#### NPTEL MOOC

# PROGRAMMING, DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS IN PYTHON

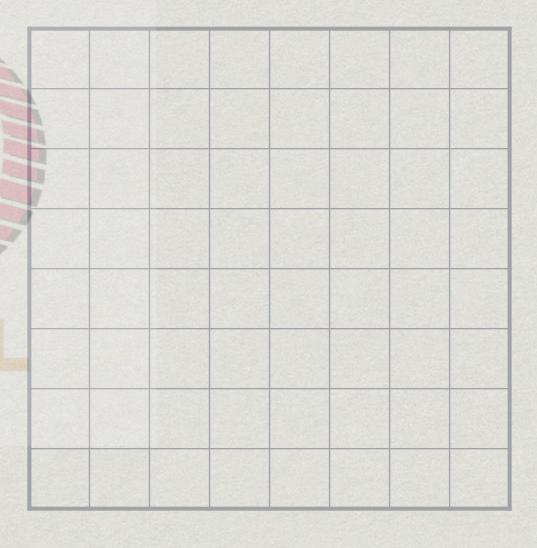
Week 6, Lecture 1

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#### Backtracking

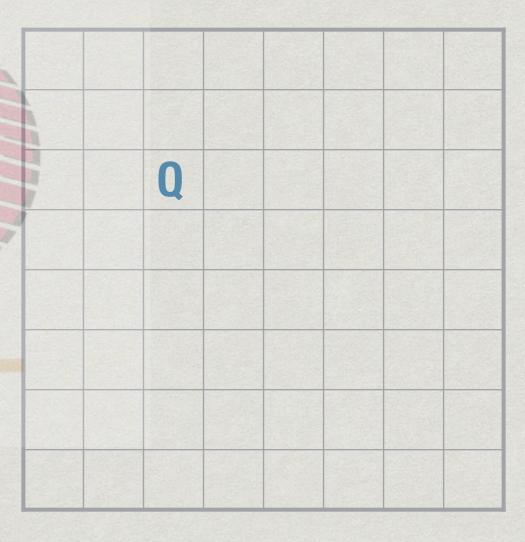
- \* Systematically search for a solution
- \* Build the solution one step at a time
- \* If we hit a dead-end
  - \* Undo the last step
  - \* Try the next option

- \* Place 8 queens on a chess board so that none of them attack each other
- \* In chess, a queen can move any number of squares along a row column or diagonal

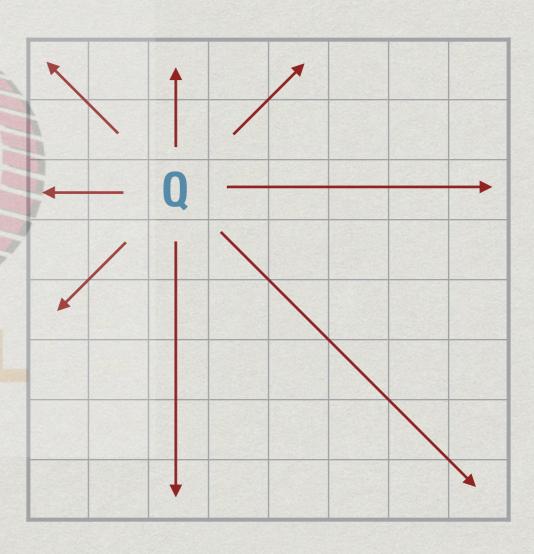


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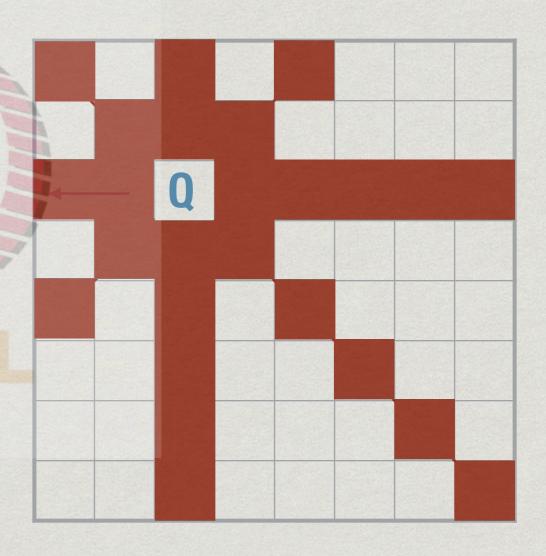


