

Smart Contract Audits | KYC



# GOLD

Security Assessment

Simpies.com Token November 15, 2022

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# **Assessment Summary**

This report has been prepared for Simpies.com Token on the BNB Chain network. AegisX provides both client-centered and user-centered examination of the smart contracts and their current status when applicable. This report represents the security assessment made to find issues and vulnerabilities on the source code along with the current liquidity and token holder statistics of the protocol.

A comprehensive examination has been performed, utilizing Cross Referencing, Static Analysis, In-House Security Tools, and line-by-line Manual Review.

The auditing process pays special attention to the following considerations:

- Testing the smart contracts against both common and uncommon attack vectors.
- Inspecting liquidity and holders statistics to inform the current status to both users and client when applicable.
- Assessing the codebase to ensure compliance with current best practices and industry standards.
- Verifying contract functions that allow trusted and/or untrusted actors to mint, lock, pause, and transfer assets.
- Cross referencing contract structure and implementation against similar smart contracts produced by industry leaders
- Thorough line-by-line manual review of the entire codebase by industry experts.



# **Project Overview**

# **Contract Summary**

Parameter	Result
Address	0x6eBD8630833e80Cd076653A0CD481996B850A23D
Name	Simples.com
Token Tracker	Simples.com (Simples)
Decimals	18
Supply	1,000,000,000
Platform	BNB Chain
compiler	v0.8.4+commit.c7e474f2
Contract Name	StandardToken
Optimization	200
LicenseType	MIT
Language	Solidity
Codebase	https://bscscan.com/token/0x6ebd8630833e80cd076653a0cd481996b850a23d#code
Payment Tx	0x077bb20f44739e35ccbbbcfc1ad61a2c0890b05bf03694e3 437f6d9541ae4be3



# **Project Overview**

### **Risk Analysis Summary**

Parameter	Result
Buy Tax	0%
Sale Tax	0%
Is honeypot?	Clean
Can edit tax?	No
ls anti whale?	No
ls blacklisted?	No
ls whitelisted?	No
Holders	Owner holds 100% Unlocked Tokens as of now.
Security Score	79/100
Auditor Score	79/100
Confidence Level	Medium

The following quick summary it's added to the project overview; however, there are more details about the audit and its results. Please read every detail.



# Main Contract Assessed Contract Name

Name	Contract	Live
Simples.com	0x6eBD8630833e80Cd076653A0CD481996B850A23D	Yes

### **TestNet Contract was Not Assessed**

### **Solidity Code Provided**

SolID	File Sha-1	FileName
StandardToken	3b0b18bf1ed2749c4ce9e40380d44380966d4	4e3f Standard Token.sol



# **Mint Check**

The project owners of Simples.com do not have a mint function in the contract, owner cannot mint tokens after initial deploy.

The Project has a Total Supply of 1,000,000,000 and cannot mint any more than the Max Supply.

#### Mint Notes:

Auditor Notes: A mint Function does exist but it could be only called once when the contract was being created.





# **Fees Check**

The project owners of Simples.com do not have the ability to set fees higher than 25%.

The team May have fees defined; however, they can't set those fees higher than 25% or may not be able to configure the same.

Tax Fee Notes:

Auditor Notes: The contract does not have a tax.

**Project Owner Notes:.** 





# **Blacklist Check**

The project owners of Simples.com do not have a blacklist function their contract.

The Project allow owners to transfer their tokens without any restrictions.

Token owner cannot blacklist the contract: Malicious or compromised owners can trap contracts relying on tokens with a blacklist.

**Blacklist Notes:** 

Auditor Notes: The contract does not have a ban function.

