

Домашнее задания по математическому анализу

abcdw

Интегралы.

$$1634. \int \frac{\sqrt{x-2}\sqrt[3]{x^2+1}}{\sqrt[4]{x}} dx = \int \left(x^{\frac{1}{4}} - 2x^{\frac{5}{12}} + x^{-\frac{1}{4}} \right) dx = \frac{4x^{\frac{5}{4}}}{5} - \frac{24x^{\frac{17}{12}}}{17} + \frac{4x^{\frac{3}{4}}}{3} + C$$

$$1744. \int \sin 3x \sin 5x dx = \frac{1}{2} \int (\cos 2x - \cos 8x) dx = \frac{1}{4} \sin 2x - \frac{1}{16} \sin 8x + C$$

$$1750. \int \cos^4 x dx = \int \frac{\cos 4x + 4 \cos 2x + 3}{8} dx = \frac{1}{32} \sin 4x + \frac{1}{4} \sin 2x + \frac{3}{8} x + C$$

$$1756. \int \frac{dx}{\sin x \cos^3 x} = \int \frac{\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x}{\sin x \cos^3 x} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{tg} x dx}{\cos^2 x} + \int \frac{dx}{\sin x \cos x} = \int t dt + \int \left(\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} + \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \right) dx =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{tg}^2 x - \int \frac{d \cos x}{\cos x} + \int \frac{d \sin x}{\sin x} = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{tg}^2 x - \ln |\cos x| + \ln |\sin x| + C =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{tg}^2 x + \ln |\operatorname{tg} x| + C$$

$$1763. \int \operatorname{sh} x \operatorname{sh} 2x dx = \int \frac{(e^x - e^{-x})(e^{2x} - e^{-2x})}{4} dx = \frac{1}{4} \int (e^{3x} + e^{-3x} - e^x - e^{-x}) dx =$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} e^{3x} - \frac{1}{12} e^{-3x} - e^x + e^{-x} + C = \frac{1}{6} \operatorname{sh} 3x - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{sh} x + C$$

$$1775. \int \frac{dx}{e^{\frac{x}{2}} + e^x} = \int \frac{dx}{e^{\frac{x}{2}}(1 + e^{\frac{x}{2}})} = \int \frac{2dt}{t^2(1+t)} = 2 \int \left(\frac{1}{t^2} + \frac{1}{1+t} - \frac{1}{t} \right) dt =$$

$$= -2e^{\frac{x}{2}} + 2 \ln |e^{\frac{x}{2}} + 1| - x$$

$$1787. \int \frac{x^2 dx}{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}} = \int \frac{a^2 \operatorname{sh}^2 t \operatorname{ch} t dt}{a \sqrt{1 + \operatorname{sh}^2 t}}$$

$$1700(a). \frac{\sin x \operatorname{d} \sin x}{\sqrt{(a^2 - b^2) \sin^2 x + b^2}}, t = \sin x, u = \sqrt{(a^2 - b^2)t^2 + b^2}, du = \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)t \operatorname{d} t}{2\sqrt{(a^2 - b^2)t^2 + b^2}}$$

$$1710. t = \arcsin x, dt = \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

$$1760. \int \frac{(1+e^x)^2}{1+e^{2x}} dx = \int \frac{(1+t)^2 t dt}{1+t^2} = t - \operatorname{arctg} t + \frac{1}{2} \log |1+t^2| + \frac{t^3}{3} + C$$

$$1718. t = \sin x, dt = \cos x dx. u = t^2, du = t dt. du = \sqrt{2} dv.$$

$$1730. x = -\frac{1}{5}(2 - 5x) + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$1736. A = \frac{1}{5}, B = -\frac{1}{5}. \int \left(\frac{A}{x^2-2} + \frac{B}{x^2+3} \right) dx$$

$$1741. \sin^2 x = \frac{1 - \cos 2x}{2}$$

$$1743. \sin x \sin(x + \alpha) = \frac{\cos \alpha - \cos(2x + \alpha)}{2}$$

$$1749. \sin^4 x = \frac{\cos 4x + 4 \cos 2x + 3}{8}$$

$$1761. \operatorname{sh}^2 x = \frac{\operatorname{ch} 2x - 1}{2}$$

$$^1 t = \operatorname{tg} x, dt = \frac{dx}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$1768. \sqrt{2-x} = t, dt = \frac{dx}{\sqrt{2-x}}, x = 2 - t^2$$

$$1770. t = (2 - 5x^3)^{\frac{5}{3}}, dt = -25(2 - 5x^3)^{\frac{2}{3}} x^2 dx, x^3 = \frac{2-t^{\frac{3}{5}}}{5}$$

$$1774. t = \sqrt{1 + \ln x}, dt = \frac{dx}{2x\sqrt{1+\ln x}}, \ln x = t^2 - 1$$

$$1776. t = \sqrt{1 + e^x}, dt = \frac{e^x dx}{2\sqrt{1+e^x}}, e^x = t^2 - 1$$