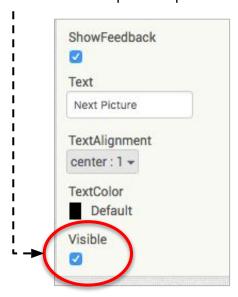
You'll add the functionality for more than one picture in the

TOUR GUIDE: MULTIPLE PICTURES

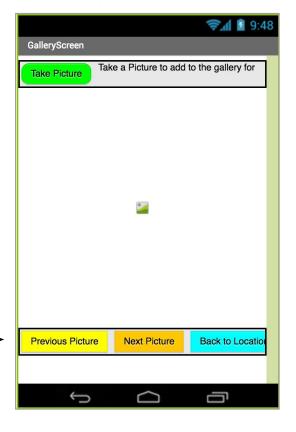
UPDATE GALLERY SCREEN



The template contains two invisible buttons, PreviousButton and NextButton. Find them in the Components panel and check their Visible property.



The two buttons appear next to the **BackButton**. - -▶





AFTER PICTURE

Make your app more versatile, by allowing users to take many pictures instead of just one! You'll use a List called **photoList** to store the images in the app, and **TinyDB** to store the list so it can be retrieved each time the user runs the app.



Initialize two new variables. Name them and set them as seen below.

- currentIndex points to the index of the current picture in photoList.
- photoList is the list of photos.





When a picture is taken:

- Add the image to the photoList.
- Save photolist to TinyDB with the tag "photolist". (replace the current TinyDB1.StoreValue block with new tag/value)
- Set currentIndex to point to the end of the list (HINT: use length of list block)

Use the following blocks.

```
when Camera1 .AfterPicture
                                                     length of list list
  image
     set Image1 ▼ . Picture ▼ to
                             get image
     call TinyDB1 .StoreValue
                                                 ‡
                                                     add items to list
                                                                          list
                              photo
                                                                        item
                              get image
                 valueToStore
                                       photoList
      get image
                                                get global photoList
set global currentIndex - to
```



INITIALIZE SCREEN

Because you are swtiching from a single photo to a list, you need to update the **GalleryScreen.Initialize** event.

Remove the **set Image1.Picture** block, and set it aside. Don't delete it because you can reuse the blocks.

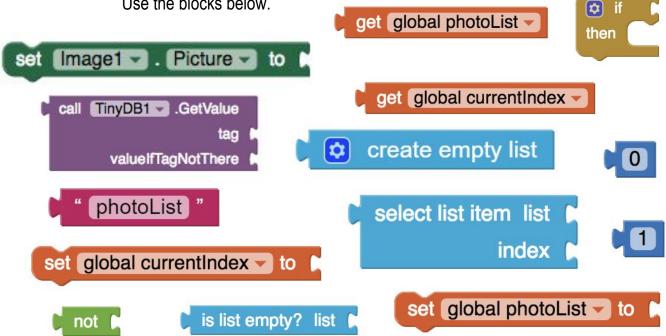
```
when GalleryScreen .Initialize

do set Image1 . Picture to call TinyDB1 .GetValue

tag "photo"

valueIfTagNotThere """
```

- Here are the following steps needed in GalleryScreen.Initialize:
 - Set variable currentIndex to 0.
 - Set variable photoList to an empty list.
 - Get the "photoList" tag from **TinyDB1** and store it in the **photoList** variable.
 - If the list is not empty, there are pictures to see, so
 - o set Image1.Plcture to the first item in the list
 - set currentIndex to 1, since it points to the first item in the list Use the blocks below.





PREVIOUS AND NEXT BUTTONS

Now code the **PreviousButton** and **NextButton**s to allow the user to scroll through the images in the gallery. You will need to update **currentIndex**, by either adding or subtracting to go back or forward in our list of photos.



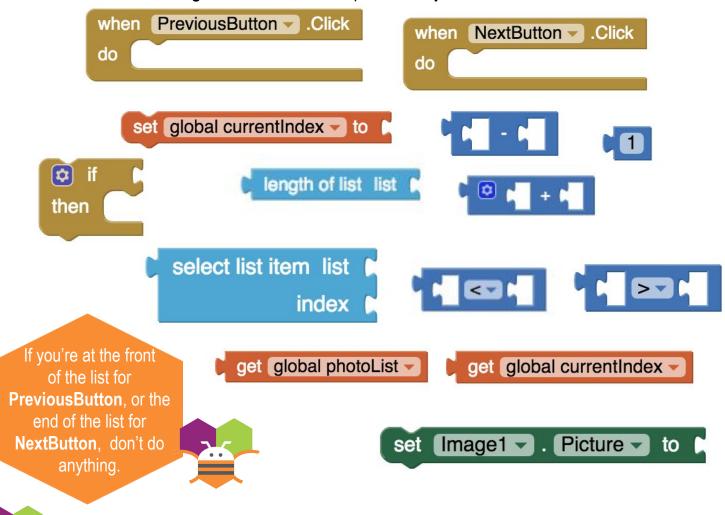
Use the blocks below to code the logic for PreviousButton and NextButton.

The algorithm for **PreviousButton** is:

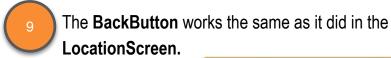
- If currentIndex is not pointing to the beginning of the list
 - Subtract 1 from currentIndex.
 - Set Image1.Picture to the item pointed to by the new currentIndex value.

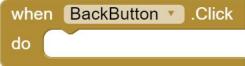
The algorithm for **NextButton** is:

- If currentIndex is not pointing to the end of the list
 - Add 1 to currentIndex.
 - Set Image1.Picture to the item pointed to by the new currentIndex value.



BACKBUTTON AND TESTING





close screen

- Here you go! Test out your app with the MIT Al2 Companion.
 - ➤ Go to the GalleryScreen.
 - Take some pictures.
 - Scroll through your pictures with the Previous and Next buttons.
 - Close the app and reopen it.
 The pictures should still be there!





COMPUTATIONAL THINKING CONCEPTS

The following are the Computational Thinking Concepts used in Multiple Pictures.

