

IRIS DATASET Analysis and Visualization

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.style.use('fivethirtyeight')
%matplotlib inline

import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
In [2]: iris=pd.read_csv(r'C:\Users\Affan\OneDrive\Desktop\FSDS Course NIT\Prakash Sir S
iris
```

```
Out[2]:
```

	Id	SepalLengthCm	SepalWidthCm	PetalLengthCm	PetalWidthCm	Species
0	1	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
1	2	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
2	3	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	Iris-setosa
3	4	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
4	5	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
...
145	146	6.7	3.0	5.2	2.3	Iris-virginica
146	147	6.3	2.5	5.0	1.9	Iris-virginica
147	148	6.5	3.0	5.2	2.0	Iris-virginica
148	149	6.2	3.4	5.4	2.3	Iris-virginica
149	150	5.9	3.0	5.1	1.8	Iris-virginica

150 rows × 6 columns

```
In [3]: iris.head()
```

```
Out[3]:
```

	Id	SepalLengthCm	SepalWidthCm	PetalLengthCm	PetalWidthCm	Species
0	1	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
1	2	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
2	3	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	Iris-setosa
3	4	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
4	5	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa

```
In [4]: iris.tail()
```

```
Out[4]:
```

	Id	SepalLengthCm	SepalWidthCm	PetalLengthCm	PetalWidthCm	Species
145	146	6.7	3.0	5.2	2.3	Iris-virginica
146	147	6.3	2.5	5.0	1.9	Iris-virginica
147	148	6.5	3.0	5.2	2.0	Iris-virginica
148	149	6.2	3.4	5.4	2.3	Iris-virginica
149	150	5.9	3.0	5.1	1.8	Iris-virginica

```
In [5]: iris.shape
```

```
Out[5]: (150, 6)
```

```
In [6]: iris.columns
```

```
Out[6]: Index(['Id', 'SepalLengthCm', 'SepalWidthCm', 'PetalLengthCm', 'PetalWidthCm',  
              'Species'],  
              dtype='object')
```

```
In [7]: iris.describe()
```

```
Out[7]:
```

	Id	SepalLengthCm	SepalWidthCm	PetalLengthCm	PetalWidthCm
count	150.000000	150.000000	150.000000	150.000000	150.000000
mean	75.500000	5.843333	3.054000	3.758667	1.198667
std	43.445368	0.828066	0.433594	1.764420	0.763161
min	1.000000	4.300000	2.000000	1.000000	0.100000
25%	38.250000	5.100000	2.800000	1.600000	0.300000
50%	75.500000	5.800000	3.000000	4.350000	1.300000
75%	112.750000	6.400000	3.300000	5.100000	1.800000
max	150.000000	7.900000	4.400000	6.900000	2.500000

```
In [8]: iris.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 150 entries, 0 to 149
Data columns (total 6 columns):
 #   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  -
 0   Id              150 non-null   int64   
 1   SepalLengthCm   150 non-null   float64  
 2   SepalWidthCm    150 non-null   float64  
 3   PetalLengthCm   150 non-null   float64  
 4   PetalWidthCm    150 non-null   float64  
 5   Species         150 non-null   object  
dtypes: float64(4), int64(1), object(1)
memory usage: 7.2+ KB
```

Comment

```
-- from the above info we get to know that there are 6 attributes from
which 1 object dtype, 1 int dtype and rest 4 are float dtype
```

```
In [9]: iris['Species'].value_counts()
```

```
Out[9]: Species
Iris-setosa      50
Iris-versicolor  50
Iris-virginica   50
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

the Species attribute has three values

```
In [10]: iris['Species'].unique()
```

```
Out[10]: array(['Iris-setosa', 'Iris-versicolor', 'Iris-virginica'], dtype=object)
```

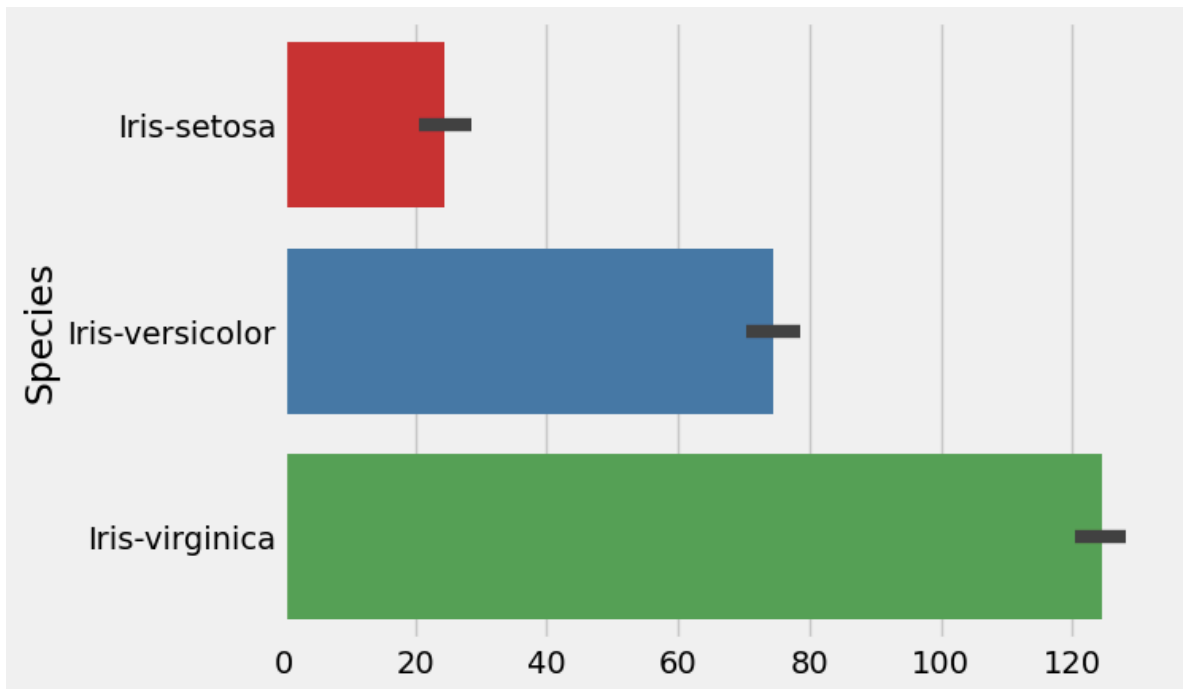
```
In [11]: iris['Species'].nunique()
```

```
Out[11]: 3
```

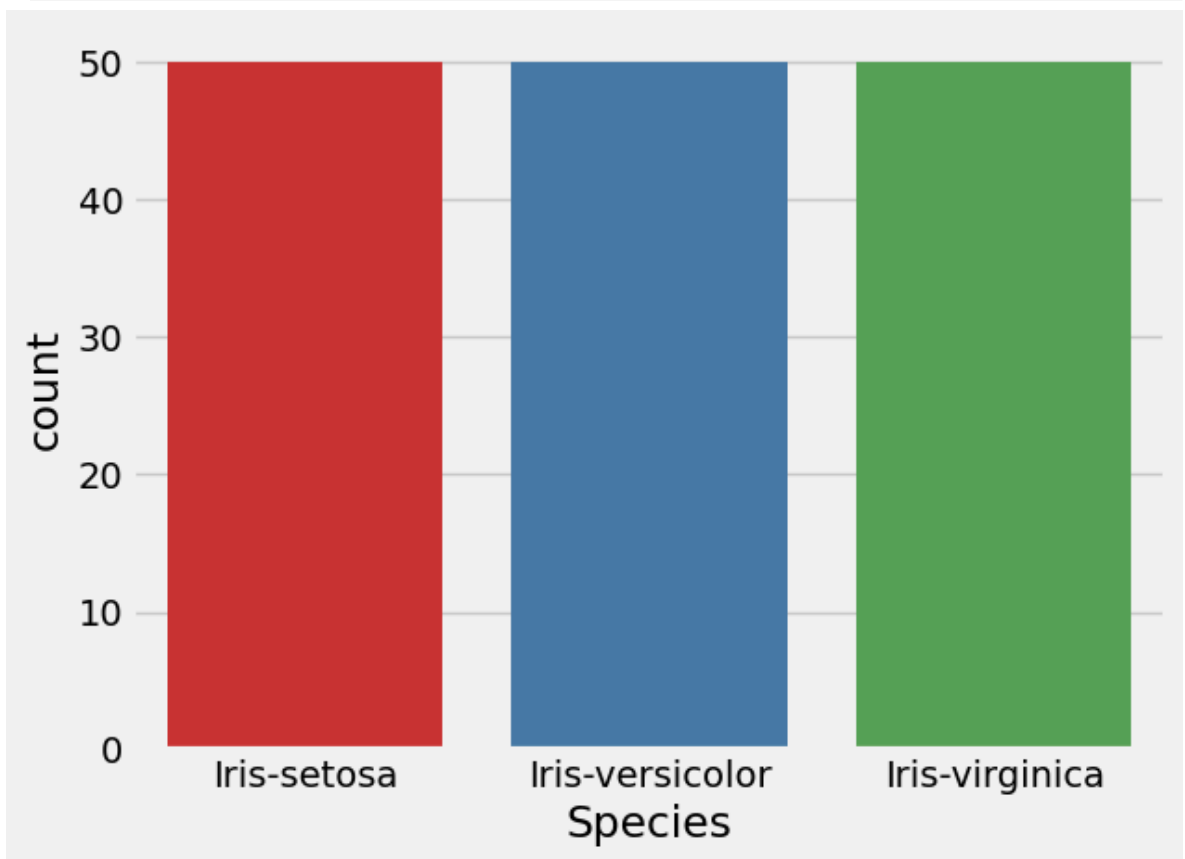
Now it's time for Visualization with Matplotlib/Seaborn

The following is the visualization of Dataset with different types of Matplotlib/Seaborn Graphs---

```
In [12]: sns.barplot(iris['Species'],palette='Set1')
plt.show()
```

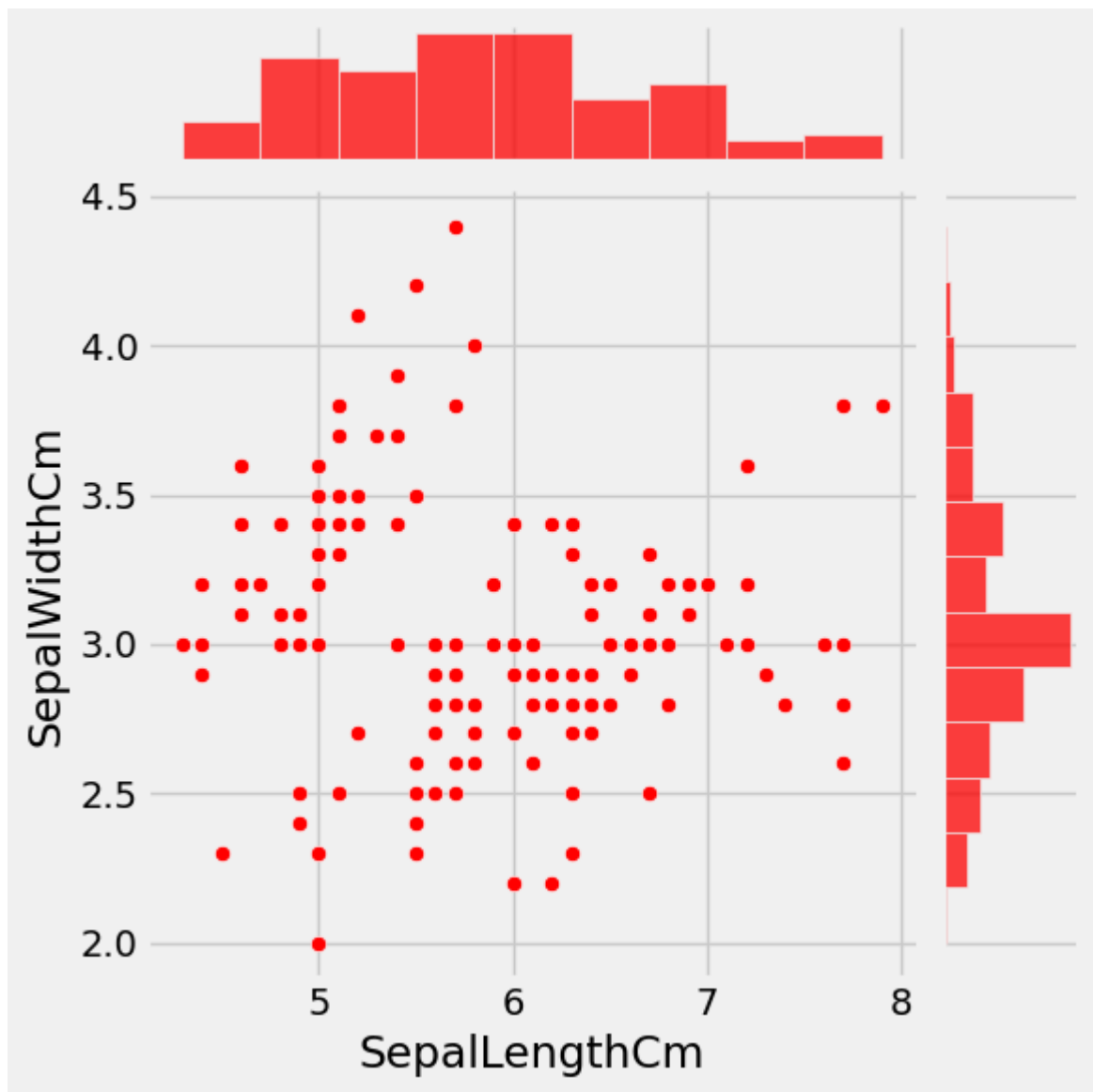


```
In [13]: sns.countplot(data=iris,x='Species',palette='Set1')  
plt.show()
```