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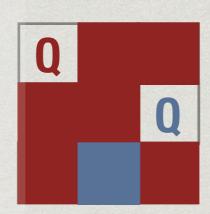
\* In chess, a queen can move any number of squares along a row column or diagonal



- \* Place N queens on an N x N chess board so that none attack each other
- \*N = 2, 3 impossible

Madel

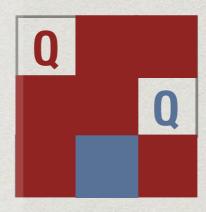
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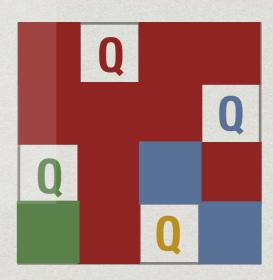


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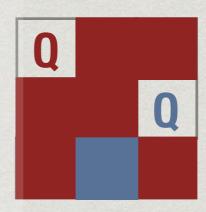


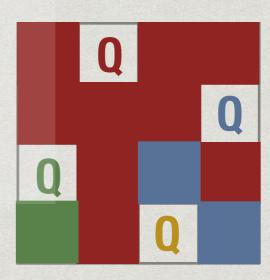
- \* Place N queens on an N x N chess board so that none attack each other
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- \*N = 4 is possible



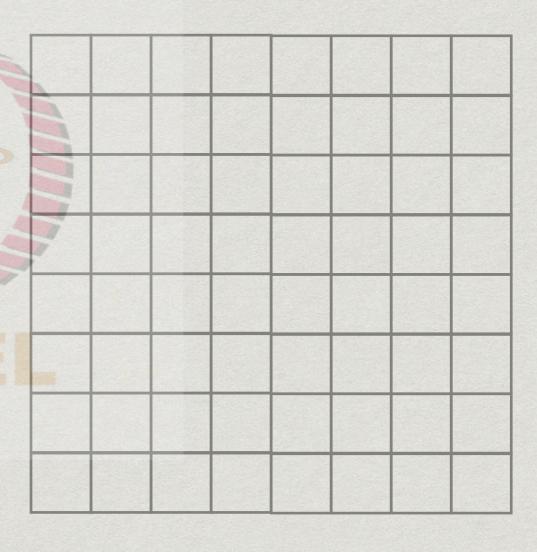


- \* Place N queens on an N x N chess board so that none attack each other
- \*N = 2, 3 impossible
- \*N = 4 is possible
- \* And all bigger N as well

