Comparison	School:	Campus:				
	Academic Year: Subject Name:	Subject Code:				
Centurion UNIVERSITY Shaping Lives Empowering Communities	Semester: Program:	Branch: Specialization:				
	Date:					
	Applied and Action Learning (Learning by Doing and Discovery)					

Name of the Experiement:

* Coding Phase: Pseudo Code / Flow Chart / Algorithm

Deploying Your First Smart Contract in Solidity on Remix IDE

1. Compiling the Code

- Remix automatically converts your Solidity contract into bytecode and ABI, so you don't need extra tools.
- It also checks that the code has no syntax errors and that you're using the correct compiler version.
- If the code has mistakes or the version doesn't match, deployment won't go through.

2. Connecting for Deployment

- MetaMask works as the link between Remix and the Ethereum blockchain (testnet or mainnet).
- When you deploy, MetaMask asks for confirmation and shows:
 - The wallet address that's deploying the contract
 - Estimated gas fees
 - The network being used
- This step shows that deployment happens via a blockchain transaction, not just by uploading the file.

3. Processing the Transaction

- You receive a transaction hash that you can follow on a block explorer like Etherscan or Sepolia Explorer.
- After confirmation, your contract is assigned a permanent address on the blockchain.
- Gas fees are deducted from your MetaMask account, proving that deploying contracts has a cost (even on testnets, it simulates real value).

4. Using the Contract

- Once live, Remix provides a built-in interface to interact with the contract functions.
- Calling functions that change data again needs MetaMask approval.
- You can see updates to the data or events directly in the Remix console.

Coding Phase: Pseudo Code / Flow Chart / Algorithm

Steps to Write and Deploy Your First Solidity Contract in Remix

Step 1: Open Remix IDE

• Go to https://remix.ethereum.org in your browser.

Step 2: Create a New File

- On the left panel, open the File Explorer.
- Inside the contracts folder, click the + (new file) button.
- Give your file a name, for example: SimpleStorage.sol.

```
Step 3: Write the Smart Contract
    pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
contract SimpleStorage{
    uint public storedData;
    constructor(uint data){
        storedData = data;
    }
    function set(uint x)public {
        storedData = x;
    }
    function get() public view returns (uint) {
        return storedData;
    }
}
```

Step 4: Compile the Contract

- Click on the Solidity Compiler tab (the icon with a "tick mark").
- Hit the Compile button.

Step 5: Deploy the Contract

- Switch to the Deploy & Run Transactions tab (Ethereum logo with play button).
- Under Environment, choose Injected Provider MetaMask to connect your wallet. Click Deploy, and MetaMask will pop up to confirm the transaction.

Step 6: Interact with the Contract

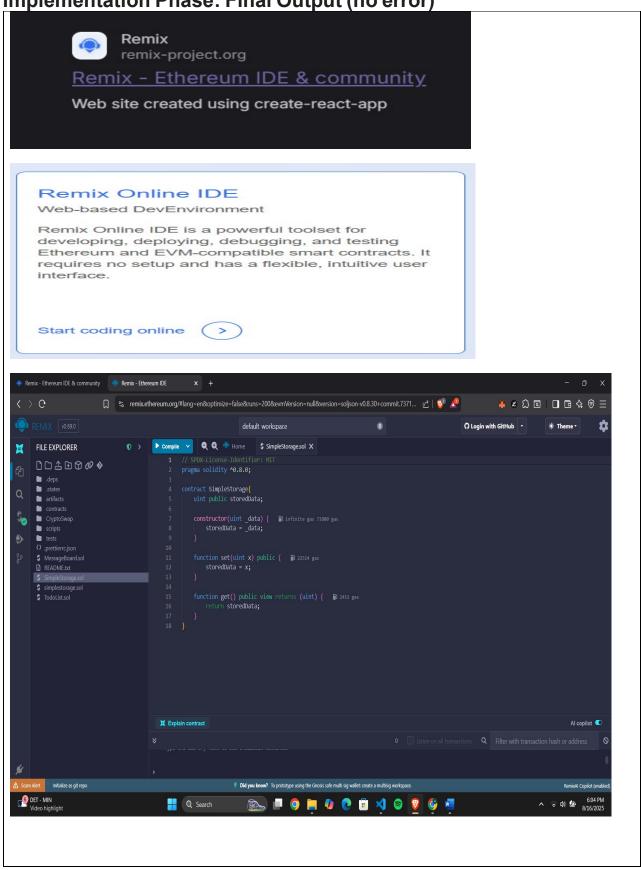
Once deployed, you'll see your contract under Deployed Contracts

