St. Paul city salary data exercise

Use the file called “stpaulsalaries.txt”

The data contains one salary record for each person paid by the city of St. Paul in the 2009 calendar year. It shows their total wages plus fields that break that figure down into overtime wages and other pay (which could include things like bonuses, vacation-sick payout, etc). In addition to the dollar amount paid out in overtime, it also shows the number of OT hours the person worked (which can be two very different because some people have higher or lower pay rates that would influence the dollar amount yielded from an hour of OT). **On separate sheet, see record layout and codes.**

**Step 1:** The data file is a tab-delimited text file. So our first step is to import the data into Excel.

Open a blank workbook in Excel.

Go to the Data menu and choose “From Text”. Follow the steps through the Import Wizard. Once your file is in Excel, go to the File menu and choose “Save As” – name and save your workbook.

**Step 2:** Let’s start by making a summary table to see what patterns we see at the department level. In other words, we’re going to make a new table that has one record for each department – and all this pay information summarized up.

Make a PivotTable that has “Dept” as the ROW and the following fields in the VALUES section: Total\_wages   
overtime\_pay  
 overtime\_hours  
Empid

Look in the Values box and make sure it says “Sum of total\_wages” and “sum of overtime\_pay” and “sum of overtime\_hours.” If it doesn’t, click on each one and choose “Value field settings” to dictate what each one is going to display.

“Count” simply adds up the number of records (since each record is an employee, it effectively gives us the number of employees in each department). For the wages and hours fields, we want Excel to sum up the values in those columns (which is what “sum of…” does)

For “Empid” , you want it to say “Count of empid” – that field is going to represent the number of employees in each department (we’re going to use that in our calculations later). And because each record is an employee, we are simply counting up the number of records.

Then copy and paste just the contents of the PivotTable **(don’t take the headers or the Grand total)** and paste it into a new worksheet. Leave a blank row at the top where you can type in the headers.

Now, you should have a new table that shows one record for each department and the total wages paid, the number of employees paid, the total overtime paid out and the total number of overtime hours.

**Step 3: Using the new table…**

1. Sort the table to find out which department paid out the most in total compensation?
2. In a new column, calculate the average salary for each department (divide total wages by number of employees). Which department had the highest average salary and what was the dollar amount?
3. In a new column, calculate the percentage that overtime pay makes up of the total wages for each department. What department has the highest rate of OT pay and what was percentage?
4. In a new column, calculate the average overtime hours per person (hint: you have a field with the number of employees in each department). Which department had the highest rate and what was the rate?
5. In a new row below your table, tally up the total number of OT hours clocked by city employees. What’s that number (rounded)?
6. Now that you know the total number of OT hours clocked by all city employees, how many overtime hours does that amount to on a per-week basis? (hint: there are 52 weeks in a year)

**Step 4: Go back to the original data table that we started with:**

1. Who was the highest paid person in 2009 and what was the dollar amount?
2. In a new column, calculate what percentage OT was of each person’s total wages. (hint: you’re doing a “percent of total” calculation for each record). Then sort the table ….Who has the highest percentage? Do you see anything else that’s interesting and/or newsworthy here? What questions does this raise?
3. For those with OT hours… in a new column, calculate how many OT hours they clocked, on average, each week (hint: 52 weeks per year). Who had the most and how much?
4. Which bargaining unit has the highest average pay in 2009 and how much? (hint: this requires you to summarize your data)

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