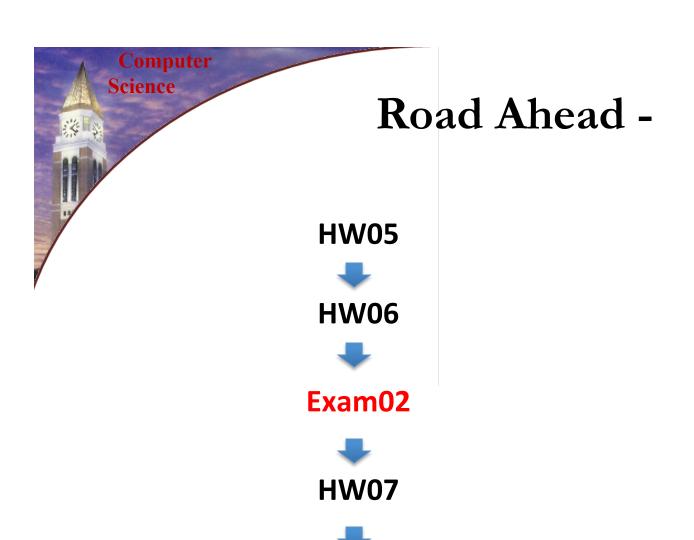
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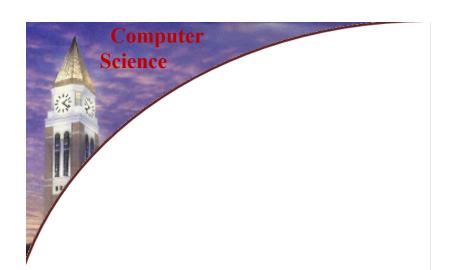
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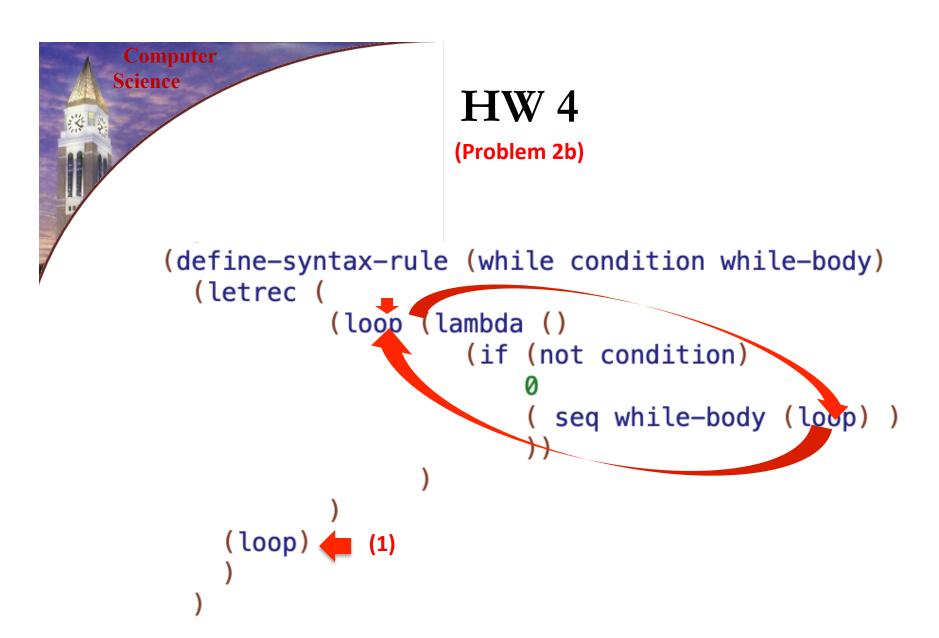


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### Exam 01

(The repeat loop problem)



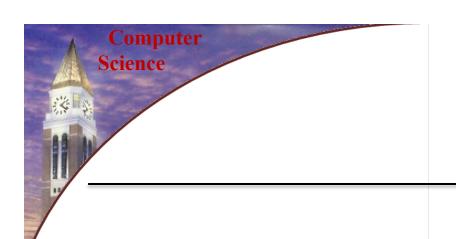


### Data Type Definition (ADT)

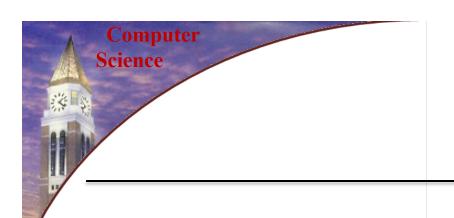
- For complicated types, manual definition tedious
- Plant errors in data type definitions



- It has recipe!
  - Constructors, Predicates, Extractors

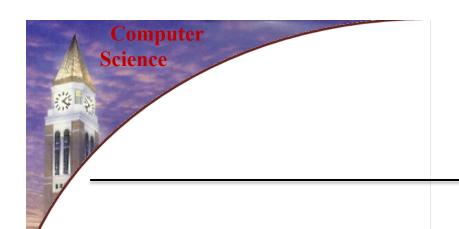


# A Tool for Defining Data Types (less grunt work!)



```
(#%require (lib "eopl.ss" "eopl"))
```

### define-datatype



(define-datatype type-name predicate-name
 { (variant-name { (field-name predicate)}\*)}+



### define-datatype

```
Env ::= (empty-env )
                  (extend-env var val Env)
   (define-datatype Env Env?
       (empty-env)
       (extend-env (var symbol?) (val number?) (env Env?))
                                                                   name of the 3rd
                                             name of the 2<sup>nd</sup>
name of the 2<sup>nd</sup>
                        name of the 1st
                                                                  field of the 2<sup>nd</sup>
                                             field of the 2<sup>nd</sup>
                        field of the 2<sup>nd</sup>
variant
                                                                  variant
                                             variant
                        variant
```



### define-datatype



### What Do We Get?

```
(define-datatype Env Env?
    (empty-env)
    (extend-env (var symbol?) (val number?) (env Env?))

> (Env? #f)
#f
> (Env? (empty-env))
#t
> (Env? (extend-env 'x 20 (empty-env)))
#t
```



### What Do We NOT Get?

```
(define-datatype Env Env?
     (empty-env)
     (extend-env (var symbol?)(val number?)(env Env?))
)
```

### • We do NOT get

- Extractors: Env->var, Env->val, Env->env
- Predicates for variants: empty-env?, extend-env?



### cases Syntax Abstraction

### cases understands define-datatype

#### Computer Science

```
(define-datatype Env Env?
    (empty-env)
    (extend-env (var symbol?) (val number?) (env Env?))
```



```
Computer
 Science
       (define-datatype Env Env?
          (empty-env)
          (extend-env (var symbol?) (val number?) (env Env?))
(define (apply-env env search-var)
     cases Env env
                     (raise "No such variable found"))
       (empty-env ()
       (extend-env
          (saved-var saved-val saved-env)
            (if (eqv? search-var saved-var)
                 saved-val
                (apply-env saved-env search-var))))
```