

P for 2 streams, Unboosted, turbofan engine with a specified OPR, ITT and BPR. find expression for the optimum FPR.

$$\pi_F(\pi_f, \nu_g, \nu_h)$$

$$S = \frac{f}{(1+\alpha) F/m_0}$$

* Assuming Fully choked nozzles

$$F = m_C(1+\beta)(V_q - V_0) + m_F(V_q - V_0)$$

$$\frac{\dot{E}}{\dot{w}_0} = \frac{(1+f)}{(1+\alpha)} \left[\frac{V_q}{V_0} - 1 \right] + \frac{\alpha}{1+\alpha} \left[\frac{V_q}{V_0} - 1 \right], \quad \frac{\partial \left(\frac{\dot{E}}{\dot{w}_0} \right)}{\partial \tau_f} = \underbrace{\left(\frac{1+f}{1+\alpha} \right) \frac{\partial (V_q/V_0)}{\partial \tau_f}}_{\text{Term 1}} + \underbrace{\frac{\alpha}{(1+\alpha)} \frac{\partial (V_q/V_0)}{\partial \tau_f}}_{\text{Term 2}}$$

$$\boxed{(1+f) \frac{\partial (V_q/V_0)}{\partial \tau_f} + \alpha \frac{\partial (V_q/V_0)}{\partial \tau_f} = 0} \quad \text{***}$$

$$\left(\frac{V_0}{V_0}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{M_0}{M_0}\right)^2 \frac{\gamma_{T_0}^2}{\gamma_{T_0}^2}$$

$$M_a^2 = \frac{2}{\gamma_a - 1} \left[\left(\frac{P_{0a}}{P_a} \right)^{\frac{\gamma_a - 1}{\gamma_a}} - 1 \right]$$

$$\rho = \frac{\pi}{\pi_b \pi_c \pi_d \pi_e} \left[\frac{\pi_f}{\pi_g \pi_h \pi_i} \right]$$

$$M_g^2 = \frac{2}{\gamma_n - 1} \left[\prod_{n=1}^N \frac{\gamma_{n-1}}{\gamma_n} * \sum_t \frac{(\gamma_{n-1})_t}{(\gamma_t - 1) \gamma_n c_t} - 1 \right] \quad \text{note that } \rho_{tg} = \frac{\rho_{tt}}{\rho_g}$$

$$\frac{I_9}{T_0} = \sqrt[n]{\frac{(1-\alpha_n) \frac{1}{\alpha_n}}{(1-\alpha_n) \frac{1}{\alpha_n}}} \frac{C_F}{C_A} = \sqrt[n]{\frac{\alpha_n}{1-\alpha_n}} \frac{C_F}{C_A}$$

$$\left(\frac{V_0}{V_0}\right)^2 \frac{2(\gamma_{n-1})\gamma_n}{\gamma_n(\gamma_{n-1})2(\gamma_{n-1})} \left[\frac{\gamma_{n-1}}{\gamma_n} \frac{(\gamma_{n-1})\gamma_n}{\gamma_n(\gamma_{n-1})\gamma_{n-2}} - 1 \right]$$

$$\left[\frac{\gamma_c(\gamma_c - 1)}{\gamma_c(\gamma_c - 1) \beta_c} - \frac{\gamma_c(\gamma_c - 1)}{\gamma_c(\gamma_c - 1) \beta_c} \right]$$

$$\left[\frac{z_2(1-z_2)^2}{1-\frac{z_2(1-z_2)^2}{z_2(1-z_2)^2}} - z_2 \right] \frac{\prod_{j=1}^n \frac{1}{z_j}}{\prod_{j=1}^n \frac{1}{z_j}} = \left(\frac{z_2}{(1-z_2)(1-z_2)} \right)^2 = \left(\frac{z_2}{(1-z_2)^2} \right)^2$$

$$\text{Similarly: } \left(\frac{N_2}{N_0} \right)^2 = \underbrace{\left(\frac{\tau_1}{\tau_1 - 1} \right)^{1-\frac{\tau_1}{\tau_2}}}_{B} \left[\frac{\tau_1 - 1}{\tau_2} \tau_1 - \tau_1^{1-\frac{\tau_1}{\tau_2}} \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial(\sqrt{q/N_0})}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial(\sqrt{q/N_0})}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial(\sqrt{q/N_0})}{\partial t}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{V}(\psi, \psi)}{\partial \tau^2} = A \left\{ \prod_{i=1}^{N-1} \gamma_i \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \tau^2} - \left(1 - \frac{\gamma_N(\tau_N-1)}{\gamma_N(\tau_N-1)\epsilon} \right) \gamma_N \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \tau^2} \right\}$$

$$\frac{(j+1)!}{2! \cdot 1!} x - \frac{j!}{2! \cdot 1!} x^2 = \frac{j!}{2!} x - \frac{j!}{2!} x^2$$

$$\frac{\partial(\ln A)}{\partial \tau_F} = \frac{-\alpha \tau_F / \kappa_A}{2 \eta_m (1 + f)} \left[\prod_{i=1}^m \gamma_i^{-1} \tau_i^{-1} \right] - \left[\prod_{i=1}^{n-1} \gamma_i^{-1} \tau_i^{-1} \left(1 - \frac{\gamma_n \tau_n^{-1}}{\gamma_n (\tau_n^{-1} - \alpha \tau_F)} \right) \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial \langle V_{12}(N_i) \rangle}{\partial \tau_F} = B \left[\frac{\tau_F^{i-1}}{\tau_F} - (1 - \rho) \tau_F^{i-2} \right] \phi(\tau_F) \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{\partial(M_0/N_0)}{\partial \tau_F} = \frac{(\frac{\tau_F^{-1}}{\pi_2} \tau - (1-\epsilon_F) \tau_F^{-\epsilon_F}) \beta^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2 \left[\pi_2 \tau_F^{-1} \tau - \tau_F^{1-\epsilon_F} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \Phi_2(\tau_F) \quad **$$

$$0 = (z_1^2 \phi(z_1) + \alpha \phi(z_1)) = 0$$

$$\frac{w_c}{w_{crif}} = \frac{1}{(1+\alpha)}$$