EyeGuard: A Computer Vision-Based Approach to Detecting Shoplifting in Retail Stores – Project Progress Report

1. Project Concept & Planning

- Chose **EyedGuard**, a shoplifting detection system.
- Defined the objective: Detect shoplifting behavior using Al & computer vision.
- Conducted research on existing methods and datasets for theft detection.

2. Dataset Collection & Preprocessing

- Collected video datasets related to shoplifting activities.
- Extracted frames, resized images, and applied data augmentation.
- Labeled data into shoplifting vs. normal behavior categories.

3. Model Selection & Training

- To achieve robust shoplifting detection, multiple deep learning architectures were implemented and tested:
- **1** ConvLSTM (Convolutional LSTM) Used in the first approach to capture both spatial (image details) and temporal (movement patterns) features from surveillance videos.
 - **2** Frame-Level CNN The second approach used a Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) to process frames individually, treating the problem as an image classification task.
 - MovieNet Model In the third approach, MovieNet was experimented with to analyze human actions and behaviors over a sequence of frames.
 - 4 CNN-RNN Hybrid The fourth approach combined a CNN for spatial feature extraction with an RNN (LSTM/GRU) for sequential pattern analysis, improving motion-based detection.
 - 5 YOLO + ResNet for Bounding Box Detection The fifth approach incorporated YOLO (You Only Look Once) for real-time object detection, combined with ResNet for further classification refinement, focusing on detecting suspicious human behavior within bounding boxes.
- Code Availability: The complete implementation of these models is physically available on GitHub for reference and future improvements.
- Trained the model and evaluated performance using **accuracy**, **precision**, **recall**, **and F1-score**.

4. Real-Time Detection Implementation

- Integrated OpenCV and Deep Learning for real-time video analysis.
- Used cv2.dnn module to load the trained model and detect suspicious activities.

Successfully tested real-time detection on sample videos.

Next Steps - To Be Continued 🚀

5. Out-of-Distribution (OOD) Detection (Next Approach)

 Implement OOD detection techniques (Mahalanobis distance, OpenMax) to identify unknown activities.

6. Deployment & API Integration (Next Approach)

- Develop an API (Flask/FastAPI) to handle video input and model inference.
- Connect the system to a **dashboard or mobile app** for shop owners.

7. Testing & Performance Optimization (Next Approach)

- Test the system in different environments (lighting, angles, occlusions).
- Improve model performance with **hyperparameter tuning** and additional training data.

8. Final Presentation & Report Preparation (Next Approach)

- Create detailed documentation and analysis of results.
- Develop a **presentation/demo** showcasing real-time detection.
- Compile findings and discuss future improvements.

Live Demo Links for Shoplifting Detection

For demonstration purposes, the following links provide access to live detection results:

- Without Bounding Box (Detection): Click Here
- With Bounding Box (YOLO + ResNet): <u>Click Here</u>