

Sounds of Music C – EXAM

2019 UMD Invitational

Team Number :
Team/School Name:
No abbreviations / PRINT LEGIBLY
Student Names (First & Last): PRINT LEGIBLY
1
2
Total Points Possible (written test): 23
Total Points Earned:

a. Standing wave
b. Flattening of pitch
c. Refraction of sound
e. A and C
f. B and C
g. All of the above

d. A and B h. None of the above

5. The signal to noise ratio of a sound may be given using which unit(s)?

a. Hertzb. Decibele. A and Cf. B and C

c. Torrd. A and Bg. All of the aboveh. None of the above

6. Which of the following are properties of a constructive interference between two waves?

a. Frequency doubling
b. Amplitude doubling
c. Coherence
d. Standing wave
e. A and B
f. A and C
g. B and C
h. A and D

7. Which of the following refers to the ability to perceive pitch identity across changes in acoustical properties?

a. Perfect pitchb. Cognitive musicologye. A and Cf. B and C

c. Pitch consistencyd. A and Bg. All of the aboveh. None of the above

8. A choir with four parts (corresponding to soprano, alto, tenor, and bass) which are each signing different parts are capable of producing which types of music?

a. Monophony
b. Polyphony
c. Homophony
d. Monody
e. B and C
f. A, B, and C
g. B, C, and D
h. All of the above

9. A plucked string will exhibit strong resonance with other strings of the same length. However, strings of different length may still exhibit resonance due to which of the following?

- a. Wave cloning
 e. B and C
 b. Overtones
 f. A and D
- c. Bernoulli's Principled. A and Bg. All of the aboveh. None of the above
- 10. When a brass instrument slide moves, through what mechanism will the instrument play a different note?
 - a. Change in resonant frequency(ies)b. Change in speed of air flowingf. B and C
 - c. Change in amplitude of sound wavesd. A and Bg. All of the aboveh. None of the above
- 11. What is different in how flutes and trumpets produce sound compared to single reeds?
 - a. Trumpets produce double the amplitude of e. A and C

sound waves

b. Trumpets produce double the number of f. B and C

overtones

- c. Trumpets produce double the amount of g. All of the above instrument being banged against music stand
- d. A and B h. None of the above
- 12. Why do males have deeper voices than females in general?
 - a. Their larynges (voice boxes) are bigger
 - b. Their vocal cords are smaller than in females
 - c. They have more vocal cords than females
 - d. Their larynges are tilted more forwardly than in females
- 13. Which sequence of notes represents a major scale?
 - a. F, G, A, B_b, C, D, E_b, F
 - b. G, A, B_b, C, D, E_b, F, G
 - c. E, F#, G#, A, B, C#, D#, E
 - d. F#, G#, A, B, C#, D#, E, F#

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14. Interva	als whose frequencies are ratios with integers are generally more consonant
than ir	ntervals with integers.
a.	Lower, higher
b.	Higher, lower
c.	Perfect square, perfect cube
d.	Half, whole
15. Which	of these pairs of notes represents a perfect 5 th ?
a.	420 Hz, 440 Hz
b.	400 Hz, 500 Hz
c.	440 Hz, 660 Hz
d.	400 Hz, 800 Hz
e.	460 Hz, 2300 Hz
	Problems : Determine the numerical answer to the following questions. Use proper ificant figures. Use additional space at end of test to show any needed work.
	nt) A guitar player uses beats to tune his instrument by playing two strings. If one es at 550 Hz and the second at 555 Hz, how many beats per minute will he hear?
Ar	nswer:
` -	nt) A sound played from a speaker is heard at an intensity of 100 W from a distance. When the distance from the speaker is doubled, what intensity of sound will be
Ar	nswer:
	mine the decibel rating of the follow sound sources and their estimated sound ities (0.5 pt each) Science office on a weeknight: $I = 1 \times 10^{-9} \text{ W/m}^2$
Ar	nswer:
	Classroom at the beginning of class: $I = 1 \times 10^{-4} \text{ W/m}^2$
Ar	nswer:
	Xfinity Center at UMD on a Friday night during basketball season: $I = 8.1 \times 10^{-3}$ W/m ²
Ar	nswer:
	Cheering at a Taylor Swift concert: $I = 7.4 \times 10^{-2} \text{ W/m}^2$
Ar	nswer:

19. In a demonstration, music legend Meat Loaf takes a steel wire to a length of 1.23 meters and braces both ends so that they are not free to vibrate. Meat Loaf then uses a mechanical oscillator and tunes the frequency to 588 Hz. The wire then begins to vibrate in the sixth harmonic wave pattern.a. (1 pt) Determine the speed of the waves within the wire.
Answer:
b. (1 pt) Determine the frequency at which the wire will vibrate with the first harmonic wave pattern.
Answer:
20. (2 pts) You are standing on the sidewalk when a police car approaches you at 30 m/s with its sirens on. Its sirens seem to have a frequency of 500 Hertz. After the police car passes you and is driving away, what will be the new frequency you hear? (Use v_{sound} =340m/s)
Answer:

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Use this space to show any work for calculations

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