

Lab 3.03 - War (Card Game)

Create a program that lets a user play a **simplified** version of the card game 'War'. In this version, the users will share a single deck of cards and cards will not be added back to the deck after they have been played.

Video Explanation of the Card Game War



Your game should

- start with a given shuffled deck variable (shuffle function comes from python's random library, more details below)
- ask for player1 and player2's names.
- have a function `player_turn`, with the contract shown below:

```
# Name: player_turn
# Purpose: takes in a player name,
#          draws/removes a card from the deck,
#          prints "user drew card x", and returns the value
# Arguments: player_name as string, deck as List
# Returns: integer
```

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- Have a function `compare_scores` that takes in the two integers representing the cards drawn and compares the card values. Make sure to write the contract for `compare_scores`!
- For simplicity Jacks will be represented as 11, Queens will be represented as 12, Kings will be represented as 13, and Aces will be represented as 14
- For simplicity the suit does not matter
- Include a while loop that keeps the game running until there are no cards in the deck.
- If there is a tie, there is "war". Take the next two cards and whoever wins that gets all four cards (including the previous tied cards).
- If there is another tie, continue taking the next two cards until there is a winner.
- The winner takes all the "war" cards.
- Keep track of the score.
- The player who takes the greatest number of cards wins.
- Declare the name of the winner and final score at the end of the game.

Sample Output

Player 1's name: Pat

Player 2's name: Sam

Pat drew card 8

Sam drew card 9

Sam has high card

Pat: 0

Sam: 2

Pat drew card 9

Sam drew card 8

Pat has high card

Pat: 2

Sam: 2

Pat drew card 7

Sam drew card 7

War

Pat: 2

Sam: 2

Pat drew card 5

Sam drew card 6



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Sam has high card

Sam wins war of 4 cards

Pat: 2

Sam: 6

...

Pat drew card 10

Sam drew card 13

Sam has high card

Pat: 18

Sam: 24

Pat drew card 2

Sam drew card 2

War

Pat: 18

Sam: 24

Pat drew card 14

Sam drew card 14

War

Pat: 18

Sam: 24

Pat drew card 2

Sam drew card 5

Sam has high card

Sam wins war of 6 cards

Pat: 18

Sam: 30

Pat drew card 11

Sam drew card 14

Sam has high card

Pat: 18

Sam: 32

Pat drew card 10

Sam drew card 3

Pat has high card

Pat: 20

Sam: 32



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Final Score

Pat: 20

Sam: 32

Winner: Sam

Deck Shuffling

While seemingly simple, shuffling a deck is a somewhat complicated problem. Luckily, Python's random library has a built-in shuffle algorithm. Feel free to read the documentation, but we have provided a simple wrapper function that will return to you a shuffled deck of cards.

```
import random

# Name: shuffled_deck
# Purpose: will return a shuffled deck to the user
# Input:
# Returns: a list representing a shuffled deck
def shuffled_deck():
    basic_deck = list(range(2, 15)) * 4
    random.shuffle(basic_deck)
    return basic_deck
```

Bonus

Instead of closing the program when the deck is empty, create a way for the user to play again.