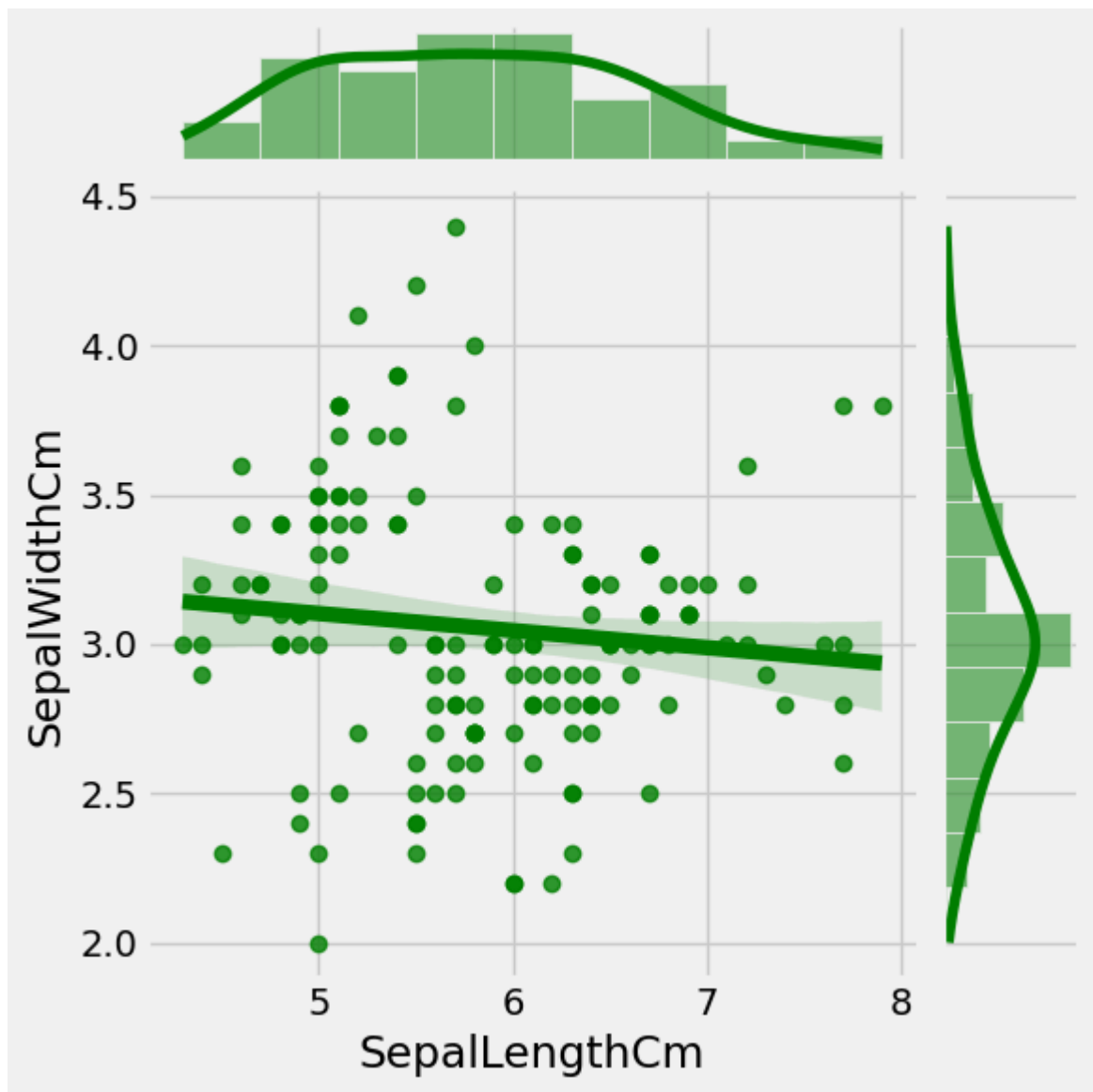


from above graph we can say that the all the samples of each specie of the 3 is 50

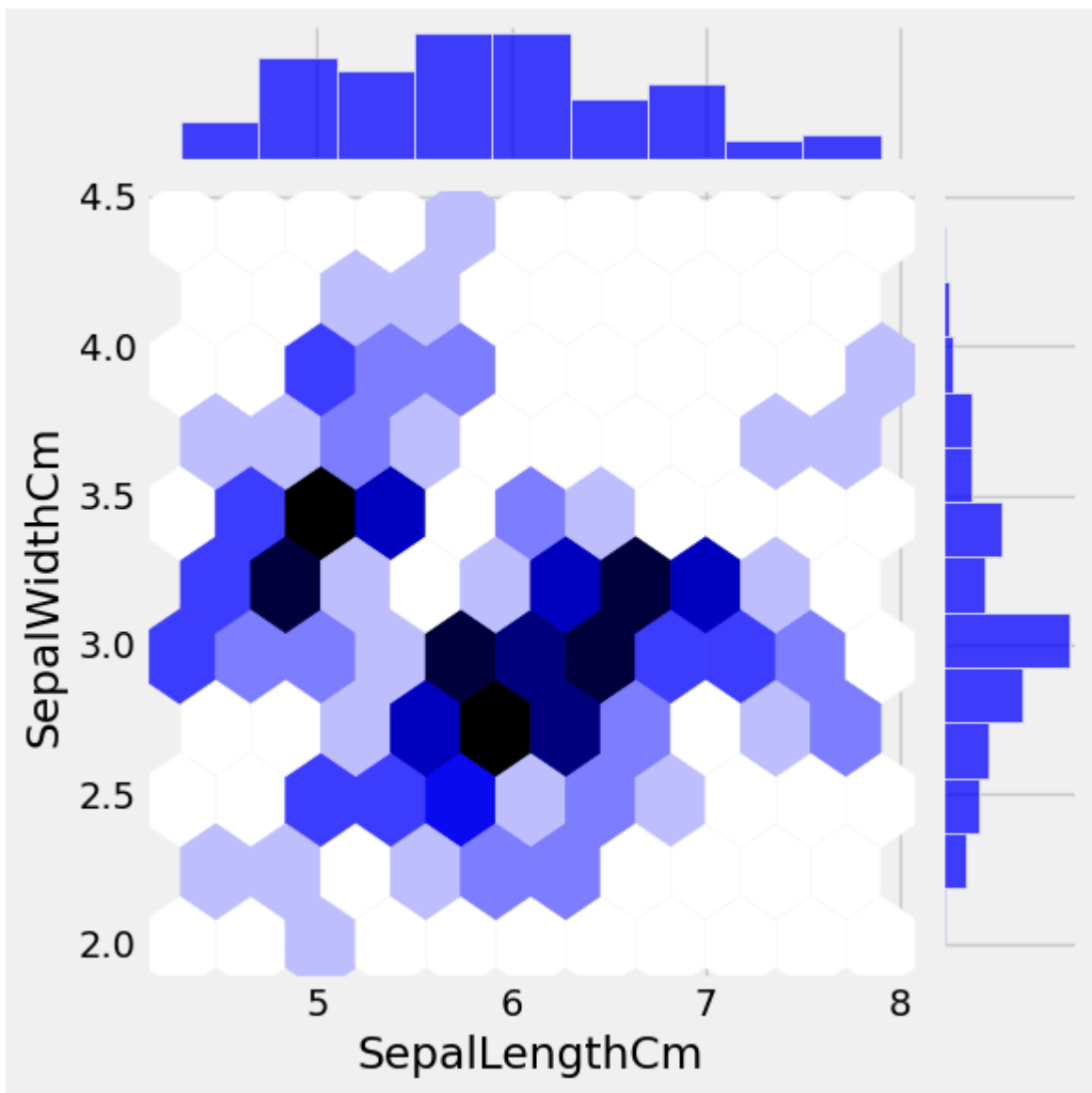
```
In [14]: sns.jointplot(x=iris['SepalLengthCm'],y=iris['SepalWidthCm'],color='r')  
plt.show()
```



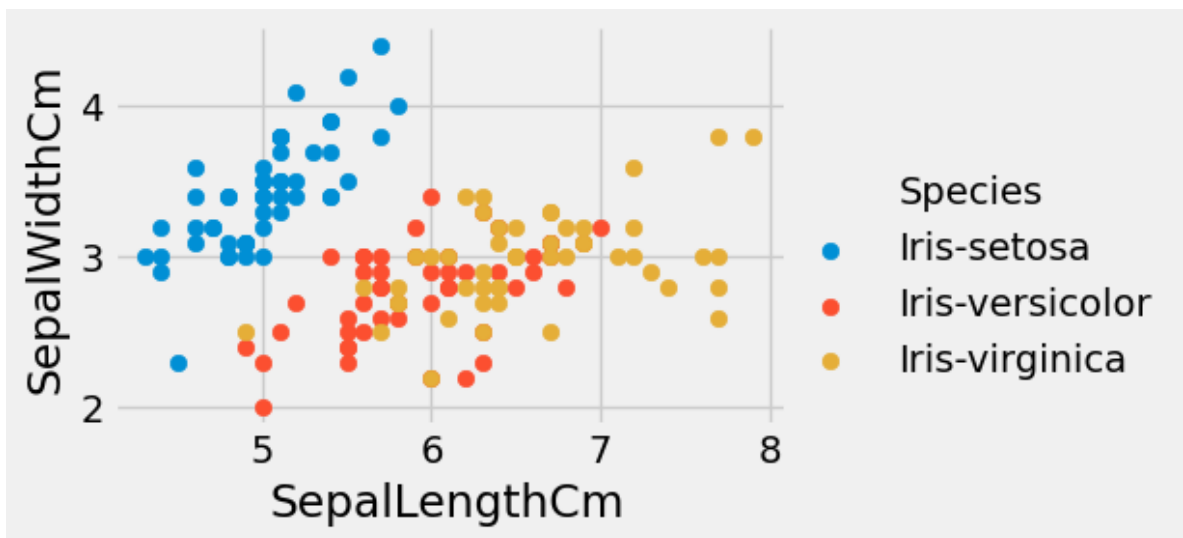
```
In [15]: sns.jointplot(x=iris['SepalLengthCm'],y=iris['SepalWidthCm'],color='g',kind='reg  
plt.show()
```



```
In [16]: sns.jointplot(x=iris['SepalLengthCm'],y=iris['SepalWidthCm'],color='b',kind='hex',
plt.show()
```