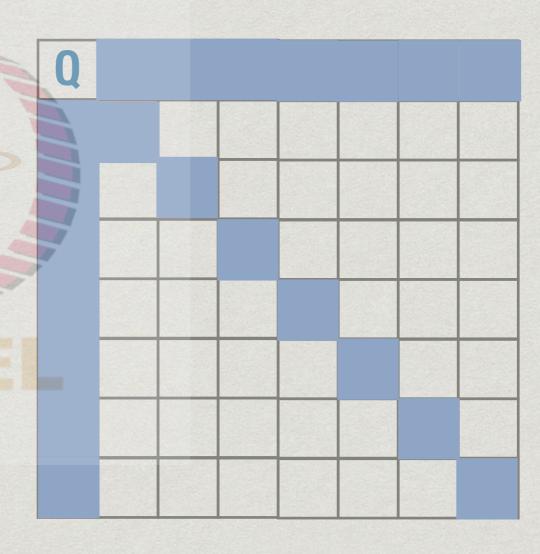




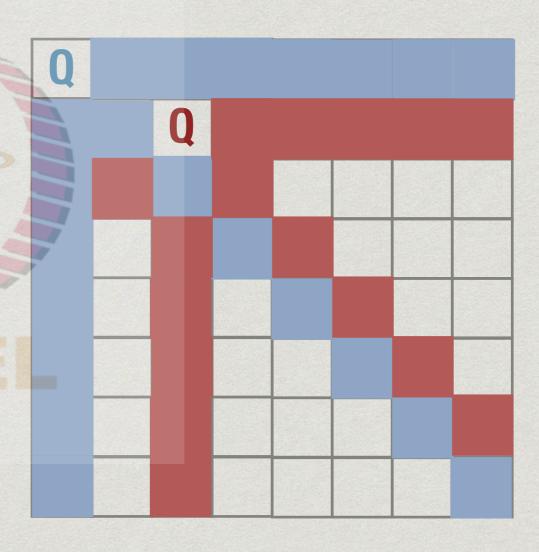
- \* Clearly, exactly one queen in each row, column
- \* Place queens row by row
- \* In each row, place a queen in the first available column