Softwares used

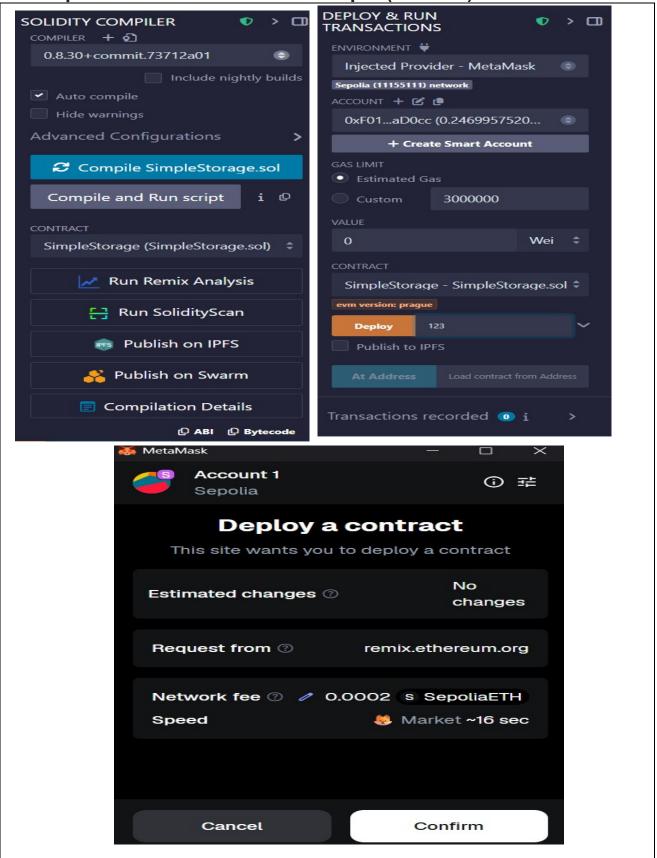
Remix IDEMetaMask Wallet		

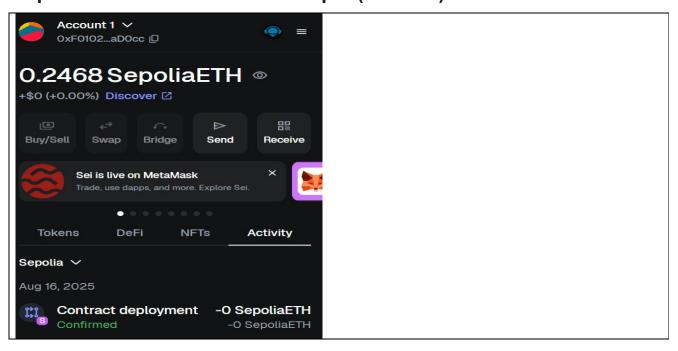
Testing Phase: Compilation of Code (error detection)						
No Error						
No Elioi						

'Implementation Phase: Final Output (no error)



Implementation Phase: Final Output (no error)





* Observations

- After deployment, the smart contract cannot be changed if there's a bug or error in the code, you must deploy a new version.
- The amount of gas spent varies with how complex the constructor is and how much data is stored or modified.
- Even the simplest contract will leave a permanent record on the blockchain and require gas to execute.
- MetaMask functions not only as a crypto wallet but also as the tool that signs your transactions and sends them to the blockchain network

ASSESMENT

Rubrics	Full Mark	Marks Obtained	Remarks
Concept	10		
Planning and Execution/	10		
Practical Simulation/ Programming			
Result and Interpretation	10		
Record of Applied and Action Learning	10		
Viva	10		
Total	50		

Signature of the Student:

Name:

Regn. No.:

Page No.....