

Advanced Robotics

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April 13, 2015

1 Part 1

1.1 Problem 1

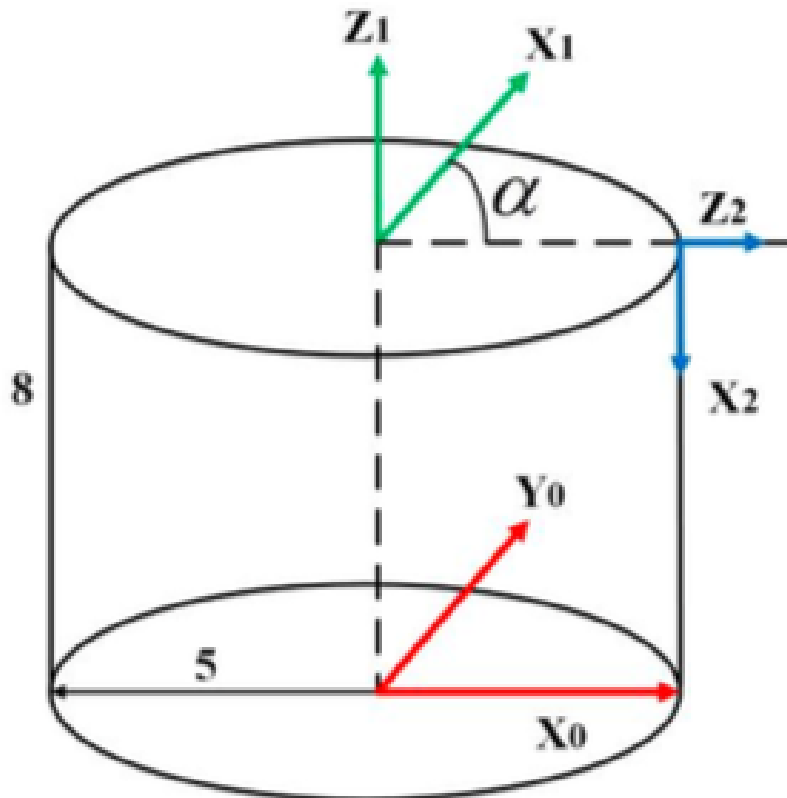


Figure 1: Problem 1 description

$$1. \quad {}^0_1R = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\alpha) & \sin(\alpha) & 0 \\ -\sin(\alpha) & \cos(\alpha) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
$${}^0P = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Thus } {}^0_1T = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\alpha) & \sin(\alpha) & 0 & 0 \\ -\sin(\alpha) & \cos(\alpha) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$2. \quad {}^2_1R = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\alpha) & \sin(\alpha) & 0 \\ -\sin(\alpha) & \cos(\alpha) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \sin(\alpha) & \cos(\alpha) \\ 0 & \cos(\alpha) & -\sin(\alpha) \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{We know, that } {}^A_BR = ({}^B_AR)^T, \text{ thus } {}^1_2R = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \sin(\alpha) & \cos(\alpha) \\ 0 & \cos(\alpha) & -\sin(\alpha) \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}^T =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 \\ \sin(\alpha) & \cos(\alpha) & 0 \\ \cos(\alpha) & -\sin(\alpha) & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$${}^1P = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \cdot \cos(\alpha) \\ -5 \cdot \sin(\alpha) \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Thus } {}^1_2T = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 & 5 \cdot \cos(\alpha) \\ \sin(\alpha) & \cos(\alpha) & 0 & -5 \cdot \sin(\alpha) \\ \cos(\alpha) & -\sin(\alpha) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

