Music Maker



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1. Synopsis

In this unit, students make musical apps as a follow-up to the MyPiano app made in the previous unit. Students are encouraged to design their own musical apps using sounds effects and instrument recordings, with provided images and matching music/sound recordings. They can also add their own images and sounds as an added challenge. This unit allows students to reinforce previously learned Computational Thinking concepts, such as events, parallelism, and repetition. Students will reuse and remix code from the MyPiano app. Students will also practice being incremental and iterative, as well as testing and debugging.

2. Learning Objectives

After completing this unit, students will be able to:

- 1. Utilize Layout components to organize the user interface of an app.
- 2. Use events, parallelism, and naming in their app.
- 3. Reuse and remix code.
- 4. Be iterative and incremental in developing their app.
- 5. Test and debug to make a working app.
- 6. Provide feedback and act on suggestions for improvement.



3. Mapping with the Computational Thinking Framework

These tables show the alignment of this unit with the intended learning outcomes for the computational thinking framework. The entries in the table indicate the expected relevance of the unit to each outcome:

YYY: High relevance

Some relevance

Low relevance

Computational Thinking Concepts

	Unit 3 Music Maker				
1.	Sequences	VV	Sequencing of blocks is important in order for the app to function correctly.		
2.	Events	VVV	Button click events are used to start and stop sound.		
3.	Repetition	VV	Students are introduced to the Loop property of the Player component.		
4.	Conditionals				
5.	Parallelism	///	Music sound files play simultaneously		
6.	Naming	VVV	It is important that students name their components to avoid confusion.		
7.	Operators				
8.	Manipulation of data and elementary data structure				



Computational Thinking Practices

	Unit 3 Music Maker				
1.	Reusing and remixing	VVV	Students will build this app by reusing code from the previous Piano app.		
2.	Being incremental and iterative	VVV	Students build this app in incremental steps after confirming at every step that their app works.		
3.	Abstracting and modularizing				
4.	Testing and debugging	<i>\\\\\</i>	Students need to test changes to the app and fix any mistakes.		
5.	Algorithmic thinking	•	Some students who do the challenge tasks need to follow a basic algorithm to play/stop/record their music.		



Computational Thinking Perspectives

	Unit 3 Music Maker				
1.	Expressing	VVV	Students create an app with their own choice of sounds or music to express themselves.		
2.	Questioning	///	Students learn new concepts like playing sounds simultaneously within MIT App Inventor.		
3.	Connecting	///	Students are connecting with their personal interests in terms of sound or music.		
4.	Computational identity	<i>\\\</i>	By creating the app, students can see themselves as creators of technology.		
5.	Digital empowerment	VVV	Students feel empowered by creating an app they can share with friends and family.		



4. Mapping with the CSTA Standards

This table shows the alignment of this unit with the intended learning outcomes to the CSTA CS Standards. The entries in the tables indicate the expected relevance of the unit to each outcome:

2-AP-13	Decompose problems and	Students
	subproblems into parts to	design the
	facilitate the design,	layout and
	implementation, and review of	implement the
	programs.	code for their
	[C] AP: Modularity [P]	apps.
	Computational Problems (3.2)	
2-AP-17	Incorporate existing code, media,	Students use
	and libraries into original	images and
	programs, and give attribution.	sound files
	[C] AP: Program Development	provided in a
	[P] Abstraction (4.2), Creating	template.
	(5.2), Communicating (7.3)	
2-AP-18	Systematically test and refine	Students test
	programs using a range of test	their apps as
	cases.	they develop.
	[C] AP: Program Development	
	[P] Testing (6.1)	



5. Learning Prerequisites

Students should have completed two App Inventor units, "Hello It's Me" and "My Piano App," and should be familiar with button events and playing sounds, prior to starting this unit.



6. Lesson Plan (45 minutes x 3)

This unit consists of three 45 minutes lessons. Expanded teacher guides are part of the appendix.