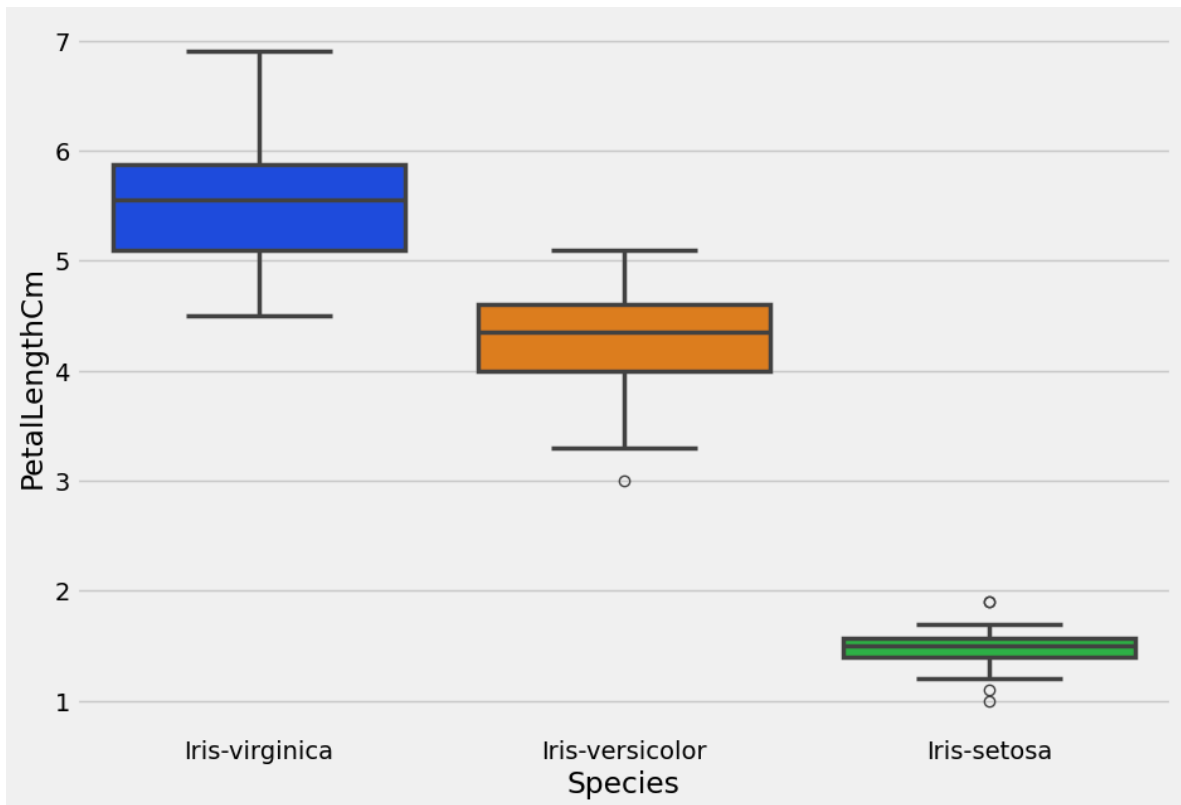


```
In [17]: sns.FacetGrid(iris,hue='Species',aspect=1.5)\
        .map(plt.scatter,'SepalLengthCm','SepalWidthCm')\
        .add_legend()\
        plt.show()
```

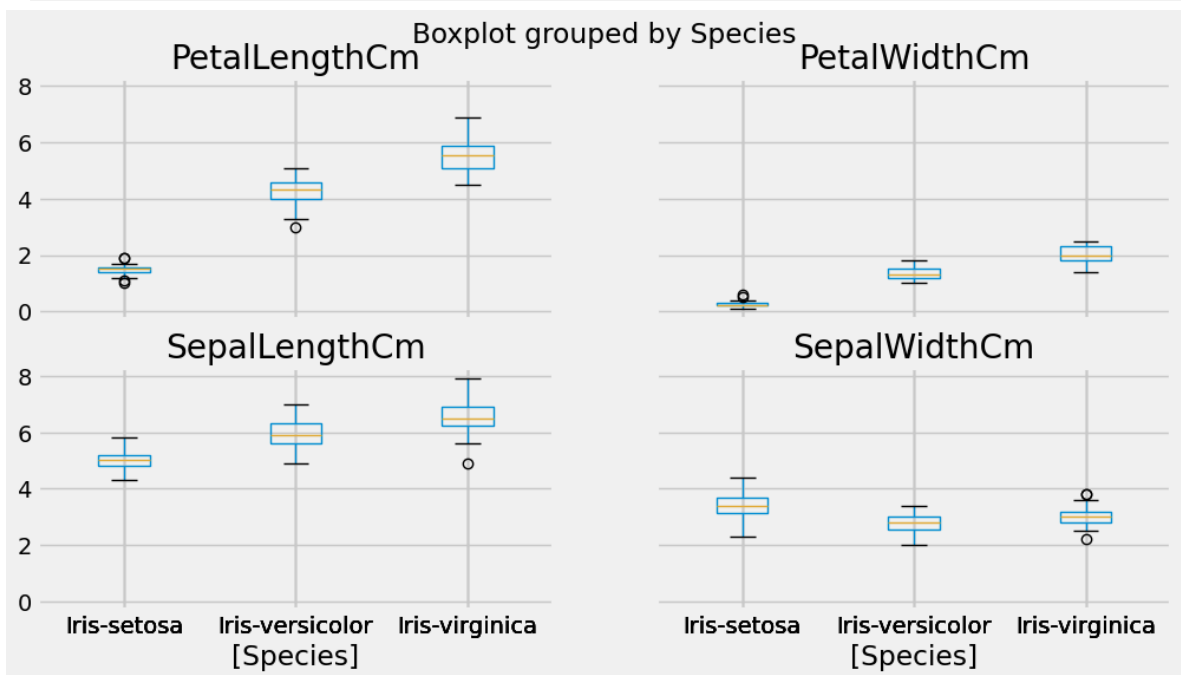


```
In [18]: fig=plt.gcf()
        fig.set_size_inches(10,7)
```

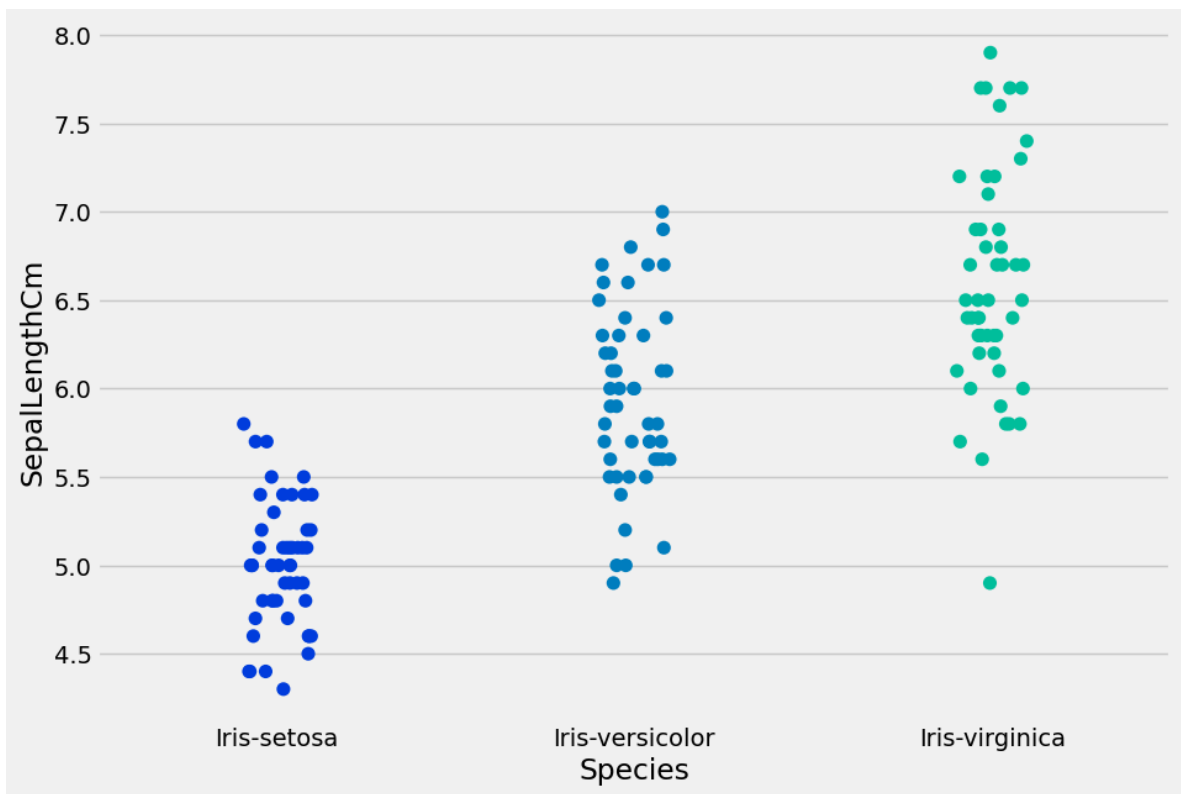
```
fig=sns.boxplot(x='Species',y='PetalLengthCm',data=iris,order=['Iris-virginica',
plt.show()
```



```
In [19]: iris.drop("Id", axis=1).boxplot(by="Species", figsize=(12, 6))
plt.show()
```

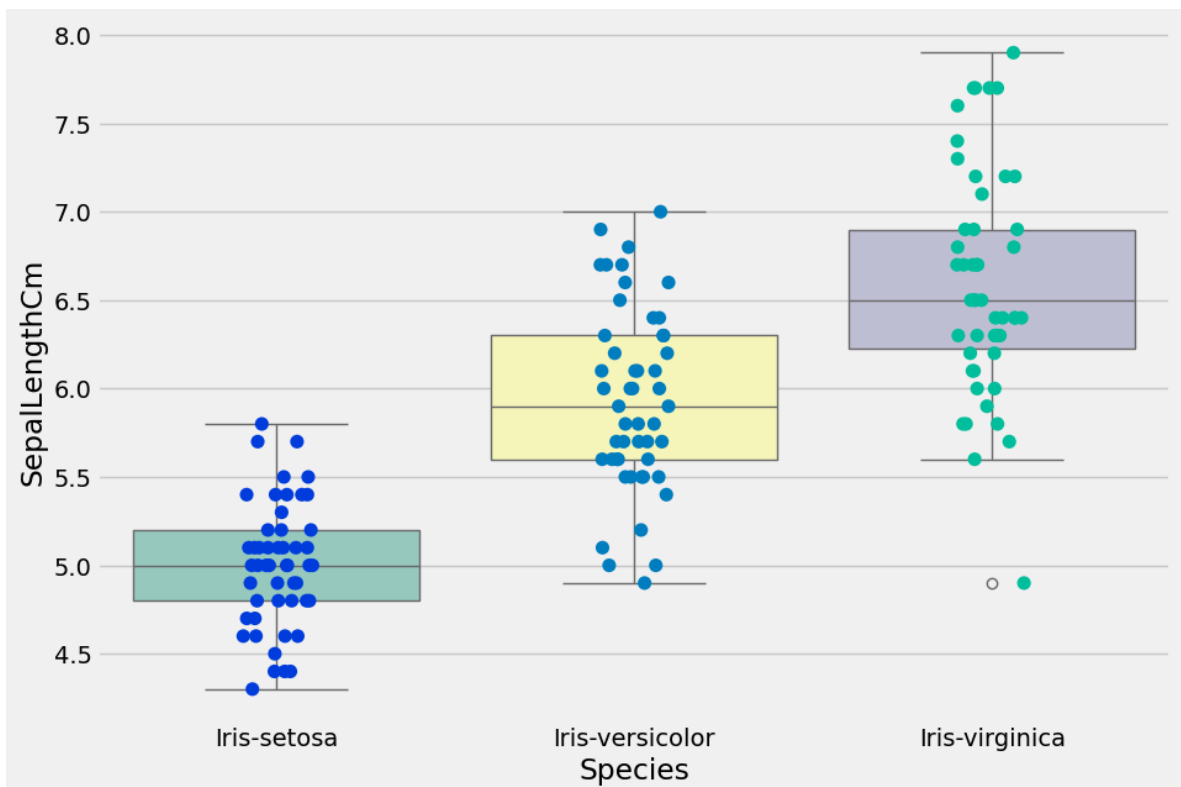


```
In [20]: fig=plt.gcf()
fig.set_size_inches(10,7)
fig=sns.stripplot(x='Species',y='SepalLengthCm',data=iris,jitter=True,edgecolor=
plt.show()
```

