

October 10th, 2020

Hello! This is Sounds of Music. You'll have 50 minutes to complete the test.

You are strictly prohibited from using the internet. Please make this a fair test for everyone! Don't be that guy who cheats :((

You may only resort to your notes and your partner. Feel free to use scratch paper and stand-alone calculators of any type.

You won't lose points for wrong/unanswered questions so I <u>highly recommend</u> dividing the workload and trying both of your best!

Good luck and have fun!:)

Here is an image of a keyboard for your convenience:

PART 1: Fill in the blank/multiple choice

Name the class of each instrument based on how their sound is produced (e.g. idiophone). Be careful: if answers are misspelled, they will be marked incorrect by the autograder. Capitalization doesn't matter.

1. (1.00 pts) Piano			

2. (1.00 pts)	Timpani				

3. (1.00 pts) Accordion
er (nee per)
4. (1.00 pts) Kazoo
5. (1.00 pts) Sitar
6. (1.00 pts) Theremin
7. (1.00 pts) An equal-tempered scale must have:
O A) equal distances in frequency between adjacent notes
O B) equal frequency ratios between adjacent pairs of notes
C) equal distances in amplitude between adjacent notes
O) equal amplitude ratios between adjacent pairs of notes
8. (1.00 pts) A musician blows harder into the mouthpiece of a clarinet. Which of the following increases?
○ A) Wavelength
O B) Timbre
O C) Velocity
O) Amplitude
9. (1.00 pts) Select the medium in which sound would travel the quickest:
O A) Dry air at 32°Celsius
O B) A solid with a density of 7870 g/cm³ and elastic modulus of 1144 GPa
C) A stretched string with a linear density of 60 g/cm³ and tensional force 315N
D) A liquid with a density of 997 kg/m³ and a bulk modulus of 225 GPa
○ E) Both B and C
O F) Both C and D
10. (1.00 pts) Name the mode given these notes of a scale: F, Gb, Ab, Bb, C, Db, Eb, F

O to Mincheller
A) Mixolydian
O B) Aeolian
○ C) Locrian
O) Dorian
O E) Phrygian
11. (2.00 pts) There are cents in a semitone and cents in a centitone.
12. (2.00 pts)
Based on the fixed-do solfege system, select the correct ordering of syllables based on the above melody:
O A) sol-fa-mi-re-do-re-mi-re-re-do
O B) mi-re-do-ti-la-ti-do-ti-ti-la
O C) do-ti-la-sol-fa-sol-la-sol-fa
Opporti-la-sol-la-ti-la-la-sol
E) fa-mi-re-do-ti-do-re-do-do-ti
13. (1.00 pts) Select the instrument that is not a Bb-tuned instrument:
O A) Page Clarinet
A) Bass Clarinet
○ B) Tenor Saxophone○ C) Trombone
OD) Euphonium
○ E) Alto Saxophone
14. (1.00 pts) Which of the following is NOT a Helmholtz resonator?
A) The body of a guitar
B) A conch shell
C) An empty bottle
D) Two-stroke engines
○ E) A funnel
C E) Addition
15. (2.00 pts) Let's say you tune a keyboard using standard Pythagorean tuning, using only perfect fifths and octaves, and F♯ is fixed to 375 Hz. What is the frequency of B above this F♯?
O A) 450.9 Hz
○ B) 461.9 Hz
○ C) 474.6 Hz
O D) 500.0 Hz
○ E) 506.8 Hz
- - /