Lesson 1

Time	Activity				
10 min	Introduction to Music Maker Project				
	Ask students:				
	1. What did you like about the MyPiano app?				
	2. How might the MyPiano app be made better, more interesting or				
	fun?				
	3. Have you tried the GarageBand app before?				
	Explain to students that they will make their own Music Maker, with				
	various instruments and beat sound files for users to play. Demonstrate				
	an example MusicMaker app.				
15 min	App Design				
	Students design their own app on paper:				
	1. Give students access to media files available.				
	2. Give students the Music Maker Design Worksheet.				
	3. Have students draw the layout of their apps. Encourage them to				
	think about the placement of buttons for the ease of starting and				
	stopping/pausing the sound plays.				
	4. Remind students that their apps should include:				
	a. Minimum of four sounds				
	b. The ability to start and stop any sound				
20 min	Adding of Components in Designer				
	Based on the layout drawn on the worksheet, ask students to add the				
	necessary components for their apps, following the Student Guide.				



Lesson 2

Time	Activity			
10 min	Demonstration of Player Components			
	1. Ask students: "Is there any difference between the sounds that			
	play in the MyPiano app and this Music Maker app?" (The			
	answer is that in this app, multiple sounds can play at once, so			
	they will need multiple Player components).			
	2. Demonstrate how to add Player components.			
	a. Explain the Loop property and compare to loops in code			
	(from Scratch).			
	3. Demonstrate the Start, Stop, and Pause blocks for the Player			
	component.			
30 min	Coding Activity			
	1. Students code their apps following Student Guide: Lesson 2.			
	2. If some students finish early, they may try the Challenge, using			
	Student Guide: Challenge.			
5 min	Wrapup			
	Check in with students to see what progress they have made. There is a			
	third lesson in which some students can finish up and others can add			
	enhancements.			



Lesson 3

Time	Activity			
5 min	Introduction to Lesson 3			
	1. Review what has been accomplished so far.			
	2. Explain that students can work on completing the app if they			
	haven't already, or they can use the lesson to add more notes or			
	new features. Students may also try the Challenge to create a			
	toggle button to record music.			
20 min	Add New Features			
	Based on suggestions at the end of the Student Guide: Part 3, students			
	can add more notes. Note files are included in the template for the sharp			
	notes.			
10 min	Sharing			
	Ask students to share with a classmate. They should demonstrate their			
	app, then let the other person try it. Each person should complete a			
	Feedback worksheet for the other person, providing two positive			
	statements and a constructive suggestion for improvement.			
10 min	Wrapup			
	1. Ask students to reflect on creating their own apps. Ask if it felt			
	different from following steps to make a set app.			
	2. Ask students to complete the multiple choice and Learning			
	Attitudes Survey.			



7. Assessment

Multiple-choice questions

Multiple-choice questions assess key concepts of the activity as shown below:

1. What would happen if you press **Piano1Button** and then three seconds later press **Drum1Button** using the following blocks?

```
when Piano1Button .Click
do call Piano1Player .Start

when StopPiano1Button .Click
do call Piano1Player .Stop

when Drum1Button .Click
do call Drum1Player .Stop

when StopDrum1Button .Click
do call Drum1Player .Stop
```

- A. Piano1Player would start playing a sound, after three seconds Drum1Player would start playing and Piano1Player would stop playing.
- B. Piano1Player would play its sound continuously, and Drum1Player would never play.
- C. Piano1Player would start playing a sound, after three seconds Drum1Player would start playing and Piano1Player would not stop playing.
- D. Piano1Player would start playing a sound, after three seconds (when Drum1Player is pressed) the program would stop working.

(Answer: C)



2. A student writes an app to play sounds. Her code blocks for starting and stopping the Drum sounds are below. When testing, she presses the Drum1Button but instead of hearing the drum sound, an error appears. What is the problem?

```
when Drum1Button .Click
do set DrumPlayer .Source to "drum.png"
call DrumPlayer .Start

when StopDrum1Button .Click
do call DrumPlayer .Stop
```

- A. The DrumPlayer source file is not a sound file.
- B. The purple block should be DrumPlayer.Stop instead of DrumPlayer.Start in the Drum1Button.Click event.
- C. The DrumPlayer source file should be set in the Designer, not in blocks.
- D. She needs to reset the MIT AI2 Companion.

