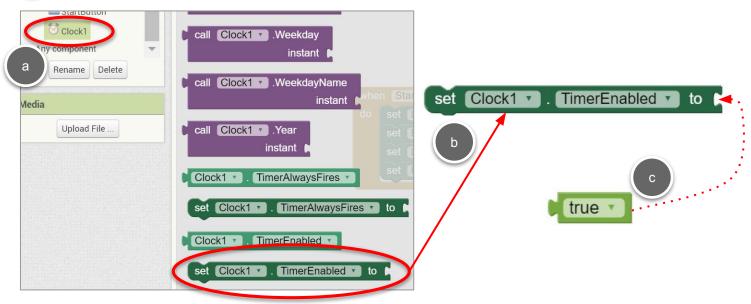


Text to

And enable the **Clock** to start ticking!

A RightLabel

set Time





CLOCK TIMER EVENT when Clock1.Timer Every time the Clock Timer "fires", you need to update the time counter. event works like a timer. It is triggered Drag out a Clock1.Timer block. Colors when Clock1 v .Timer Variables do Procedures when Clock1 v .Timer Screen1 call Clock1 .Add Days do ■ TimerArrangement insta A TimeLabel quanti A Time call Clock1 .Add Durat ■ ButtonArrangement LeftButton qu RightButton Time set Text ScoreArrangement call Clock1 .Add Hours A LeftLabel A LeftScore quan A RightLabel call Clock1 .Add Minut A RightScore StartButton qua Clock1 Can you figure Each time the Clock Timer fires, decrease out what goes in the Time by 1. these 2 slots? ☐ TimerArrangement set Time . HasMargins to A TimeLabel Built-in 0 Time Height Control ButtonArrangement Height to LeftButton set Time Math RightButton HeightPercent • set Time to 1 □ ScoreArrangement Lists A LeftLabel Text * Time *



A LeftScore

A RightLabel

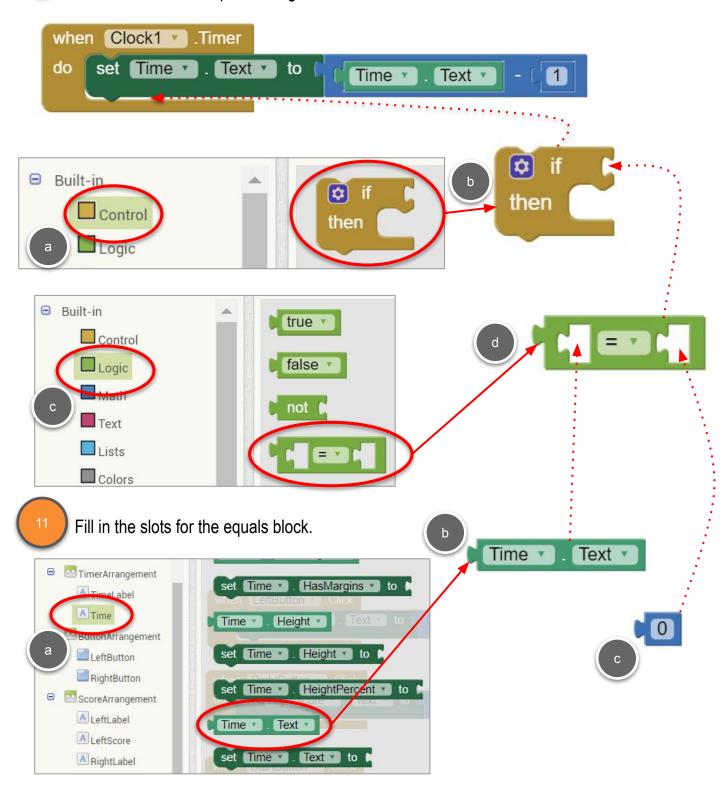
set Time . Text

Colors

CLOCK.TIMER EVENT (continued)



Add an **if** block to test if the Time = 0, which means the time is up and the game is over.





ENABLE COMPONENTS

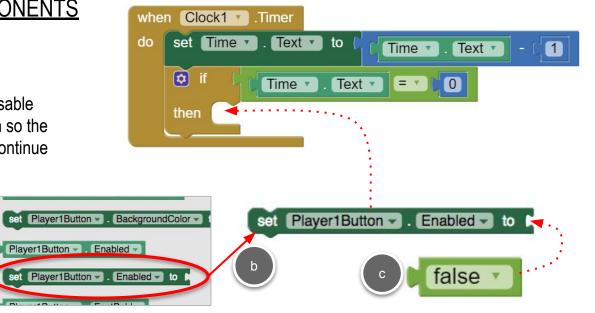
If time is up, disable
Player1Button so the
users cannot continue
clicking it.

A Time

Player1Button

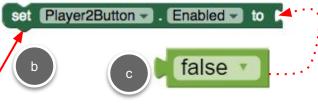
ScoreArrangement

Player1Label



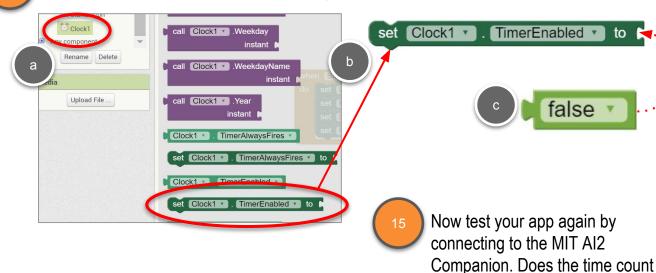
Disable **Player2Button** too.





down from 10 to 1 and then stop?

Disable the **Clock.Timer** so it stops ticking.





TWO-BUTTON GAME: PART 2

COMPUTATIONAL THINKING CONCEPTS

The following are the Computational Thinking Concepts learned in this lesson.

