

AdvanDEB Development Environment

AdvanDEB Project

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1 Overview

This document provides a printable guide to the shared development environment used by the AdvanDEB project. All services share a single Conda environment named `advandeb`.

The main repositories are:

- `advandeb-knowledge-builder` – knowledge ingestion, processing, and exploration.
- `advandeb-modeling-assistant` – modeling-focused retrieval and reasoning (planned).
- `advandeb-architecture` – system-level documentation, diagrams, and environment definition.

2 Conda Environment

2.1 Creating the Environment

The canonical `environment.yml` file lives in the `advandeb-architecture` repository. To create the environment:

```
conda env create -f environment.yml
```

If the file changes and you need to update an existing environment:

```
conda env update -f environment.yml --prune
```

2.2 Activating the Environment

To activate the shared environment:

```
conda activate advandeb
```

This environment is used for:

- Back-end services (FastAPI applications).
- Command-line tools (e.g., `uvicorn`, `plantuml` if installed via Conda).
- Any Python-based utilities for data processing and analysis.

3 Core External Services

3.1 MongoDB

AdvanDEB services use MongoDB for persistent storage.

- Default URI: `mongodb://localhost:27017`
- Typical environment variable: `MONGODB_URL`

Start MongoDB using your preferred method (system service, Docker, or local binary).

3.2 Ollama

Ollama provides local hosting for large language models used by the Knowledge Builder and, in the future, the Modeling Assistant.

- Default base URL: `http://localhost:11434`
- Typical environment variable: `OLLAMA_BASE_URL`

Install Ollama following its official instructions and ensure that it is running before starting any LLM-dependent services.

4 Running the Knowledge Builder

4.1 Back-end

From the `advandeb-knowledge-builder/backend` directory:

```
conda activate advandeb
cp .env.example .env  # edit as needed
uvicorn main:app --host 0.0.0.0 --port 8000 --reload
```

Important environment variables in `backend/.env`:

- `MONGODB_URL` – MongoDB connection string.
- `DATABASE_NAME` – database name (e.g., `advandeb_knowledge_builder_kb`).
- `OLLAMA_BASE_URL` – Ollama endpoint.

4.2 Front-end

From the `advandeb-knowledge-builder/frontend` directory:

```
npm install
npm run dev
```

The front-end development server typically runs at `http://localhost:3000`.

5 Running the Modeling Assistant (Planned)

The Modeling Assistant will also use the shared `advandeb` environment. A likely pattern for the future back-end service is:

```
conda activate advandeb
# from advandeb-modeling-assistant/backend (future)
uvicorn main:app --host 0.0.0.0 --port 8001 --reload
```

It will communicate with:

- The Knowledge Builder’s HTTP APIs for knowledge and agent operations.
- MongoDB for its own collections (e.g., scenarios, models, runs).

6 Diagram Rendering

Architecture diagrams are stored as PlantUML files in `advandeb-architecture/diagrams`.

To render all diagrams (assuming `plantuml` is installed and available):

```
conda activate advandeb
cd advandeb-architecture/diagrams
plantuml *.puml
```

This generates image files (for example, PNGs) that can be included in LaTeX documents such as the main architecture specification.

7 Troubleshooting

- If Python imports such as `fastapi` or `uvicorn` cannot be resolved, ensure that the `advandeb` environment is active and that it was created from the canonical `environment.yml`.
- If diagrams fail to render with “command not found”, install PlantUML via Conda or your preferred method and re-run the rendering commands.
- For MongoDB or Ollama connection issues, verify that the services are running and that the URLs configured in your `.env` files match the actual hosts and ports.