

**Problem set 1**  
**Smoking and Lung Cancer**  
**DUE: Wed. August 26, 2014**

Observation No.	Country	Cigarettes consumed per capita in 1930 (X)	Lung cancer deaths per million people in 1950 (Y)
1	Switzerland	530	250
2	Finland	1115	350
3	Great Britain	1145	465
4	Canada	510	150
5	Denmark	380	165

## 1 Question 1

- a) The sample means of  $X$  and  $Y$ ,  $\bar{X}$  and  $\bar{Y}$ .

$$\bar{X} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n X_i}{n} = 736$$
$$\bar{Y} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n Y_i}{n} = 276$$

- b) The standard deviations of  $X$  and  $Y$ ,  $s_X$  and  $s_Y$ .

$$s_X = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2}{n-1}} = 364.4071$$
$$s_Y = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (Y_i - \bar{Y})^2}{n-1}} = 132.3537$$

- c) The correlation coefficient,  $r$ , between  $X$  and  $Y$ .

$$r = \text{Cov}(X, Y) = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})(Y_i - \bar{Y})}{s_X s_Y (n-1)} = 0.9262529$$

- d)  $\hat{\beta}_1$ , the OLS estimated slope coefficient from the regression  $Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i + u_i$ .

$$\hat{\beta}_1 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X}) (Y_i - \bar{Y})}{\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2} = 0.3364177$$

- e)  $\hat{\beta}_0$ , the OLS estimated intercept term from the same regression.

$$\beta_0 = \bar{Y} - \beta_1 \bar{X} = 28.39656$$

- f)  $\hat{Y}_i$ ,  $i = 1, \dots, n$ , the predicted values for each country from the regression.

$$Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i$$

$$\left| \hat{Y}_i \right| \begin{array}{c} 207 \\ 404 \\ 414 \\ 200 \\ 156 \end{array}$$

- g)  $\mu_i$ , the OLS residual for each country.

$$\mu_i = Y_i - \hat{Y}_i$$

$\mu_i$	43.3	-53.5	51.41	-49.97	8.76
---------	------	-------	-------	--------	------

## 2 Question 2

Now calculate the statistics in question 1 using STATA. On the STATA output file, find and label the items in Question 1.

At this section I have used R. You can see code at the attached file. The script output is:

```
[1]  $\bar{X} = 736$ ,  $\bar{Y} = 276$ 
[2]  $s_x = 364.4071$ ,  $s_y = 132.3537$ 
[3]  $r = 0.9263$ 
[4]  $\hat{\beta}_1$  and  $\hat{\beta}_0$ 
Call: lm(Y ~ X)
Coefficients:
Intercept  dataX
 28.3966   0.3364
[5]  $\hat{Y}_i$ 
Call: predict(lm(Y ~ X))
```

$$\left| \begin{array}{c} 206.6979 \\ 403.5023 \\ 413.5948 \\ 199.9696 \\ 156.2353 \end{array} \right|$$

### 3 Question 3

On graph paper or using a spreadsheet, graph the scatterplot of the five data points and the regression line. Be sure to label the axes, the data points, the residuals, and the slope and intercept of the regression line. (If you know the graphing commands in STATA you may do this using STATA. STATA has good graphing features but the commands are a little complicated and there is no need to learn them now – they will be covered later in the course.)

