Facing impending budget cuts, the city council is requiring that cold cases from the last 10 years be reopened and solved to prove the value of the forensics department. You as the current head of the forensics department have been assigned the case of the missing lute and the murder of Pete Evergreen. Eight years ago, the local museum held an exhibit on antique musical instruments. However on the last day of the exhibit, after a private showing to an investor, the main attraction was stolen and the night watchman Pete Evergreen wa found dead. Six unknown powders were found located throughout the crime scene. A piece of plastic was found nearby which appears to have been used to kill Pete Evergreen as well as break into the glass case protecting the lute. Two blood samples were also found one belonging to Pete Evergreen who had type AB+ blood and the other was type B- blood. While reading through the report, you found that at the time the police had identified 4 suspects.

Mister Edward Ayers was the curator of the museum at the time. However, his poor business sense and extravagant lifestyle led to him getting into massive amounts of debt. Three days before the crime, Mister Ayers was discovered to have taken out a large insurance policy on the exhibit. Which is what caused the investigation on him. While reading through his file you learn that he was a 57 year old man with type A+ blood. Testimony from his friends stated that he was a habitual gambler who never quite knew when to quit. They also mentioned that due to his desire to lead a wealthy life he always wore expensive silk suits. During an investigation of his home, his shoes were found covered in Sodium Chloride and Calcium Carbonate also found at the crime scene. Pieces of PMMA plastic was also found. Also included in his file was a fingerprint of his left index finger



Mr. Robert Dain was the custodian of the museum at the time. A family man with a wife and two kids, he often held multiple jobs in an effort to support them. Due to the museum getting deeper and deeper into debt, Mister Ayers sent him a termination notice stating that three days after the closing of the antique musical instrument exhibit, he was to be fired. It was for this reason that the police marked him as a possible suspect. Continuing your reading of his file you learn that eight years ago, a day after the crime, police searched Mr. Dain's employee locker discovering samples of Salt. Also in the locker were pieces of PS plastic and a thick wool coat. Submitted with his file was a fingerprint of his right index finger



and his blood type B-.

Miss Elizabeth Quail was a famous wealthy resident of the town. Well known for her large investments in anything and everything that sparked her interest. She was also rather infamous for her out of control pet Dalmatian, Edward that followed everywhere. Edward would accompany Mrs. Quail everywhere often causing large sums of damage to businesses although out town. Miss Quail was also known for love of oddly colored silk scarves, which she wears everyday. Witness testimony placed Miss Quail as the wealthy investor that

received the private showing on the day of the crime. During the police investigation of her they discovered that she had recently purchased large amounts of Sulfuric Acid and
Sodium. In a search of her person they discovered pieces of LDPE plastic in her purse. Along with her file was a fingerprint of her right index finger . A
well as a note which mentioned that she recently received a blood transfusion of type O+ blood.
Mrs. Rachel Pinch was Miss Quail's personal secretary. She was also present during the private showing at the museum. Footage from security cameras show that after the showing Mrs. Pinch returned to the museum late at night after closing. Footage ten minutes later shows Mrs. Pinch leaving the museum now carrying a large purse. Police questioning of Mrs. Pinch revealed that the purse belonged to Miss Quail who left it in the museum after closing. It was also revealed that Mrs. Pinch was poorly paid, and was spending her free time fixing and cleaning clocks to earn extra money. During the Investigation, it was found that Mrs. Pinch was wearing clothes made of cotton at the time of the crime and had HDPE
plastic in her pockets. An investigation of her workshop found Sugar and Calcium. Along with her file is a fingerprint of her right index finger
her blood type AB
Using the information provided and your knowledge of forensics solve the cold case.
1. (1.00 pts) Mark which chemicals are insoluble.
(Mark ALL correct answers) A) Sodium Chloride B) Calcium Sulfate C) Calcium Carbonate D) Boric Acid E) Glucose F) Sucrose
2. (2.00 pts) When preforming the Benedict's solution test, one of the chemicals formed an orange precipitate. What chemical reacted and what type of reaction is shown?
Expected Answer: 1pt Glucose, 1pt redox reaction or reduction and oxidation