combing box and strip plot

```
In [21]: fig=plt.gcf()
fig.set_size_inches(10,7)
fig=sns.stripplot(x='Species',y='SepalLengthCm',data=iris,jitter=True,edgecolor=
fig=sns.boxplot(x='Species',y='SepalLengthCm',data=iris,palette='Set3')
plt.show()
```



```
In [32]: iris.columns
```

```
Out[32]: Index(['sepal_length', 'sepal_width', 'petal_length', 'petal_width',
               'species'],
              dtype='object')
```

```
In [35]: iris = sns.load_dataset("iris")

ax=sns.boxplot(x='species',y='petal_length',data=iris)
ax=sns.stripplot(x='species',y='petal_length',data=iris,jitter=True,edgecolor='g

boxtwo = ax.artists[2]
boxtwo.set_facecolor('yellow')
boxtwo.set_edgecolor('black')
boxthree=ax.artists[1]
boxthree.set_facecolor('red')
boxthree.set_edgecolor('black')
boxthree=ax.artists[0]
boxthree.set_facecolor('green')
boxthree.set_edgecolor('black')

plt.show()
```

```
-----
IndexError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[35], line 6
      3 ax=sns.boxplot(x='species',y='petal_length',data=iris)
      4 ax=sns.stripplot(x='species',y='petal_length',data=iris,jitter=True,edgec
olor='gray')
----> 6 boxtwo = ax.artists[2]
      7 boxtwo.set_facecolor('yellow')
      8 boxtwo.set_edgecolor('black')

File ~\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\matplotlib\axes\_base.py:1453, in _AxesBase.Ar
tistList.__getitem__(self, key)
    1452 def __getitem__(self, key):
-> 1453     return [artist
    1454                 for artist in self._axes._children
    1455                 if self._type_check(artist)][key]

IndexError: list index out of range
```

```
In [37]: iris = sns.load_dataset("iris")

# Plot
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
sns.stripplot(x='species', y='petal_length', data=iris, jitter=True, edgecolor='
sns.boxplot(x='species', y='petal_length', data=iris, ax=ax)

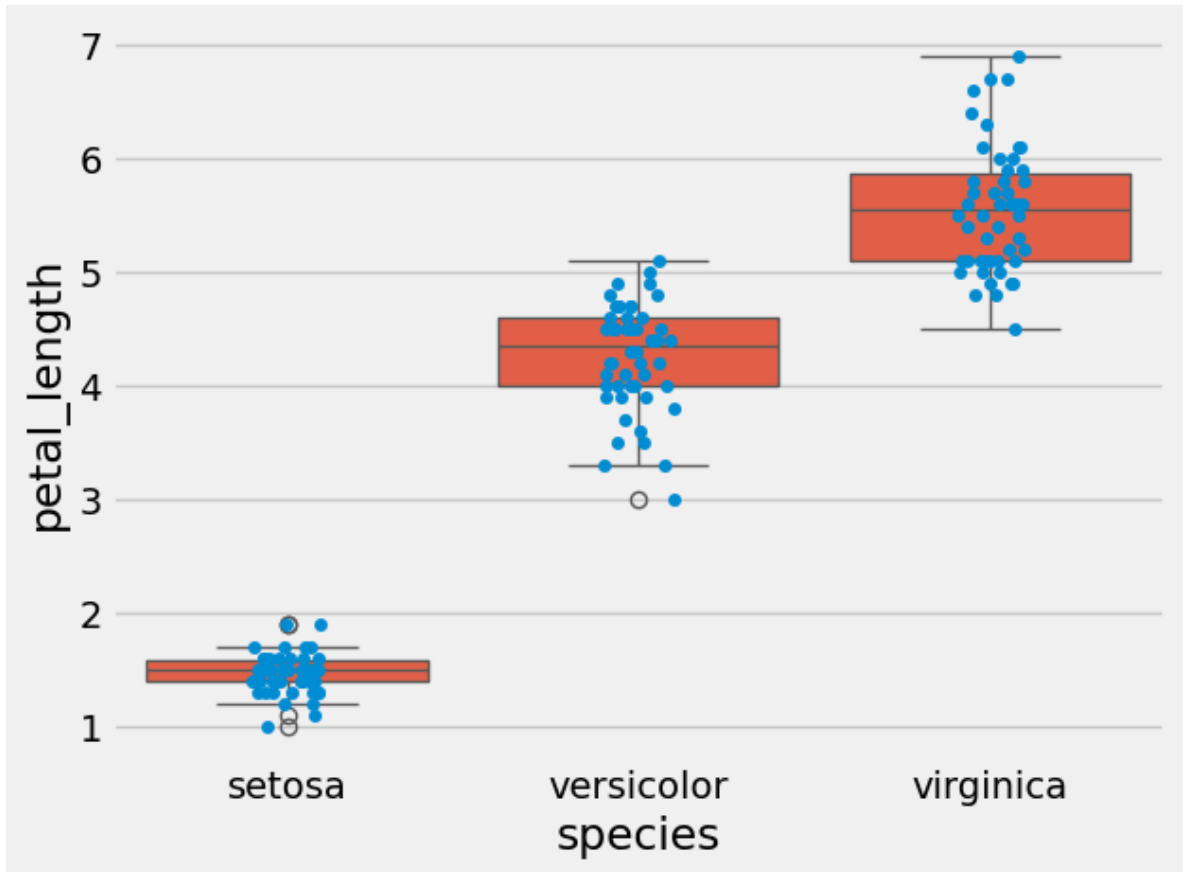
# Get all rectangles (box elements)
boxes = [patch for patch in ax.patches if isinstance(patch, plt.Rectangle)]

# Print how many boxes found
print(f"Found {len(boxes)} boxes")

# Example: color the second box if it exists
if len(boxes) > 1:
    boxes[1].set_facecolor('yellow')
    boxes[1].set_edgecolor('black')

plt.show()
```

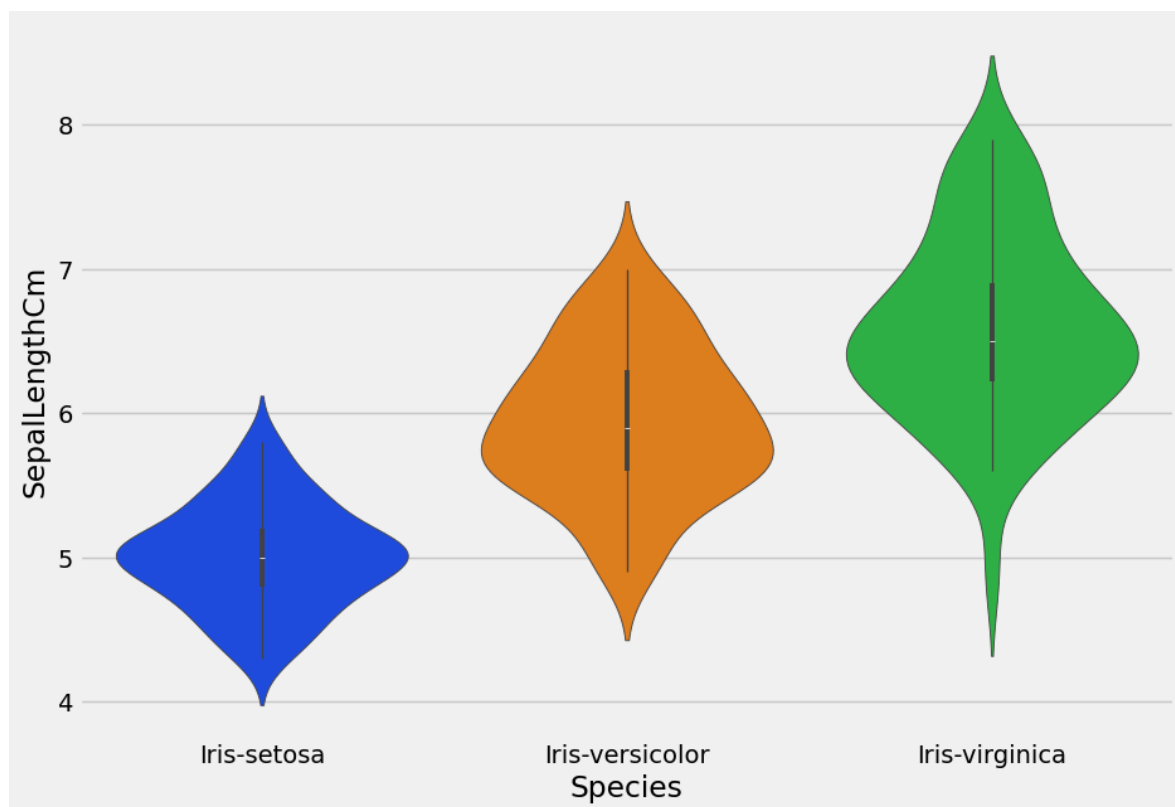
Found 0 boxes



In []:

```
In [44]: iris=pd.read_csv(r'C:\Users\Affan\OneDrive\Desktop\FSDS Course NIT\Prakash Sir S
fig=plt.gcf()
fig.set_size_inches(10,7)
fig=sns.violinplot(x='Species',y='SepalLengthCm',data=iris,palette='bright')

plt.show()
```



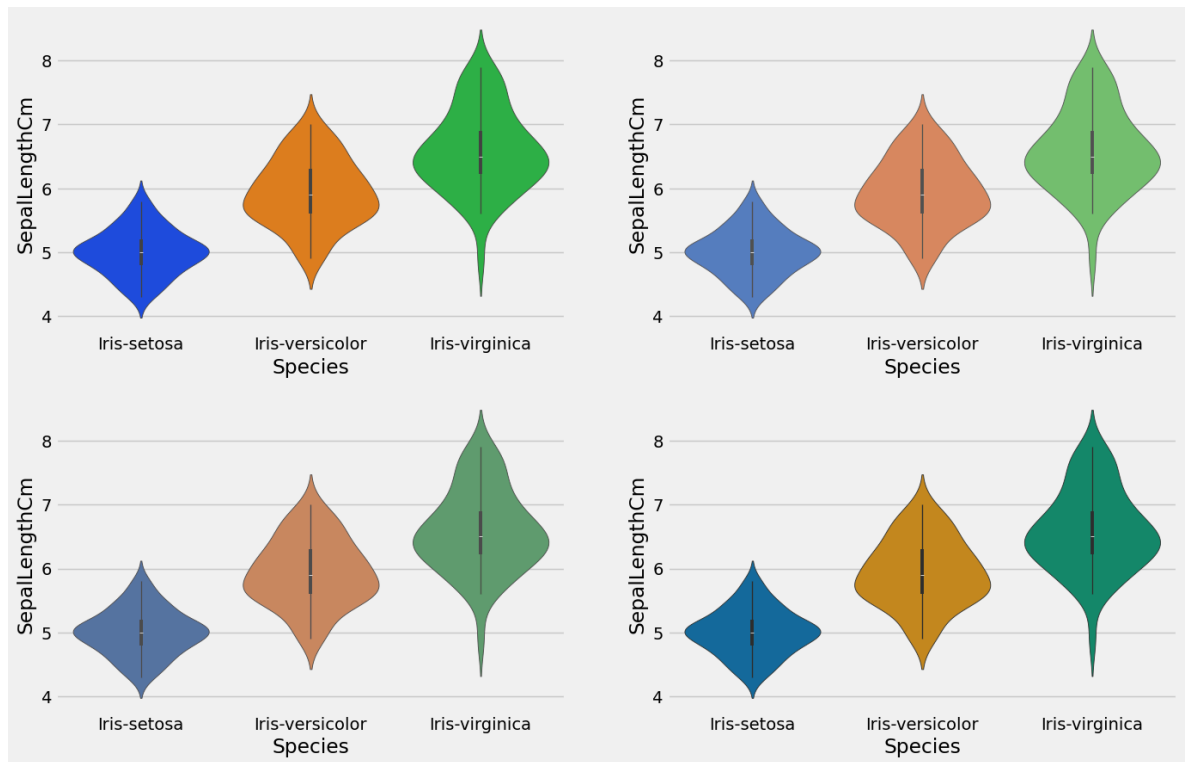
In [45]: iris

Out[45]:

