A28-CT

- Group 28:
 Afonso Gomes
 António Martins
 Miguel Henriques

Overview

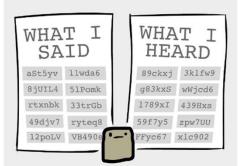
HOW PRIVACY-FIRST CONTACT TRACING WORKS



Alice's phone broadcasts a random message every few minutes.



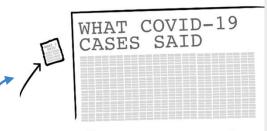
Alice sits next to Bob. Their phones exchange messages.



Both phones remember what they said & heard in the past 14 days.



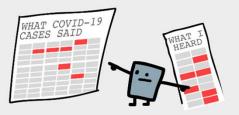
If Alice gets Covid-19, she sends her messages to a hospital.



Because the messages are random, no info's revealed to the hospital...



If it "heard" enough messages, meaning Bob was exposed for a long enough time, he'll be alerted.



...but Bob's phone can find out if it "heard" any messages from Covid-19 cases!



And *that's* how contact tracing can protect our health *and* privacy!

by Nicky Case (ncase.me). CCO/public domain, feel free to re-post anywhere!

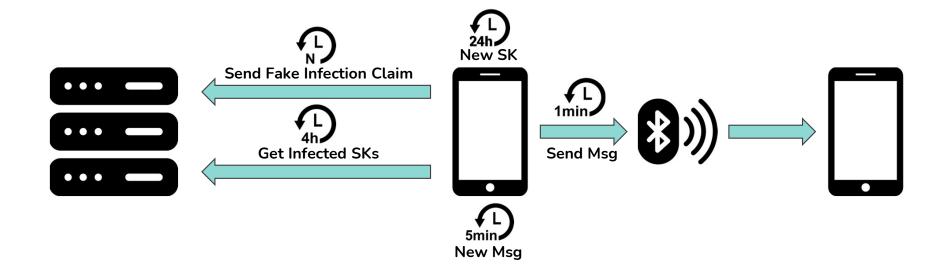
https://ncase.me/contact-tracing/

Demonstration

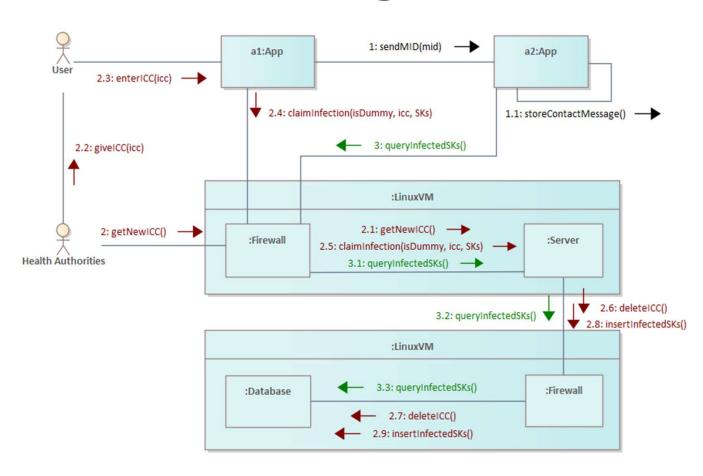


https://youtu.be/LOqResw_ZKQ

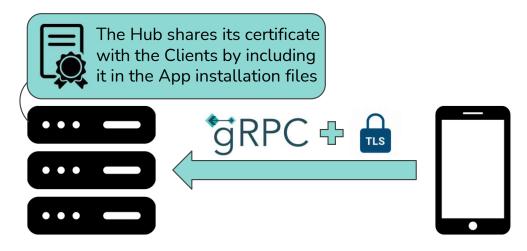
App Background Activity



Communication Diagram



Key Distribution

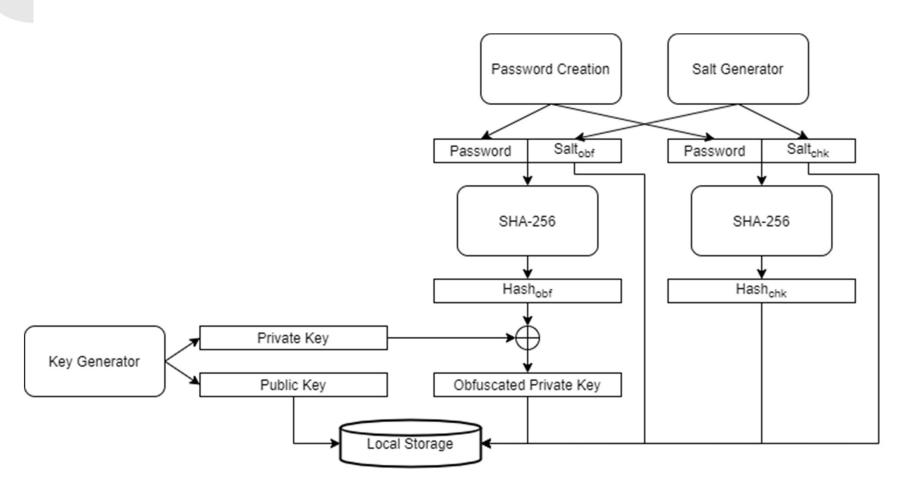


In a real deployment of the system, it would be much more secure to register the Hub's certificate with a trustworthy Certification Authority.

