

TC 5033

Deep Learning

Convolutional Neural Networks

Team Members:

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Activity 2b: Building a CNN for CIFAR10 dataset with PyTorch

Objective

The main goal of this activity is to further your understanding of Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs) by building one using PyTorch. You will apply this architecture to the famous CIFAR10 dataset, taking what you've learned from the guide code that replicated the Fully Connected model in PyTorch (Activity 2a).

• Instructions This activity requires submission in teams of 3 or 4 members. Submissions from smaller or larger teams will not be accepted unless prior approval has been granted (only due to exceptional circumstances). While teamwork is encouraged, each member is expected to contribute individually to the assignment. The final submission should feature the best arguments and solutions from each team member. Only one person per team needs to submit the completed work, but it is imperative that the names of all team members are listed in a Markdown cell at the very beginning of the notebook (either the first or second cell). Failure to include all team member names will result in the grade being awarded solely to the individual who submitted the assignment, with zero points given to other team members (no exceptions will be made to this rule).

Understand the Guide Code: Review the guide code from Activity 2a that implemented a Fully Connected model in PyTorch. Note how PyTorch makes it easier to implement neural networks.

Familiarize Yourself with CNNs: Take some time to understand their architecture and the rationale behind using convolutional layers.

Prepare the Dataset: Use PyTorch's DataLoader to manage the dataset. Make sure the data is appropriately preprocessed for a CNN.

Design the CNN Architecture: Create a new architecture that incorporates convolutional layers. Use PyTorch modules like nn.Conv2d, nn.MaxPool2d, and others to build your network.

Training Loop and Backpropagation: Implement the training loop, leveraging PyTorch's autograd for backpropagation. Keep track of relevant performance metrics.

Analyze and Document: Use Markdown cells to explain your architectural decisions, performance results, and any challenges you faced. Compare this model with your previous Fully Connected model in terms of performance and efficiency.

- Evaluation Criteria
 - Understanding of CNN architecture and its application to the CIFAR10 dataset
 - Code Readability and Comments
 - Appropriateness and efficiency of the chosen CNN architecture
 - Correct implementation of Traning Loop and Accuracy Function
 - Model's performance metrics on the CIFAR10 dataset (at least 65% accuracy)
 - Quality of Markdown documentation
- Submission

Submit via Canvas your Jupyter Notebook with the CNN implemented in PyTorch. Your submission should include well-commented code and Markdown cells that provide a comprehensive view of your design decisions, performance metrics, and learnings.

```
'2.1.0'

True

NVIDIA GeForce GTX 1650

(7, 5)

_CudaDeviceProperties(name='NVIDIA GeForce GTX 1650', major=7, minor=5, total_memory=4095MB, multi_processor_count=14)
```

Download Cifar10 dataset

```
Files already downloaded and verified
Files already downloaded and verified
Files already downloaded and verified
```

64

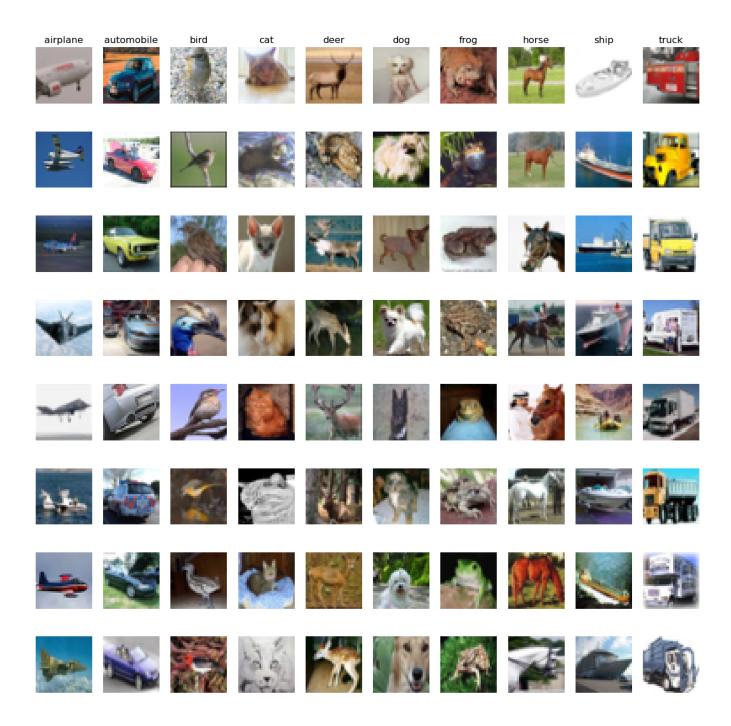
Using GPUs

cuda

Show Images

La imagen muestreada representa un: automobile





Calculate Accuracy

Training Loop

Linear model

Model Hyperparameters

Neural Network Architecture:

```
Input -> Flatten -> Linear -> ReLU -> Linear -> ReLU -> Linear -> Output
```

This architecture is a sequence of layers configured to process input data for classification tasks.