	Id	SepalLengthCm	SepalWidthCm	PetalLengthCm	PetalWidthCm	Species
0	1	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
1	2	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
2	3	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	Iris-setosa
3	4	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
4	5	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
...
145	146	6.7	3.0	5.2	2.3	Iris-virginica
146	147	6.3	2.5	5.0	1.9	Iris-virginica
147	148	6.5	3.0	5.2	2.0	Iris-virginica
148	149	6.2	3.4	5.4	2.3	Iris-virginica
149	150	5.9	3.0	5.1	1.8	Iris-virginica

150 rows × 6 columns

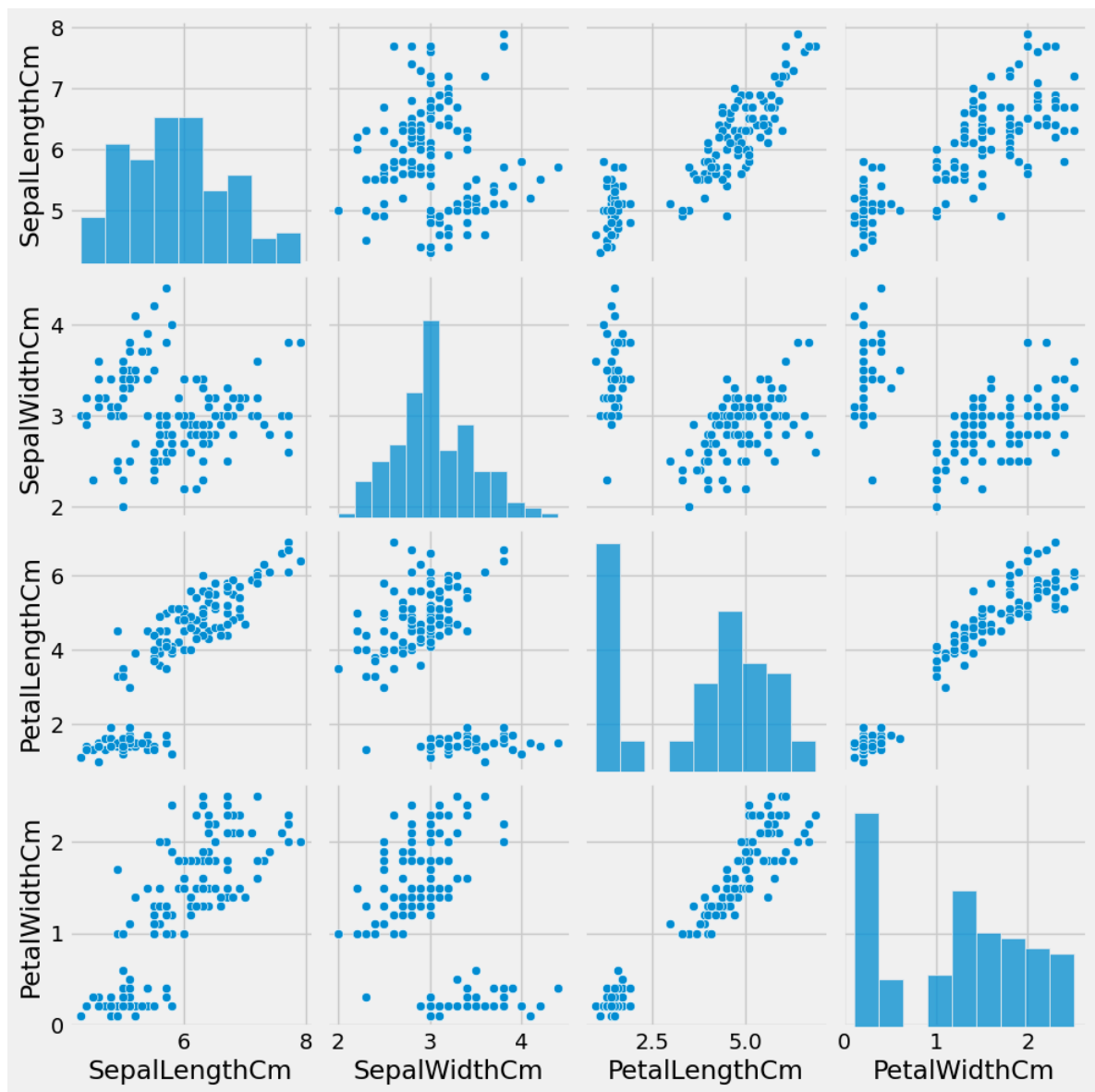
```
In [49]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,10))
plt.subplot(2,2,1)
sns.violinplot(x='Species',y='SepalLengthCm',data=iris,palette='bright')
plt.subplot(2,2,2)
sns.violinplot(x='Species',y='SepalLengthCm',data=iris,palette='muted')
plt.subplot(2,2,3)
sns.violinplot(x='Species',y='SepalLengthCm',data=iris,palette='deep')
plt.subplot(2,2,4)
sns.violinplot(x='Species',y='SepalLengthCm',data=iris,palette='colorblind')
plt.show()
```



```
In [60]: iris_cleaned = iris.drop("Id", axis=1)

# Now use seaborn's pairplot function
sns.pairplot(data=iris_cleaned, kind='scatter')

plt.show()
```

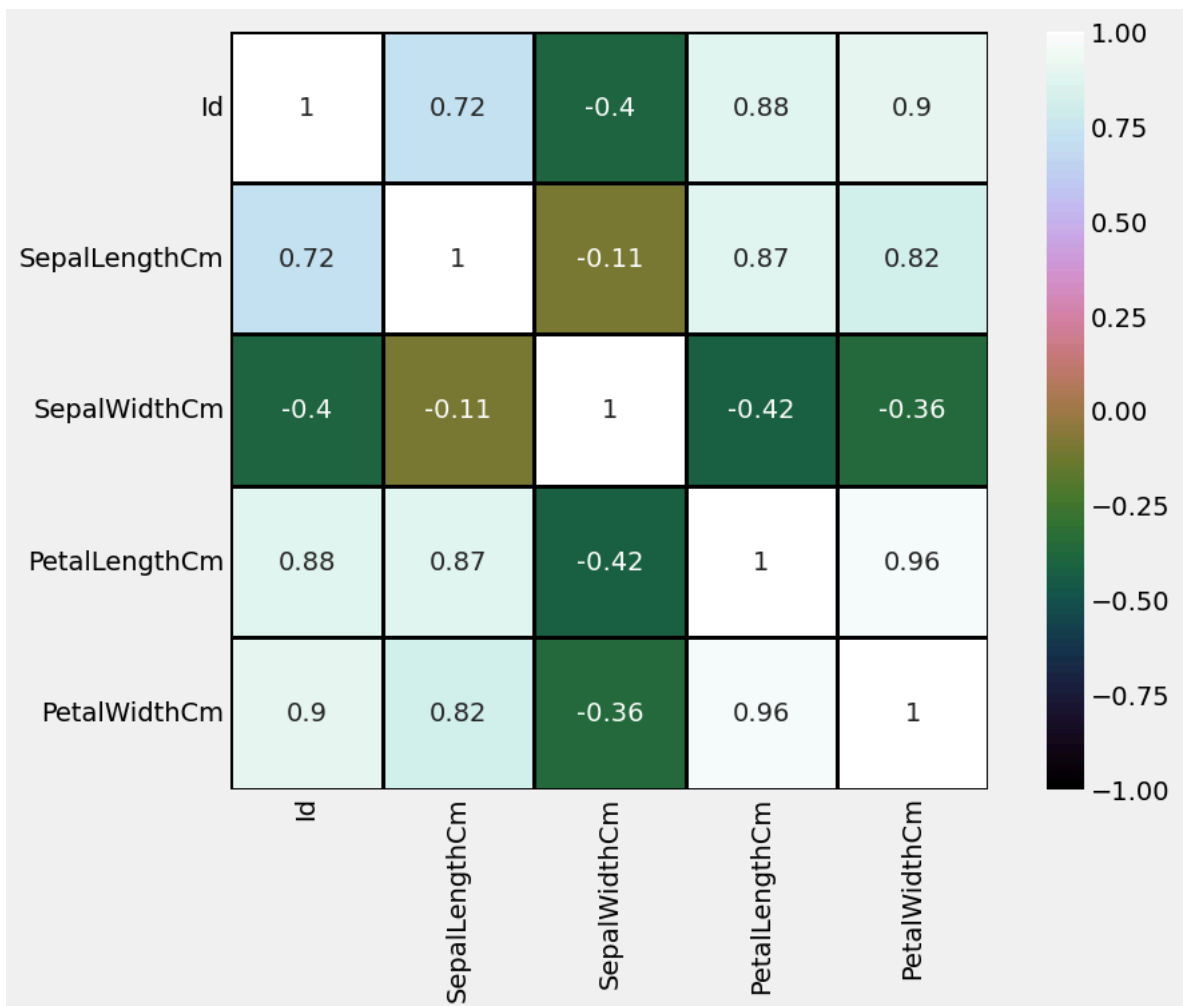


```
In [62]: sns.pairplot(iris,hue='Species')  
  
plt.show()
```



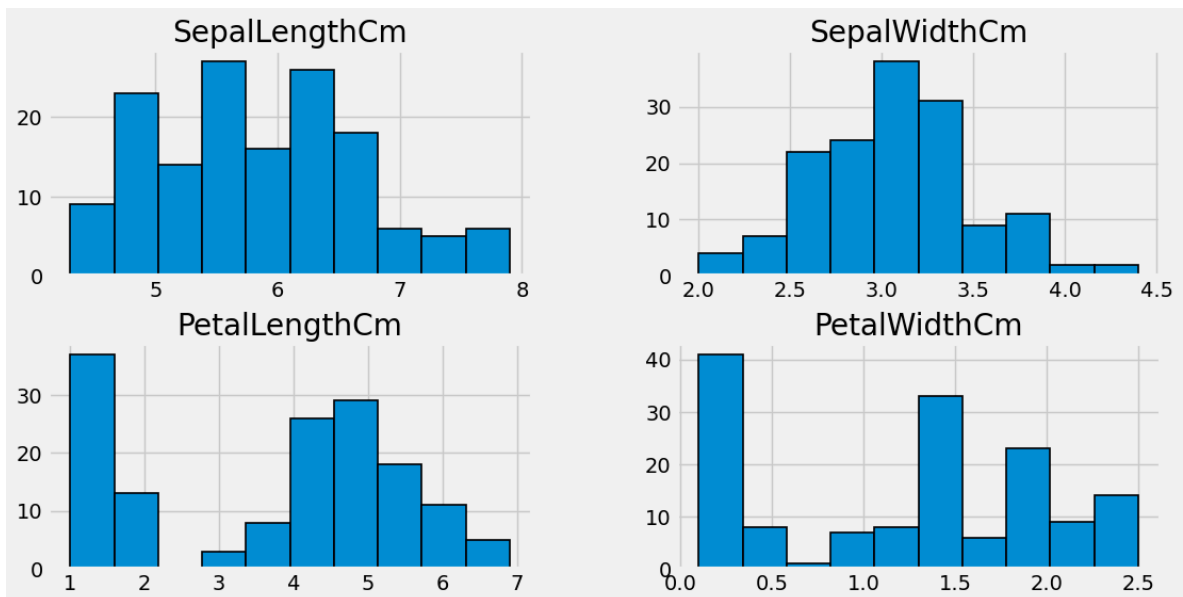
```
In [71]: fig=plt.gcf()
fig.set_size_inches(10,7)
# Drop non-numeric columns like 'Species' (based on your dataset)
iris_numeric = iris.select_dtypes(include=['float64', 'int64'])

fig=sns.heatmap(iris_numeric.corr(),annot=True,cmap='cubehelix',linewidths=1,lin
plt.show()
```

