## **Bookstore Analysis Project Report**

Project Title: Online Bookstore Analysis Using SQL

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**1. Project Objective** The primary goal of this project was to build and analyze a structured database for an online bookstore. By leveraging SQL, this project focuses on deriving meaningful insights into book inventory, customer demographics, order trends, sales performance, and revenue generation.

## 2. Tools & Technologies Used

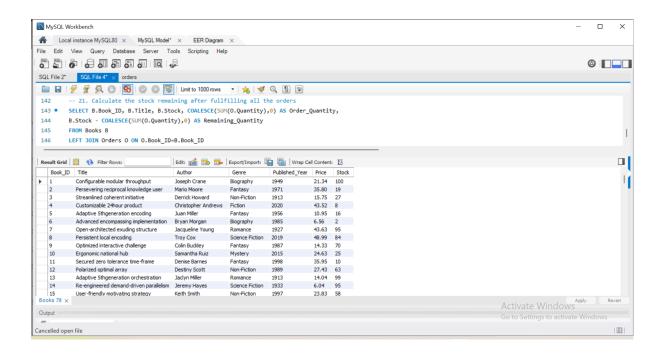
Database: MySQL

- Skills Applied:
  - SQL (DDL & DML)
  - o Data Analysis & Aggregation
  - o Joins, Grouping, Filtering
  - o Business Intelligence Thinking
- 3. Dataset Overview Three CSV files were considered for the project:
  - **Books.csv:** Contains details like Book ID, Title, Author, Genre, Published Year, Price, and Stock.
  - Customers.csv: Includes Customer ID, Name, Email, Phone, City, and Country.
  - Orders.csv: Records Order ID, Customer ID, Book ID, Order Date, Quantity, and Total Amount.

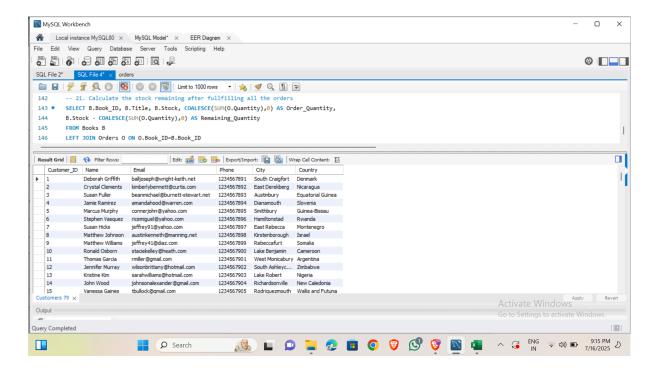
These datasets were imported and converted into relational tables in a MySQL database named BookStore.

## 4. Database Schema Design Tables created:

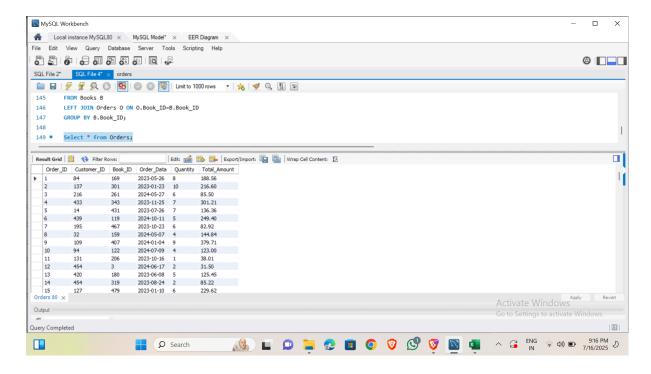
 Books (Book\_ID, Title, Author, Genre, Published\_Year, Price, Stock)

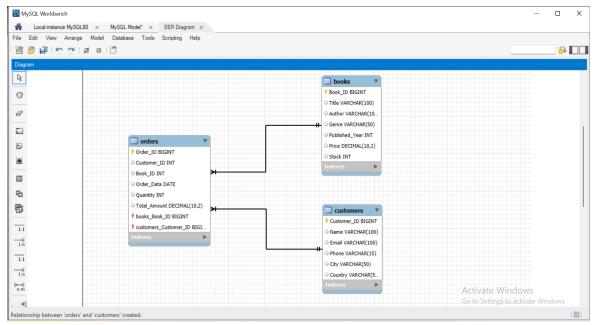


Customers (Customer\_ID, Name, Email, Phone, City, Country)



 Orders (Order\_ID, Customer\_ID, Book\_ID, Order\_Date, Quantity, Total\_Amount)





## Relationships:

Orders table references Books and Customers through foreign keys.

