## Protein Modeling C - Protein Modeling - Camas Invitational 2020 - Camas C-Invite - 12-12-2020

The following is both the Written Exam and the Jmol Exploration for the Protein Modeling Event. The 1st half of the test is the Written Exam while the 2nd half is the Jmol Exploration.

1. (1.00 pts) Proteins are a composed of
O A) Polymer, Hydrocarbons
○ B) Polymer, Amino Acids
O C) Lattice, Amino Acids
O D) Compound, Charged Particles
○ E) Lattice, Nucleotides
O F) Polymer, Nitrogenous Bases
2. (1.00 pts) Which of the following Amino Acids are classified as polar?
O A) Phenylalanine
O B) Glycine
O C) Threonine
O D) Valine
© E) Isoleucine
○ F) Proline
3. (1.00 pts) What is the charge of Glycine at pH 7
O A) -2
○ B) -1
O C) 0
O D) 1
○ E) 2
4. (1.00 pts) What is the charge of Isoleucine at pH 11?
O A) -2
○ в) -1
O C) 0
O D) +1
○ E) +2
5. (1.00 pts) What is the charge of Aspartic Acid at pH 11?

O A) -2
○ B) -1
O C) 0
○ D) +1
○ E) +2
6. (1.00 pts) Which of the following amino acids do not have a chiral center?
O A) Proline
○ B) Aspartic Acid
○ C) Alanine
O D) Glycine
○ E) Threonine
○ F) Phenylalanine
7. (1.00 pts) The driving force behind Protein Secondary Structure is
O A) Intermolecular Hydrogen Bonds
O B) Intramolecular Hydrogen Bonds
O C) Hydrophobic / Hydrophilic Interactions
Op Electrostatic Forces
8. (1.00 pts) Which of the following Amino Acids is most likely to appear on the exterior surface of the protein?
8. (1.00 pts) Which of the following Amino Acids is most likely to appear on the exterior surface of the protein?  A) V
O A) V
○ A) V ○ B) K
<ul> <li>○ A) V</li> <li>○ B) K</li> <li>○ C) I</li> <li>○ D) P</li> <li>○ E) G</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>○ A) V</li> <li>○ B) K</li> <li>○ C) I</li> <li>○ D) P</li> </ul>
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O A) V O B) K O C) I O D) P O E) G O F) F  9. (1.00 pts) Which of the following are methods to determine protein structure?
<ul> <li>A) V</li> <li>B) K</li> <li>C) I</li> <li>D) P</li> <li>E) G</li> <li>F) F</li> </ul> 9. (1.00 pts) Which of the following are methods to determine protein structure? (Mark ALL correct answers) <ul> <li>A) Flow Cytometry</li> </ul>
A) V B) K C) I D) P E) G F) F  9. (1.00 pts) Which of the following are methods to determine protein structure?  (Mark ALL correct answers) A) Flow Cytometry B) Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy
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O B) Proline
○ C) Valine
O D) Tryptophan
11. (1.00 pts) Which of the following mutations would cause the greatest impact to a protein's function?
O A) T> V at a key catalytic site
O B) D> E at a salt bridge
O C) P> Y in the interior of the protein
Op) S> T at a metal ion binding pocket
○ E) I> L in the middle of an alpha helix
O F) A> G on the exterior of the protein
12. (1.00 pts) What does CRISPR stand for
12. (1.00 pts) What does onto it stand to
O A) Customizable Regulatory Inhibitor Strong Peptide Region
O B) Centered Region Interspersed Short Parasympathetic Repeats
O C) Clustered Regularly Interspaced Short Palindromic Repeats
Op Collaborative Reversible Interwoven Semiregular Pathogenic Repeats
Centered Reversible Identifiable Standard Peptide Repeats
Clustered Regularly Interwoven Standard Palindromic Regions
13. (1.00 pts) CRISPR Cas9 was first discovered in which organism?
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<ul> <li>A) Pandion haliaetus</li> <li>B) Pasteurella multocida</li> <li>C) Escherichia coli</li> <li>D) Saccharomyces Cerevisiae</li> <li>E) Homo sapiens</li> <li>F) Streptococcus pyogenes</li> <li>14. (1.00 pts) The CRISPR Cas9 system, in its native host, is most analogous to which biological system.</li> <li>A) Adaptive Immune System</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>A) Pandion haliaetus</li> <li>B) Pasteurella multocida</li> <li>C) Escherichia coli</li> <li>D) Saccharomyces Cerevisiae</li> <li>E) Homo sapiens</li> <li>F) Streptococcus pyogenes</li> <li>14. (1.00 pts) The CRISPR Cas9 system, in its native host, is most analogous to which biological system.</li> <li>A) Adaptive Immune System</li> </ul>
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A) Pandion haliaetus B) Pasteurella multocida C) Escherichia coli D) Saccharomyces Cerevisiae E) Homo sapiens F) Streptococcus pyogenes  14. (1.00 pts) The CRISPR Cas9 system, in its native host, is most analogous to which biological system.  A) Adaptive Immune System B) Innate Immune System C) Digestive System
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$\circ$	B)	Helicase
$\circ$	C)	Exonuclease
$\circ$	D)	Endonuclease

