Course Code	Theory of Computation and Compiler Design	Course	Credits
CSE2004		Type	4
		LT	

Course Objectives:

- To introduce Formal Languages, Automata Theory and Abstract models of Computation and Computability.
- To gain knowledge in computational theory.
- To realize the theoretical concepts and techniques involved in the software system development
- To provide an insight into compiler design concepts.

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

- Apply the theoretical concepts and techniques in designing the software systems.
- Identify, analyze, design and formulate problems using computational theory.
- Develop scanning and parsing techniques for languages.
- Relate built-in tools in the construction of compiler.

Student Outcomes (SO): a, b, e, l

- a. An ability to apply the knowledge of mathematics, science and computing appropriate to the discipline
- b. An ability to analyze a problem, identify and define the computing requirements appropriate to its solution.
- e. An ability to identify, formulate and solve engineering problems.
- 1. An ability to apply mathematical foundations, algorithmic principles and computer science theory in the modeling and design of computer-based systems.

Unit No	Unit Content	No. of	SOs
		hours	
1	Basic concepts – Theorem proving – Finite automata: NFA,	9+3	a, b, e, l
	DFA, € - NFA, Regular expressions - Equivalence between FA		
	and RE – Minimization – Decision properties – Pumping		
	lemma for Regular Languages.		
	Problems: Design of FA – Inter-conversion between RE and		
	FA – Proving languages to be not regular		
2	Specification of tokens – FA and RE to represent token formats	9+3	a, b, e, l
	-LEX.		
	Context Free Grammar – Derivations – Parse trees –		
	Ambiguity – Pushdown Automata – DPDA & NPDA –		
	Decision properties – Pumping lemma for CFL.		
	Problems: Design of CFG – Design of PDA – Inter-conversion		
	between PDA & CFG – Proving languages to be not context-		
	free		
3	Chomsky Normal Form – Griebach Normal Form – Parsing –	9+3	a, b, e, l
	Top-down Parsing – Predictive Parsing - Bottom up parsing –		
	SLR, CLR and LALR Parsing – YACC.		
	Problems: Conversion from CFG to CNF, GNF – Parsing		

4	Turing machines – TM as a computation model – TM as a	9+3	a, b, e, l		
	recognizer – TM with multiple tapes – Other models of TM –				
	Linear Bounded Automata.				
	Three Address Codes – Code optimization techniques.				
	Problems: Design of TM – Design of LBA – Conversion from				
	parse tree to TAC – optimization techniques				
5	Chomsky Hierarchy of languages – Undecidability – Recursive	8+2	a, b, e, l		
	and non – recursive languages – Examples - Code generation.				
	Problems: Identification of Undecidability – Code generation				
6	Guest Lecture on Contemporary Topics	2			
	Total Hrs.:	60			
Mode	Mode of Teaching and Learning: Flipped Class Room, Activity Based Teaching/Learning				
	Computer based models, wherever possible to augment lecture for practi				
2 hours	lectures by industry experts on contemporary topics				
Mode	of Evaluation and assessment:				
The assessment and evaluation components may consist of unannounced open book examinations,					
quizzes, student's portfolio generation and assessment, and any other innovative assessment practices					
-	d by faculty, in addition to the Continuous Assessment Tests and Term E		-		
Text B					
1. Jol	nn E. Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffrey D. Ullman, "Introduction	n to Autor	nata Theory,		
Languages and Computation", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2014.					
2. Al	fred V. Aho, Monica S Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffery D Ullman, "Compilers:	Principles	, Techniques,		
an	d Tools", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2015.	-	-		
Refere	nce Books:				
1. Mi	chael Sipser, "Introduction to the Theory of Computation", 2nd Edition	, Wadswor	th Publishing		
Co Inc, 3rd Edition, 2012.					
Recomn	nendation by the Board of Studies on				
Approval by Academic council on					
Compile	ed by				