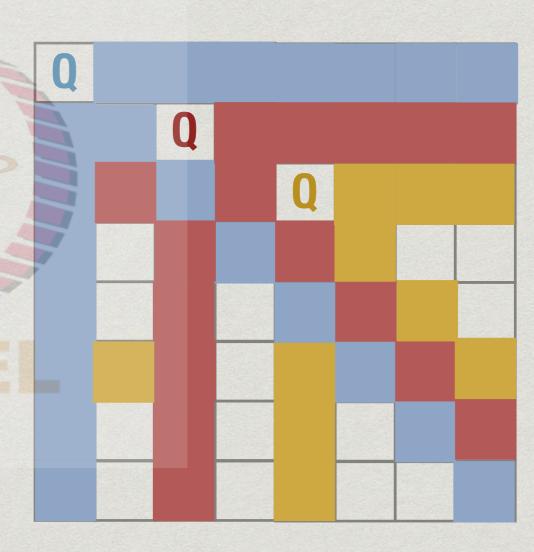
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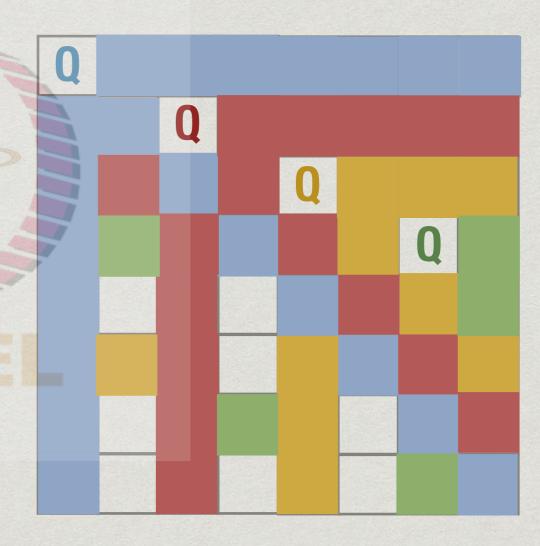
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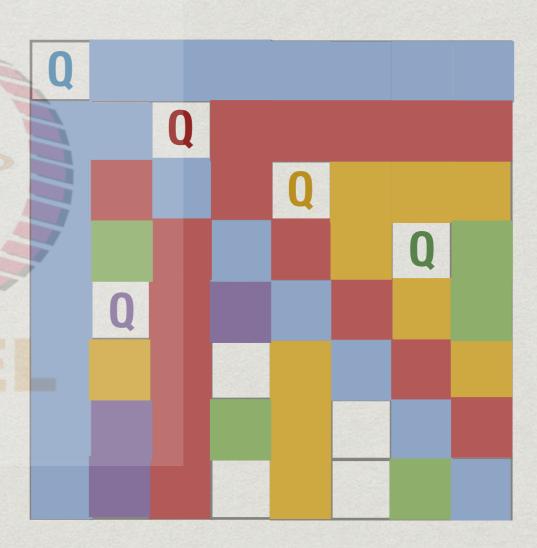
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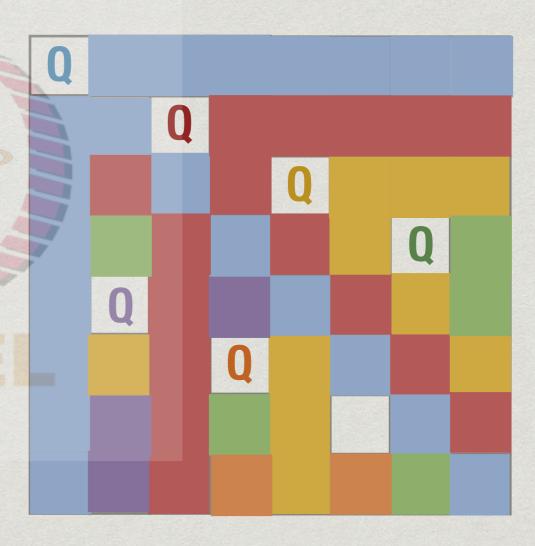
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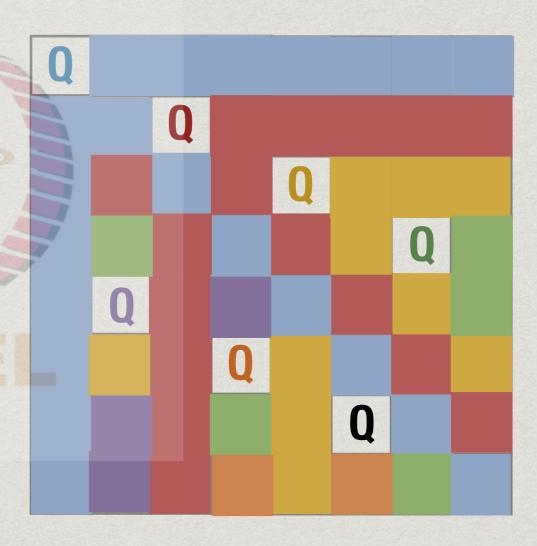
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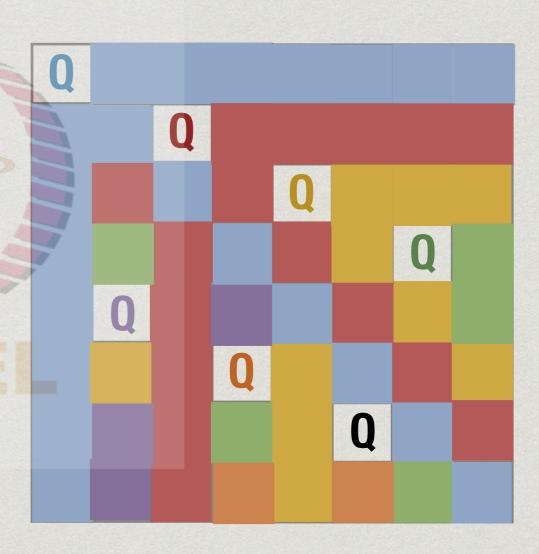
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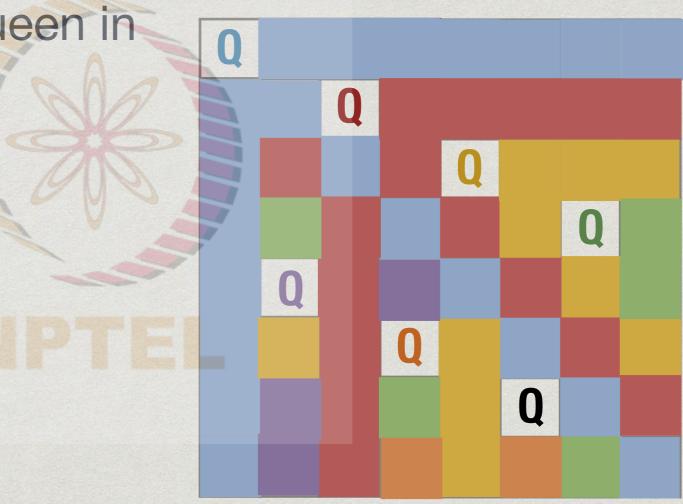
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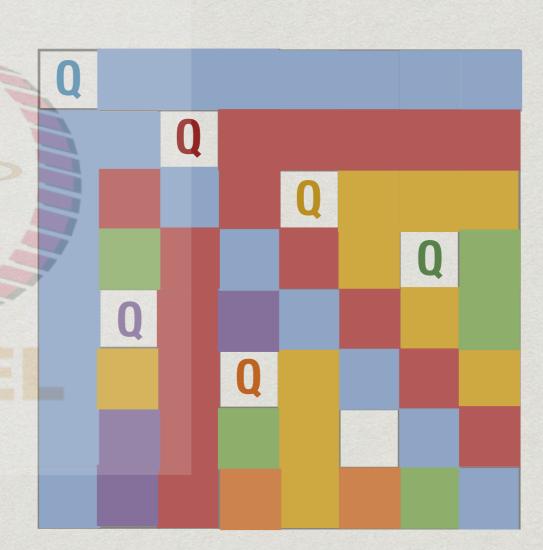
- \* Clearly, exactly one queen in each row, column
- \* Place queens row by row
- \* In each row, place a queen in the first available column
- \* Can't place a queen in the 8th row!



