

## **Math 301**

### **Assignment 3**

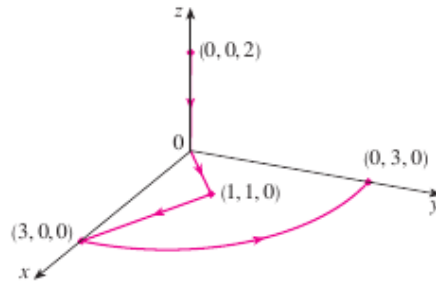
**Student ID:**

**Tutorial N<sup>o</sup>:**

### **Instructions**

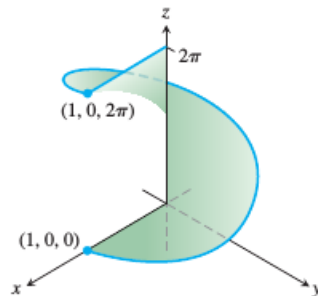
- **Answer** all questions on a **printout** of this document
- **Submit** a hard copy of your assignment to your TA no later than **Thursday 08/12/2022**. No excuse policy for late submission
- Answer all questions and show all the details of your work for full credit

1. Evaluate  $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$  in two different methods, where  $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = (3x^2yz - 3y)\mathbf{i} + (x^3z - 3x)\mathbf{j} + (x^3y + 2z)\mathbf{k}$  and  $C$  is the curve with initial point  $(0, 0, 2)$  and terminal point  $(0, 3, 0)$  shown in the figure



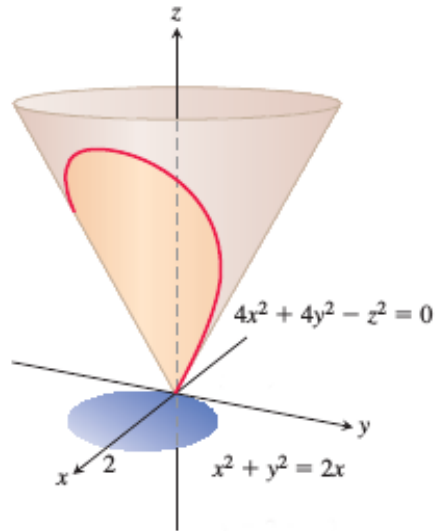
2. Consider the helicoidal surface  $\mathcal{S}$  shown in the figure, parametrized by

$$\mathbf{r}(r, \theta) = r \cos \theta \mathbf{i} + r \sin \theta \mathbf{j} + \theta \mathbf{k}, \quad (0 \leq r \leq 1, \quad 0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi).$$



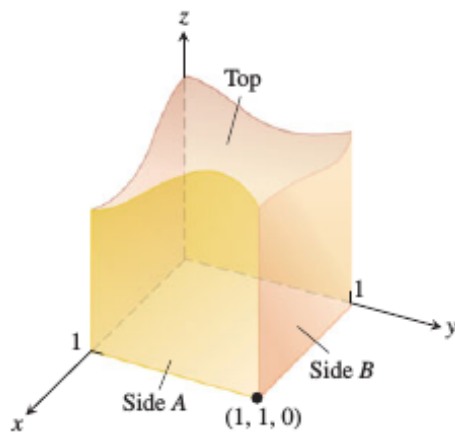
- (a) Find the surface area of  $\mathcal{S}$ .
- (b) Find the mass of  $\mathcal{S}$  if the density at a point is proportional to the distance from the  $z$ -axis.

3. Let  $\mathbf{F} = -z\mathbf{i} + y\mathbf{j} + x\mathbf{k}$  and consider the surface  $\mathcal{S}$  cut from the shown cone by the circular cylinder  $x^2 + y^2 = 2x$  and oriented by the downward pointing normal  $\mathbf{N}$ .



- (a) Find a parametrization of  $\mathcal{S}$  with the polar coordinates  $(r, \theta)$  as parameters.
- (b) Find  $\oint_{\mathcal{C}} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ , where  $\mathcal{C}$  is the curve of intersection of the cone and the cylinder, positively oriented by  $\mathbf{N}$ .

4. The base of the closed cubelike surface shown here is the unit square in the  $xy$ -plane. The four sides lie in the planes  $x = 0$ ,  $x = 1$ ,  $y = 0$ , and  $y = 1$ . The top is an arbitrary smooth surface whose identity is unknown.



Let  $\mathbf{F} = x\mathbf{i} - 2y\mathbf{j} + (z + 3)\mathbf{k}$  and suppose the outward flux of  $\mathbf{F}$  through Side  $A$  is 1 and through Side  $B$  is  $-3$ . Find the outward flux of  $\mathbf{F}$  through the top side.