3. (3.00 pts) Write the chemical equation when sodium bicarbonate reacts with HCl				
Expected Answer: NaHCO3 + HCl> NaCl + H2O + CO2 1pt per product				
4. (2.00 pts) Name the resultant chemical from mixing vinegar and baking soda.				
Expected Answer: sodium acetate or carbonic acid or water or carbon dioxide				
5. (2.00 pts) Describe how to preform a sodium hydroxide test taking care to include how you know whether a chemical is reactive to sodium hydroxide.				
Expected Answer: 1pt for adding NaOH to solution, 1pt for some valid sign of reaction, production of gas molecules, or solid precipitate				
6. (1.00 pts) During the flame test, one of the powders burned a vibrant green. Which chemical was is?				
A) Sodium ChlorideB) Calcium Sulfate				
C) Calcium Carbonate				
D) Boric Acid				
O E) Glucose				
O F) Sucrose				
7. (2.00 pts) During your second trial of the flame test, all of the chemicals burned a distinct yellow color. Why might that have happened?				
7. (2.00 pts) During your second trial of the flame test, all of the chemicals burned a distinct yellow color. Why might that have happened? Expected Answer: 1pt Contamination, 1pt sodium				

8. (4.00 pts) Identify the powders based on the following test results. Powder 2 formed an orange solid during the Benedict's solution test. Powder 3 was insoluble. Powder 4 turned brown in the iodine test. Powder 6 reacted to hydrochloric acid. Powder 1 burned green. Powder 5 has a molar mass of about 342 g/mol
(Mark ALL correct answers) ☑ A) Powder 2 is Glucose.
□ B) Powder 5 is Calcium Sulfate.
C) Powder 2 is Boric Acid
D) Powder 6 is Calcium Carbonate.
E) Powder 3 is Calcium Sulfate
F) Powder 5 is Sucrose
9. (2.00 pts) HDPE has a higher crystallinity than LDPE because
(Mark ALL correct answers) ✓ A) It has less branching.
☐ B) It has undergone more polyaddition reactions.
C) It has been through a condensation reaction.
D) It has not gone through a condensation reaction.
□ E) None of the above
10. (2.00 pts) How many pi bonds are used in the formation PMMA plastic (C ₅ H ₉ O ₂)?
O A) 0
⊕ B) 1
O C) 2
O D) 3
○ E) 5
○ F) 7
11. (2.00 pts) A 3 inch long strip of cotton is burned at the same time as a 3 inch long strip of wool. Which fabric will burn faster?
(Mark ALL correct answers)
A) Cotton will burn faster.
B) Wool will burn faster.
C) The two materials will burn at the same rate.
42 (4.00 pts). The hypring of pulses with produce what oder?
12. (1.00 pts) The burning of nylon will produce what odor?
(Mark ALL correct answers) A) The smell of burning meat.
B) The smell of burning hair. C) The smell of burning plastic.
D) The smell of burning paper.
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13. (1.00 pts) Human hair has a medulla index of around what value?
(Mark ALL correct answers) A) 1/4
☑ B) 1/3
□ c) 1/2
_ D) 1
14. (1.00 pts) Nuclear DNA is found at what part of the hair?
(Mark ALL correct answers) A) Medulla
□ B) Cortex
□ C) Cuticle
✓ D) Root
□ E) Nuclear DNA is not found in part of the hair
15. (2.00 pts) A plastic found at the scene of the crime has a mass of 0.151 grams and is an 8mm by 8mm by 2mm cube . What plastic is it?
(Mark ALL correct answers) A) LDPE
B) HDPE
☑ C) PMMA
D) PS
16. (1.00 pts) A hair found at the crime scene has an interrupted medulla and a medulla index of 0.541. Is the hair animal or human?
(Mark ALL correct answers) ✓ A) Animal
B) Human
17. (1.00 pts) A fiber found caught on one of the broken display cases was found to be unable to conduct electricity and have a linear density of 1 denier. What is the identity of the fiber?
(Mark ALL correct answers) A) Wool
☑ B) Silk
□ C) Cotton
□ D) Nylon
18. (1.00 pts) Which polymer has a density of 1.05?
(Mark ALL correct answers)
✓ A) PS
□ B) PP

