

# Deployment

So far you have been using data that was present as a part of the training framework. In reality, data is usually present externally and stored in a database like an S3 bucket. On this page, we will see how we can use a dataset stored in S3 for training our model using Hyperparameter Optimization and then deploy that model to a SageMaker endpoint and query it.

## Using External Datasets and Deploying Models

**Step 1:** Uploading Data to S3 There are many ways to upload data to an S3 bucket. For instance, you can use your SageMaker session, the `aws` CLI or the `boto3` client. Here is how you can upload data to using your SageMaker session:

```
inputs = sagemaker_session.upload_data(path="data", bucket=bucket, key_prefix=
print("input spec (in this case, just an S3 path): {}".format(inputs))
```

**Step 2:** Passing data path to your training script When submitting your job for training, you can pass a dictionary of the training data and its path.

```
tuner.fit({"training": inputs})
```

The data present in that path will be included in your training instance. Your training script can get that data by taking an argument as follows:

```
parser.add_argument("--data-dir", type=str, default=os.environ["SM_CHANNEL_TRA
```

**Step 3:** Deploying your model By default, Sagemaker will deploy the model with the best metric to the instance that you specify:

```
predictor = tuner.deploy(initial_instance_count=1, instance_type="ml.t2.medium
```

**Step 4:** Querying your model You can use the `predict()` method of your `predictor` object to query the endpoint with some data

```
response = predictor.predict()
```

**Step 5:** Deleting your Endpoint Make sure you delete your endpoint before you move on to the next page or close your Sagemaker session:

```
tuner.delete_endpoint()
```

You can also use the UI to delete your endpoint by navigating to Inference, then Endpoints, choose your endpoint, and click Actions followed by Delete:

The screenshot shows the Amazon SageMaker console interface. On the left is a navigation sidebar with categories like Ground Truth, Notebook, Processing, Training, Inference, and Edge Manager. The 'Inference' section is expanded, showing 'Endpoints' as the selected option. The main panel displays the 'Endpoints' page with a search bar, 'Update endpoint', 'Create endpoint', and 'Actions' buttons. The 'Delete' button under the 'Actions' menu is highlighted with a red rectangle. Below this is a table with columns: Name, ARN, Creation time, Status, and Last updated. One endpoint is listed: 'pytorch-training-210720-1443-003-f5eacc28' with status 'InService'.

Name	ARN	Creation time	Status	Last updated
pytorch-training-210720-1443-003-f5eacc28	arn:aws:sagemaker:us-east-1:648346130239:endpoint/pytorch-training-210720-1443-003-f5eacc28	Jul 20, 2021 14:56 UTC	InService	Jul 20, 2021 15:07 UTC

Make sure that you delete your active endpoints by selecting your endpoint and clicking delete

## Additional Resources

The following learning resources will help you better understand SageMaker's script mode.

- Before deploying a model, make sure you check the size and pricing of the different **Real-Time Inference** instances [here](#)

- You can also perform inference on a lot of data at once using **Batch Transform**. You can read more about it [here](#)
- You can also deploy multiple models to the same instance. This is known as **Multi-Model Endpoints**. You can read more about them [here](#)
  - **Note** Endpoints will cost money if they are not deleted.
- You can find the API reference for the different inference classes [here](#)