(Answer: A)



Learning attitudes

In order to evaluate students' attitude, perception, and understanding towards coding, students are required to finish a 5-point scale survey below by putting a " \checkmark " in the appropriate box.

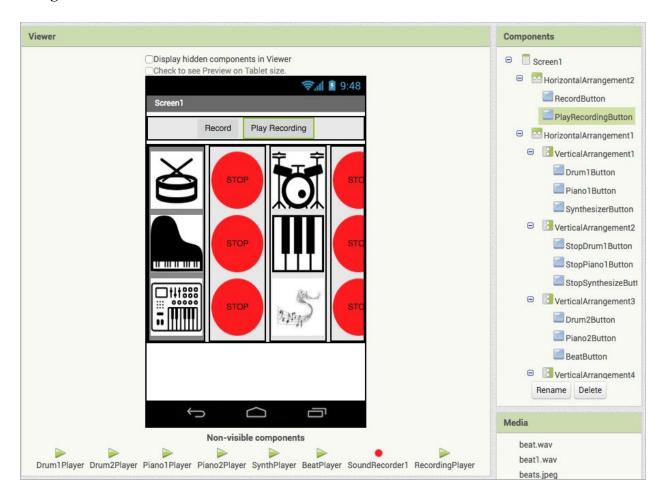
After completion of this unit, I think	Disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat agree	Agree
Learning how to make apps makes me want to learn more about coding.					
I feel more connected to the technology around me when I make apps.					
I am excited to share this app with friends and family.					



8. Screen Design and Code

Because students will design their own apps, the Designer and Blocks code below are just examples. The apps do not need to look just like the examples below.

Designer





Blocks

```
when StopPiano1Player . Loop to false call Piano1Player . Stop

when SynthesizerButton . Click

do if not SynthPlayer . Loop to true call SynthPlayer . Loop to true call SynthPlayer . Start

when StopPiano2Button . Click

do set Piano2Player . Loop to false call Piano2Player . Stop

when Drum2Button . Click

do if not Drum2Player . Loop to true call Drum2Player . Loop to true . Stop . Start
```

```
when StopBeatButton .Click

do set BeatPlayer .Loop to false .call BeatPlayer .Stop

when Piano1Button .Click

do if not Piano1Player .IsPlaying .tue

call Piano1Player .Start

when Piano2Button .Click

do if not Piano2Player .IsPlaying .tue

call Piano2Player .Loop to true

call Piano2Player .Start
```

Blocks for Challenge

```
when Drum1Button .Click
do if not Drum1Player .Loop to true call Drum1Player .Loop to true call Drum1Player .Start

User tapped and released the button.

when StopSynthesizeButton .Click
do set SynthPlayer .Loop to false call SynthPlayer .Stop

when StopDrum1Button .Click
do set Drum1Player .Loop to false call Drum1Player .Stop

when BeatButton .Click
do if not BeatPlayer .IsPlaying then set BeatPlayer .Loop to true call BeatPlayer .Start
```



```
when RecordButton .Click
do 🔯 if
               get global recording = true
    then call SoundRecorder1 .Stop
          set RecordButton . Text to
                                                       initialize global recording to 🔰 false 🔻
                                         Record **
          set global recording to false
    else call SoundRecorder1 .Start
          set RecordButton . Text to
                                         Stop Recording
          set global recording to true
                                                  when PlayRecordingButton . Click
                                                  do call RecordingPlayer .Start
       when SoundRecorder1 .AfterSoundRecorded
        sound
       do set RecordingPlayer . Source to get sound
           set PlayRecordingButton . Enabled to true
```



Appendix 1 Music Maker Teacher's Guide Lesson 1

Learning Objectives

At the end of this lesson, students should be able to:

- 1. Design a layout for an app using design planning skills.
- 2. Use the Layout components in App Inventor to control placement of components in their apps.
- 3. Apply the Computational Thinking Practices of reusing and remixing code and being iterative and incremental, by taking the time to plan and design to create their apps.

Lesson Outline

Introduction of the project (5 minutes)

Ask students:

- 1. What did you like about the MyPiano app?
- 2. How might the MyPiano app be made better, more interesting or fun?
- 3. Have you tried the GarageBand app before?

