NPTEL MOOC

PROGRAMMING, DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS IN PYTHON

Week 7, Lecture 1

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Data structures

- * Behaviour defined through interface
 - * Allowed set of operations
- * Stack: push() and pop()
- * Queue: addq() and removeq()
- * Heap: insert() and delete_max()
 - * Heap implemented as a list h, does not mean h.append(7) is legal

Abstract datatype

- * Define behaviour in terms of operations
 - * (s.push(v)).pop() == v
 - # If q.isempty() then
 ((q.addq(u)).addq(v)).removeq() == u
- * No reference to implementation details
- * Implementation can be optimized without affecting functionality

Black box view

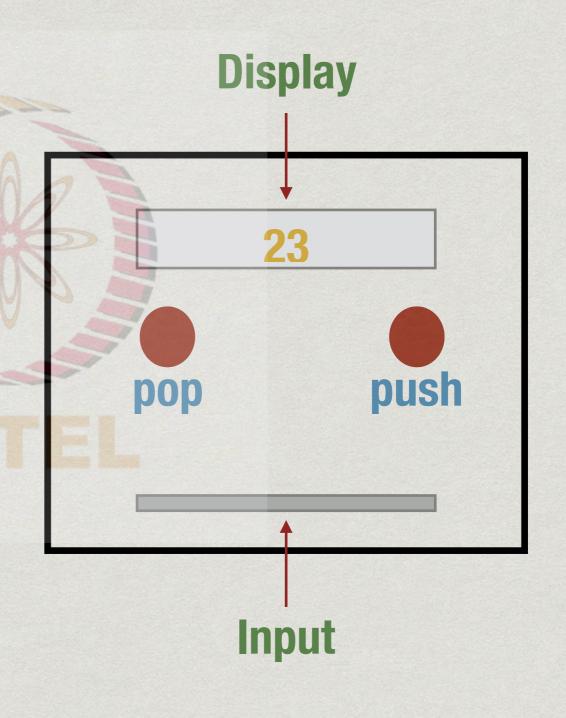
* Imagine the data structure as a black box

 Designated buttons to interact

* Slot for input

* Display for output

* No other manipulation allowed



Built in datatypes

```
l = []
```

- * List operations l.append(), l.extend() permitted
 - * ... but not dictionary operations like 1.keys()
- * Likewise, after d = {}, d.values() is OK
 - * ... but not d.append()
- * Can we do this for stacks, queues, heaps, ...?

Object Oriented programming

- * Data type definition with
 - * Public interface
 - * Operations allowed on the data
 - * Private implementation
 - * Match the specification of the interface

Classes and objects

- * Class
 - * Template for a data type
 - * How data is stored
 - * How public functions manipulate data
- * Object
 - * Concrete instance of template

Classes and objects

```
# Create object,
class Heap:
                            # calls __init__()
  def __init__(self,1):
                              = [14, 32, 15]
    # Create heap
                            h = Heap(1)
    # from list l
                            # Apply operation
  def insert(self,x):
                            h.insert(17)
    # insert x into heap
                            h.insert(28)
  def delete_max(self):
    # return max element
                            v = h.delete_max()
```

Summary

- * An abstract data type is a black box description
 - * Public interface update/query the data type
 - Private implementation change does not affect functionality
- * Classes and objects can be used for this
- * More details in the next lecture