16. (1.00 pts) What's the leading tone/note of a C♯ harmonic minor scale? Specify any accidentals or naturals in your answer (e.g. if your answer is just E, type E natural. If it's B♭, type B flat).
17. (1.00 pts) Given an ideal gas with sound speed x, say the speed of sound in this gas becomes 5% greater. Does the average kinetic energy of its molecules increase or decrease? And by how much?
O A) Increases by 5%
O B) Increases by 10%
C) Increases by 25%
O) Decreases by 5%
© E) Decreases by 10%
○ F) Decreases by 25%
18. (1.00 pts) A source of sound moves at 280 m/s while an observer moves at −169 m/s. Both start from the origin and move along the same axis. Given the source emits frequency f, the observer hears a frequency of
\bigcirc A) $343+169$ _s
\odot A) $rac{343+169}{343+280}f$
\bigcirc B) $rac{343-169}{343-280}f$
\odot C) $\frac{343-169}{343+280}f$
\odot D) $rac{343-169}{343-280}f$
$343-280$ $^{\circ}$
19. (1.00 pts) How many pressure antinodes exist in the fundamental frequency of an open pipe?
O A) 0
○ B) 1
O C) 2
OD) 3
E) Cannot be determined
C E) Califorde determined
20. (2.00 pts) Name the notes needed to create a diminished 7th triad on Ab.
21. (1.00 pts) The speed of sound v in a medium depends on a formula $v = B(\lambda^2)$ where B is a constant in units of $1/(m \cdot s)$ and λ is the wavelength. This medium must
A) Be a refractive medium
B) Be a reflective medium
O C) Be a dispersive medium

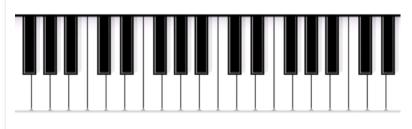
○ D) Disobey Snell's Law when λ is approximately zero
○ E) Experience chromatic aberration
22. (1.00 pts) 400 simultaneous trumpets produce a sound intensity level of 78 dB according to an observer. How many people would need to play at once for the observer to record a sound intensity level of 68dB?
O A) 10
O B) 40
○ C) 98 ○ D) 205
○ E) 349
23. (1.00 pts) Imagine you're playing Darude Sandstorm on the piano in common time at 70 BPM, work W on the air. If we wanted half of the work to be performed W / 2, around what BPM should you play at and why?
O A) 35 BPM, because a slower tempo doubles the length of the waves and decreases frequency by half
B) 35 BPM, because slowing the tempo by half reduces the work by half, the values are proportional.
 C) 53 BPM, because the tempo scales by three-quarters for every half the amount of work is reduced. D) Same tempo, because work is independent of tempo.
○ E) 140 BPM, because doubling the tempo reduces the work by half
F) 140 BPM, because doubling the tempo doubles the relative frequency.
What note is this?
○ A) B#₀
○ B) B#₁
○ C) C#₀
○ D) C#₁
○ E) C#₂
○ F) D#₁
25. (1.00 pts) Which of the following terms refer only to an increase in tempo?

○ A) allegretto
○ B) celeriter
○ C) vivace
Op) accelerando
○ E) subito
○ F) presto
26. (1.00 pts) In a wave, the particles of the medium are vibrating in the same direction as energy transport while in a wave, they are vibrating at right angles to the direction of energy transport. (Spelling matters)
27. (1.00 pts) For an open pipe of length <i>L</i> , what is the angular frequency of the second harmonic with displacement amplitude <i>x</i> ?
\bigcirc A) $2\pi x/(Lv)$
\bigcirc B) $2\pi V/L$
\bigcirc C) $Lv/(2\pi)$
\bigcirc D) $2\pi VL$
\bigcirc E) $2Lv/\pi$
28. (1.00 pts) What wagetable am I thinking of?
What vegetable am I thinking of? Which of the following terms best describes what occurs in the melody above?
Which of the following terms best describes what occurs in the melody above:
○ A) arpeggio
O B) imitation
O C) tenuto
O D) ostinato
O E) hemiola

PART 2: Short Answer Responses

(These will be manually graded so don't worry about formatting or styling errors)

Here's the same image of the keyboard for your convenience:



29. (2.00 pts)	Type out the notes of the relative major scale of G♯ minor in order, including accidentals!
30. (2.00 pts)	Type out the notes of the parallel minor scale of F♯ major in order, including accidentals.
31. (3.00 pts)	How does the tone color and loudness of a flute vary if the player blows faster air as opposed to slower air?
32. (2.00 pts)	On a piano, why do we generally use longer strings on the bass notes, while higher registers have multiple strings to compensate?
33. (1.00 pts) An observer at	a distance of r from a sound source hears an intensity level of 45 dB. What is the intensity level when the observer is at a distance of $r/3$ from the source?
34. (2.00 pts)	Describe the difference between tremolo and vibrato.

