

$$\cos x \cos x + \sin x \sin x$$

$$\frac{1}{4}(e^{ix} + e^{-ix})^2 - \frac{1}{4}(e^{ix} - e^{-ix})^2$$

$$\cos = \frac{1}{4} \frac{e^{2ix} + e^{-2ix} + 2e^{ix}e^{-ix} - e^{2ix} + e^{-2ix}}{(X+i)(X-i)} = \frac{2e^{-2ix} + 2e^{2ix}}{e^2 + e^{-2}} = \frac{2(e^2 + 1)}{4e}$$

$$f = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

20.21.

$$1) \frac{z}{(z+2)^2}$$

$$z_0 = -2$$

$$\frac{z}{(z+2)^2} = \frac{A}{z+2} + \frac{B}{(z+2)^2} = \frac{A(z+2) + B}{(z+2)^2} = \frac{1}{z+2} + \frac{-2}{(z+2)^2}$$

$$2) \frac{e^z + 1}{e^z - 1}$$

$$(z_0 = 0 \pm 2\pi i \dots) \quad z_0 = 2k\pi i$$

$$\frac{e^z + e^{2k\pi i}}{e^z - e^{2k\pi i}}$$

$$e^z + 1 = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^k}{k!} + 1 = \left(1 + z + \frac{z^2}{2!} + \dots\right) + 1 = 2 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{z^k}{k!}$$

$$\frac{2}{z - 2k\pi i} = \frac{2}{e^z - e^{2k\pi i}}$$

$$3) \frac{z-1}{\sin^2 z} \quad z=0$$

$$\sin^2 z = z^2 - \left(\frac{z^4}{3!}\right)^2 + \dots$$

$$\frac{z-1}{z^2} = -\frac{1}{z^2} + \frac{1}{z}$$



$$1) \frac{e^{ix}}{x^2 + b^2} \quad (z_0 = ib, b > 0)$$

$$e^{ix} = 1 + ix + \frac{i^2 x^2}{2!} + \dots$$

$$\frac{e^{ix}}{x^2 + b^2} = \frac{e^{ix}}{(x+ib)(x-ib)} = \frac{e^{-b}}{2ib(x-ib)}$$

$$5) \frac{(x^2+1)^2}{x^2+b^2} \quad z_0 = \infty$$

$$\frac{(x-i)^2(x+i)^2}{(x+ib)(x-ib)} = \frac{x^4+2x^2+1}{x^2+b^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^4+2x^2+1}{x^2+b^2} =$$

$$= \frac{x^2+2}{1+0} = x^2+2$$

$$6) \frac{x e^{ix}}{(x^2+b^2)^2} \quad z_0 = ib, b > 0$$

$$\frac{ib e^{-b}}{(x+ib)^2(x-ib)^2} = \frac{ib e^{-b}}{-4b^2(x-ib)^2} = \frac{e^{-b}}{4b(x-ib)} + \frac{ie^{-b}}{4(x-ib)^2}$$

$$A(x-ib) + B = Ax - iBA + B$$

$$A = i$$

$$B + iBA = 0 \quad B = -b$$

$$7) \frac{x^2}{(x^2+b^2)^2} \quad z_0 = ib$$

$$\frac{x^2}{(x+ib)^2(x-ib)^2} = \frac{i b}{-4b^2(x-ib)^2} = \frac{-i}{4b(x-ib)^2}$$

$$8) \cot \pi x \quad (z_0 = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots) \quad z_0 = k$$

$$\frac{\cos \pi x}{\sin \pi x} = \frac{1 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (-1)^k \frac{x^{2k}}{(2k)!}}{\pi \cdot (x-k) + \dots} = \frac{1}{\pi \cdot (x-k)}$$

$$9) \frac{1}{\sin \pi x} \quad (z_0 = 0, \pm 1) \quad z_0 = k$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin \pi x} = \frac{(-1)^k}{\pi(x-k)}$$



