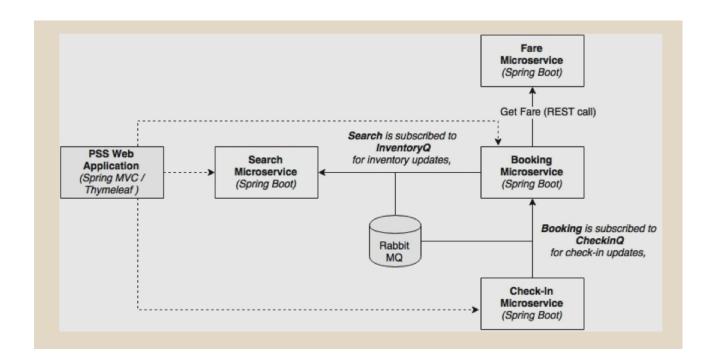
Flight Booking System

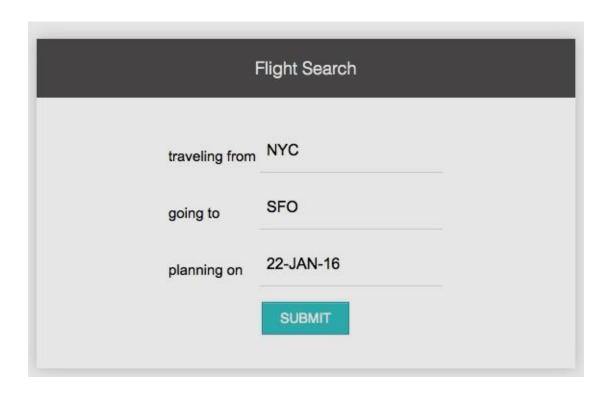
We will have to accomplish the following items in our microservices implementation:

- 1. Each microservice exposes a set of REST/ JSON endpoints for accessing business capabilities
- 2. Each microservice implements certain business functions using the Spring(Boot) framework.
- 3. Each microservice stores its own persistent data using H2 in-memory database
- 4. Microservices are built with Spring Boot, which has an embedded Tomcat server as the HTTP listener
- 5. RabbitMQ is used as an external messaging service. Search, Booking, and Check-in interact with each other through asynchronous messaging.



As shown in the preceding diagram, we are implementing four microservices as an example: Search, Fare, Booking, and Check-in. In order to test the application, there is a website application developed using Spring MVC. The asynchronous messaging is implemented with the help of RabbitMQ. In this sample implementation, the default H2 database is used as the in-memory store for demonstration purposes. The browser asks for basic security credentials. Use guest or guest123 as the credentials. This example only shows the website security with a basic authentication mechanism. service-level security can be achieved using OAuth2.

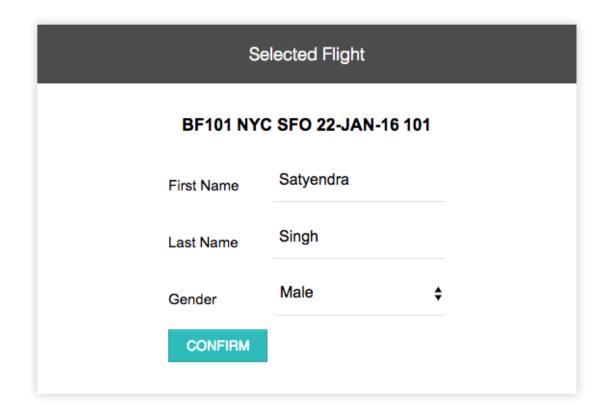
Entering the correct security credentials displays the following screen. This is the home screen of our Flight Booking application:



The SUBMIT button invokes the Search microservice to fetch the available flights that meet the conditions mentioned on the screen. A few flights are pre-populated at the startup of the Search microservice. Edit the Search microservice code to feed in additional flights, if required.

The output screen with a list of flights is shown in the next screenshot. The Book link will take us to the booking screen for the selected flight:

Available Flights
Flight From To Date Fore
Flight From To Date Fare 2 BF101 NYC SFO 22-JAN-16 101 Book
그 경영 과 경영 회장 회사 가장 그 경영 가장 하면 보다 가장 가장 하면 하는 사람들이 다른 사람들이 되었다.
3 BF105 NYC SFO 22-JAN-16 105 Book
4 BF106 NYC SFO 22-JAN-16 106 Book

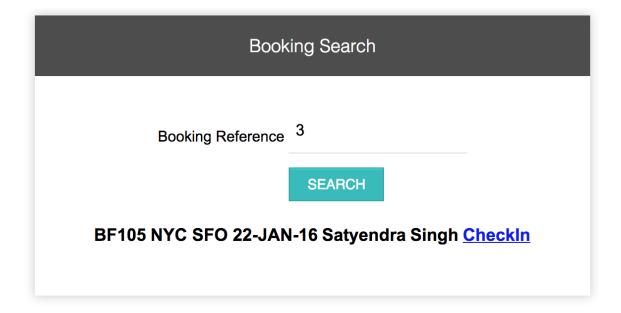


The following screenshot shows the booking screen. The user can enter the passenger details, and create a booking by clicking on the CONFIRM button. This invokes the Booking microservice, and internally, the Fare service as well. It also sends a message back to the Search microservice:

If booking is successful, the next confirmation screen is displayed with a booking reference number:



Clicking on the SEARCH button in the previous screen invokes the Booking microservice, and retrieves the booking information. Click on the CheckIn link to perform the check-in. This invokes the Check-in microservice:



If check-in is successful, it displays the confirmation message, as shown in the next screenshot, with a confirmation number. This is done by calling the Check-in service internally. The Check-in service sends a message to Booking to update the check-in status:

Check In Confirmation

Checked In, Seat Number is 28c, checkin id is 2