**Project Owner Notes:** 

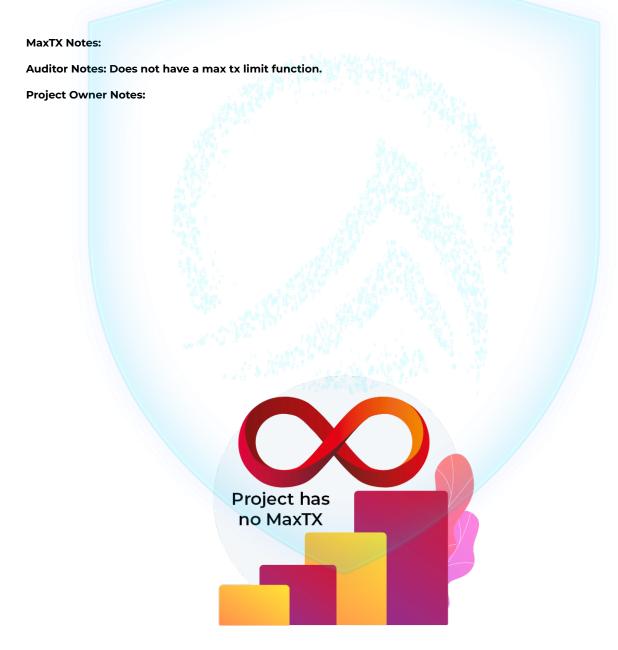




# MaxTx Check

# The Project Owners of Simples.com cannot set max tx amount

The Team allows any investors to swap, transfer or sell their total amount if needed.





### **Pause Trade Check**

The Project Owners of Simples.com don't have the ability to stop or pause trading.

The Team has done a great job to avoid stop trading, and investors has the ability to trade at any given time without any problems

**Pause Trade Notes:** 

Auditor Notes: Does not have a pause trade function.

**Project Owner Notes:** 





# **Contract Ownership**

The contract ownership of Simpies.com is not currently renounced. The ownership of the contract grants special powers to the protocol creators, making them the sole addresses that can call sensible ownable functions that may alter the state of the protocol.

The current owner is the address 0x878ef2857028 389Dc045EE11b1A09D0C99641d44 which can be viewed:

### **HERE**

The owner wallet has the power to call the functions displayed on the privileged functions chart below, if the owner's wallet is compromised, they could exploit these privileges.

We recommend the team renounce ownership at the right time, if possible, or gradually migrate to a timelock with governing functionalities regarding transparency and safety considerations.

We recommend the team use a Multisignature Wallet if the contract is not going to be renounced; this will give the team more control over the contract.



# **Liquidity Ownership**

The token does not have liquidity at the moment of the audit, block 23086466

If liquidity is unlocked, then the token developers can do what is infamously known as 'rugpull'. Once investors start buying token from the exchange, the liquidity pool will accumulate more and more coins of established value (e.g., ETH or BNB or Tether). This is because investors are basically sending these tokens of value to the exchange, to get the new token. Developers can withdraw this liquidity from the exchange, cash in all the value and run off with it. Liquidity is locked by renouncing the ownership of liquidity pool (LP) tokens for a fixed time period, by sending them to a time-lock smart contract. Without ownership of LP tokens, developers cannot get liquidity pool funds back. This provides confidence to the investors that the token developers will not run away with the liquidity money. It is now a standard practice that all token developers follow, and this is what really differentiates a scam coin from a real one.

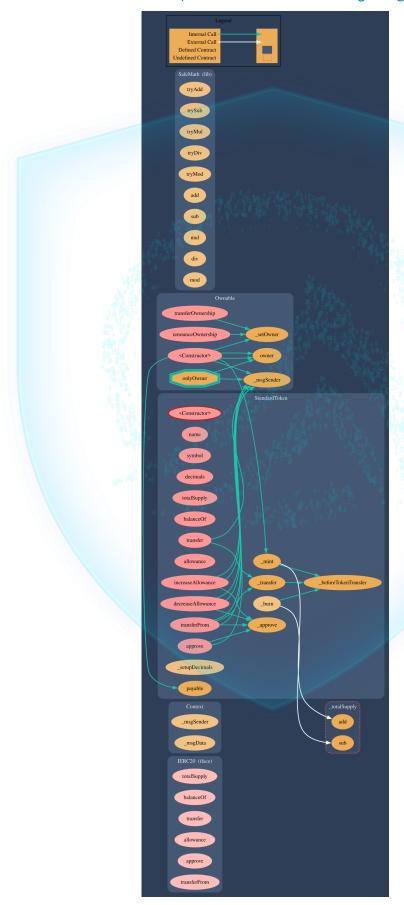
#### Read More





# **Call Graph**

The contract for Simples.com has the following call graph structure.





# **KYC Information**

The Project Owners of Simples.com are not KYC'd..