20.32

$$\frac{1 - a \cos \varphi}{1 - 2a \cos \varphi + a^2}$$

$$-1 < a < 1 \quad e^{i\varphi} = a; \frac{1}{a}$$

$$\frac{1 - a \cos \varphi}{(\cos \varphi - a)^2} = \frac{1 - a \cos \varphi}{\cos \varphi} \cdot \frac{A}{(\cos \varphi - a) + (\cos \varphi - a)^2}$$

$$D = 4 \cos^2 \varphi - 4 = 4(\cos^2 \varphi - 1) = 4 \sin^2 \varphi$$

$$a_1 = \frac{2 \cos \varphi + 2i \sin \varphi}{2}$$

$$a_2 = \cos \varphi - i \sin \varphi$$

$$\frac{1 - a \cos \varphi}{(a - \cos \varphi - i \sin \varphi)(a - \cos \varphi + i \sin \varphi)} = \frac{1 - a \frac{1}{2}(e^{i\varphi} + e^{-i\varphi})}{(a - e^{i\varphi})(a - e^{-i\varphi})} =$$

$$= \frac{1 - a \cos \varphi}{(e^{i\varphi} - a)(e^{-i\varphi} - \frac{1}{a})}$$

$$A e^{i\varphi} - \frac{1}{a} A + B e^{-i\varphi} - a B$$

$$\frac{1}{a} A = -a B \quad A = -a^2 B$$

$$A + B = -a \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{a}{2}$$

$$-a^3 B = -a/2 - 2$$

$$B = -\frac{1}{2a^2} - \frac{2}{a^3} \quad A = 1 + \frac{2}{a} \quad ???$$

21.02.

$$1) \frac{1}{z(z-i)(z+i)} \quad z_1 = 0 \quad z_2 = i \quad z_3 = -i$$

$$z_1 = 0$$

$$\left. \frac{1}{(z-i)(z+i)} \right|_{z \rightarrow 0} = 1$$

$$z_3 = -i$$

$$\left. \frac{1}{z(z-i)} \right|_{z \rightarrow -i} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$z_2 = i$$

$$\left. \frac{1}{z(z+i)} \right|_{z \rightarrow i} = -\frac{1}{2}$$



$$2) \frac{z^2}{1+z^4} = \frac{z^2}{(z^2-i)(z^2+i)} \quad z_1 = \pm i \quad n=2.$$

Замена  $t = z^2$

$$\frac{t}{1+t^2} = \frac{t}{(t-i)(t+i)}$$

$$t_1 = +i \quad t_2 = -i$$

$$res_i = \frac{t}{t+i} \Big|_{t \rightarrow -i} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$res_{-i} = \frac{t}{t-i} \Big|_{t \rightarrow -i} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$z = e^{i\varphi} = \cos \varphi + i \sin \varphi \quad \bar{z} = e^{-i\varphi}$$

$$\cos 2\varphi + i \sin 2\varphi \quad e^{2i\varphi}$$

$$\varphi = \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4}$$

$$1 + (\cos 4\varphi + i \sin 4\varphi) = 1 + e^{4i\varphi}$$

$$res = \frac{z^2 e^{2i\varphi}}{(1 + e^{4i\varphi})'} = \frac{4i e^{4i\varphi}}{z^3} = \frac{4i e^{2i\varphi}}{z}$$

$$\text{res}_{(1)} = res_{(2)} = \frac{1-i}{4\sqrt{2}} \quad res_{(3)} = \frac{1+i}{4\sqrt{2}}$$

$$res_{(3)} = -\frac{1+i}{4\sqrt{2}}$$

$$res_{(4)} = -\frac{1-i}{4\sqrt{2}}$$

$$3) \frac{z^2}{(1+z)^3}$$

$$d^2 \quad z_1 = -1 \quad n=3.$$

$$res_{-1} = \frac{1}{2!} \frac{d^2}{dz^2} (z^2) \Big|_{z \rightarrow -1} = 1.$$

$$4) \frac{1}{(z^2+1)^3} = \frac{1}{(z+i)^3(z-i)^3} \quad z_1 = \pm i \quad n=3.$$

$$res_i = \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2}{dz^2} \left( \frac{1}{(z+i)^3} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dz} \left( -3 \cdot \frac{1}{(z+i)^4} \right) =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( 12 \frac{1}{(z+i)^5} \right) \Big|_{z \rightarrow i} = 6/i$$

$$res_{-i} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2}{dz^2} \left( \frac{1}{(z-i)^3} \right) \Big|_{z \rightarrow -i} = -6/i$$