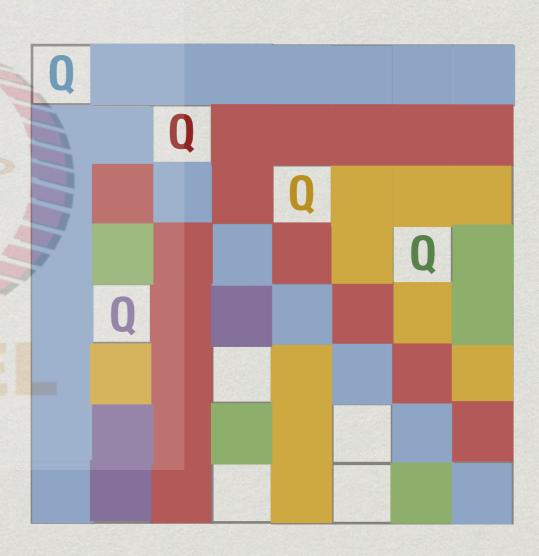
\* Can't place the a queen in the 8th row!



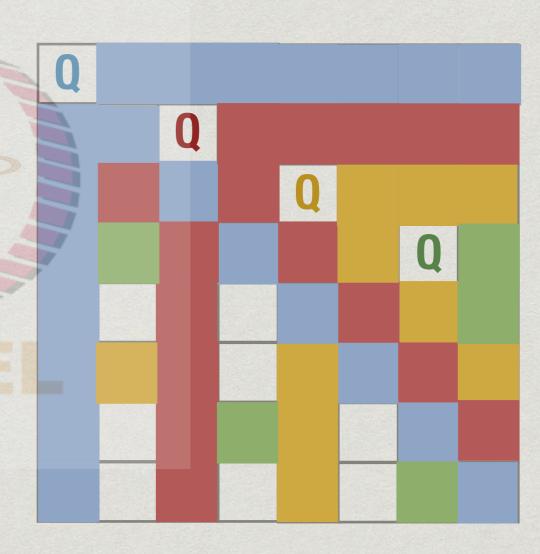
- \* Can't place the a queen in the 8th row!
- \* Undo 7th queen, no other choice



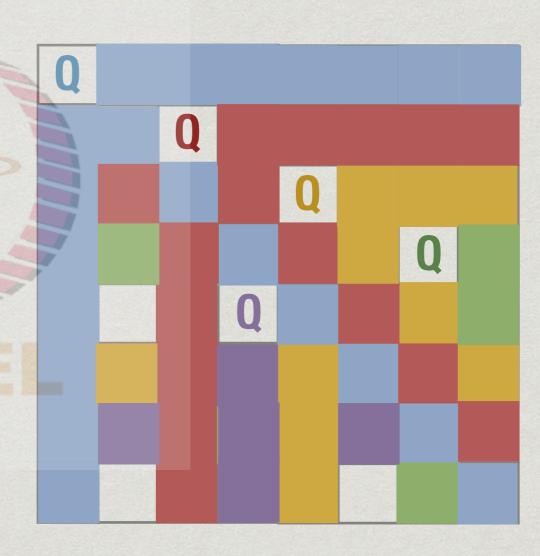
- \* Can't place the a queen in the 8th row!
- \* Undo 7th queen, no other choice
- \* Undo 6th queen, no other choice



- \* Can't place the a queen in the 8th row!
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- \* Undo 5th queen, try next



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#### Backtracking

- \* Keep trying to extend the next solution
- \* If we cannot, undo previous move and try again
- \* Exhaustively search through all possibilities
- \* ... but systematically!