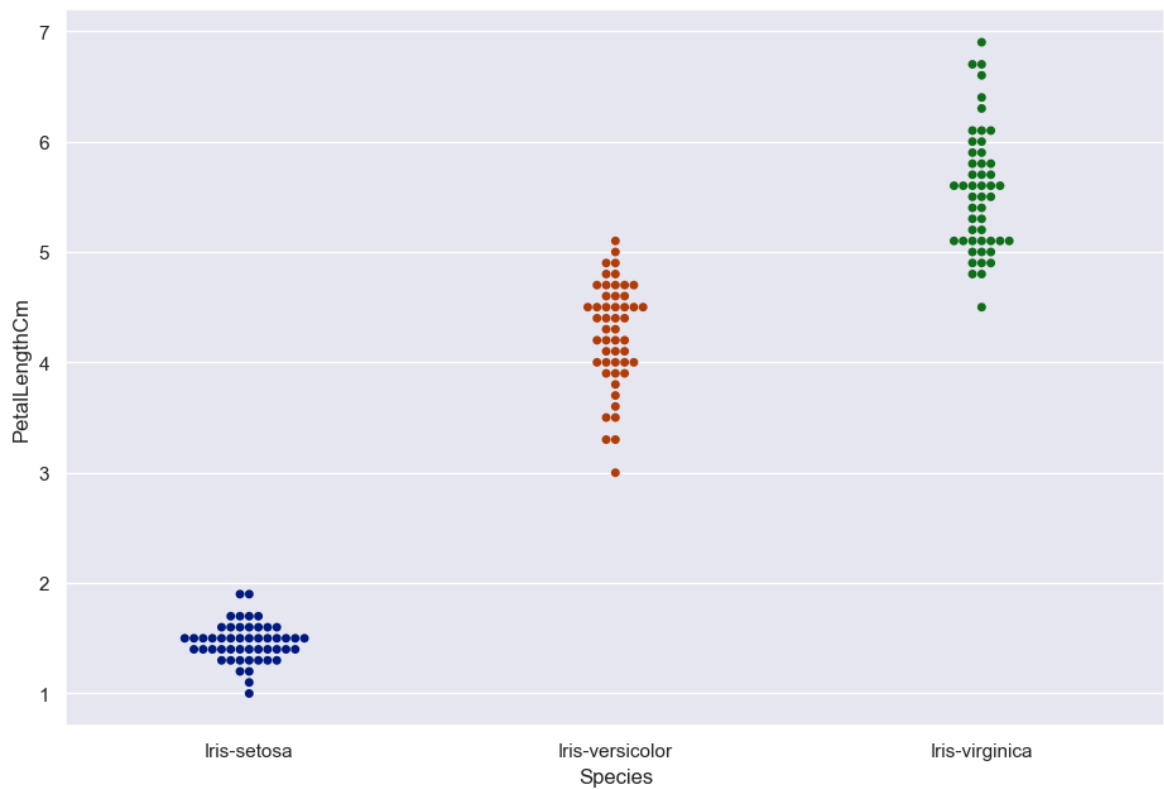
```
In [75]: iris_cleaned.hist(edgecolor='black',linewidth=1.2)
fig=plt.gcf()
fig.set_size_inches(12,6)

plt.show()
```

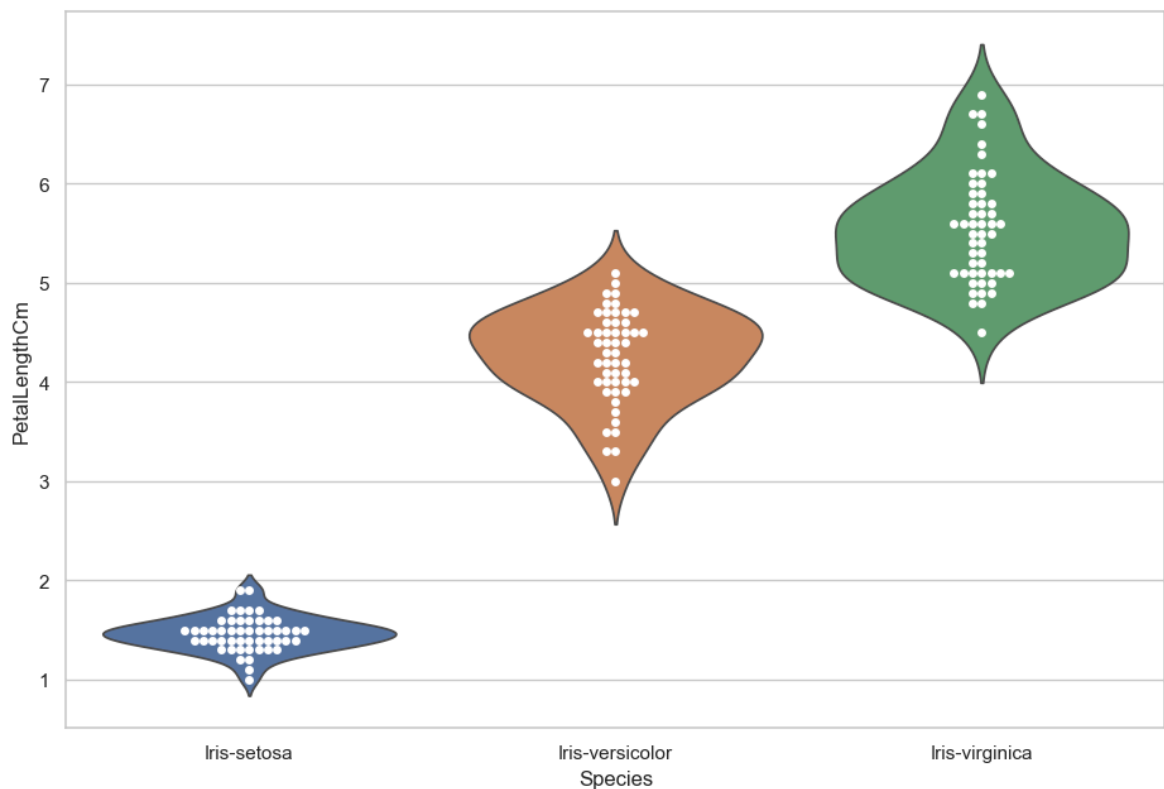


```
In [77]: sns.set(style='darkgrid')
fig=plt.gcf()
fig.set_size_inches(10,7)
fig = sns.swarmplot(x='Species',y='PetalLengthCm',data=iris,palette='dark')
```

```
plt.show()
```

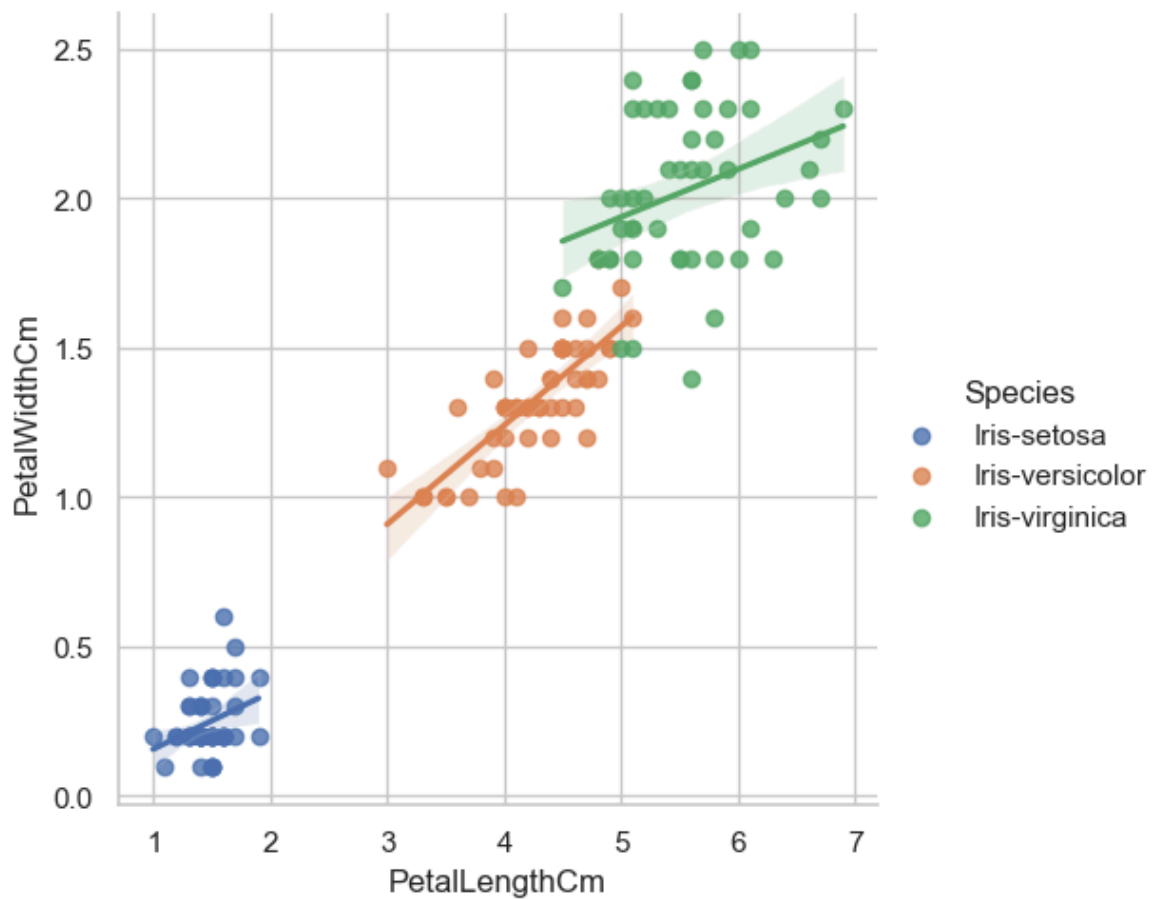


```
In [90]: sns.set(style='whitegrid')
fig=plt.gcf()
fig.set_size_inches(10,7)
ax = sns.swarmplot(x='Species',y='PetalLengthCm',data=iris,color='white',edgecol
ax = sns.violinplot(x='Species',y='PetalLengthCm', data=iris,inner=None,hue='Spe
plt.show()
```