Train model and get accuracy

```
        Epoch:
        0
        costo:
        1.3296
        accuracy:
        0.4536

        Epoch:
        1
        costo:
        1.9087
        accuracy:
        0.4926

        Epoch:
        2
        costo:
        1.2613
        accuracy:
        0.5078

        Epoch:
        3
        costo:
        1.9224
        accuracy:
        0.5274

        Epoch:
        4
        costo:
        1.3760
        accuracy:
        0.5270

        Epoch:
        5
        costo:
        1.1816
        accuracy:
        0.5324

        Epoch:
        6
        costo:
        1.1088
        accuracy:
        0.5256

        Epoch:
        7
        costo:
        0.6553
        accuracy:
        0.5274

        Epoch:
        9
        costo:
        1.0837
        accuracy:
        0.5416
```

0.5222

Sequential CNN

Model Hyperparameters

```
Input -> Conv2d -> ReLU -> Conv2d -> ReLU -> MaxPool2d -> Flatten -> Linear -> Output
```

This architecture represents a convolutional neural network (CNN) designed for processing image data.

```
Epoch: 0 costo: 1.5983 accuracy: 0.4938
Epoch: 1 costo: 1.7619 accuracy: 0.5366
Epoch: 2 costo: 1.3108 accuracy: 0.5618
Epoch: 3 costo: 1.2336 accuracy: 0.5820
Epoch: 4 costo: 1.2264 accuracy: 0.5846
Epoch: 5 costo: 1.6059 accuracy: 0.5964
Epoch: 6 costo: 1.2219 accuracy: 0.6076
Epoch: 7 costo: 0.7529 accuracy: 0.6144
Epoch: 8 costo: 0.6677 accuracy: 0.6234
Epoch: 9 costo: 1.3023 accuracy: 0.6346
```

0.6216

OOP Approach and performance improvement

Model Hyperparameters

Neural Network Architecture:

```
Input -> Conv2d -> BatchNorm2d -> ReLU -> Conv2d -> BatchNorm2d -> ReLU -> Flatten -> Linear -> Output
```

This architecture represents a simple convolutional neural network (CNN) designed for processing image data.

```
Epoch: 0 costo: 1.2241 accuracy: 0.6782
Epoch: 1 costo: 0.8293 accuracy: 0.7264
Epoch: 2 costo: 0.2341 accuracy: 0.7516
Epoch: 3 costo: 0.6276 accuracy: 0.7682
Epoch: 4 costo: 0.5623 accuracy: 0.7342
Epoch: 5 costo: 0.0709 accuracy: 0.7702
Epoch: 6 costo: 0.2689 accuracy: 0.7776
Epoch: 7 costo: 0.4365 accuracy: 0.7770
Epoch: 8 costo: 0.0238 accuracy: 0.7770
Epoch: 9 costo: 0.0676 accuracy: 0.7586
Epoch: 10 costo: 0.0808 accuracy: 0.7284
Epoch: 11 costo: 0.0470 accuracy: 0.7476
Epoch: 12 costo: 0.0633 accuracy: 0.7704
Epoch: 13 costo: 0.0117 accuracy: 0.7736
Epoch: 14 costo: 0.0077 accuracy: 0.7724
Epoch: 15 costo: 0.0915 accuracy: 0.7848
Epoch: 16 costo: 0.0040 accuracy: 0.7398
Epoch: 17 costo: 0.0037 accuracy: 0.7714
Epoch: 18 costo: 0.0046 accuracy: 0.7764
Epoch: 19 costo: 0.1167 accuracy: 0.7764
```

0.7924

The model's final performance on the ASL dataset achieved an accuracy of 79.24%. The convolutional network architecture, utilizing an OOP approach with batch normalization, outperformed the preceding linear and sequential models.