□ C) PMMA
□ D) PETE
19. (2.00 pts) A TLC using silica gel as its stationary phase can only identify what types of chemicals?
(Mark ALL correct answers) A) Basic chemicals
☑ B) Amino Acids
☑ C) Hydrocarbons
□ D) Acidic Chemicals
□ E) Acid-labile Chemicals
□ F) Gels
, and the second
20. (1.00 pts) Allowing the paper strip to touch or lay against the side of the beaker will result in inaccurate results due to between the glass and the liquid
A) adhesion
○ C) gravity○ D) surface tension
O) Surface terision
21. (1.00 pts) One reason TLC is used over paper chromatography is
A) The ability to test a greater variety of chemicals
The ability to test non-soluble chemicals
C) The ability to determine the purity of a substance
O D) The ability to not need mobile phase for active testing
22. (6.00 pts) Describe how to preform a thin layer chromatography.
Expected Answer: 1pt the sample solution is added to the plate and the solvent evaporates off 1pt pour solvent into a beaker and place filter paper inside so the bottom is in the
solvent and the top reaches the top of the beaker. 1pt cover the top of the beaker and allow the solvent vapors to saturate 1pt add the plate with the sample to the beaker taking care that the sample does not touch the solvent at the bottom. 1pt the solvent then rises up the plate, remove the plate before the solvent reaches the top. 1pt then visualize the plate
points can be given for any answer equal in meaning
23. (1.00 pts) A chemical has a migration distance of 124mm and the solvent a migration distance of 3.54 inches. What is the retardation factor?
● A) 0.725
O B) 35.0
O C) 0.350
O D) 0.285
○ E) 0.715

24. (2.00 pts) Why is fragmentation essential for the identification of chemicals using mass spectrometry?
Expected Answer: Many chemicals have the same molar mass, fragmentations allow these chemicals identity to be determined by comparing the different fragmentation patterns. points can be given for any answer equal in meaning 1pt for comparing fragmentation patterns/creating unique fragmentation patterns 1pt for identifying chemicals of similar molar mass
25. (2.00 pts) The width of a blood stain found at the crime scene is 32 mm, its length was found to be 3.54 cm. What was the angle of impact for the blood stain?
O A) 25 degrees
O B) 42 degrees
C) 65 degrees
O D) 33 degrees
26. (2.00 pts) The blood stain from the last question was located at a point 2.74 ft high. How far away was the blood stain from the point of impact?
O A) 0.76 meters
B) 1.8 meters
O C) 0.54 meters
O D) 0.39 meters
27. (1.00 pts) You can determine the time a crime occurred by how dry the blood is.
○ True ● False
28. (1.00 pts) Blood type can not change naturally over time.
● True ○ False
29. (3.00 pts) What could Miss Quail's blood type be? Select all possible answers.
(Mark ALL correct answers) ✓ A) A+
☑ B) B+
□ C) B-
D) AB-
☑ E) O+
□ F) O-

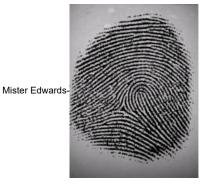
30. (1.00 pts) The fingerprint submitted for Mr. Dain was of his right index finger. What type of fingerprint is it?



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- A) Whorl
- ☐ B) Arch
- ☐ C) Left Loop
- ☐ D) Right Loop
- ☐ E) Tented arch
- ☐ F) None of Above

31. (2.00 pts) Compare the fingerprint of Mister Edward to the right index fingerprint found on the display case.



Crime scene fingerprint-



(Mark ALL correct answers)

- ☐ A) They are both right loops.
- □ B) They both have deltas.
- ☐ C) They are the same fingerprint, but rotated.
- ✓ E) There is no way to compare them.

32. (3.00 pts) What is the least common type of fingerprint and how often does it occur?

(Mark ALL correct answers)