The owner wallet has the power to call the functions displayed on the priviliged functions chart below, if the owner wallet is compromised this privileges could be exploited.

We recommend the team to renounce ownership at the right timing if possible, or gradually migrate to a timelock with governing functionalities in respect of transparency and safety considerations.

**KYC Information Notes:** 

**Auditor Notes: N/A** 

**Project Owner Notes:** 





# Smart Contract Vulnerability Checks

ID	Severity	Name	File	locatio n
SWC-100	Pass	Function Default Visibility	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-101	Pass	Integer Overflow and Underflow.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-102	Pass	Outdated Compiler Version file.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-103	Pass	A floating pragma is set.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-104	Pass	Unchecked Call Return Value.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-105	Pass	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-106	Pass	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-107	Pass	Read of persistent state following external call.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-108	Pass	State variable visibility is not set	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-109	Pass	Uninitialized Storage Pointer.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-110	Pass	Assert Violation.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-111	Pass	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-112	Pass	Delegate Call to Untrusted Callee.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0



ID	Severity	Name	File	locatio n
SWC-113	Pass	Multiple calls are executed in the same transaction.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-114	Pass	Transaction Order Dependence.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-115	Pass	Authorization through tx.origin.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-116	Pass	A control flow decision is made based on The block.timestamp environment variable.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-117	Pass	Signature Malleability.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-118	Pass	Incorrect Constructor Name.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-119	Pass	Shadowing State Variables.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-120	Pass	Potential use of block.number as source of randonmness.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-121	Pass	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-122	Pass	Lack of Proper Signature Verification.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-123	Pass	Requirement Violation.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-124	Pass	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-125	Pass	Incorrect Inheritance Order.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-126	Pass	Insufficient Gas Griefing.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0



ID	Severity	Name	File	locatio n
SWC-127	Pass	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-128	Pass	DoS With Block Gas Limit.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-129	Pass	Typographical Error.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-130	Pass	Right-To-Left-Override control character (U+202E).	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-131	Pass	Presence of unused variables.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-132	Pass	Unexpected Ether balance.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-133	Pass	Hash Collisions with Multiple Variable Length Arguments.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-134	Pass	Message call with hardcoded gas amount.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-135	Pass	Code With No Effects (Irrelevant/Dead Code).	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0
SWC-136	Pass	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain.	StandardToken.sol	L: 0 C: 0

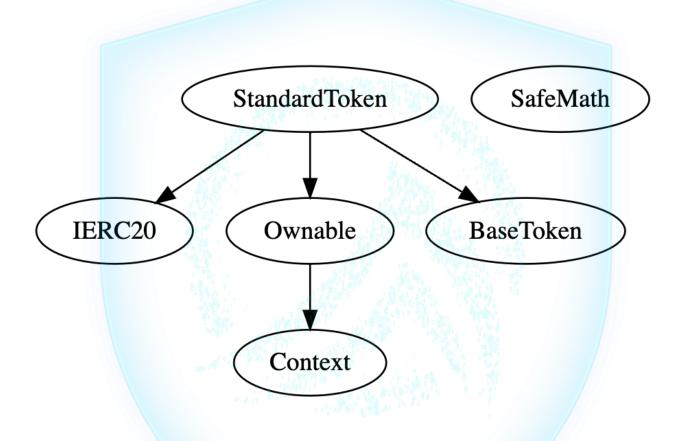
We scan the contract for additional security issues using MYTHX and industry-standard security scanning tools.



# **Inheritance**

The contract for Simples.com has the following inheritance structure.

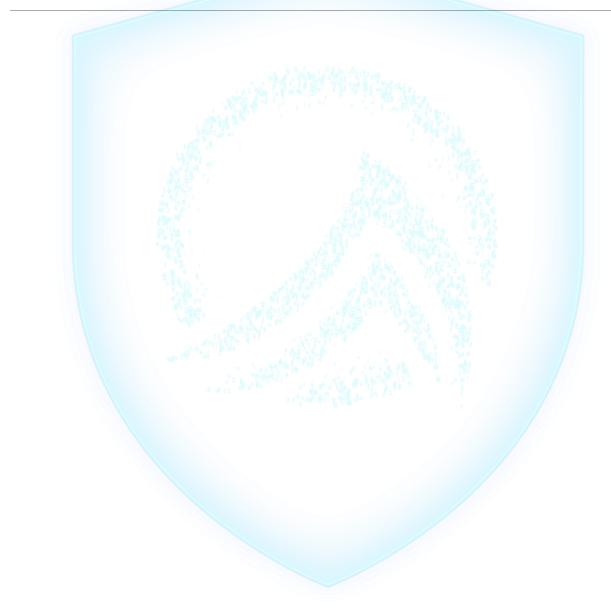
The Project has a Total Supply of 1,000,000,000