○ E) Nickase○ F) Protease

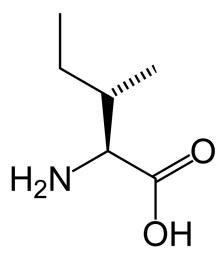
**16. (2.00 pts)** Identify the following Amino Acid by Name (Spelling Matters), 3 Letter Abbreviation, and 1 Letter Abreviation

$$H_2N$$
 $NH$ 
 $O$ 
 $OH$ 
 $NH_2$ 
 $OH$ 

17. (2.00 pts) Identify the following Amino Acid by name (spelling matters), 3 Letter abbreviation, and 1 Letter abbreviation.

$$O$$
OH
 $O$ 
OH
 $O$ 
OH
 $O$ 
OH

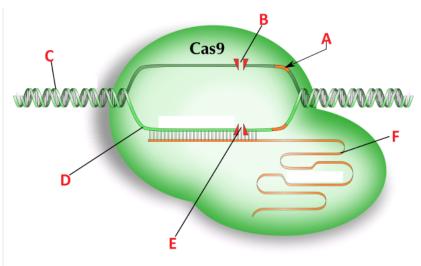
18. (2.00 pts) Identify the following Amino Acid by name (spelling matters), 3 Letter Abbreviation, and 1 Letter Abbreviation.



19. (2.00 pts)	A PAM sequence is necessary for Cas9 to bind to DNA. What does PAM stand for and what is the sequence?
20. (2.00 pts)	The most common use of Cas9 is to knockout a particular gene through NHEJ. What does NHEJ stand for?
	ration Base Editor, made by David Liu's Lab, is a protein conjugate of rat APOBEC1 - XTEN - dCas9. APOBEC1 is the Cytidine Deaminase and XTEN is a peptide ICAS9 and how is it different than wild type CAS9?

## 22. (6.00 pts)

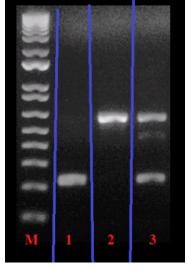
The following is a diagram of Cas9



Provide a brief description for each of the six labeled sites. Make sure you indicate which label your description corresponds to. 1-3 words per description should suffice.

## 23. (5.00 pts)

I treated a group of Human Stem Cells with Cas9 with guide RNA for Gene A in the hopes of knocking out Gene A. I then took individual cells from that group, extracted DNA, PCR amplified for Gene A, and then ran the results on an agarose gel. Here are the results. Gene A has a wild type length of 600bp while the knockout has a length of 200bp.



The Lane marked M is the ladder with each band corresponding to 100bp.

Lanes 1, 2, and 3 are DNA from three different cells.

Which cells where edited by Cas9?

Why does Lane 3 have two bands while Lane 1 and 2 only have 1 band?

This is the Jmol Exploration portion of the Protein Modeling Event. In this event you will answer question about a specific protein using information from the RCSB website and jmol.					
You may either use a desktop version of jmol or the browser based environment found here (https://cbm.msoe.edu/markMyweb/jmolDesignEnvironment/#forward).					
The PDB ID for our protein is: 3WDG.					
The link to the	RCSB page is here (https://www.rcsb.org/structure/3WDG).				
24. (1.00 pts)	How many peptide chains are present in this File?				
24. (1.00 pts)	How many peptide chains are present in this rife:				
25. (1.00 pts)	What is the name of Chain A?				
26. (1.00 pts)	How many Amino Acids long is chain A?				
27. (1.00 pts)	What method was used to identify this protein structure?				
28. (1.00 pts)	How Beta Strands are there is Chain B?				
29. (1.00 pts)	How many Cysteines are there in Chain A?				
(	, .,				

30. (2.00 pts)	Do any of the Cysteines in Chain A form a disulfide bridge? If so, indicate which ones?
31. (1.00 pts)	How many Beta Strands are there in chain A?
32. (1.00 pts)	How many Beta Sheets are present in Chain A?
33. (1.00 pts)	Chain A's Active site has 1 amino acid of importance. What is the residue number of this amino acid and what is it's identity (Give the full name).
34. (1.00 pts)	
04. (1.00 pts)	Is the N and C terminus of Chain A on the same face or on different faces of the protein?
C4. (1.00 pts)	Is the N and C terminus of Chain A on the same face or on different faces of the protein?
C4. (1.00 pts)	Is the N and C terminus of Chain A on the same face or on different faces of the protein?
35. (1.00 pts)	Is the N and C terminus of Chain A on the same face or on different faces of the protein?  What is identity of Amino Acid 15 on chain A? Give the full name (spelling matters).
35. (1.00 pts)	What is identity of Amino Acid 15 on chain A? Give the full name (spelling matters).

37. (5.00 pts)  There is an instance in the sequence of Chain A where 6 amino acids are repeated in a row. What is this Amino Acid? Where is this sequence located? What is the purposequence?	ose of this

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