

## Expert Manual

**Expert** is a Perturbed Angular Correlation (PAC) Spectroscopy analysis software for calculating Ratio function,  $R(t)$ . It is developed at University of New South Wales at Australia Defence Force Academy (UNSW@ADFA), Canberra. It is written with Microsoft Visual C#.NET, 2008.

**Requirement:** Microsoft Window XP or higher Window operating systems.

### STEPS FOR USAGE

1. Type in the parameters for your calculations in the appropriate cells of the **PropertyGrid Parameters** (see figure 1.) or open a saved parameter file.
  - a. **Global Parameters**
    - i. Calibration constant (**CalibConst**) in nanoseconds/channels (ns/chn)
    - ii. Number of channels per spectrum (**Chn\_per\_Spectrum**)
    - iii. Half life(**Half\_life**) of the probe in nanoseconds (ns)
    - iv. Number of channels added(**NoChn4Add**) together for averaging the data
    - v. Number of spectra (**No\_Spectra**)
  - b. **Spectra Parameters**
    - i. **Angle** (Angle between the two detectors for a particular spectrum) with options: **Θ1** (i.e.  $90^0$  or  $109.5$ ) , **Θ2=180** (i.e.  $180^0$ ) and **NoFit** (for excluding a spectrum)
    - ii. **Invert** (for inverting a spectrum) with options: **Yes** and **No**
    - iii. **TimeZero** (for prompt channel), values in channels
2. Save the parameters for future uses by clicking **Par File splitbutton** (with options: **Open** and **Save**) on horizontal **ToolBar** at the top of the software window then click **Save** option. The name of the parameter file is displayed on the left of the **StatusBar** at the bottom of the window. See figure 1.
3. Click **Load Button** on the horizontal **ToolBar** to load your PAC data. The **PropertyGrid** disappears; it is called on/off by clicking **Parameter Button** on a vertical **ToolBar** on the left of the window. The name of the data file is displayed at the middle of the **StatusBar**. It can open different file formats ( "*ADFA files(\*.asc;\*.dat)*", "*ANU files(\*.asc)*", "*Bonn files(\*.txt)*", "*User-defined files(\*.txt)*"). **User-defined file** is a file saved in text format (e.g. notepad) with only count column.
4. Type in the fitting range of the spectrum to be separated in the two **TextBoxes** in a **GroupBox** on the upper left of the window (see figure 2). Two **Buttons** adjacent to these **TextBoxes** can be used to get the last cursor position on the canvas for the range by clicking on them.