# **Privileged Functions (onlyOwner)**

Function Name	Parameters	Visibility
renounceOwnership	none	Public
transferOwnership	none	Public

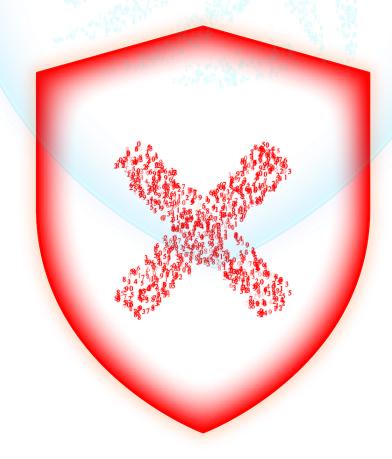




### **Assessment Results**

- The smart contract was generated using Pinksale.finance token generator.
- The owner holds 100% of the supply unlocked.
- The owner has yet to create a presale pool on Pinksale, and thus does not have publicly announced tokenomics.
- Only two social media channels were found. At least three are recommended.
- The owner's wallet was supplied from the address https://bscscan.com/address/0x6ae4f2e6aaeb3cd207fb60088b829a48955f8db5#tokentxns to pay the fees for pinksale.

### **Audit Failed**





# **Social Media Checks**

Social Media	URL	Result
Website	https://www.simpies.com	Pass
Telegram	https://t.me/simpies_com	Pass
Twitter	https://twitter.com/simpies_com	Pass
OtherSocial	09. J. St. 19. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	Fail

We recommend to have 3 or more social media sources including a completed working websites.

**Social Media Information Notes:** 

**Auditor Notes: undefined** 

**Project Owner Notes:** 



# **Appendix**

### **Finding Categories**

### **Centralization / Privilege**

Centralization / Privilege findings refer to either feature logic or implementation of components that actagainst the nature of decentralization, such as explicit ownership or specialized access roles incombination with a mechanism to relocate funds.

### **Gas Optimization**

Gas Optimization findings do not affect the functionality of the code but generate different, more optimalEVM opcodes resulting in a reduction on the total gas cost of a transaction.

### **Logical Issue**

Logical Issue findings detail a fault in the logic of the linked code, such as an incorrect notion on howblock.timestamp works.

#### **Control Flow**

Control Flow findings concern the access control imposed on functions, such as owneronly functionsbeing invoke-able by anyone under certain circumstances.

#### **Volatile Code**

Volatile Code findings refer to segments of code that behave unexpectedly on certain edge cases that mayresult in a vulnerability.

### **Coding Style**

Coding Style findings usually do not affect the generated byte-code but rather comment on how to makethe codebase more legible and, as a result, easily maintainable.

### **Inconsistency**

Inconsistency findings refer to functions that should seemingly behave similarly yet contain different code, such as a constructor assignment imposing different require statements on the input variables than a setterfunction.

### **Coding Best Practices**

ERC 20 Conding Standards are a set of rules that each developer should follow to ensure the code meet a set of creterias and is readable by all the developers.



### Disclaimer

AegisX has conducted an independent security assessment to verify the integrity of and highlight any vulnerabilities or errors, intentional or unintentional, that may be present in the reviewed code for the scope of this assessment. This report does not constitute agreement, acceptance, or advocation for the Project, and users relying on this report should not consider this as having any merit for financial advice in any shape, form, or nature. The contracts audited do not account for any economic developments that the Project in question may pursue, and the veracity of the findings thus presented in this report relate solely to the proficiency, competence, aptitude, and discretion of our independent auditors, who make no guarantees nor assurance that the contracts are entirely free of exploits, bugs, vulnerabilities or deprecation of technologies.

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