#### Coding the solution

- \* How do we represent the board?
- \* n x n grid, number rows and columns from 0 to n-1
  - \* board[i][j] == 1 indicates queen at (i,j)
  - \* board[i][j] == 0 indicates no queen
- \* We know there is only one queen per row
- \* Single list board of length n with entries 0 to n-1
  - \* board[i] == j:queen in row i, column j, i.e. (i,j)

#### Overall structure

```
def placequeen(i,board): # Trying row i
  for each c such that (i,c) is available:
    place queen at (i,c) and update board
    if i == n-1:
      return(True) # Last queen has been placed
    else:
      extendsoln = placequeen(i+1,board)
    if extendsoln:
      return(True) # This solution extends fully
    else:
      undo this move and update board
  else:
    return(False) # Row i failed
```

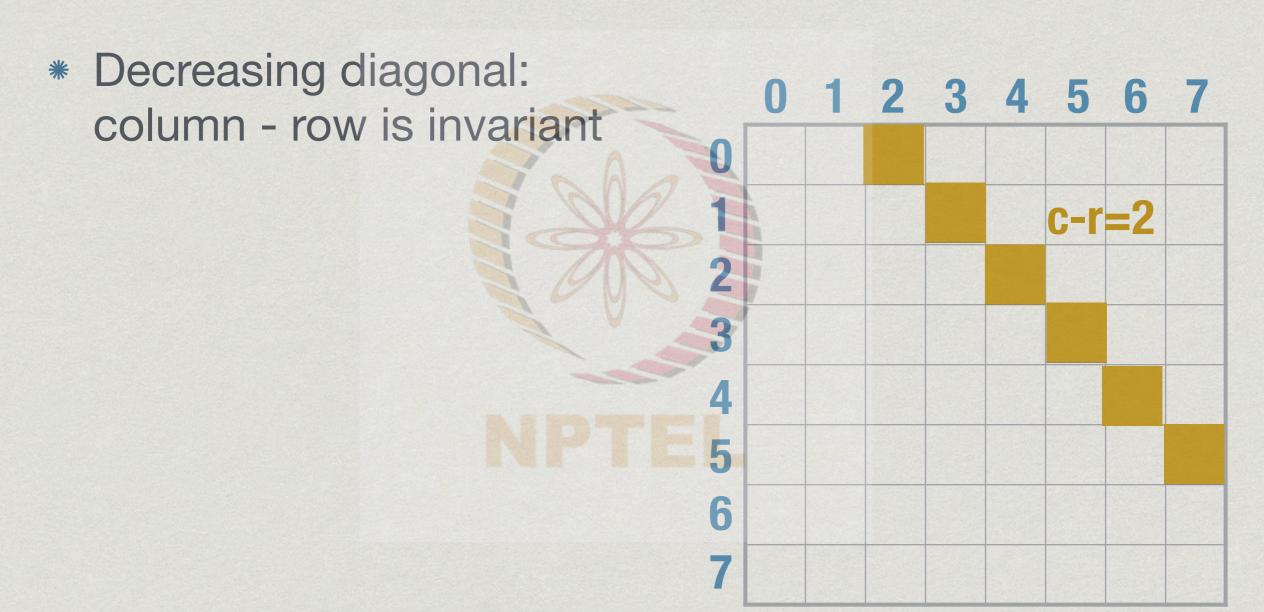
- \* Our 1-D and 2-D representations keep track of the queens
- \* Need an efficient way to compute which squares are free to place the next queen
- \* n x n attack grid
  - \* attack[i][j] == 1 if (i,j) is attacked by a queen
  - \* attack[i][j] == 0 if (i,j) is currently available
- \* How do we undo the effect of placing a queen?
  - \* Which attack[i][j] should be reset to 0?