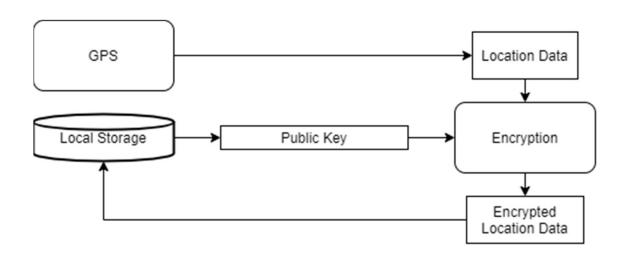
Also regarding the verification of the Hub's certificate, we have disabled the hostname verification as we do not have a stable hostname assigned to the Hub. However, it would be more secure to acquire a stable hostname and enable hostname verification.

Custom Protocol: Secure Storage of Location Data

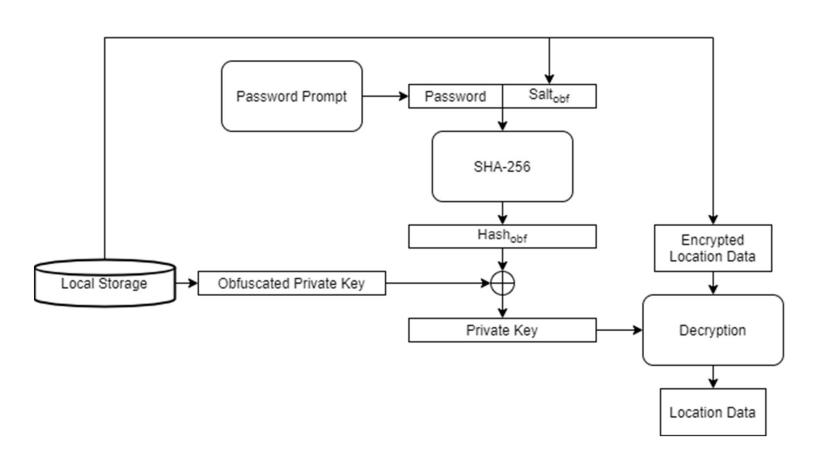
Initial Setup



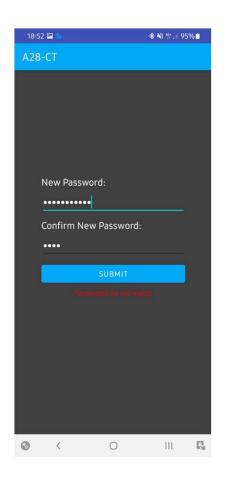
Encryption of Location Data

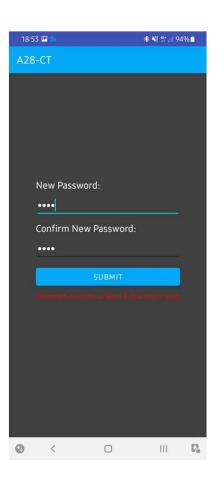


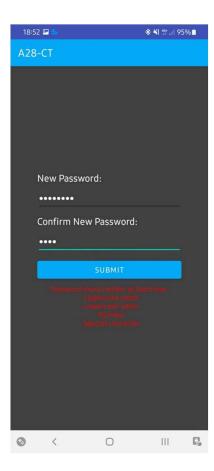
Decryption of Location Data



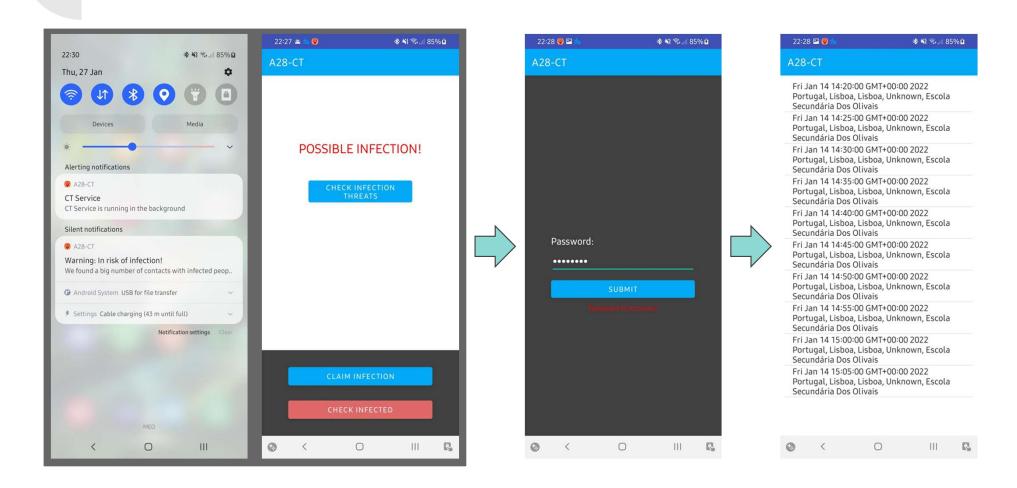
Password Input







Use Password To See Contact Information



Security Requirements

- **R1.** Network traffic must be reliable, secure, and encrypted. (TLS)
- **R2.** A user must not be able to falsely claim that they have been infected. (Infection Claim Codes)
- **R3.** When a user claims to be infected, no sensitive data should be sent to the central server. (Overall design of the system)
- **R4.** A network observer must not be able to learn that a person is infected by the simple existence of a message. (Dummy messages sent at random intervals)
- **R5.** Local sensitive data (mainly location information) must be stored encrypted. (Encryption with public key and obfuscation of private key through a password)
- **R6.** A user must not be able to use a message received by another user to impersonate that user when claiming to be infected to the central server. (Sending MIDs to nearby devices instead of SKs)
- **R7.** The central server should be resistant to simple DoS attacks. (Firewall configuration)