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SQL-DRIVEN INSIGHTS FOR A PIZZERIA

A comprehensive SQL-based analysis of pizza restaurant data to uncover sales trends, customer preferences, and performance insights.

SQL FOR DATA ANALYSIS

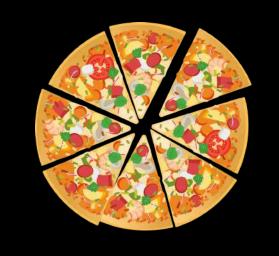
WELCOME TO PIZZERIA HUB

Pizzeria Hub: A SQL-driven analysis of pizza restaurant data to uncover sales trends and customer preferences.

The project uses four tables — orders, order_details, pizzas, and pizza_types — to analyze performance and derive insights



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TABLES USED

select*from order_details

order_details_id	order_id	pizza_id	quantity
1	1	hawaiian_m	1
2	2 2	classic_dlx_m	1
3	2	five_cheese_l	1
4	2	ital_supr_l	1
5	2	mexicana_m	1
6	2	thai_ckn_l	1

select*from orders

_			
	order_id	order_date	order_time
	1	2015-01-01	11:38:36
	2	2015-01-01	11:57:40
e	3	2015-01-01	12:12:28
	4	2015-01-01	12:16:31
	5	2015-01-01	12:21:30
	6	2015-01-01	12:29:36

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TABLES USED

select*from pizza_types

pizza_type_id	name	category	ingredients
bbq_ckn	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	Chicken	Barbecued Chicken, Red Peppers, Green Pep
cali_ckn	The California Chicken Pizza	Chicken	Chicken, Artichoke, Spinach, Garlic, Jalapeno
ckn_alfredo	The Chicken Alfredo Pizza	Chicken Ch	icken n, Red Onions, Red Peppers, Mushrod
ckn_pesto	The Chicken Pesto Pizza	Chicken	Chicken, Tomatoes, Red Peppers, Spinach, (
southw_ckn	The Southwest Chicken Pizza	Chicken	Chicken, Tomatoes, Red Peppers, Red Onior
thai_ckn	The Thai Chicken Pizza	Chicken	Chicken, Pineapple, Tomatoes, Red Peppers

select*from pizzas

pizza_id	pizza_type_id	size	price
bbq_ckn_s	bbq_ckn	S	12.75
bbq_ckn_m	bbq_ckn	M	16.75
bbq_ckn_l	bbq_ckn	L	20.75
cali_ckn_s	cali_ckn	S	12.75
cali_ckn_m	cali_ckn	M	16.75
cali_ckn_l	cali_ckn	L	20.75

NOTE:

Rows which are displayed here are only a few sample rows from each table.

The complete dataset is extensive and contains much more information.

For a full view and detailed table, please refer to the dataset link below

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DOWNLOAD THE PIZZA_SALES.zip FILE



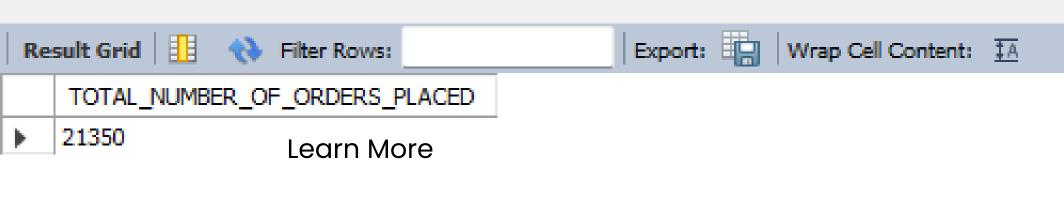
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TOTAL NUMBER OF ORDER PLACED?