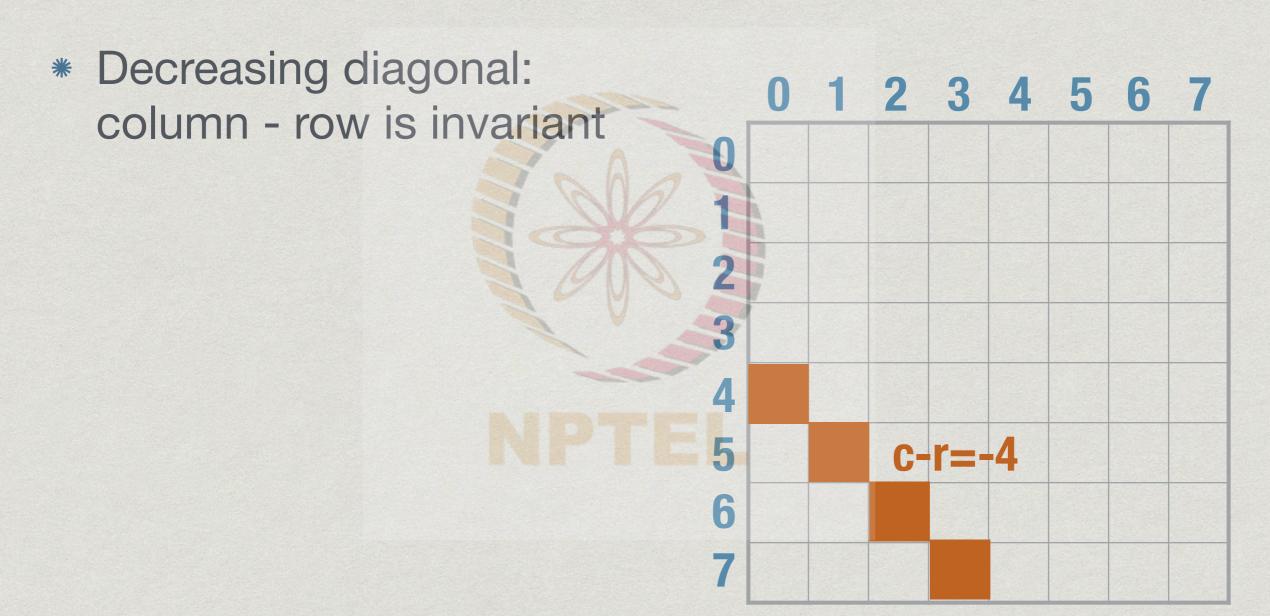
- \* Queens are added row by row
- \* Number the queens 0 to n-1
- \* Record earliest queen that attacks each square
  - \* attack[i][j] == k if (i,j) was first attacked by queen k
  - \* attack[i][j] == -1 if (i,j) is free
- \* Remove queen k reset attack[i][j] == k to -1
  - \* All other squares still attacked by earlier queens

- \* attack requires n<sup>2</sup> space
  - \* Each update only requires O(n) time
  - \* Only need to scan row, column, two diagonals
- \* Can we improve our representation to use only O(n) space?

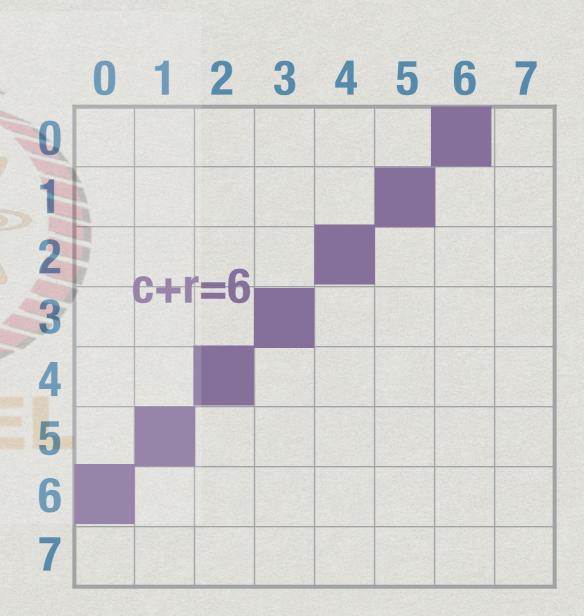
#### A better representation

- \* How many queens attack row i?
- \* How many queens attack row j?
- \* An individual square (i,j) is attacked by upto 4 queens
  - \* Queen on row i and on column j
  - \* One queen on each diagonal through (i,j)

