

## Create compute targets

5 minutes

The most common ways to create or attach a compute target are to use the **Compute** page in Azure Machine Learning studio, or to use the Azure Machine Learning SDK to provision compute targets in code.

### Creating a managed compute target with the SDK

A *managed* compute target is one that is managed by Azure Machine Learning, such as an Azure Machine Learning compute cluster.

To create an Azure Machine Learning compute cluster, use the azureml.core.compute.ComputeTarget class and the AmlCompute class, like this:

In this example, a cluster with up to four nodes that is based on the STANDARD\_DS12\_v2 virtual machine image will be created. The priority for the virtual machines (VMs) is set to dedicated, meaning they are reserved for use in this cluster (the alternative is to specify *lowpriority*, which has a lower cost but means that the VMs can be preempted if a higher-priority workload requires the compute).

① Note

For a full list of **AmlCompute** configuration options, see the **AmlCompute** class SDK documentation.

# Attaching an unmanaged compute target with the SDK

An *unmanaged* compute target is one that is defined and managed outside of the Azure Machine Learning workspace; for example, an Azure virtual machine or an Azure Databricks cluster.

The code to attach an existing unmanaged compute target is similar to the code used to create a managed compute target, except that you must use the **ComputeTarget.attach()** method to attach the existing compute based on its target-specific configuration settings.

For example, the following code can be used to attach an existing Azure Databricks cluster:

```
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Python
from azureml.core import Workspace
from azureml.core.compute import ComputeTarget, DatabricksCompute
# Load the workspace from the saved config file
ws = Workspace.from_config()
# Specify a name for the compute (unique within the workspace)
compute_name = 'db_cluster'
# Define configuration for existing Azure Databricks cluster
db_workspace_name = 'db_workspace'
db resource group = 'db resource group'
db_access_token = '1234-abc-5678-defg-90...'
db_config =
DatabricksCompute.attach configuration(resource group=db resource group,
workspace_name=db_workspace_name,
                                                   access_token=db_access_token)
# Create the compute
databricks_compute = ComputeTarget.attach(ws, compute_name, db_config)
databricks compute.wait for completion(True)
```

### Checking for an existing compute target

In many cases, you will want to check for the existence of a compute target, and only create a new one if there isn't already one with the specified name. To accomplish this, you can catch the **ComputeTargetException** exception, like this:

```
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Python
from azureml.core.compute import ComputeTarget, AmlCompute
from azureml.core.compute_target import ComputeTargetException
compute_name = "aml-cluster"
# Check if the compute target exists
try:
    aml_cluster = ComputeTarget(workspace=ws, name=compute_name)
    print('Found existing cluster.')
except ComputeTargetException:
   # If not, create it
    compute_config =
AmlCompute.provisioning_configuration(vm_size='STANDARD_DS11_V2',
                                                           \max nodes=4)
    aml_cluster = ComputeTarget.create(ws, compute_name, compute_config)
aml_cluster.wait_for_completion(show_output=True)
```

**More Information**: For more information about creating compute targets, see Set up and use compute targets for model training in the Azure Machine Learning documentation.

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