SELECT COUNT(order_id) as TOTAL_NUMBER_OF_ORDERS_PLACED
from orders



TOTAL NUMBER OF PIZZAS SOLD

SELECT COUNT(order_details_id) as TOTAL_NUMBER_OF_
from order_details

TOTAL_NUMBER_OF_PIIZA_ORDERS_PLACED

48620







TOTAL TYPES OF PIZZAS

select count(pizza_type_id) as TOTALTYPES_OF_PIZZAS
from pizza_types

4	6 NAMES OF EVERY PIZZA
_	
Re	sult Grid 🔢 \infty Filter Rows: Export: 识 Wrap Cell Content: 🏗
	TOTALTYPES_OF_PIZZAS
>	32
	Learn More



CALCULATING THE TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED FROM PIZZA SALES / TOTAL SALES

select round(SUM(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price),2) as TOTAL_SALES
from order_details inner join pizzas
on order_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id

Re	sult Grid 🔢 🕠	Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:	<u>‡A</u>
	TOTAL_SALES				
٠	817860.05	-			



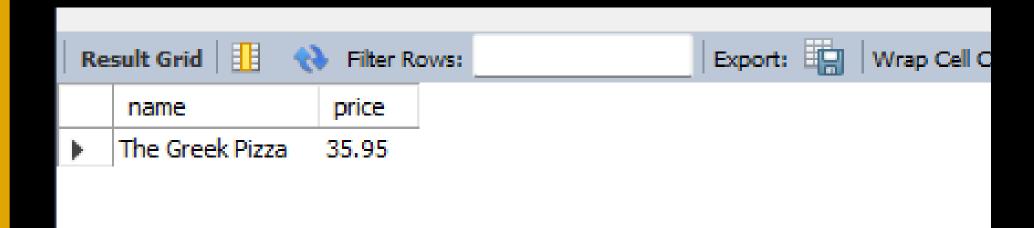


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INDENTIFY THE HIGHEST PRICED PIZZA

```
SELECT pizza_types.`name`,pizzas.price
from pizza_types inner join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id=pizzas.pizza_type_id
order by pizzas.price desc
limit 1
```







INDENTIFY THE MOST COMMON PIZZA SIZE ORDERED

```
select pizzas.size,count(order_details.order_details_id) as order_count
from order_details inner join pizzas
on order_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizzas.size
order by order_count desc
limit 1
```





LIST THE 5 MOST PIZZA TYPES ALONG WITH THEIR QUANTITY

```
SELECT pizza_types.`name`, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS total_quantity
FROM pizza_types
INNER JOIN pizzas
   ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
INNER JOIN order_details
   ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.`name`
order by total_quantity desc
limit 5
```

Res	sult Grid 📗 💎 Filter Row	/s:	Export:	Wrap Cell
	name	total_quantity		
•	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453		
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432		
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422		
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418		
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371		



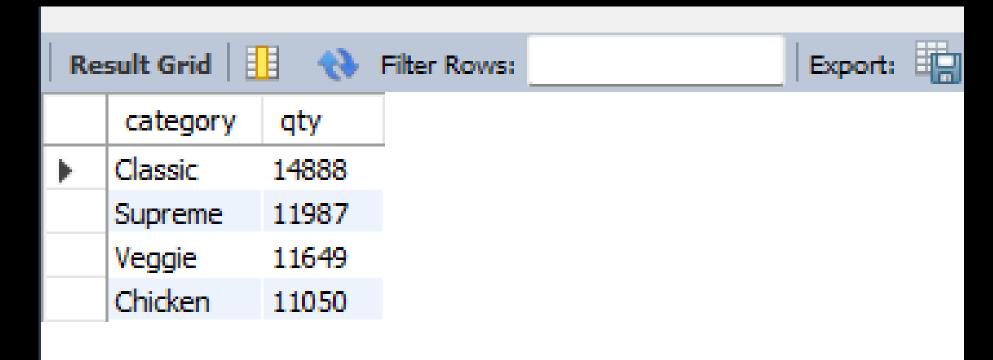
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TOTAL QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZA CATEGORY ORDERED

```
select pizza_types.category,sum(order_details.quantity) as qty
from pizza_types inner join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id=pizzas.pizza_type_id
inner join order_details
on pizzas.pizza_id=order_details.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category
order by qty desc
```







DETERMINE THE DISTRIBUTION OF TOP 5 MOST ORDERS BY HOUR OF THE DAY

```
select hour(order_time)as hour1,count(order_id) as ct1
from orders
group by hour1
order by ct1 desc
limit 5
```

Re	sult Grid		(} ⊟	ilter Rows:		Export:	
	hour1	ct1					
•	12	2520	-				
	13	2455					
	18	2399					
	17	2336					
	19	2009					