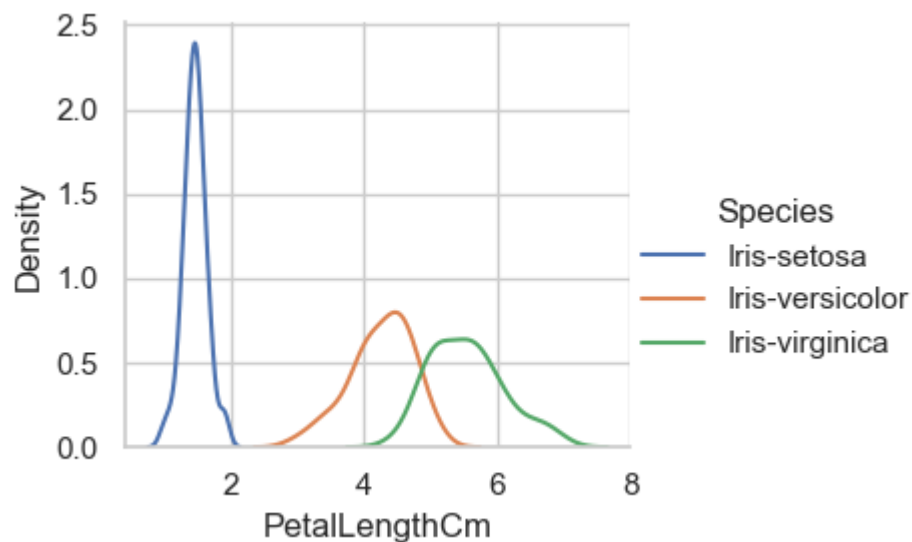
```
In [89]: fig=sns.lmplot(x='PetalLengthCm',y='PetalWidthCm', hue='Species',data=iris)

plt.show()
```



```
In [95]: sns.FacetGrid(iris, hue="Species",aspect=1.2) \
    .map(sns.kdeplot, "PetalLengthCm") \
    .add_legend()
plt.ioff()

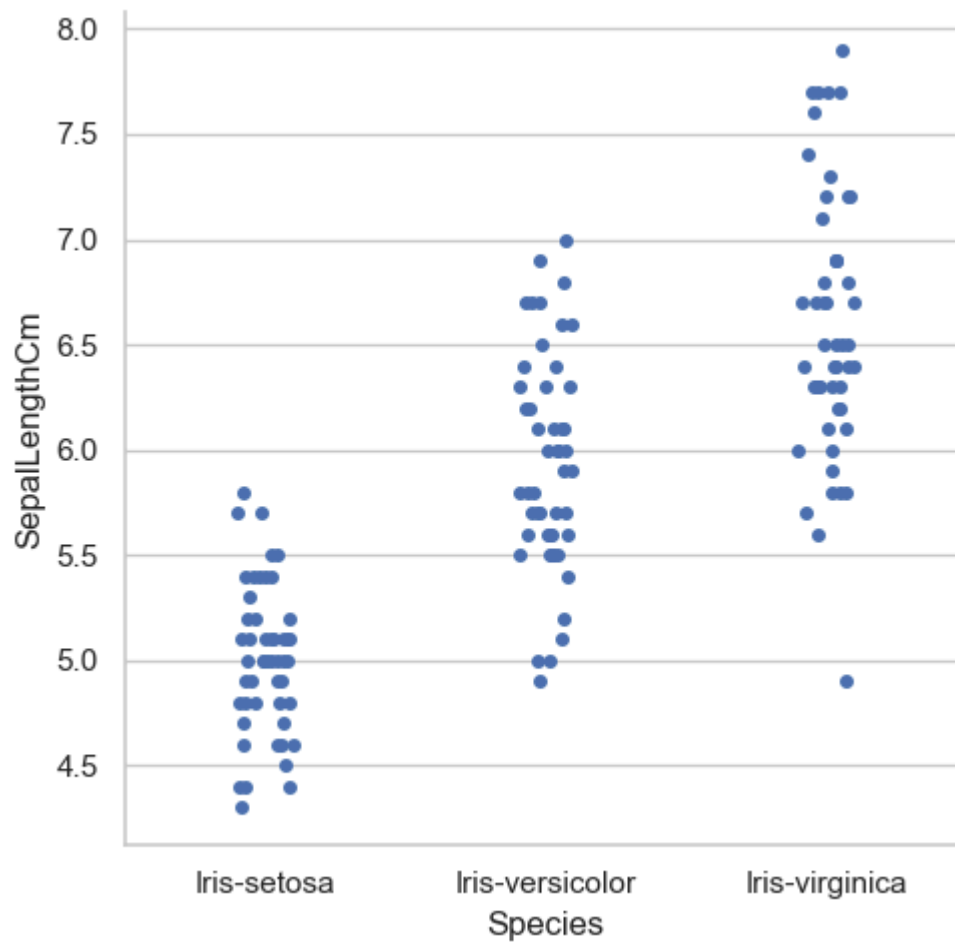
plt.show()
```



```
In [110]: sns.catplot(x='Species',y='SepalLengthCm',data=iris)

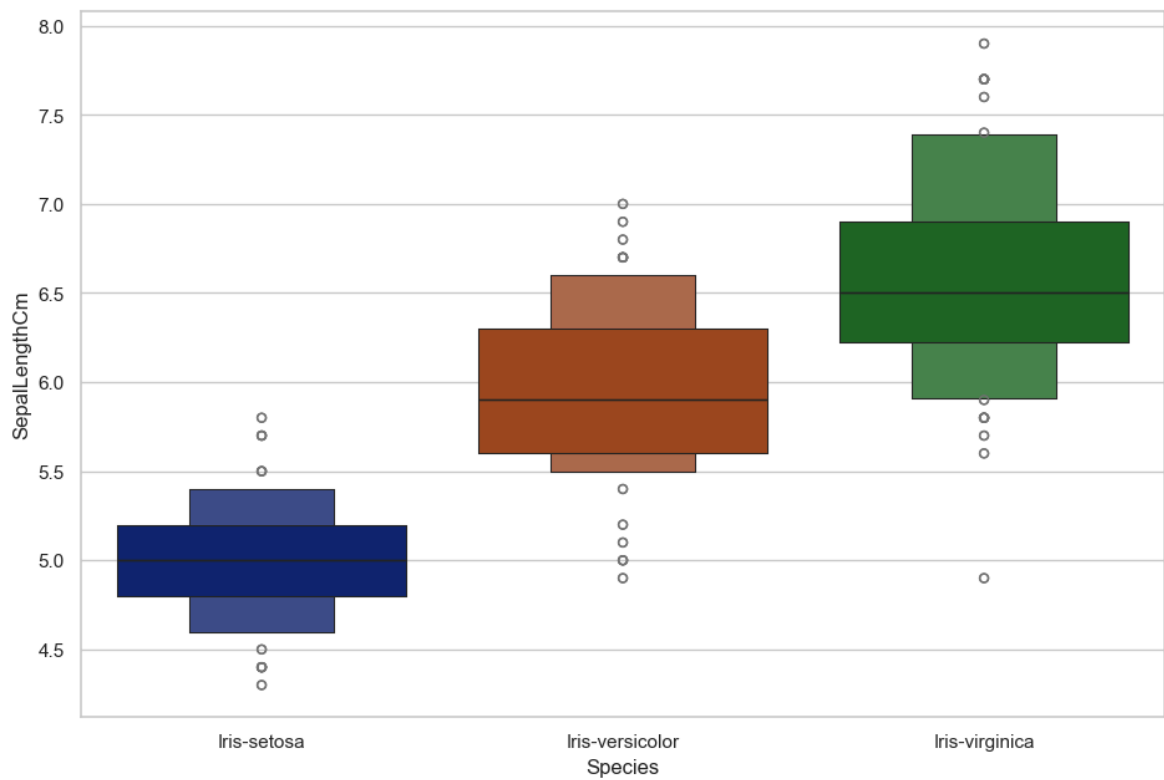
plt.ioff()
```

```
plt.show()
```



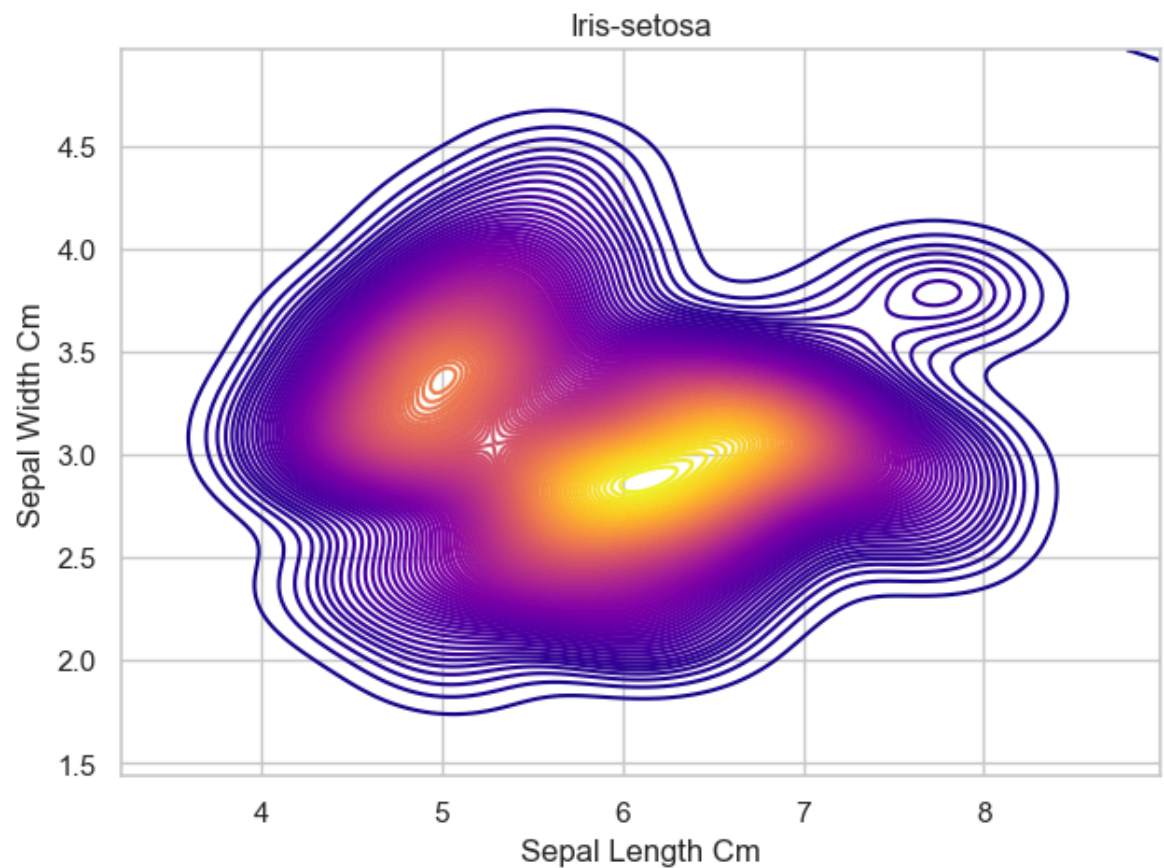
```
In [112... fig=plt.gcf()
fig.set_size_inches(10,7)
fig = sns.boxenplot(x='Species',y='SepalLengthCm',data=iris,palette='dark')

plt.show()
```



```
In [121... # Create a kde plot of sepal_length versus sepal width for setosa species of flo
sub=iris[iris['Species']=='Iris-setosa']
sns.kdeplot(data=iris,x='SepalLengthCm',y='SepalWidthCm',cmap="plasma", thresh=0
plt.title('Iris-setosa')
plt.xlabel('Sepal Length Cm')
plt.ylabel('Sepal Width Cm')

plt.show()
```