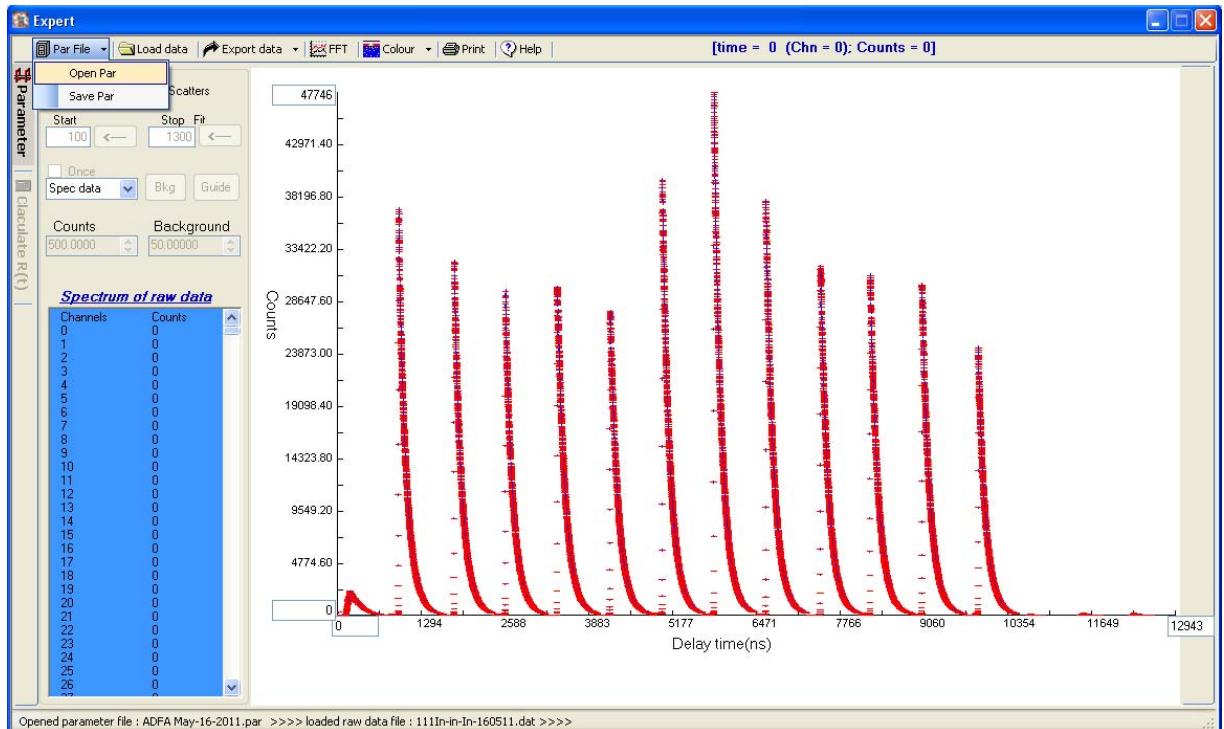


Figure 1

5. Select a spectrum by clicking on a **ComboBox** with a caption **Spec data** in a **GroupBox** with caption **Operations**. A drop-list of the spectra and the original spectrum (**Spec data**) is displayed. Clicking on a spectrum displays its plot in red with fit in green, calculated background and count rate in **NumericUpDown** controls in the **GroupBox**.
6. The scale of the spectrum can be toggled between logarithms/linear by checking/unchecking a **CheckBox** with a caption **Logarithm** in the upper left of the **GroupBox**.
7. The spectrum can be plotted between scatters/line by checking/unchecking a **CheckBox** with a caption **Scatters** in the upper right of the **GroupBox**.
8. The background of each spectrum is removed by clicking a **Button** with a caption **Bkg** in the **GroupBox** one after the other for improved fitting or once by checking a **CheckBox** with a caption **Once** for quick fitting. The fit can be improved on by adjusting the calculated **Background** and **Count Rate** by clicking **NumericUpDown** appropriately. See figure 2.
9. The Ratio function,  $R(t)$  is calculated by clicking on a **Calculate R(t) Button** on the left vertical **ToolBar**. See figure 3 for an example of  $R(t)$  calculated by CanberraFit.

