# Do Now 2.02 ## Part 1 Open up the console. Type each line of the following code into the interactive editor: 
"python >>> 5 < 3 >>> 5 > 3 >>> type(5 < 3) >>> type(5 > 3) >>> my\_favorite\_animal = "cats" >>> user\_favorite\_animal = input("What is your favorite animal?") >>> my\_favorite\_animal == user\_favorite\_animal == user\_favorite\_animal \"` ### In your notebook, answer the following 1. What does `5 < 3` evaluate to? 2. What is the type of `5 < 3`? What does that stand for (should be familiar from Snap!)? 3. What is the difference between `==` and `=` ? 4. What data type do you think `my\_favorite\_animal == user\_favorite\_animal` is? ## Part 2 Open up the console. Type the following code into the interactive editor. ```Python >>> months\_with\_driving\_permit = 6 >>> age = 16 >>> can\_get\_license = months\_with\_driving\_permit >= 6 and age >= 16 >>> print(can\_get\_license) ``` ### In your Notebook, add this to your notes in your notebook 1. What does `and` do here? What type do you think `can\_get\_license` is? 2. Update the code to fit the new driving law: If you are over the age of 18 you don't need to have a permit ## Part 3 Open up the console. Type the following code into the interactive editor. ```Python >>> animal == 'cat' or 'dog' >>> animal == 'cat' or 'dog' >>> animal == 'cat' or animal == 'dog' ``` ### In your notebook, continue answers to the following 1. What does = and == do here? 2. What is the difference between the two `or` statements?