GROUP THE ORDERS BY DATE AND CALCULATE THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF PIZZAS ORDERED PER DAY

select round(avg(quantity),2) as avg_order_per_day from

(select orders.order_date,sum(order_details.quantity) as quantity
from orders inner join order_details
on orders.order_id=order_details.order_id
group by orders.order_date) as order_quantity

Res	sult Grid Export: Wrap Cell Conten
	avg_order_per_day
*	138.47



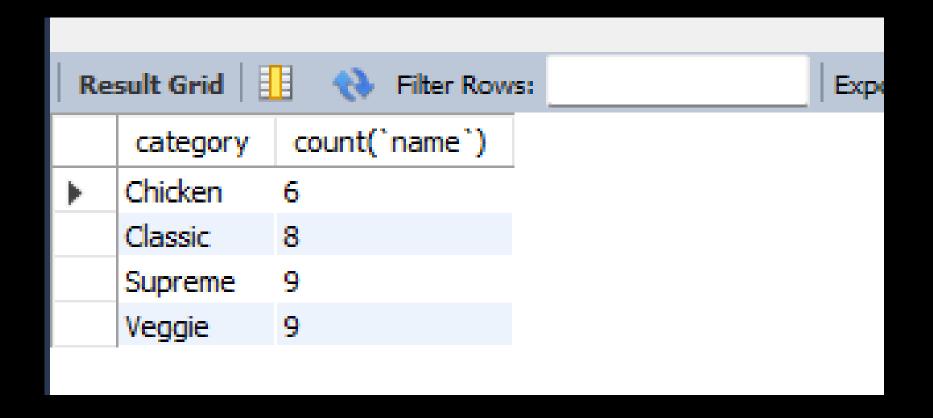


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CATEGORY-WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PIZZAS

select category,count(`name`) from pizza_types
group by category





TOP 3 ORDERED PIZZA BASED ON REVENUE

```
select pizza_types.`name`,sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price) as revenue
from pizza_types inner join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id=pizzas.pizza_type_id
inner join order_details
on pizzas.pizza_id=order_details.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.`name`
order by revenue desc
limit 3
```

Re	sult Grid 🔢 💎 Filter Row	/s:		Export:			
	name	revenue					
•	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25					
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768					
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5					



CALCULATE THE PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF EACH PIZZA CATEGORY TOTAL RENVENUE WISE

```
FROM pizza_types
 INNER JOIN pizzas
     ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
 INNER JOIN order_details
     ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
 GROUP BY pizza_types.category
 ORDER BY revenue percentage DESC
SELECT
   pizza_types.category,
   ROUND(
       (SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) /
       (SELECT SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price)
        FROM order_details
        INNER JOIN pizzas
        ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id)
       ) * 100, 2
    AS revenue_percentage
```

Re	sult Grid	Filter Rows:
	category	revenue_percentage
•	Classic	26.91
	Supreme	25.46
	Chicken	23.96
	Veggie	23.68





DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE FOR EACH PIZZA CATEGORY

```
select rank1, category,`name`,revenue from
  (select category,`name`,revenue,rank()over(partition by category order by revenue)as rank1 from
  (select pizza_types.category,pizza_types.`name`,sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price) as revenue
  from pizza_types inner join pizzas
  on pizza_types.pizza_type_id=pizzas.pizza_type_id
  inner join order_details
  on order_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id
  group by pizza_types.category,pizza_types.`name`)as a) as b
  where rank1<=3</pre>
```

Res	sult Grid	<u> ()</u>	Filter Rows: Export:	Wrap Cell Content: ‡A
	rank1	category	name	revenue
>	1	Chicken	The Chicken Pesto Pizza	16701.75
	2	Chicken	The Chicken Alfredo Pizza	16900.25
	3	Chicken	The Southwest Chicken Pizza	34705.75
	1	Classic	The Pepperoni, Mushroom, and Peppers Pizza	18834.5
	2	Classic	The Big Meat Pizza	22968
	3	Classic	The Napolitana Pizza	24087
Resi	1 ul t 21 -∨	Supreme	The Brie Carre Pizza	11588 499999999

THANK YOU FOR YOUR TIME AND SUPPORT.

I APPRECIATE YOUR INTEREST IN THIS PROJECT.

TO EXPLORE THE COMPLETE DATASET AND WORKBENCH FILE,

PLEASE VISIT THE GITHUB LINK PROVIDED BELOW

CLICK ME

BY AFFAAN WAGHOO