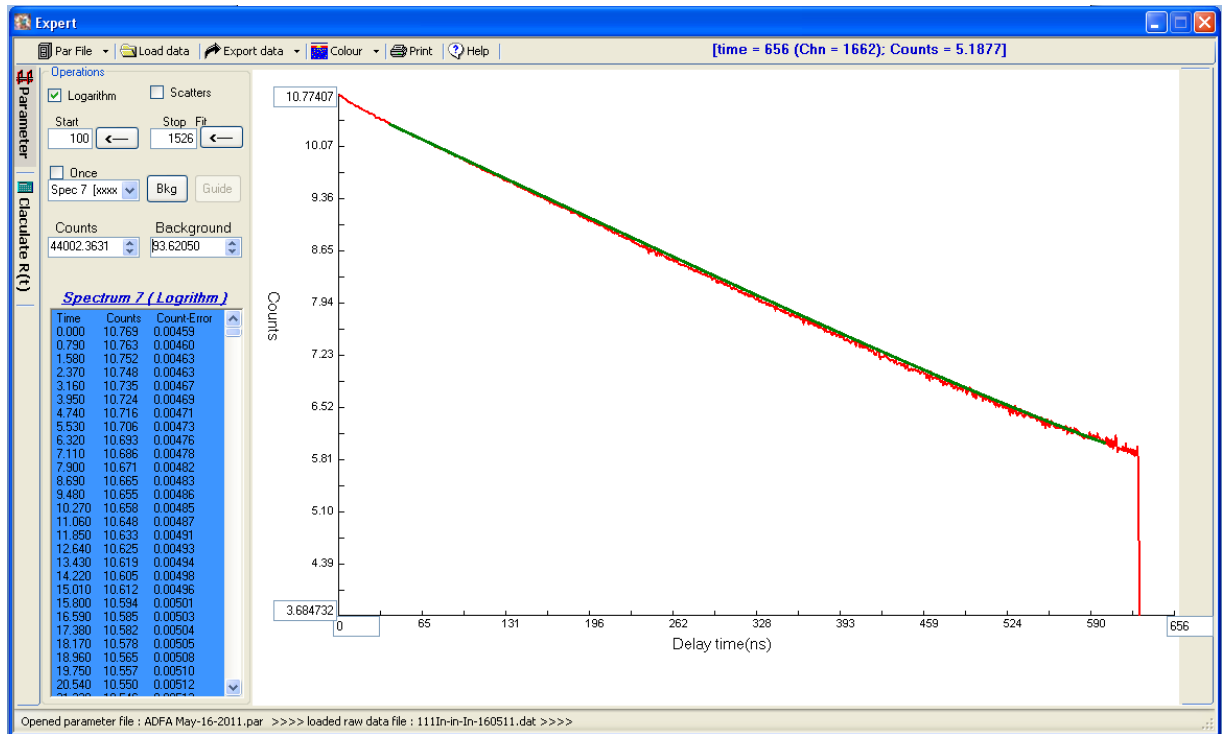
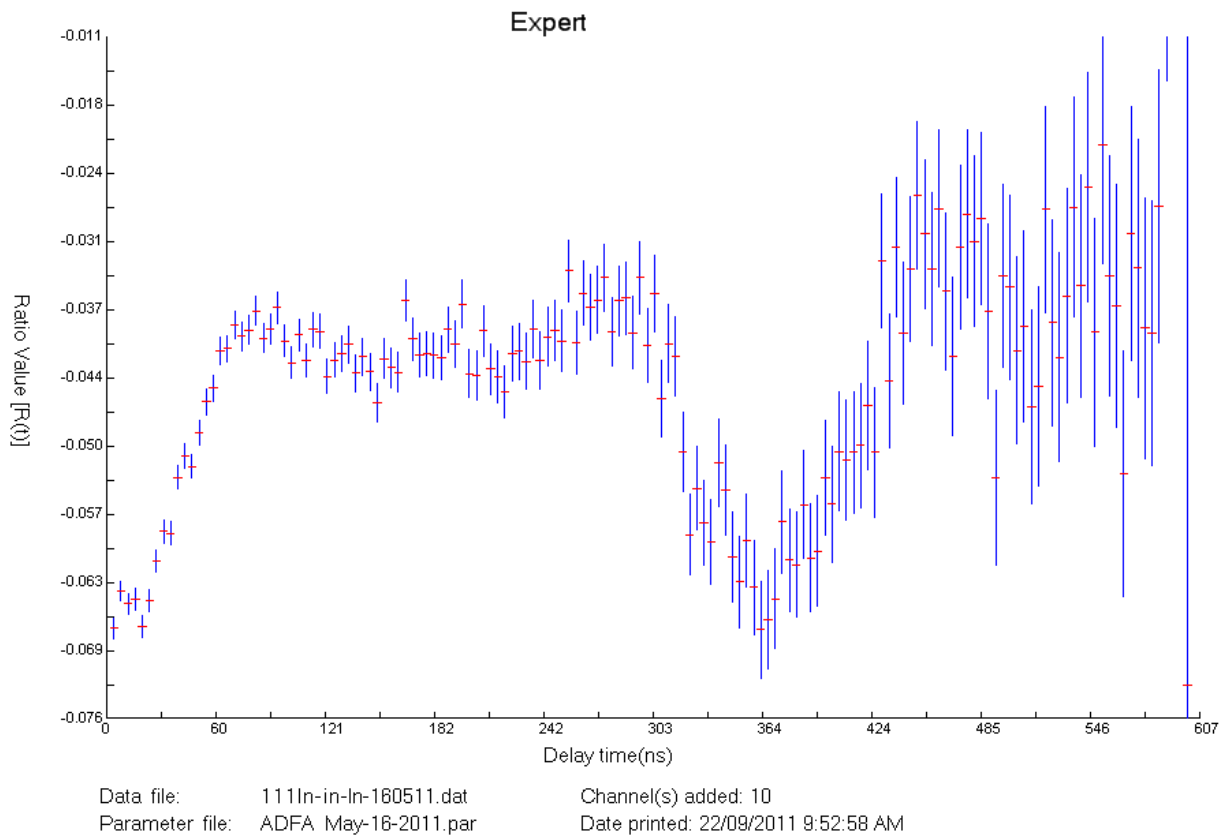


Figure 2

10. The  $R(t)$  data can be exported into *Nightmare* code (xx.nnr) or text file format by clicking a on a **Export data SplitButton** on the Horizontal **ToolBar**. The fit parameters can also be exported into *ShowFit* code parameter file.
11. The data of original spectrum, each separated spectrum or calculated  $R(t)$  plotted is shown on **RichTextBox** in the **GroupBox**.
12. The **cursor position** on the plot can be got by clicking on the canvas. It is shown on the right of the horizontal **ToolBar** at the top in blue colour.
13. The **plot rescaling(zooming)** is done by:
  - a. Typing the rescale values in the **TextBoxes** on the canvas then press the enter key on the keyboard or
  - b. Clicking the canvas at the position for the rescaling then right-clicking the canvas and selecting an option from the list that propped up to effect the last cursor position for the rescale.
  - c. Restoring of the original plot is achieved by pressing the escape key on the keyboard.



**Figure 3**

15. **Printing of the Spectrum:** the spectrum can be printed by clicking the printing **Button** on the **ToolBar**. Fig. 3 shows an example. You may have to click the print button on print dialogbox twice.
16. **Color and thickness of line:** The colors and thickness of the data points, the error bars and the fit can be changed by clicking **Color SplitButton** on the horizontal **Toolbar** at the top.
17. For now, the window size of **Expert** is not resizable.