Explain to students that they will make their own Music Maker, where they will create an app using various instruments and beat sound files. This will build upon what on their work with the MyPiano app, and adds extended and varied sound files.

Demonstrate an example app, so students can see and hear the sounds can start and stop.



App Design (15 minutes)

Students design their own apps on paper:

- 1. Give students access to media files. These can be in a Dropbox or Google Drive or some other online storage used by your school. Allow students to play the sounds so they know what they sound like. Headphones are advised.
- 2. Give students the *Music Maker Design Worksheet*.
- 3. Have students draw the layout of their apps. Encourage them to think about the placement of buttons for the ease of starting and stopping/pausing the sound plays.
- 4. Remind students that their apps should include:
 - a. Minimum of four sounds
 - b. The ability to start and stop any sound

Adding of Components in Designer (20 minutes)

- 1. Have students upload the MusicMaker template.aia file.
 - a. Show them the media files that are included. These are the same media files they listened to above.
 - b. Demonstrate HorizontalArrangements and VerticalArrangements as a way to organize components in their app. Placement of components inside an Arrangement is based on the type of Arrangement. Components inside VerticalArrangements are placed vertically, below each other. Components inside HorizontalArrangements are placed horizontally, beside each other.
- 2. Based on the layout drawn on the worksheet, ask students to add the necessary components for their apps, following the Student Guide: Part 1.



Appendix 2 Music Maker Teacher's Guide Lesson 2

Learning Objectives

At the end of this lesson, students should be able to:

- 1. Reuse and remix code from a previous app.
- 2. Demonstrate understanding that multiple Player components can create parallel actions.
- 3. Demonstrate understanding of Events, which trigger actions in an app.
- 4. Follow a design to implement an app.

Lesson Outline

Demonstration of Player Components (10 minutes)

- 1. Ask students: "Is there any difference between the sounds that play in the MyPiano app and this Music Maker app?" (The answer is that in this app, multiple sounds can play at once, so they will need multiple Player components). The concept is *parallelism*, where multiple things can occur simultaneously in an app. While technically, things are not actually being executed at the same time, multiple sounds files can be launched so they play in parallel.
- 2. Demonstrate how to add Player components.
 - a. Explain the Loop property and compare to loops in code (from Scratch).
- 3. Demonstrate the Start, Stop, and Pause blocks for the Player component.



Coding Activity (25 minutes)

- 1. Students code their apps following Student Guide: Lesson 2. Most of this lesson will be similar to the My Piano app, where the user presses a button to start a sound. The addition of a Stop or Pause feature is usually implemented by an additional button. If some students want to use a single button, refer them to the Challenge Student Guide, which explains the process for recording, and also shows a toggle button.
- If some students finish early, they may try the Challenge, using Student Guide:
 Challenge. The Challenge adds a Record button so users can record their music and then play it back.

Sharing (10 minutes)

Ask students to swap tablets with a partner, and try each other's apps. Provide feedback using the Feedback Worksheet. Stress to students the need for constructive and thoughtful feedback. They can comment on the user interface or the sounds chosen.



Appendix 3 Music Maker Teacher's Guide Lesson 3

Learning Objectives

At the end of this lesson, students should be able to:

- 1. Add an enhancement to their app.
- 2. Test and debug their apps using the MIT AI2 Companion app and live testing.
- 3. Share their work with their peers.

Lesson Outline

Introduction to Lesson 3 (5 minutes)

- 1. Review what has been accomplished so far.
- 2. Explain that students can work on completing the app if they haven't already, or they can use the time to add more notes or new features. Students may also try the Challenge to create a toggle button to record music.



Add New Features (20 minutes)

Students may continue to work on their apps if they have not yet finished.

Based on suggestions at the end of the Student Guide: Part 2, students can add new features.

Sharing (10 minutes)

Ask students to share with a classmate. They should demonstrate their app, then let the other person try it. Each person should complete a Feedback worksheet for the other person, providing two positive statements and a constructive suggestion for improvement.

Wrapup (10 minutes)

- 1. Ask students to reflect on creating their own apps. Ask if it felt different from following steps to make a set app.
- 2. Ask students to complete the multiple choice questions and Learning Attitudes Survey.