35. (1.00 pts) A pure tone has pressure amplitude <i>p</i> . What is the pressure amplitude, in terms of <i>p</i> , of another pure tone that is one octave higher and has three times the displacement amplitude?
36. (3.00 pts) (Tiebreaker) Write the frequency ratios (e.g. 8/6) of the following intervals in Pythagorean tuning: Major Second Perfect Fourth Major Seventh
The following questions (37 - 41) are based on the excerpt below:
P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P
37. (1.00 pts) What key is this piece in?
37. (1.00 pts) What key is this piece in?
38. (1.00 pts) Since no time signature is provided, determine what the time signature should be:
○ A) 2/4 ○ B) 6/8
○ C) 4/4 ○ D) 12/8
O E) 3/4
39. (1.00 pts) Name the scale in section 1 and its quality (e.g. C Major)
40. (1.00 pts) Which of the following is the correct name of the interval in section 2?
O A) Perfect 5th

O B) Augmented 5th
O C) Minor 6th
O D) Major 6th
O E) Diminished 7th
41. (1.00 pts) Which scale degree does the triad at section 3 classify as?
O A) Supertonic
O B) Dominant
O C) Mediant
O D) Submediant
○ E) Subdominant
The following questions no longer relate to the above excerpt.
The following questions no longer relate to the above excerpt.
42. (1.00 pts) A thin rod has shear modulus 4.4 × 10 ¹⁰ Pa, and bulk modulus 1.30 × 10 ¹¹ Pa. The rod has a density of 8.96 × 10 ⁴ kg/m³. What is the speed of sound in the material?
43. (1.00 pts) The speed of a wave is 390 m/s and the wavelength is 60.0m. What is the frequency of the wave?
44. (1.00 pts) (Tiebreaker) Name the best vegetable that can be used as an instrument and why. (This is a last resort tiebreaker, don't stress or spend too much time on this haha).
Part III: Free Response
45. (2.00 pts) How do different fingerings change the pitch of a trumpet?

A scientist intends to generate a pitch of frequency f with a pitch-generating smartphone app. However, the frequency of the generated pitch has an average error of 10 Hz from the intended frequency. If f is increased, will it be easier, harder, or the same for a human listener to notice the error? Explain your response.
47. (3.00 pts) An airplane flies directly towards a very distant sound source. Which of the three diagrams below best illustrates the sound waves passing by the wings of the airplane? Justify your answer. The diagrams are illustrated so that the plane is flying to the left of the screen. Ignore any sound generated by the movement of the plane itself.
48. (4.00 pts) Why does end correction occur? Why is end correction dependent on pipe radius?
49. (2.00 pts) In a concert flute, the player blows against a sharp edge to produce sound. If the flute is not manufactured with a sufficiently sharp edge, the flute will be much softer or even inaudible. However, when you blow on a sharp piece of paper, you don't hear a flute-like sound. Explain this phenomenon.
50. (1.00 pts) Helicopter A ascends to a height of 2000 m, and helicopter B ascends to a height of 1000 m. An observer C stands directly below both helicopters so that all three lie on a line. A point source of sound is attached to the outside of helicopter B. Will the sound reach helicopter A before, after, or at the same time as it reaches observer C?
A) It reaches A firstB) It reaches C first

C) Reaches both at the same time D) There's not enough information to tell
51. (2.00 pts) Justify your answer.
52. (0.00 pts) Following the above scenario, both pilots from each helicopter shut off the engine and parachute out simultaneously. Both helicopters start falling (no big deal), while the sound source on helicopter B continues playing the same frequency as before. According to an observer on the ground, which helicopter would have greater frequency?
53. (0.00 pts) (Worth zero points) Please let me know about any issues that came up or anything in general(e.g. lack of clarity/validity in a question, technical difficulties, your partner bailed:(, you're bored, how quarantine has been, would do the coffin dance etc.)
54. (0.00 pts) (Worth zero points) How difficult or easy was the test? What can be improved?
The end! Congrats on reaching the end of the test! :) Here is your reward:



and of course as a tribute to the lovely musical:



Good luck on any other events you might have! Stay safe and don't forget to wear a mask!!! >:(