$$5) \frac{1}{(z+i)(z-i)(z-1)^2}$$

$$z_1 = \pm i \quad n=1 \quad z_2 = 1 \quad n=2$$

$$res_i = \frac{1}{2i(i-1)^2} = \frac{1}{-2i+4+1} = \frac{1}{-2i+5-2i} = \frac{1}{5-4i} = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{4i}{25}$$

$$res_{-i} = \frac{1}{-2i(-i-1)^2} = \frac{1}{-2i+5} = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{4i}{25}$$



$$res = \frac{d}{dz} \left( \frac{1}{(z+i)(z-i)} \right) = -\frac{2z}{(z-i)^2(z+i)^2} \Big|_{z \rightarrow i} = -\frac{2}{(i-i)^2(1+i)} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

$$6) \frac{1}{(z-1)^n} \quad n=1, 2, 3, \dots \quad z_0=1 \quad C_{2n}^{n-1}$$

$$7) \frac{1}{\sin \pi z} \quad z_0 = 0 \quad \pi k \quad C_{-1} = \frac{(-1)^k}{\pi}$$

$$8) \cot \pi z \quad C_{-1} = \frac{1}{\pi} \quad z_0 = k$$

$$9) \tanh z = \frac{\sinh z}{\cosh z} \quad z_0 = \frac{i\pi}{2} \pm 2\pi k \quad z = \left(k + \frac{1}{2}\right)\pi i$$

$$\frac{i}{i} \frac{i(z - (k + \frac{1}{2})\pi i)}{i} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k z^{2k+1-2k}}{(-1)^k 1!} = \neq z$$

$$res = 1.$$

$$10) \coth^2 \pi z = \left( \frac{\cosh \pi z}{\sinh \pi z} \right)^2 \quad z_0 = \pi i n$$

$$\sum \left( \frac{1}{z - \pi i n} \right)^2 \quad res = 0.$$

$$11) \frac{\cos z}{(z-1)^2} = \frac{\cos z}{z^2} \quad z_0=1 \quad n=2.$$

$$res = \frac{d}{dz} (\cos z) = -\sin z \Big|_{z \rightarrow 1} = -\sin 1$$

$$12) \frac{1}{e^z + 1} \quad z_0 = i\pi + 2\pi i k \quad n=1$$

$$res = \frac{1}{(e^z + 1)'} = \frac{1}{e^z} \Big|_{z \rightarrow z_0} = -1$$

$$13) \frac{\sin \pi z}{(z-1)^3} \quad z_0=1 \quad n=3$$

$$res = \frac{d^2}{dz^2} (\sin \pi z) = -\pi^2 \sin \pi z \Big|_{z \rightarrow 1} = 0.$$



14)  $\frac{1}{\sin z^2}$   $z_1 = \pi k$   $n = \frac{4}{2} = 2$   $z_2 = i^k \sqrt{\pi k}$   
 $\text{res}_{z_1} \frac{1}{(z - z_1)^{\frac{4}{2}}} = \frac{2i}{z(z^2 - 1)} \text{res}_{z_1} = \frac{2z \cos z^2}{z^2 \cos z^2} \Big|_{z \rightarrow z_1} = \frac{2i}{2\pi i k}$   
 $\text{res}_0 \frac{1}{2z \cos z^2} \Big|_{z \rightarrow z_1} \Rightarrow = 0$

21.03.  
 1)  $\frac{z^4 + 1}{z^6 - 1}$   $\text{res} = \frac{z^4 + 1}{6z^5} = \frac{1}{6z} + \frac{1}{z^5} = 0$

2)  $\cos \pi \frac{z+2}{2z} = \pi \cdot \sum (-1)^k \left( \frac{z+2}{2z} \right)^k \cdot \frac{1}{(2k)!} ?$

3)  $\frac{\sin z}{z-1} = \frac{1}{z} \left( \frac{1}{z-1} \right)$   $\text{res} = \frac{1}{2z} = 0$

4)  $\frac{\cos^2 \frac{\pi}{z}}{z+1} = \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{z} = 1 ?$

