

Fall 2019 - ECON 634 - Advance Macroeconomics - Problem Set 2

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1. Since the Resource constraint (Social Planner Problem) is $c_t = A_t k_t^\alpha + (1-\delta)k_t - k_{t+1}$ we can write the budget constraint in recursive form as $c = Ak^\alpha + (1-\delta)k - k'$

- **State variable:** k, A
- **Control variable:** k'

Therefore, the Bellman equation:

$$V(k, A) = \max_{k'} \left\{ \frac{(Ak^\alpha + (1-\delta)k - k')^{1-\sigma}}{1-\sigma} + \beta \sum_{A' \in A} \Pi(A'|A) V(k', A') \right\}$$

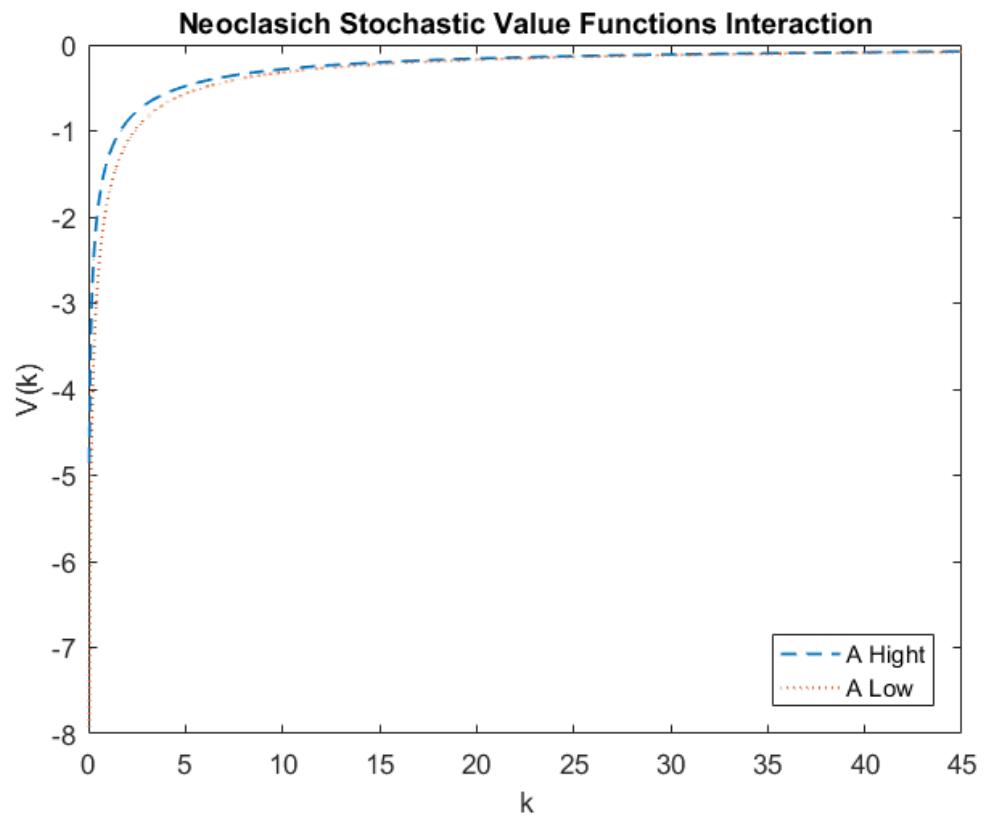
subject to

$$c \in [0, f(k)] \tag{1}$$

$$k' \in [0, f(k)] \tag{2}$$

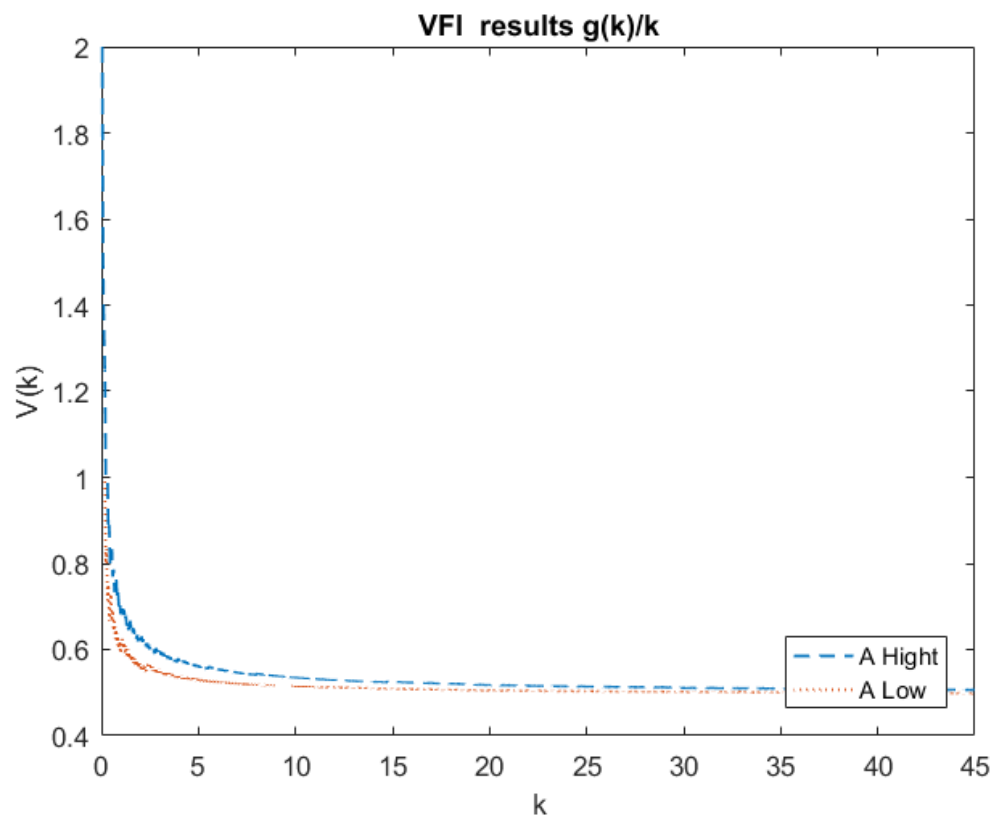
2. Using the VFI, the Graphs are like follows:

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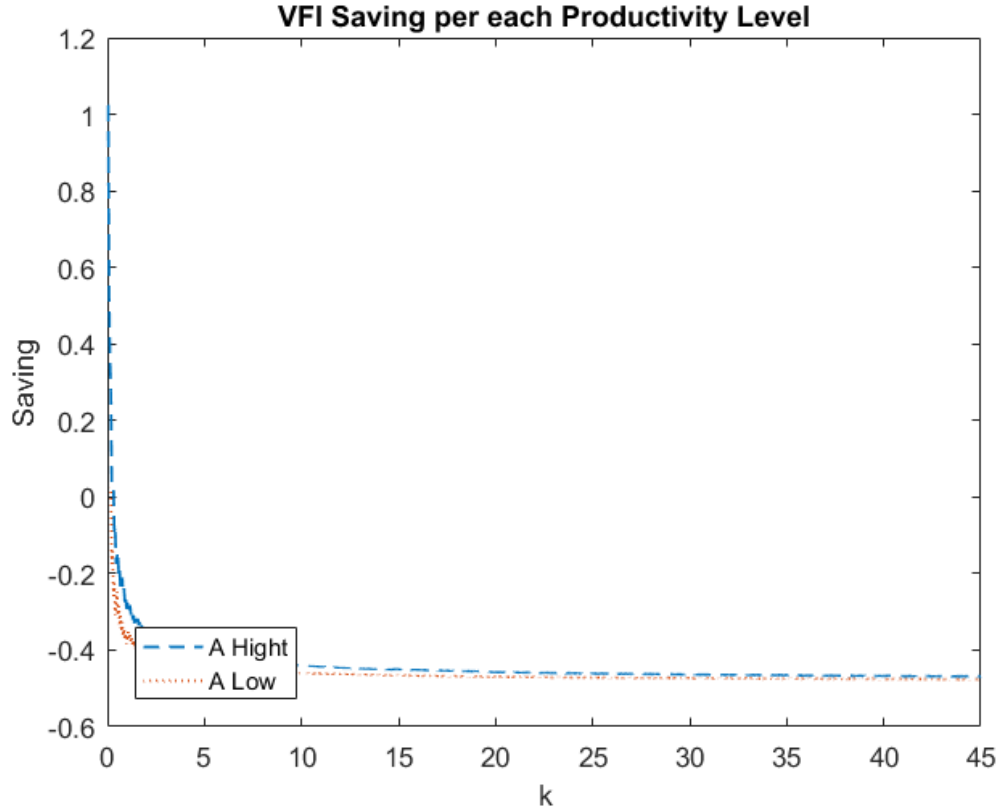
As we can see, both are increasing and concave functions.

3. The Policy function over k looks as follows:



This relationship is decreasing in k but increasing in A .

Assuming that by saving, it means what is left from production after consumption:
 $s = Ak^\alpha - c$, the Saving over k looks as follows:



where this relationship is decreasing in k and increasing in A . This make sense because

4. Need to choose A , such that $std(y) = std(Ak^\alpha) = 1.8\%$. We also know that $\frac{rk}{y} = 0.35$, then $k = \frac{0.35y}{r}$
5. See Code **VFIP5**. Using two loops over all K is quite slow and does spend a long time to find a solution.

The time on the previous program **Elapsed time is 0.326278 seconds**. For the second one, limiting to the **Elapsed time is 1049.453223 seconds**. Therefore, time is significantly higher for this one.

The results for the VFI is:

