Dynamic Planet B - Dynamic Planet B - Pearl City Invitational - 12-12-2020

1. (1.00 pts) Which of the following is NOT true regarding seawater?
A) As salinity increases, heat capacity of seawater increases
B) Seawater is nearly incompressible
C) As temperature increases, thermal conductivity of seawater increases
Op) Sulfate is the third most common ion in seawater
○ E) None of the above
2. (1.00 pts) Which of the following is most relevant to estimating the salinity of seawater?
O A) Reynold's Number
O B) Redfield Ratio
C) Law of Lateral Continuity
D) Residence Time Forchhammer's Principle
○ E) Forchhammer's Principle
3. (1.00 pts) Which of the following types of constituents is tied to biological, seasonal, or other short cycles?
O A) Organic
O B) Inorganic
○ C) Conservative
O) Nonconservative
○ E) None of the above
4. (1.00 pts) Which of the following is the most abundant gas dissolved in seawater?
4. (1.00 pts) Willich of the following is the most abundant gas dissolved in seawater:
○ A) Carbon Dioxide
O B) Oxygen
○ C) Nitrogen
O D) Argon
○ E) None of the above
5. (1.00 pts) Which of the following is NOT true regarding the SOFAR channel?
A) SOFAR stands for sound fixing and ranging
B) Sound waves exiting the SOFAR channel refract back into it
C) The SOFAR channel is a minimum sound velocity layer of the ocean
D) The SOFAR channel can be used to efficiently transmit sound waves in the ocean
○ E) None of the above

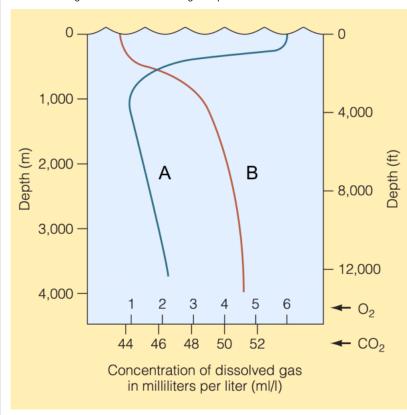
6. (1.00 pts) Which of the following is NOT true regarding the practical salinity scale?

- O A) The scale uses conductivity to measure salinity
- O B) Measurements on the practical salinity scale are reported with the units "grams per cubic centimeter"
- O C) The practical salinity scale is based on a standard solution of potassium chloride
- O D) Measurements adjusted for temperature when calculating PSU values

7. (1.00 pts) Which of the following terms describes the average time period an atom of a certain element stays in the ocean?

- O A) Salinity
- O B) Duration
- O C) Age
- O D) Half-life
- O E) None of the above

Refer to the diagram below for the following two questions.



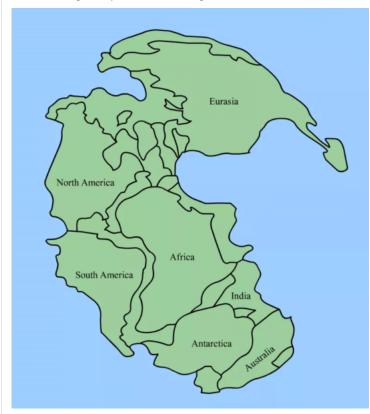
8. (1.00 pts) Curve A represents dissolved ___ concentration and Curve B represents dissolved ___ concentration.

- O A) Oxygen, Carbon Dioxide
- O B) Carbon Dioxide, Oxygen
- O C) Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Dioxide

○ D) Oxygen, Oxygen○ E) None of the above	
9. (1.00 pts) Which of the processes influences the concentrations of both dissolved gases at the surface?	
 A) Upwelling B) Downwelling C) Photosynthesis D) Volcanic outgassing E) None of the above 	
H ₂ CO ₃ \longrightarrow HCO ₃ ⁻ + H ⁺ The chemical reaction above occurs when:	
 A) Seawater is too acidic B) Seawater is too basic C) Seawater is neutral D) Seawater is unsaturated E) Seawater is supersaturated 	
11. (1.00 pts) At which of the following depths is the rate of calcite dissolution closest to the rate of calcite accumulation?	
 A) 1500 m B) 2500 m C) 3500 m D) 4500 m E) 5500 m 	
12. (1.00 pts) Which of the following is NOT true regarding the Earth's ocean basins?	
 A) Continental shelves are wider at passive margins B) On average, the continental slope is steeper than the continental shelf C) On average, the continental shelf is steeper than the continental rise D) Submarine canyons are commonly formed by the downcutting of rivers 	
13. (1.00 pts) Which of the following terms best describes the sediment found in an abyssal fan?	
 A) Cross-bedding B) Graded bedding C) Marine transgression D) Marine regression E) None of the above 	

14. (1.00 pts) Which of the following features is characteristic of a passive margin?			
O A) Continental borderlands			
O B) Accretionary wedge			
O C) Dea-sea trench			
O) Andesitic volcanism			
○ E) None of the above			
15. (1.00 pts) Who proposed the Theory of Continental Drift?			
○ A) Harry Hess			
O B) Linus Pauling			
O C) Robert Dietz			
Op Frederick Vine			
○ E) None of the above			

For the following three questions, use the diagram below:



6. (1.00 pts) The figure above shows the known as	
A) Supercontinent, Ur B) Supercontinent, Rodinia	

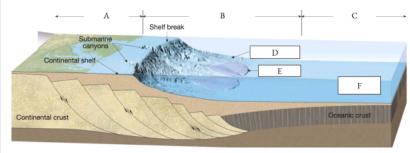
O C) Tectonic Plate, Gaia
O E) None of the above
17. (1.00 pts) The ocean around the landmass was known as:
O A) Tethys
B) Pacific
O C) Panthalassa
O D) Gondwana
O E) None of the above
18. (1.00 pts) When in geologic history did this landmass exist on Earth?
O A) 4.45 Gya to 2.25 Gya
O в) 3.35 Gya to 1.75 Gya
O C) 445 Mya to 225 Mya
O p) 335 Mya to 175 Mya
19. (1.00 pts) Which of the following was not a piece of evidence used to support continental drift?
O A) Shoreline fit of continents
O B) Matching fossils across oceans
O C) Corresponding Rock types and geologic features
Op Ancient climates
O E) None of the above
20. (1.00 pts) What was the important mineral component of ocean floor basalt that allowed for Harry Hess and others to understand seafloor spreading?
O A) Neoproterozic garnet
O B) Birefringent calcite
O C) Conchoidal fracture quartz
O) Magnetic magnetite
C E) None of the above
21. (1.00 pts) The lithosphere contains while the asthenosphere contains
O A) the crust and upper mantle, the upper mantle
A) the crust and upper mantle, the upper mantle B) the upper crust, the lower crust and upper mantle
B) the upper crust, the lower crust and upper mantle
B) the upper crust, the lower crust and upper mantleC) the upper crust, the lower crust

22. (1.00 pts) The Hawaiian islands were formed by:
A) Subduction zone volcanism
O B) Oceanic basalt province
O C) Hydrothermal activity
O) Isostatic equilibrium
O E) None of the above
23. (1.00 pts) Consider the diagram below:
Continental and Oceanic Crust Mantle Mesosphere Outer Core Inner Core Inner Core Inner Core Inner Core Inner Core Inner Core Inner Core Inner Inner Core Inner
O B) molten, rigid
C) chemical, physical
O D) physical, chemical
O E) None of the above
24. (1.00 pts) Following an earthquake, the transverse wave arrives, the surface waves arrive and the longitudinal wave arrives
O A) first, second, third
O B) second, first, third
O C) third, first, second
O D) third, second, first
C E) None of the above
25. (1.00 pts) What is the name given to the shower of organic material falling from upper waters to the deep ocean?
O A) Detritus
○ B) Marine snow
O C) Precipitation
OD) Percolation
O E) None of the above

26. (1.00 pts) Where is oceanic crust destroyed?
O A) Continental shelf
O B) Continental slope
○ C) Mid-ocean ridge
O D) Subduction zone
○ E) None of the above
27. (1.00 pts) Oceanic crust farther from the mid-ocean ridges is:
○ A) Older
○ B) Saltier
C) Younger
OD) Bluer
○ E) None of the above
28. (1.00 pts) Chemosynthesis most commonly occurs where on the ocean floor?
O A) Continental shelves
O B) Hydrothermal vents
○ C) Upwellings
O D) Coral reefs
○ E) None of the above
29. (1.00 pts) What is the average salinity of ocean water?
○ A) 20%
○ B) 25%
○ C) 30%
OD) 35%
© E) None of the above
30. (1.00 pts) Which of the following contains the least amount of water on Earth?
○ A) Rivers
O B) Groundwater
○ C) Lakes
O D) Soil
○ E) Atmosphere
31. (1.00 pts) Which of the following is an example of a neritic biogenous sediment deposit?
○ A) Abyssal clay

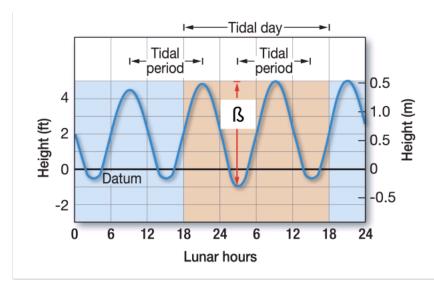
B) Siliceous ooze
C) Stromatolites
O D) Phosphorite
© E) Tektites
○ F) None of the above
32. (1.00 pts) Which of the following is an example of terrigenous sediment?
○ A) Abyssal clay
O B) Siliceous ooze
○ C) Stromatolites
Op Phosphorite
○ E) Tektites
○ F) None of the above
33. (1.00 pts) Which of the following is the type of biogenous sediment that dominates in deposits below the CCD?
○ A) Abyssal clay
B) Siliceous ooze
○ C) Stromatolites
○ D) Phosphorite
○ E) Tektites
F) None of the above
34. (1.00 pts) Which of the following is an example of the least abundant sediment classification?
○ A) Abyssal clay
○ B) Siliceous ooze
C) Stromatolites
O D) Phosphorite
○ E) Tektites
○ F) None of the above
35. (1.00 pts) Which of the following usually contains large proportions of foraminifera tests?
○ A) Abyssal clay
O B) Siliceous ooze
○ C) Stromatolites
O D) Phosphorite
© E) Tektites
○ F) None of the above
36. (1.00 pts) Which of the following is made of layers of metal hydroxides?

○ A) Abyssal clay					
O B) Siliceous ooze					
O C) Stromatolite					
O) Phosphorite					
© E) Tektites					
F) None of the above					
37. (2.00 pts) Which of the following is true regarding ocean acidification?					
(Mark ALL correct answers)					
A) Ocean acidification has direct adverse effects on diatoms and radiolaria					
B) Ocean acidification causes the ocean's pH to be closer to neutral					
C) Human activity has a significant contribution to ocean acidification					
D) The ocean pH changes since the industrial revolution have had an insignificant on marine life so far					
☐ E) Coral bleaching is a major cause of ocean acidification					
38. (1.00 pts) Which of the following statements is true? (select all that apply)					
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(Mark ALL correct answers) A) The poles receive more solar energy than the equator					
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Use the diagram below to answer the next four questions.

40. (1.00 pts)	Which of the letters in the diagram above corresponds to the coastal plain?
O A) A	
О в) в	
O C) C	
O D) D	
○ E) E	
○ F) F	
41. (1.00 pts)	Which of the letters in the diagram above corresponds to the abyssal plain?
○ A) A	
О в) в	
O C) C	
O D) D	
○ E) E	
○ F) F	
42. (1.00 pts)	Which of the letters in the diagram above corresponds to the continental margin?
O A) A	
О в) в	
O C) C	
\cup \cup \cup	
O D) D	
○ D) D ○ E) E	
○ D) D ○ E) E	Which of the letters in the diagram above corresponds to the deep-sea fan?
O D) D E) E F) F	Which of the letters in the diagram above corresponds to the deep-sea fan?
OD) D E) E F) F 43. (1.00 pts)	Which of the letters in the diagram above corresponds to the deep-sea fan?
OD) D E) E F) F 43. (1.00 pts)	Which of the letters in the diagram above corresponds to the deep-sea fan?
OD) D F) F 43. (1.00 pts) A) A B) B	Which of the letters in the diagram above corresponds to the deep-sea fan?
OD) D O E) E O F) F 43. (1.00 pts) A) A O B) B O C) C	Which of the letters in the diagram above corresponds to the deep-sea fan?
OD) D E) E F) F 43. (1.00 pts) A) A B) B C) C D) D	Which of the letters in the diagram above corresponds to the deep-sea fan?
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OD) D OB) E B OB) F 43. (1.00 pts) A) A OB) B OC) C OD) D OB) E OF) F	Which of the letters in the diagram above corresponds to the deep-sea fan? The below to answer the next two questions.
OD) D OB) E B OB) F 43. (1.00 pts) A) A OB) B OC) C OD) D OB) E OF) F	
OD) D OB) E B OB) F 43. (1.00 pts) A) A OB) B OC) C OD) D OB) E OF) F	
OD) D OB) E B OB) F 43. (1.00 pts) A) A OB) B OC) C OD) D OB) E OF) F	
OD) D OB) E B OB) F 43. (1.00 pts) A) A OB) B OC) C OD) D OB) E OF) F	
OD) D OB) E B OB) F 43. (1.00 pts) A) A OB) B OC) C OD) D OB) E OF) F	

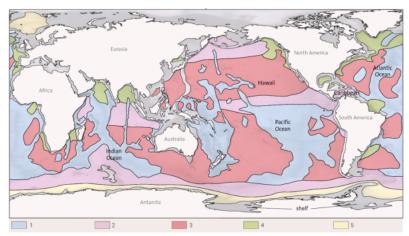


44. (1.00 pts) Which type of tidal pattern is depicted in the diagram above?

