

# Introduction to Jupyter Notebooks for Spatial Analysis

*In this tutorial, we are going to be using the Jupyter Notebooks to analyse spatial data*



Tutorial By: Kumbirai Matingo

Published By: [African Surveyors Connect \(https://africansurveyors.net\)](https://africansurveyors.net)

## Installing ArcGIS API for Python

Following the steps below, you will be able to install the API on your machine and get to work with this Rich Python Library for Spatial Data Science

## Download Anaconda

- Navigate to [Anaconda Website \(https://www.anaconda.com/products/individual#Downloads\)](https://www.anaconda.com/products/individual#Downloads) and get to download the *Anaconda* application which is going to download all the python libraries and install **Jupyter Notebooks** which are much needed for this tutorial
- Run the installation file to install it on your machine

## Run Commands

- click on the Start Menu,
- find **Anaconda** folder,
- click on it to expand it
- Right Click the Jupyter Notebook icon and Open file location
- Right click on the Command Prompt and *Run as Administrator*

The command line tool will open and input the following code:

- installing the ArcGIS Python Libraries onto your machine

```
conda install -c esri arcgis
```

- Type **y** to accept the packages listed to install on your machine
- that's it. Python API is installed

## Open Jupyter NoteBooks

Now we need to start working and we just need to run one more command in the command prompt. Type and run,

```
jupyter notebook
```

- the environment opens
- navigate to a Folder in which you want to work in
- create a *Python 3* Notebook by clicking on **New** which is on the tool bar
- a new tab opens and you are ready to begin

## CONGRATULATIONS ON YOUR FIRST STEP



## Creating Maps & Adding Layers

Importing the Python Libraries into our project.

- call the ArcGIS library
- import the GIS capabilities
- declare a variable and assign the GIS Methods to it

```
In [5]: from arcgis.gis import GIS  
gis = GIS()
```

We just imported the ArcGIS API for Python by calling it from the **arcgis** library for the Python language.

### Let's create a simple map using a named location

- create a variable named **map** or any other name you might give it
- call the variable in order to display an out

*If you do not call the variable after declaring it, then no output is displayed*

```
In [6]: map = gis.map("Africa")  
map
```

## Styling The Map

We can edit attributes like **Centering** and **Zooming** among others which we will touch on in future tutorials

```
In [7]: map.center = [-19.0154, 29.1549]  
map.zoom = 7
```

**Get the JSON feedback for all available Basemaps to use within the map display**

```
In [8]: map.basemaps
```

```
Out[8]: ['dark-gray',  
         'dark-gray-vector',  
         'gray',  
         'gray-vector',  
         'hybrid',  
         'national-geographic',  
         'oceans',  
         'osm',  
         'satellite',  
         'streets',  
         'streets-navigation-vector',  
         'streets-night-vector',  
         'streets-relief-vector',  
         'streets-vector',  
         'terrain',  
         'topo',  
         'topo-vector']
```

Change the basemap to the original map.

**Take note that the *map* variable is still the one in use and it will just change the map displayed above**

```
In [9]: map.basemap = 'dark-gray-vector'
```

## Searching and Retrieving OpenData

- create a *variable* to store results
- define the *search terms*
- define the *item types* you want to search
- if you don't want to flood your screen with results, define the maximum items to display
- call the variable to display the results

```
In [11]: display_content = gis.content.search("Zimbabwe COVID-19", item_type="Feature Layer", max_items=10)
display_content
```

```
Out[11]: [<Item title:"CASES IN ZIMBABWE" type:Feature Layer Collection owner:mohcccov
id19>,
<Item title:"SexDistrubution" type:Table Layer owner:surveyor_jr>,
<Item title:"Vaccine Distribution Program" type:Feature Layer Collection owner:surveyor_jr>,
<Item title:"CaseFatalityRateByAgeGroup" type:Table Layer owner:surveyor_jr
>,
<Item title:"CasesAndDeathsPerAgeGroup" type:Table Layer owner:surveyor_jr>,
<Item title:"CASES IN ZIMBABWE" type:Feature Layer Collection owner:yona@esri_southernafrika>,
<Item title:"POSITIVE CASES IN ZIMBABWE" type:Feature Layer Collection owner:yona@esri_southernafrika>,
<Item title:"case_distribution_by_district_WFL1" type:Feature Layer Collection owner:surveyor_jr>]
```

**display the results in a pleasing way than just text format**

Using the same **variable** declared above.

```
In [12]: from IPython.display import display
         for item in display_content:
             display(item)
```

**CASES IN ZIMBABWE**

(<https://www.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=d112ddacabad409b8445ac83a24d9262>)



Feature Layer Collection by mohcccovid19

Last Modified: April 14, 2020

0 comments, 23 views

(<https://www.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=d112ddacabad409b8445ac83a24d9262>)



**SexDistrubution** (<https://www.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=8164760f08cc43b3b9ddb4f859bc6f0f>)



Table Layer by surveyor\_jr

Last Modified: December 07, 2020

0 comments, 4 views

(<https://www.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=8164760f08cc43b3b9ddb4f859bc6f0f>)

**Vaccine Distribution Program**

(<https://www.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=339f0b31dfbb49cf892e82bb5c2f94e4>)

A collection of the Coronavirus Vaccination roll-out and progress in Zimbabwe



Feature Layer Collection by surveyor\_jr

Last Modified: February 18, 2021

0 comments, 345 views

(<https://www.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=339f0b31dfbb49cf892e82bb5c2f94e4>)

**CaseFatalityRateByAgeGroup**

(<https://www.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=840f7e659f2c489fa15ec74d94626cb0>)



Table Layer by surveyor\_jr

Last Modified: December 07, 2020

0 comments, 3 views

(<https://www.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=840f7e659f2c489fa15ec74d94626cb0>)



### **CasesAndDeathsPerAgeGroup**

(<https://www.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=ee90be1777c645a3a60efa30ab5adbe9>)



Table Layer by surveyor\_jr

Last Modified: December 07, 2020

0 comments, 2 views

(<https://www.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=ee90be1777c645a3a60efa30ab5adbe9>)



### **CASES IN ZIMBABWE**

(<https://www.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=3644158e79004237a7d66bf000df53f6>)



Feature Layer Collection by yona@esri\_southernafrika

Last Modified: December 18, 2020

0 comments, 946 views

(<https://www.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=3644158e79004237a7d66bf000df53f6>)



### **POSITIVE CASES IN ZIMBABWE**

(<https://www.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=6da5d152daff47c8bdbc550ffe2ff807>)



Feature Layer Collection by yona@esri\_southernafrika

Last Modified: April 01, 2020

0 comments, 332 views

(<https://www.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=6da5d152daff47c8bdbc550ffe2ff807>)



### **case distribution by district WFL1**

(<https://www.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=3eeef7a80c1a496b943bb16c0f69fe65>)



Feature Layer Collection by surveyor\_jr

Last Modified: January 31, 2021

0 comments, 154 views

(<https://www.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=3eeef7a80c1a496b943bb16c0f69fe65>)

## **Adding Content to Map**



```
In [13]: poi = display_content  
map.add_layer(poi)
```

Token Required

Token Required

(Error Code: 499)

Item.layers is a 'NoneType' object: nothing to be added to map

Token Required

Token Required

(Error Code: 499)

Token Required

Token Required

(Error Code: 499)

Item.layers is a 'NoneType' object: nothing to be added to map

Token Required

Token Required

(Error Code: 499)

*Some Layers not added to the map, because they do not belong to us and for that we need access tokens which we can get in the **ArcGIS Developers Dashboard** meaning, if you haven't already you need to create an account for that*

```
In [ ]:
```