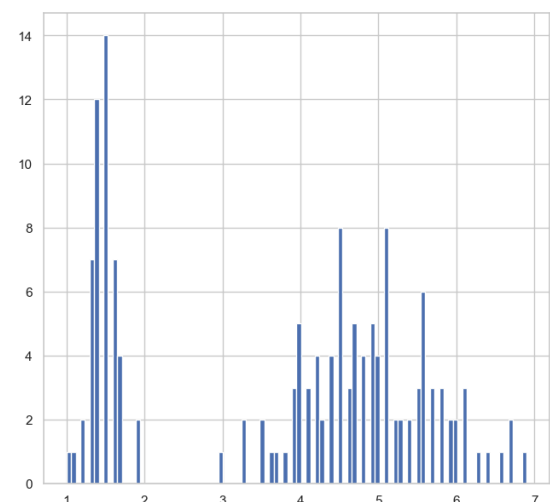
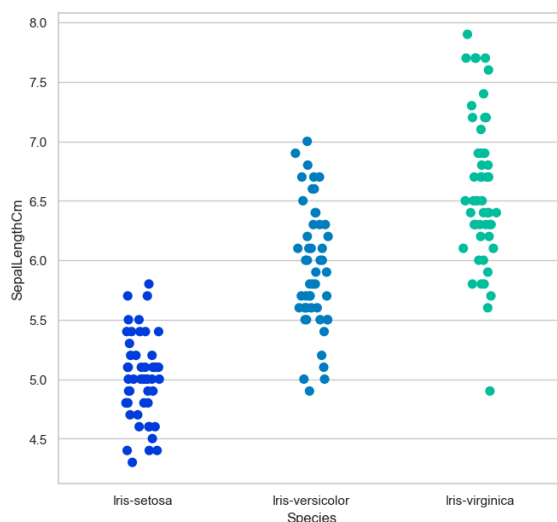
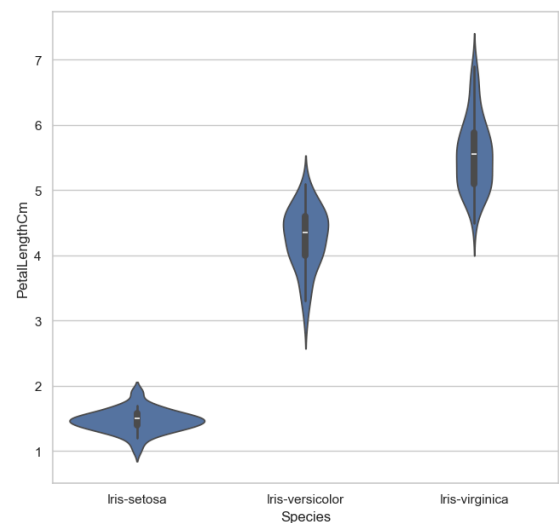
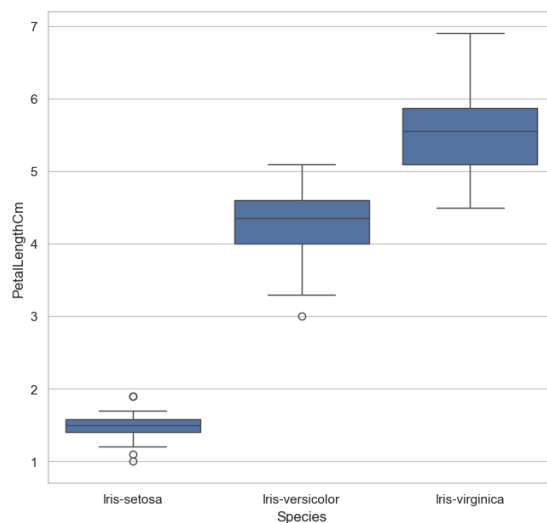


DASHBOARD

In [123...

```
sns.set_style('whitegrid')
f,axes=plt.subplots(2,2,figsize=(15,15))

k1=sns.boxplot(x="Species", y="PetalLengthCm", data=iris,ax=axes[0,0])
k2=sns.violinplot(x='Species',y='PetalLengthCm',data=iris,ax=axes[0,1])
k3=sns.stripplot(x='Species',y='SepalLengthCm',data=iris,jitter=True,edgecolor='
#axes[1,1].hist(iris.hist,bin=10)
axes[1,1].hist(iris.PetalLengthCm,bins=100)
#k2.set(xlim=(-1,0.8))
plt.show()
```



-- In the dashboard we have shown how to create multiple plots to form a dashboard using Python. In this plot we have demonstrated how to plot Seaborn and Matplotlib plots on the same Dashboard.

Stacked Hist

In [126...

```
iris['Species'] = iris['Species'].astype('category')
```

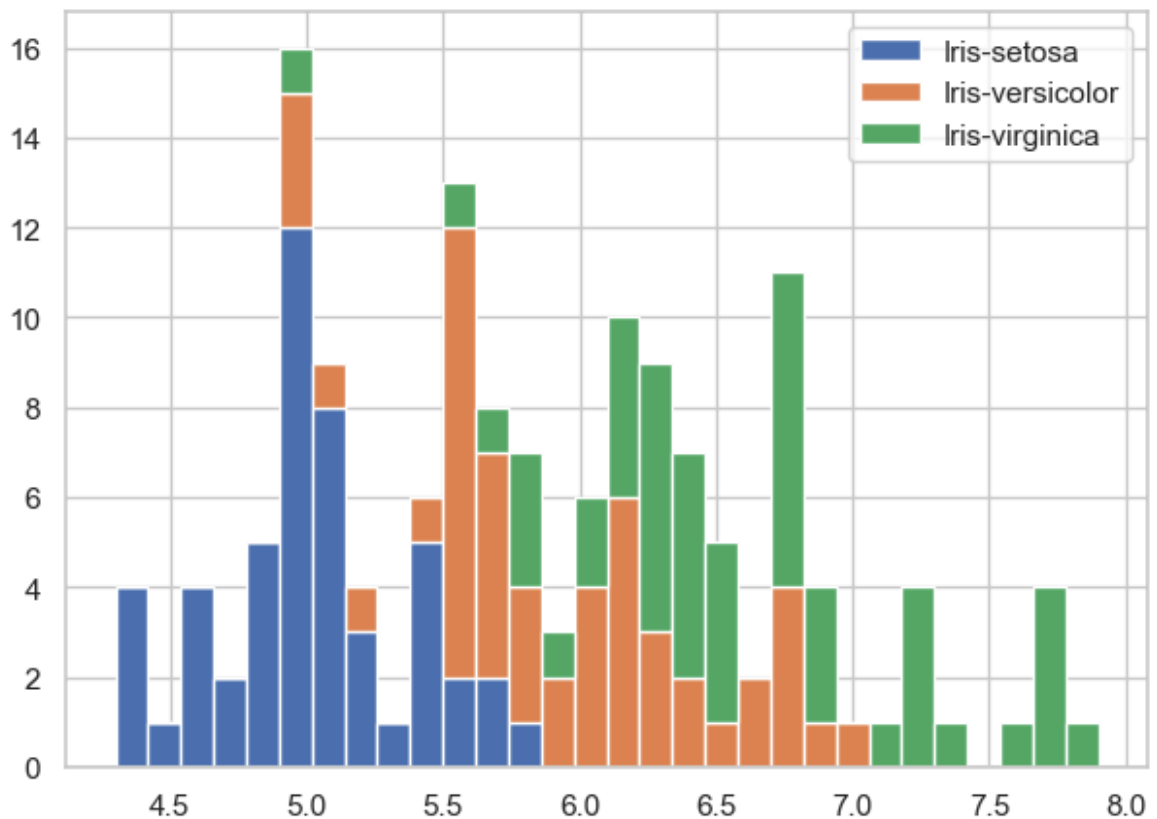
In [128...

```
list1=list()
mylabels=list()

for gen in iris.Species.cat.categories:
    list1.append(iris[iris.Species==gen].SepallengthCm)
    mylabels.append(gen)

h=plt.hist(list1,bins=30,stacked=True,rwidth=1,label=mylabels)

plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



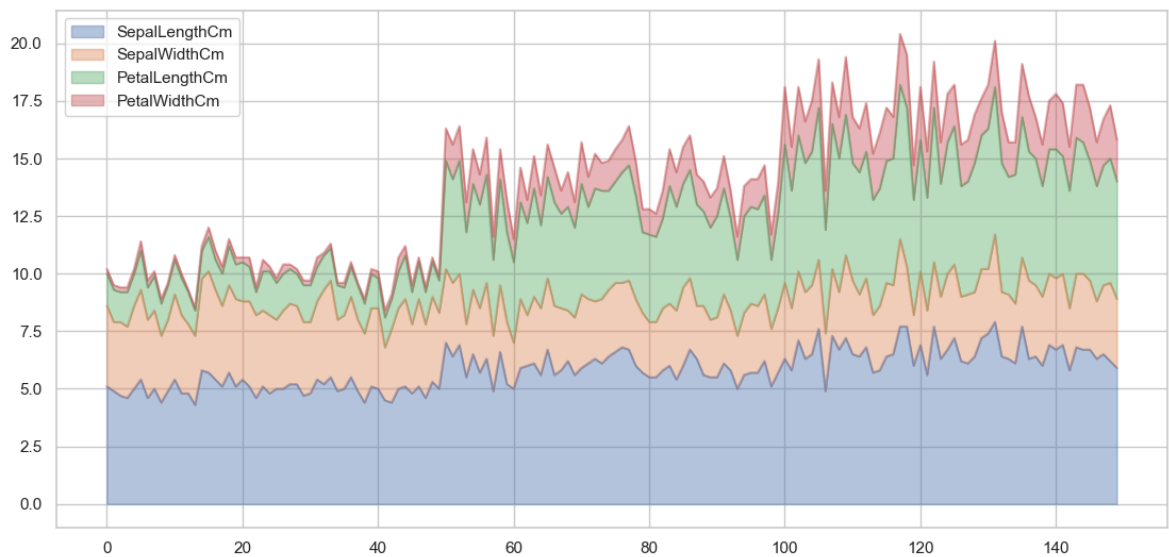
With Stacked Histogram we can see the distribution of Sepal Length of Different Species together. This shows us the range of Sepal Length for the three different Species of Iris Flower.

Area Plot: Area Plot gives us a visual representation of Various dimensions of Iris flower and their range in dataset.

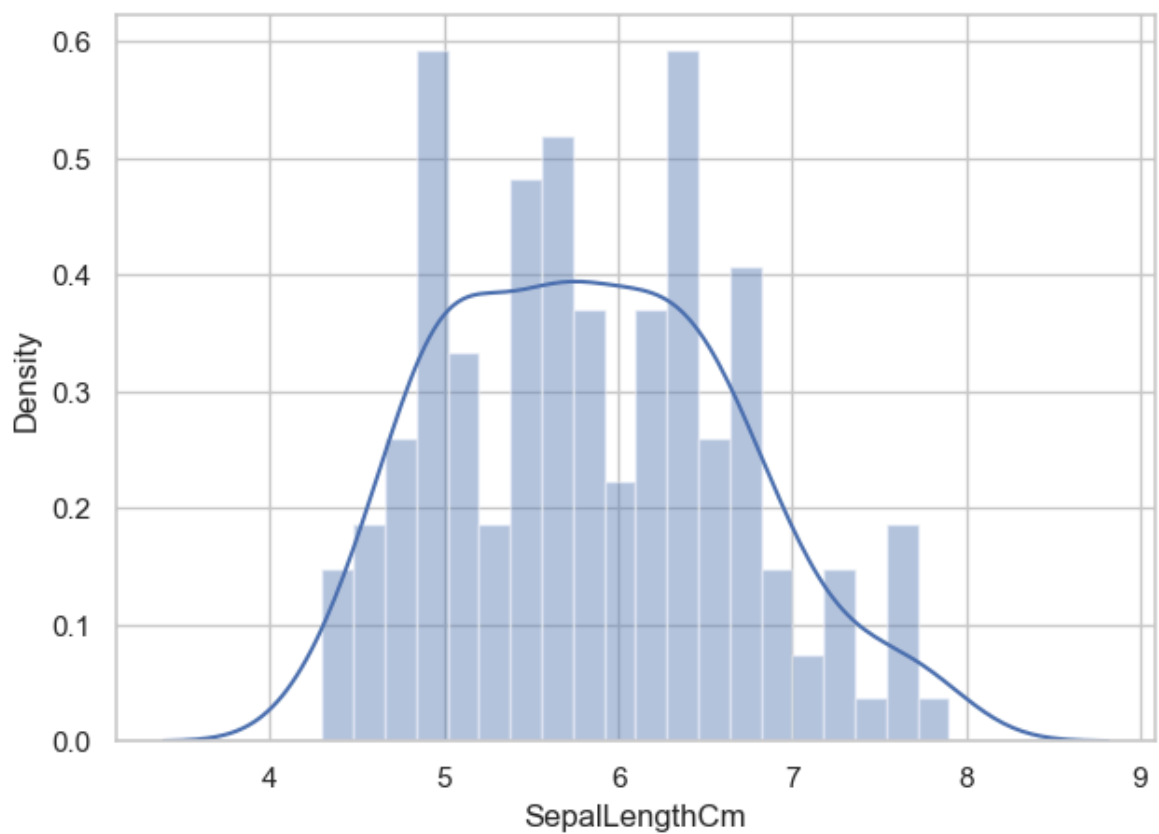
In [131...

```
iris.plot.area(y=['SepallengthCm','SepalWidthCm','PetalLengthCm','PetalWidthCm'])

plt.show()
```



```
In [133... sns.distplot(iris['SepalLengthCm'],kde=True,bins=20)  
plt.show()
```



we have finally completed working on IRIS EDA Project

```
In [ ]:
```