

# Individual 4

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Introduction to Proof and Problem Solving

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**Problem 12.** Write the negation of the statement

$$p \equiv \{\forall n \in \mathbb{Z}, \exists m \in \mathbb{Z} \text{ such that } 4n + 3m = 0 \text{ or } 4n + 3m = 1\}$$

and prove  $p$  or  $\neg p$  is true. Do some examples.

*Solution.* The negation of  $p$  is

$$\neg p \equiv \{\exists n \in \mathbb{Z}, \forall m \in \mathbb{Z} \text{ such that } 4n + 3m \neq 0 \text{ and } 4n + 3m \neq 1\}.$$



*Proof.* We will now prove  $\neg p$ . Set  $n_0 = 2$ . Then  $4n_0 = 8$ . Let  $m_0$  be an arbitrary integer. We will consider cases.

Case 1. Suppose  $m_0 \geq -2$ . Multiplying by 3, we get  $3m_0 \geq -6$ . Adding 8 to both sides, we get

$$8 + 3m_0 \geq 2.$$

Substituting  $4n_0$  for 8, we get

$$4n_0 + 3m_0 \geq 2.$$

Case 2. Suppose  $m_0 \leq -3$ . Multiplying both sides by 3, we get  $3m_0 \leq -9$ . Adding 8 to both sides, we get

$$8 + 3m_0 \leq -1.$$

But since  $4n_0 = 8$ , we have

$$4n_0 + 3m_0 \leq -1$$

Since  $4n_0 + 3m_0 \neq 0$  and  $4n_0 + 3m_0 \neq 1$  for all  $m_0$ ,  $\neg p$  is true.

□

While working on this proof, I received no external assistance aside from advice from Professor Mehmetaj.