

University Roll No. :

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First Term Examination, Odd Semester 2015-16

B.Tech. (I Year)- I Semester

Subject:- Mathematics - I

Subject Code:- AHM-1001

Time: 1 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 20

Section-A

Note: Attempt All Questions

1×5=5

- Find the nth derivative of  $\frac{7}{x+2}$
- If  $u = \log\left(\frac{x^4+y^4}{x+y}\right)$  then find the value of  $x\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$  by Euler's theorem.
- If  $x^y + y^x = c$  then find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .
- Define Asymptote and name the asymptotes if it is not parallel to co-ordinate axis.
- State Taylor's theorem for two variables about origin.

Section-B

Note: Attempt Any three Questions

2×3=6

- Find the asymptotes of  $x^2 + 3xy + 2y^2 + 3x - 2y + 1 = 0$
- If  $u = f(2x - 3y, 3y - 4z, 4z - 2x)$ , then prove that  $\frac{1}{2}\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{1}{3}\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{1}{4}\frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 0$
- Expand  $e^{\sin x}$  by Maclaurin's series upto the terms containing  $x^4$ .
- If  $y = (x + \sqrt{1+x^2})^m$ , then prove that  $(1+x^2)y_{n+2} + (2n+1)xy_{n+1} + (n^2-m^2)y_n = 0$

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Section-C

Note: Attempt Any three Questions

3×3=9

- If  $y = \sin(m \sin^{-1} x)$ , Find  $(y_n)$  at  $x = 0$ .
- If  $u = e^{xyz}$  then prove that  $\frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x \partial y \partial z} = (1 + 3xyz + x^2 y^2 z^2)u$
- Obtain Taylor's Expansion of  $f(x, y) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$  about point  $(1, 1)$  upto and inclusive of second degree terms. Hence compute  $f(1.1, 0.9)$ .
- If  $u = \operatorname{cosec}^{-1}\left(\frac{x^{\frac{1}{2}} + y^{\frac{1}{2}}}{x^{\frac{1}{3}} + y^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^{1/2}$ , then prove that

$$x^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + 2xy \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + y^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = \frac{\tan u}{144} (13 + \tan^2 u)$$