5)  $\frac{(z^{10} + 1) \cos z}{(z^6 + 2)(z^6 - 1)}$

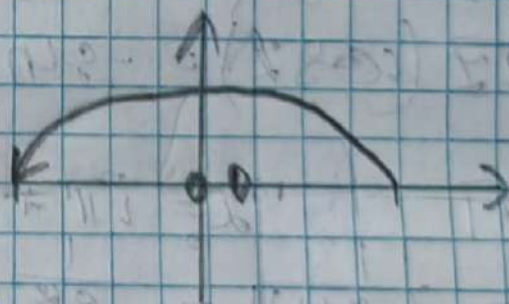
6)  $z \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{z} = z \cdot \frac{\pi^2}{z^2} \Rightarrow C_{-1} = \pi^2$

22.02.

1)  $\int_{\partial D} \frac{dz}{z^3(z^{10} - 2)}$   $|z| < 2$

$z_1 = 0$   $n = 3$

$z_2 = \sqrt[10]{2}$   $n = 10$

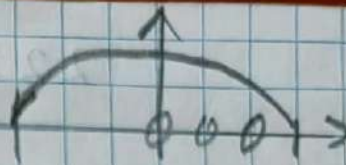


$\text{res}_0 = \frac{1}{2!} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2} \left( \frac{1}{z^{10} - 2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \frac{-10z^9}{(z^{10} - 2)^2} =$   
 $= \frac{1}{2} \cdot (-8) = -4$

~~$\text{res}_{z_2} = 0$~~



$$2) \int_{\partial D} \frac{z^2 \sin^2 \frac{1}{z}}{(z-1)(z-2)} dz \quad |z| < 3$$



$$\text{res} = \frac{z^2 \sin^2 \frac{1}{z}}{z-2} \quad z=1 \quad z=2$$

$$\text{res}_1 = \frac{z^2 \sin^2 \frac{1}{z}}{z-2} = -1$$

$$\text{res}_2 = \frac{z^2 \sin^2 \frac{1}{z}}{z-1} = -1$$

$$\sin^2 \frac{1}{z} = \left( \frac{1}{2i} \left( \frac{1}{z} - \frac{1}{z} \right) \right)^2 = \left( \frac{1}{z^2} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{z^4}$$

$$= \frac{z^4 - 2z^2 + 1}{-4z^2}$$

$$\frac{z^4 - 2z^2 + 1}{-4(z-1)(z-2)}$$

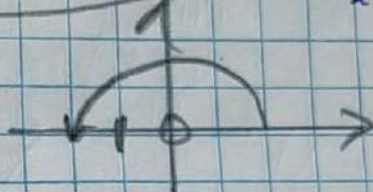
$$\text{res} = \frac{0}{4}$$

$$\text{res}_1 = -1$$

$$\text{res}_2 = 1$$

$$\oint = 0.$$

$$4) \int \frac{z^3 e^{\frac{1}{z}}}{z+1} dz \quad |z| < 2$$

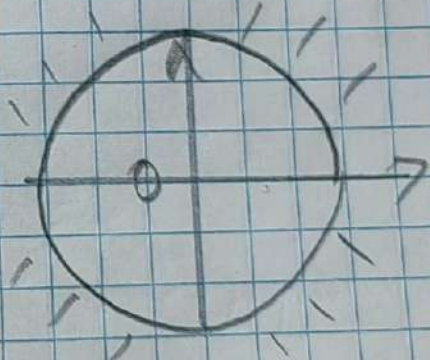


$$z = -1 \quad z_1 = 0.$$

$$e^{\frac{1}{z}} = 1 + \frac{1}{z} + \frac{1}{2z^2} + \dots$$

$$\text{res} = z^3.$$

$$5) \int \sin \frac{z}{z+1} dz \quad |z| > 3$$



$$\sin \frac{z}{z+1} = \frac{\left( \frac{z^2}{(z+1)^2} + 1 \right)}{2i(z/(z+1))} =$$

$$= \frac{2z^2 + 2z + 1}{(z+1)^2} \cdot \frac{z+1}{2iz} = \frac{2z^2 + 2z + 1}{2iz(z+1)}$$

$$\text{res} = \frac{1}{2i}$$

$$\text{res} = -\frac{1}{2i}$$

$$6) \int z \sin \frac{z+1}{z-1}$$