- O A) Diurnal
- O B) Semidiurnal
- O C) Mixed
- O D) None of the above

45. (2.00 pts) What is the term given to β on the diagram above? (exactly two words)

Use the diagram below for the following six questions.



The figure above shows a map of the distribution of various seafloor sediments. Choosing from the following list, assign each color to the correct sediment type. Not all options will be chosen.

- a. Bare oceanic crust (no sediment)
- b. Calcareous ooze
- c. Siliceous ooze
- d. Glacial deposits
- e. Terrigenous sediments
- f. Pelagic red clay
- g. Cosmogenous tektites

46. (1.50 pts) 1 (blue): (answer ONLY with the lower case letter a-g corresponding to the correct sediment type)
47. (1.50 pts) 2 (pink): (answer ONLY with the lower case letter a-g corresponding to the correct sediment type)
48. (1.50 pts) 3 (red): (answer ONLY with the lower case letter a-g corresponding to the correct sediment type)
49. (1.50 pts) 4 (green): (answer ONLY with the lower case letter a-g corresponding to the correct sediment type)
50. (1.50 pts) 5 (yellow):
51. (5.00 pts) Justify why you assigned each of your answer choices.
Salinity Distributions
52. (2.00 pts) While surface currents in the North Atlantic tend to be more saline than the fresher water beneath it, the more saline water does not necessarily sink. What characteristic of the underlying water does this likely reflect?
53. (3.50 pts) In the subtropical ocean there is a shallow salinity maximum that originates from water at the center of gyres. Name and describe the process that causes this movement of water.

54. (2.00 pts)	Compared to most of the Pacific ocean, describe the surface salinity in Southeast Asia. How is it likely to change in response to a strong El Niño phase?
55. (2.00 pts)	Suggest why the southern regions of the Atlantic and Pacific have a similar salinity whereas the northern regions differ significantly.
Wave Calculations 3 significant figures for all answers. Include units and show work! (4 pts each, 2 for answer, 2 for work)	
56. (4.00 pts)	Calculate the phase velocity of a wave with wavelength 110 meters traveling in water with depth 3.5 meters
57. (4.00 pts)	Calculate the group velocity of a wave train travelling in the open ocean with a period of 6.40 seconds.
58. (4.00 pts)	Calculate the phase velocity of a wave with wavelength 20.0 meters traveling in water with depth 150 meters.
Heat Fluxes	

Given the following constants (not all will be useful):

Albedo of Earth = 0.30

Solar constant $S_0 = 1370 \text{ W/m}$

Wein's constant b = 2.89 * 10 ⁻³ m * K
Stefan-Boltzmann constant = 5.67 * 10 ⁻³ W K ⁻⁴ m-2
Luminosity of the sun: 3.83 * 10 ²⁶ W
Radius of the Earth: 6.37 * 10 ⁶ m
59. (6.00 pts) Calculate the blackbody temperature of the Earth, in degrees Celsius. (6 pts)
60. (6.00 pts) Realistically, the Earth is not a perfect blackbody. The true radiant flux emitted by the Earth is, on average, about 226.56 W/m2. We can quantify the deviation from a blackbody by the emissivity ε , which is a dimensionless ratio between the true radiant flux to the ideal radiant flux of a blackbody. Given this, calculate the average emissivity of the Earth. (6 pts)
61. (4.00 pts) Would you expect the emissivity of the ocean to be close to 1? Why or why not? (4 pts)
62. (4.00 pts) When discussing the heat lost from the ocean, we frequently refer to both latent heat loss and sensible heat loss. Distinguish between these two terms and provide examples for the processes that drive each. (4 pts)
Seawater chemistry
63. (2.00 pts) What is the dominant ion that buffers ocean pH?
what is the dominant formula buriers ocean pris

For the following two questions, identify where the CCD would be deeper, and justify why. (3 pts each)

64. (3.00 pts) The equator or 55 deg. N

65. (3.00 pts) Present-day oceans or oceans during the Cretaceous period

B Iron (nmol kg⁻¹) 0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8

Above is the chemocline for iron. The red and blue represent data from the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans respectively.

66. (1.00 pts) What is plotted on the y axis?

67. (4.00 pts) Based on this figure, justify why ocean fertilization projects have looked at iron as a limiting, a conservative, or a scavenged nutrient.	potential nutrient for inducing planktonic carbon capture. Start by classifying iron as either a
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