- ☐ A) Whorl
- ✓ B) Arch

□ C) Loop
D) 5% of the time
☐ E) 10% of the time
☐ F) 30-35% of the time
33. (3.00 pts) To who does the crime scene finger print belong to? Crime scene fingerprint of right index finger-
O A) Mister Edward Ayers
O B) Mr. Robert Dain
O C) Miss Elizabeth Quail
O D) Mrs. Rachel Pinch
Can not be determined
34. (2.00 pts) What is the 4R rule of glass analysis?
34. (2.00 pts) What is the 4R rule of glass analysis? Expected Answer: Ridge lines on Radial fractures are at Right angles to the Rear. Give 1pt if everything is correct except missing one of the Rs
Expected Answer: Ridge lines on Radial fractures are at Right angles to the Rear. Give 1pt if everything is correct except missing one of the Rs 35. (2.00 pts) For what types of glass does the 4R rule not apply? (Mark ALL correct answers) A) Tempered Glass B) Soda Glass C) Laminated Glass
Expected Answer: Ridge lines on Radial fractures are at Right angles to the Rear. Give 1pt if everything is correct except missing one of the Rs 35. (2.00 pts) For what types of glass does the 4R rule not apply? (Mark ALL correct answers) A) Tempered Glass B) Soda Glass C) Laminated Glass D) Lead Crystal Glass
Expected Answer: Ridge lines on Radial fractures are at Right angles to the Rear. Give 1pt if everything is correct except missing one of the Rs 35. (2.00 pts) For what types of glass does the 4R rule not apply? (Mark ALL correct answers) A) Tempered Glass B) Soda Glass C) Laminated Glass
Expected Answer: Ridge lines on Radial fractures are at Right angles to the Rear. Give 1pt if everything is correct except missing one of the Rs 35. (2.00 pts) For what types of glass does the 4R rule not apply? (Mark ALL correct answers) A) Tempered Glass B) Soda Glass C) Laminated Glass D) Lead Crystal Glass E) Optical Glass
Expected Answer: Ridge lines on Radial fractures are at Right angles to the Rear. Give 1pt if everything is correct except missing one of the Rs 35. (2.00 pts) For what types of glass does the 4R rule not apply? (Mark ALL correct answers) A) Tempered Glass B) Soda Glass C) Laminated Glass D) Lead Crystal Glass E) Optical Glass
Expected Answer: Ridge lines on Radial fractures are at Right angles to the Rear. Give 1pt if everything is correct except missing one of the Rs 35. (2.00 pts) For what types of glass does the 4R rule not apply? (Mark ALL correct answers) A) Tempered Glass B) Soda Glass C) Laminated Glass D) Lead Crystal Glass E) Optical Glass F) Plate Glass

37. (3.00 pts) Based on the evidence you gathered from the fingerprint test who is the culprit, if anyone? Why?
Expected Answer: If they reply Mister Ayers or none of the listed suspects 1 point. If they reason only Misters Ayers fingerprint was unable to be compared to the suspect 2 points. Or if they reason that not having evidence for Mister Ayers innocent does not count as evidence 2 points. They must explain why in any case or no points. No points will be given for Miss Pinch. If this was a real crime, if the fingerprint is not identical the evidence is thrown out.
38. (3.00 pts) Based on blood type, who is the culprit? If anyone? Why?
Expected Answer: If they say Mister Dain 2 point. If they explain that no matter Miss Quails blood type it can not be B- they receive 1 points. Or if they have any other valid reason for why it can only be Mister Dain
39. (5.00 pts) Based on your evidence you gathered about plastics and fibers, who is the culprit? If anyone? Why?
Expected Answer: If they list Mr. Ayers or Miss Quail 2 points. If they say it is because silk was found at the scene as well as animal hair and PMMA plastic 3 points. If they list any other suspect and provide evidence for that suspect, they can get up to 3 points
40. (3.00 pts) Based on the evidence you gathered about the various powders found at the crime scene, determine the culprit? If anyone? Why?
Expected Answer: If they list the Mister Edwards or Mrs. Pinch 1 point. If they explain that they had powders in their possession that were found at the crime scene 2 points. If they state that Mrs. Pinch is the culprit because she had calcium minus 1pt. This is because calcium is not calcium sulfate or calcium carbonate, it is calcium. If you must prove your reasoning by stating that IF suspect produced a powder and IF they left it at the scene, then that is one too many ifs and does not justify a point.
41. (12.00 pts) Based on everything you learned, who is the most likely culprit among the four suspects? Why?
Expected Answer: If they list Mister Ayers 2 point. If they provide any correct information proving their conclusion they earn 2 point up to 10. If they provide evidence that does not support their conclusion -2 for this question up to -10. They can not get an overall score for this question below 0. If any other suspect is named then they may not receive any points greater than 6.

Thank you, all for participating in the Camas division C Invitational for Forensic!	
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