1.2 Problem 2

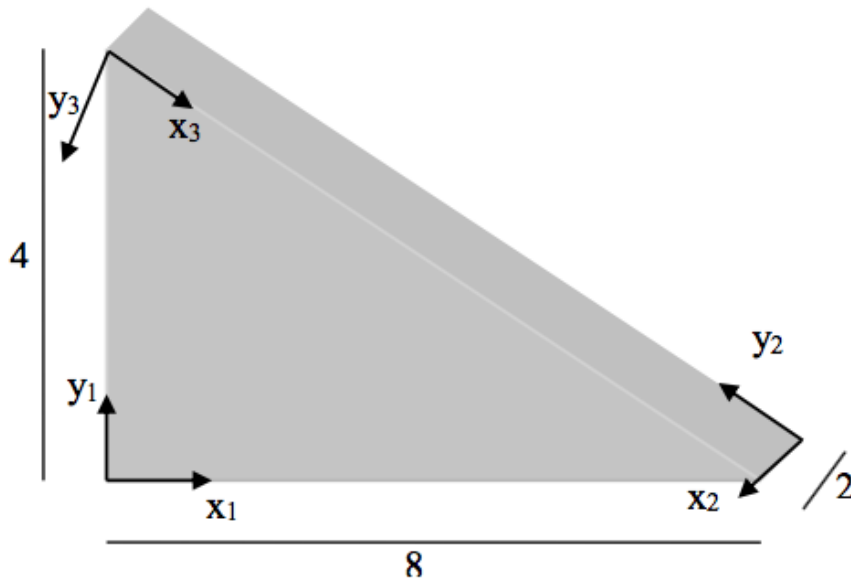


Figure 2: Problem 2 description

- Let us define $\alpha = \arctg(0.5)$

$${}^2_1R = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\alpha) & -\sin(\alpha) & 0 \\ \sin(\alpha) & \cos(\alpha) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -\sin(\alpha) & -\cos(\alpha) \\ 0 & \cos(\alpha) & -\sin(\alpha) \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$${}^2P = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 8 \cdot \cos(\alpha) \\ 8 \cdot \sin(\alpha) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Thus } {}^1_2T = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -\sin(\alpha) & -\cos(\alpha) & 2 \\ 0 & \cos(\alpha) & -\sin(\alpha) & 8\cos(\alpha) \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 8\sin(\alpha) \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$2. \quad {}^3_2R = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$${}^3P = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 4\sqrt{5} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Thus } {}^3_2T = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 4\sqrt{5} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$3. \quad {}^3_1R = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & 0 \\ \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ \frac{2}{0} & \frac{2}{0} & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & 0 \\ \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ -\frac{2}{0} & -\frac{2}{0} & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$${}^3P = \begin{pmatrix} 4\sin(\alpha) \\ 8\sin(\alpha) \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Thus } {}^3_1T = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & 0 & 4\sin(\alpha) \\ \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & 8\sin(\alpha) \\ -\frac{2}{0} & -\frac{2}{0} & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$4. \quad \text{We know, that } {}^A_BT = \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} {}^A_BR & & & {}^AP \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\text{Furthermore, } {}^B_AT = \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} {}^B_AR & & & -{}^B_AR \cdot {}^AP \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\text{Hence, } {}^1_3T = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & 0 & -2\sqrt{2} \cdot \sin(\alpha) \\ \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & -4\sqrt{2} \cdot \sin(\alpha) \\ -\frac{2}{0} & -\frac{2}{0} & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

1.3 Problem 3

1.4 Problem 4

Differentiator approximation:

$$T_ds \sim \frac{T_ds}{1 + \gamma T_ds}$$

Closed-loop transfer function:

$$\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G(s)}{1 + G(s)H(s)}$$

$$G(s) = \frac{1}{\gamma} \quad H(s) = \frac{1}{T_ds}$$

$$\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G(s)}{1 + G(s)H(s)} = \frac{\gamma^{-1}}{1 + \frac{1}{\gamma T_d s}} = \frac{\gamma^{-1}}{\frac{\gamma T_d s + 1}{\gamma T_d s}} = \frac{\gamma^{-1} \cdot \gamma T_d s}{\gamma T_d s + 1} = \frac{T_d s}{1 + \gamma T_d s}$$

1.5 Problem 5