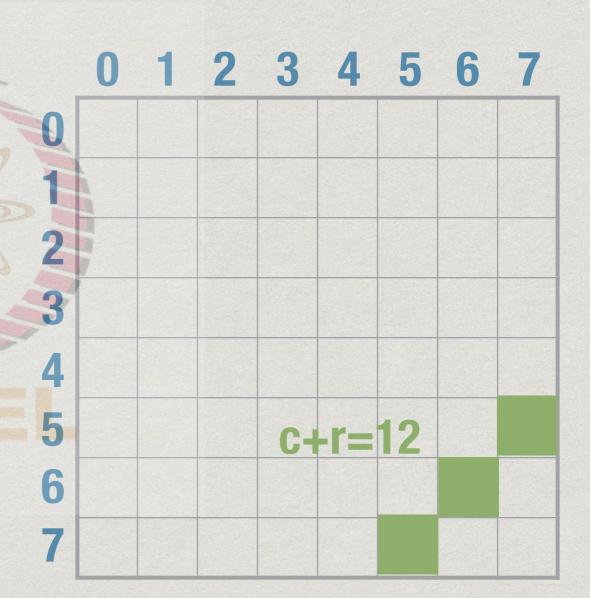




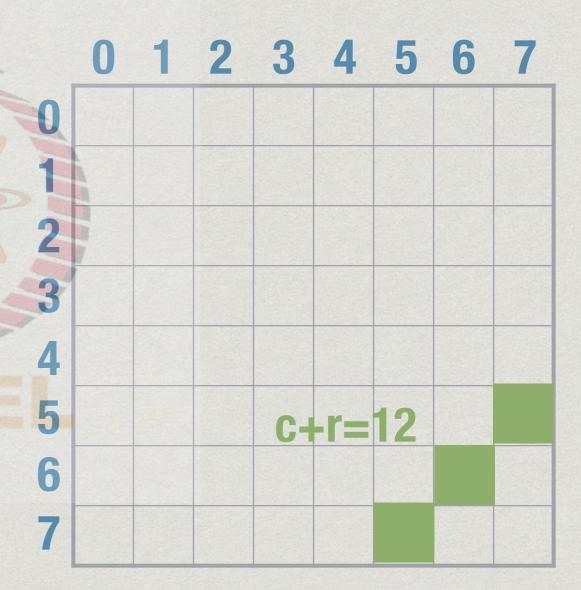
- Decreasing diagonal:column row is invariant
- \* Increasing diagonal: column + row is invariant



- Decreasing diagonal:column row is invariant
- \* Increasing diagonal: column + row is invariant



- Decreasing diagonal:column row is invariant
- \* Increasing diagonal: column + row is invariant
- \* (i,j) is attacked if
  - \* row i is attacked
  - \* column j is attacked
  - \* diagonal j-i is attacked
  - \* diagonal j+i is attacked



#### O(n) representation

- \* row[i] == 1 if row i is attacked, 0..N-1
- \* col[i] == 1 if column i is attacked, 0..N-1
- \* NWtoSE[i] == 1 if NW to SE diagonal i is attacked, -(N-1) to (N-1)
- \* SWtoNW[i] == 1 if SW to NE diagonal i is attacked, 0 to 2(N-1)

```
* (i,j) is free if
row[i]==col[j]==NWtoSE[j-i]==SWtoNE[j+i]==0

* Add queen at (i,j)
board[i] = j
(row[i],col[j],NWtoSE[j-i],SWtoNE[j+i]) =
```

\* Remove queen at (i,j)

(1,1,1,1)

#### Implementation details

- \* Maintain board as nested dictionary
  - \* board['queen'][i] = j : Queen located at (i,j)
  - \* board['row'][i] = 1: Row i attacked
  - \* board['col'][i] = 1: Column i attacked
  - \* board['nwtose'][i] = 1:NWtoSW diagonal i
    attacked
  - \* board['swtone'][i] = 1:SWtoNE diagonal i
    attacked

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#### All solutions?

```
def placequeen(i,board): # Try row i
  for each c such that (i,c) is available:
    place queen at (i,c) and update board
    if i == n-1:
        record solution # Last queen placed
    else:
        extendsoln = placequeen(i+1,board)
    undo this move and update board
```