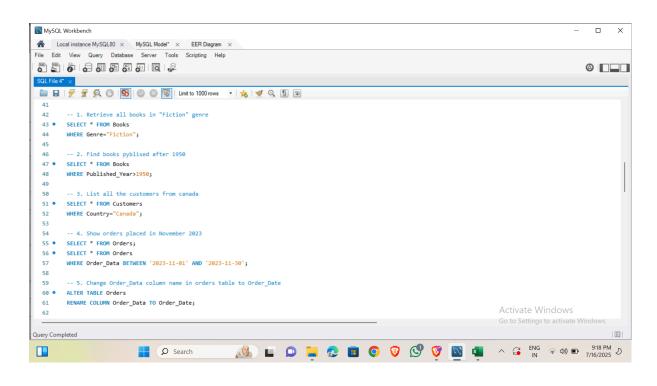
#### 5. Key SQL Queries and Insights

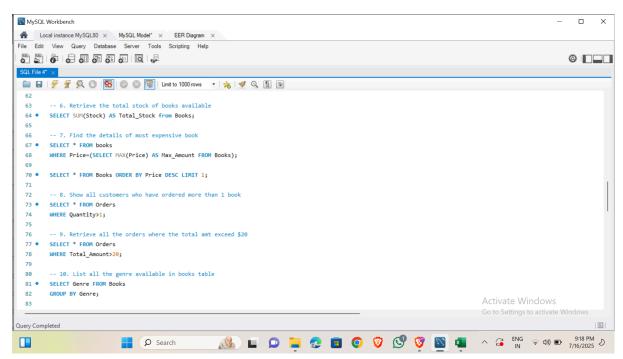
#### **Basic Analysis:**

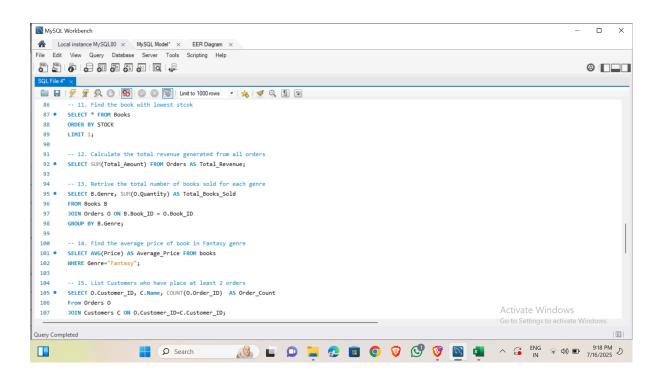
- 1. **Fiction Books:** Retrieved all books in the Fiction genre
- 2. Modern Publications: Found books published after 1950.
- 3. Canadian Customers: Listed all customers from Canada.
- 4. **Order Trend:** Identified orders placed in November 2023.
- 5. Change Column Name: Used ALTER TABLE to rename column.
- 6. **Stock Availability:** Calculated total stock using SUM(Stock).
- 7. **Most Expensive Book:** Extracted book with the maximum price.
- 8. **Bulk Buyers:** Showed customers ordering more than 1 quantity.
- 9. **High-Value Orders:** Retrieved orders exceeding \$20.
- 10. **Genres Available:** Used DISTINCT and GROUP BY to list unique genres.
- 11. Low Stock Alert: Identified books with the least stock.
- 12. **Total Revenue:** Aggregated all order amounts to compute revenue.

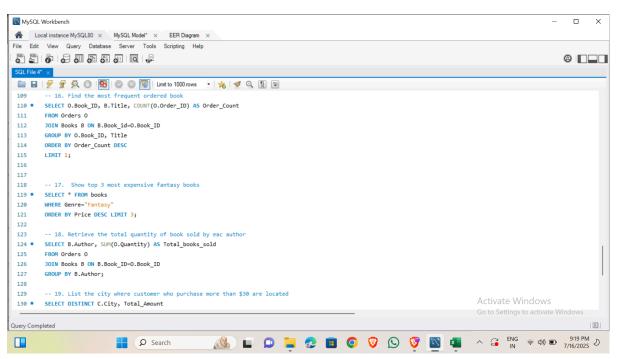
#### **Advanced Analysis:**

- 13. Books Sold by Genre: Joined Books and Orders to get quantity sold.
- 14. Average Fantasy Price: Calculated average price of Fantasy books.
- 15. Repeat Customers: Identified customers with 2+ orders.
- 16. **Popular Book:** Found most frequently ordered book.
- 17. **Top Fantasy Picks:** Listed 3 most expensive Fantasy books.
- 18. Author Performance: Computed books sold by each author.
- 19. **Top Cities:** Retrieved cities with customers spending over \$30.
- 20. **Top Spender:** Found customer who spent the most.
- 21. **Remaining Stock:** Used LEFT JOIN and COALESCE to calculate stock after all orders.









```
        File
        Local instance MySQL80 x
        MySQL Model* x
        EER Diagram x

        File
        Edit View Query Database
        Server Tools Scripting Help

GROUP BY B.Author;
      -- 19. List the city where customer who purchase more than $30 are located
130 • SELECT DISTINCT C.City, Total_Amount
      FROM Orders O
       JOIN Customers C ON O.Customer_ID=C.Customer_ID
      WHERE O.Total_Amount>30;
 134
       -- 20 Find the customers who spend most on orde
136 • SELECT C.Customer_ID, C.Name, SUM(O.Total_Amount) AS Total_Spent
      JOIN Customers C ON C.Customer_ID=O.Customer_ID
138
      GROUP BY C.Customer_ID, C.Nam
       ORDER BY Total Spent DESC LIMIT 1;
        -- 21. Calculate the stock remaining after fullfilling all the orders
142
143 • SELECT B.Book_ID, B.Title, B.Stock, COALESCE(SUM(O.Quantity),0) AS Order_Quantity,
 144
      B.Stock - COALESCE(SUM(O.Quantity),0) AS Remaining_Quantity
      LEFT JOIN Orders O ON O.Book ID=B.Book ID
                                                                                                                       Activate Windows
Query Completed
                                              ₽ Search
```

## 6. Challenges Faced

- Ensuring referential integrity between tables.
- Handling NULL values using COALESCE.
- Structuring grouped aggregations for meaningful insights.

# 7. Key Learnings

- Gained proficiency in writing efficient SQL queries.
- Understood data relationships in real-world scenarios.
- Learned how to derive actionable business insights through structured querying.

#### 8. Future Enhancements

- Integrate Power BI or Tableau for visualization.
- Use Python for advanced analytics or predictions.
- Add feedback analysis to assess customer satisfaction.
- **9. Conclusion** This project demonstrates how structured SQL queries can turn raw bookstore data into actionable insights. It showcases the strength of relational databases in supporting business intelligence and decision-making processes.